

Regular Expressions (Regex) Summary

Regular expressions (Regex) are powerful tools used for searching, matching, and manipulating text based on specific patterns. They are supported in many programming languages and command-line tools like `grep` and `sed`.

What is Regex?

Regex is a sequence of characters that defines a search pattern. It can be used for:

- Searching text
- Replacing text
- Validating input (e.g., emails, phone numbers)
- Analyzing data

Metacharacters in Regex allow defining the structure of the pattern rather than matching exact text.

Grouping & Operators

Regex provides grouping mechanisms using various brackets and symbols:

Operator	Description
<code>(a)</code>	Groups parts of a Regex to process together
<code>[a-z]</code>	Character class – matches any character in the specified range
<code>{1,10}</code>	Quantifier – specifies how often the previous element should occur
<code> </code>	OR operator – matches if either expression is found
<code>.*</code>	Greedy match – matches any character (AND-like behavior in some cases)

Examples

OR Operator (`|`)

Searches for lines that contain **either** "my" **or** "false":

```
grep -E "(my|false)" /etc/passwd
```

Example Output:

```
lxd:x:105:65534::/var/lib/lxd:/bin/false
pollinate:x:109:1::/var/cache/pollinate:/bin/false
mysql:x:116:120:MySQL Server,,:/nonexistent:/bin/false
```

AND Operator Simulation (`.*` or piped `grep`)

Searches for lines that contain **both** "my" **and** "false" in order:

```
grep -E "(my.*false)" /etc/passwd
```

Example Output:

```
mysql:x:116:120:MySQL Server,,:/nonexistent:/bin/false
```

Alternatively, use two `grep` commands:

```
grep -E "my" /etc/passwd | grep -E "false"
```

Same Output:

```
mysql:x:116:120:MySQL Server,,:/nonexistent:/bin/false
```



Summary

- Use `()` for grouping patterns.
- Use `[]` for matching character ranges.
- Use `{}` for specifying repetition.
- Use `|` for OR conditions.
- Combine expressions or pipe `grep` for AND-like behavior.

RegEx is an essential tool for developers, system admins, and data analysts. Practice is key to mastering its syntax and power.

Tip: Use online tools like regex101.com to test and learn RegEx patterns.