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§ 4. 无穷乘积

无穷乘积:
$$\prod_{1 \leq n < +\infty} p_n = p_1 p_2 \cdots p_n \cdots,$$

部分乘积:
$$P_n = \prod_{1 \le k \le n} p_k$$
.

Def. 若
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} P_n = P \in \mathbb{R}$$
,则称 $\prod_{1\leq n<+\infty} p_n$ 收敛,记为 $\prod_{1\leq n<+\infty} p_n = P$; 若数列 $\{P_n\}$ 发散,则称 $\prod_{1\leq n<+\infty} p_n$ 发散.

Remark.
$$\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} p_n$$
收敛 $\Leftrightarrow \{P_n\}$ 收敛.

例.
$$\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$$
. Proof. $P_{n+1} = \frac{1}{n+1} P_n$, $\lim_{n \to \infty} P_n = 0$.



例.证明
$$\prod_{2 \le n < +\infty} \frac{n^3 - 1}{n^3 + 1} = \frac{2}{3}$$
.

Proof. 记
$$a_n = \frac{n^2 - n + 1}{n(n-1)}$$
,则

$$p_n = \frac{n^3 - 1}{n^3 + 1} = \frac{(n-1)(n^2 + n + 1)}{(n+1)(n^2 - n + 1)}$$

$$= \frac{n^2 + n + 1}{n(n+1)} / \frac{n^2 - n + 1}{n(n-1)} = a_{n+1} / a_n$$

$$\prod_{n=2}^{m} p_n = \prod_{n=2}^{m} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{a_{m+1}}{a_2} = \frac{2}{3} a_{m+1}, \quad \prod_{2 \le n < +\infty} \frac{n^3 - 1}{n^3 + 1} = \frac{2}{3}. \square$$



Thm.(无穷乘积收敛的必要条件)

$$\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} p_n = P \neq 0 \Longrightarrow \lim_{n \to +\infty} p_n = 1.$$

Proof. 记
$$P_n = \prod_{1 \le k \le n} p_k$$
,则 $\lim_{n \to +\infty} P_n = P \ne 0$.

$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} p_n = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{P_n}{P_{n-1}} = \frac{\lim_{n \to +\infty} P_n}{\lim_{n \to +\infty} P_{n-1}} = \frac{P}{P} = 1. \square$$

Corollary.
$$\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} (1 + a_n)$$
收敛到非零实数 $\Rightarrow \lim_{n \to +\infty} a_n = 0$.



Thm. 设
$$p_n > 0, |a_n| < 1, 则$$

$$\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} p_n = P > 0 \Leftrightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \ln p_n \text{ with}$$

$$\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} (1 + a_n) = P > 0 \Leftrightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \ln(1 + a_n) \text{ with } \text{.}$$

Proof. P > 0,则

$$\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} p_n = P \Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \to +\infty} \prod_{1 \le k \le n} p_k = P$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \to +\infty} \sum_{1 \le k \le n} \ln p_k = \ln P \Leftrightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \ln p_n = \ln P. \square$$

Remark.
$$\prod_{1 \le k \le n} p_k = e^{\sum_{1 \le k \le n} \ln p_k}$$
, 因此 $\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} p_n = e^{\sum_{1 \le n < +\infty} \ln p_n}$.



例. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n^2 < +\infty$, 证明 $\prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} \cos u_n$ 收敛.

Proof.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} u_n^2 < +\infty, \iiint \lim_{n \to +\infty} u_n = 0.$$

 $\exists N$, 当 $n \ge N$ 时, $\cos u_n > 0$,

$$0 \ge \ln \cos u_n = \ln \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 u_n} = \frac{1}{2} \ln(1 - \sin^2 u_n)$$
$$\sim -\frac{1}{2} \sin^2 u_n \sim -\frac{1}{2} u_n^2, \ n \to +\infty \text{ iff.}$$

$$\sum_{n=N}^{+\infty} u_n^2 < +\infty, 则 \sum_{n=N}^{+\infty} \ln \cos u_n 收敛, 从而 \prod_{1 \le n < +\infty} \cos u_n 收敛. \square$$





作业: 习题5.4 No. 2(4)

