# Assignment 1

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### Download all python codes from

https://github.com/ImNamitaKumari/Probabilityand-Random-Variables/blob/main/ Assignment1/codes/Assignment1.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/ImNamitaKumari/Probabilityand-Random-Variables/blob/main/ Assignment1/Assignment1.tex

## 1 Problem

(3.2) An experiment succeeds twice as often as it fails. Find the probability that in the next six trials, there will be at least 4 successes.

### 2 SOLUTION

Variable	Description
n	number of trials
X	random variable denoting the number
	of successes in <i>n</i> trials
p	probability of success in each trial

As per question,

$$p = 2(1 - p) \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\implies p = 2/3 \tag{2.0.2}$$

For a binomial distribution,

$$\Pr(X = k) = {}^{n}C_{k}p^{k}(1 - p)^{n-k}$$
 (2.0.3)

For the given question,

Variable	n	p
Value	6	2/3

From (2.0.3) we have,

$$\Pr(X \ge 4) = \sum_{i=4}^{6} [{}^{6}C_{i}p^{i}(1-p)^{6-i}]$$
 (2.0.4)

$$= \frac{240}{729} + \frac{192}{729} + \frac{64}{729} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$=\frac{496}{729}\tag{2.0.6}$$

Hence, probability of at least 4 successes in the next six trials is  $\frac{496}{729} = 0.680384$ .