Assignment 1

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/ImNamitaKumari/Probability and-Random-Variables/blob/main/ Assignment1/codes/Assignment1.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/ImNamitaKumari/Probabilityand-Random-Variables/blob/main/ Assignment1/Assignment1.tex

1 Problem

(3.2) An experiment succeeds twice as often as it fails. Find the probability that in the next six trials, there will be at least 4 successes.

2 SOLUTION

Let X be the random variable denoting the number of successes in n trials. X follows a Binomial Distribution. Let p be the probability of success in each trial. Then, (1-p) is the probability of failure in each trial.

As per question,

$$p = 2(1 - p) \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\implies p = 2/3 \tag{2.0.2}$$

For a binomial distribution,

$$\Pr(X = k) = {}^{n}C_{k}p^{k}(1 - p)^{n-k}$$
 (2.0.3)

For the given question, n = 6 and p = 2/3.

$$\Pr(X \ge 4) = \sum_{i=4}^{6} [{}^{6}C_{i}p^{i}(1-p)^{6-i}]$$
 (2.0.4)

$$= \frac{240}{729} + \frac{192}{729} + \frac{64}{729} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$=\frac{496}{729}\tag{2.0.6}$$

Hence, probability of at least 4 successes in the next six trials is $\frac{496}{729} = 0.680384$.

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