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1. a) 同步:根据UH(S) = max (x3+x2s P(S) Uk(S)), 计算得:
          V_2(a) = -8 + a.3 \times V_1(b) = -7.4
          V2(b)= max{2+a3V,1a), -2+0.3V,10)} = 7.5
          V2(c) = max { 0.25 (4+0.3 V. (a)) + 0.75 (0+0.3 V. (u)), 8+0.3 V. (b) } = 8.6
          由确定性贪心策略 死*(s)=avg max (rs+ Y是s Pss V*(s)), 得到策略 T2(als)为:
          Tila=ab | S=A) -1
         \pi_2(a=ba|S=B)=1, \pi_2(a=bc|S=B)=0
          \pi_2(\alpha=(\alpha|\varsigma=c)=0, \quad \pi_2(\alpha=cb|\varsigma=c)=1
  的异告:根据V(s): max (Ys+Y是s Pss; V(s)), 计算得:
           V(a) = -8 + 0.3 V(b) = -7.4
           V(b)= max{2+ a3 V(a), -2+0.3 V(c)} = -0.22
           V(c) = max { 0.2 f (4 + 0.3 V(a)) + 0.7 f (0 + 0.3 V(c)), 8 + 0.3 V(b) } = 7.934
           由确定性贪心策略,得到策略术(als)为:
           ni (a=ab | S=A)=1
           Tila=bals=13)=1, Tila=bc/s=13)=0
           Tiz (a= ca | s= c) = 0, Tiz (a= cb | s= c)=1
2.0)根据状态价值只容易期望方程以的=a是A几(a1s)(xs+x是s,ps;以(s))
     列出 { Vn(A)=PAA (3+Vn(A))+PAR (-3+Va1B)) 解得 { 以(A)=-1
          ( Va(B) = PBA (3+ Va(A)) + PB+ 0
                                                         ( U(B)= 1
    二 状态价值函数 V(A)=-1, V(B)=1
  り 首次访问:
      : G. (A) = +2+3-5+5-2=3, G. (B) = -5+5-2=-2
     G_2(A) = +3 - 3 = 0, G_2(B) = -2 + 3 - 3 = -2
     : V(A) = = ( G.(A) + G2(A)) = 1.5, V(B) = = (G.(B) + G2(B)) = -2
     每次访问:
     1: C., (A) = +2+3-1+1-2=3, C., (A) = +3-5+1-2=+1, C., (A) = +5-2=3
       G11 (B) = - + + + - 2 = -2, G12 (B) = -2
       G_{21}(A) = +3-3=0, G_{21}(B) = -2+3-3=-2, G_{22}(B) = -3
     : V(A) = 4 ( GirlA) + GirlA) + GirlA) + GirlA) + GirlA)) = 1.75, V(B) = 4 ( GirlB) + GirlB) + GirlB) + GirlB) + GirlB)) = - 7.25
    锅上,使用首次访问,估计状态价值函数V(A)=1.5, V(B)=-2;
          使用自次访问,估计 V(A) = 1.75, V(B) = -2.25
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