



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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## EXPERIMENT- 05

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**Semester:** 05

**Date of Performance:** 23/09/25

**Subject Name:** ADBMS

**Subject Code:** 23CSP-333

### **Performance Benchmarking: Normal View VS Materialized View (Medium Level)**

#### **1. Aim:**

- i. Create a large dataset
  - Create a table names `transaction_data` (`id` , `value`) with 1 million records.
  - take `id` 1 and 2, and for each `id`, generate 1 million records in `value` column
  - Use `Generate_series ()` and `random()` to populate the data.
- ii. Create a normal view and materialized view to for `sales_summary`, which includes `total_quantity_sold`, `total_sales`, and `total_orders` with aggregation.
- iii. Compare the performance and execution time of both.

#### **2. Objective:**

- Create a large dataset `transaction_data` with 1 million records for each `id`.
- Create a **normal view** and a **materialized view** to summarize sales (`total_orders`, `total_sales`, `avg_transaction`).
- Compare performance using `EXPLAIN ANALYZE`.

#### **3. DBMS script and output:**

```
CREATE TABLE transaction_data (  
  id INT,  
  value INT  
);
```



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```
-- Insert random data for id = 1
INSERT INTO transaction_data (id, value)
SELECT 1, random() * 1000
FROM generate_series(1, 1000000);

-- Insert random data for id = 2
INSERT INTO transaction_data (id, value)
SELECT 2, random() * 1000
FROM generate_series(1, 1000000);

-- Show data
SELECT * FROM transaction_data;

-- Normal view
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW sales_summary_view AS
SELECT
    id,
    COUNT(*) AS total_orders,
    SUM(value) AS total_sales,
    AVG(value) AS avg_transaction
FROM transaction_data
GROUP BY id;

-- Run normal view
EXPLAIN ANALYZE SELECT * FROM sales_summary_view;

-- Materialized view
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW sales_summary_mv AS
SELECT
    id,
    COUNT(*) AS total_orders,
    SUM(value) AS total_sales,
    AVG(value) AS avg_transaction
FROM transaction_data
GROUP BY id;

-- Run materialized view
EXPLAIN ANALYZE SELECT * FROM sales_summary_mv;

-- New table
CREATE TABLE random_tabl (
    id INT,
    val DECIMAL
);

-- Insert random values for id = 1
INSERT INTO random_tabl
SELECT 1, random()
```



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```
FROM generate_series(1, 1000000);

-- Insert random values for id = 2
INSERT INTO random_tabl
SELECT 2, random()
FROM generate_series(1, 1000000);

-- Normal query
SELECT id, AVG(val), COUNT(*)
FROM random_tabl
GROUP BY id;

-- Materialized view for query
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW mv_random_tabl AS
SELECT id, AVG(val), COUNT(*)
FROM random_tabl
GROUP BY id;

-- Show materialized view
SELECT * FROM mv_random_tabl;

-- Refresh if data changes
REFRESH MATERIALIZED VIEW mv_random_tabl;
```

## 4. Output:

	QUERY PLAN text	
1	HashAggregate (cost=5.00..5.02 rows=2 width=52) (actual time=0.135..0.138 rows=2 loops=1)	
2	Group Key: transaction_data.id	
3	Batches: 1 Memory Usage: 24kB	
4	-> Seq Scan on transaction_data (cost=0.00..3.00 rows=200 width=8) (actual time=0.030..0.050 rows=200 loop=1)	
5	Planning Time: 0.168 ms	
6	Execution Time: 0.186 ms	

^ normal view performance

	QUERY PLAN text	
1	Seq Scan on sales_summary_mv (cost=0.00..20.20 rows=1020 width=52) (actual time=0.043..0.046 rows=2 loops=1)	
2	Planning Time: 0.169 ms	
3	Execution Time: 0.085 ms	

^ materialized view performance

---

Data Output Messages Notifications

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REFRESH MATERIALIZED VIEW

Query returned successfully in 216 msec.

## Securing Data Access with Views and Role-Based Permissions (Hard Level)

### 1. Aim:

The company **TechMart Solutions** stores all sales transactions in a central database. A new reporting team has been formed to analyze sales but **they should not have direct access to the base tables** for security reasons.

The database administrator has decided to:

- i. Create **restricted views** to display only summarized, non-sensitive data.
- ii. Assign access to these views to specific users using **DCL commands** (GRANT, REVOKE).

### 2. Objective:

- To create **restricted views** that display only summarized, non-sensitive sales data for reporting.
- To use **DCL commands (GRANT, REVOKE)** for controlling user access to views.
- To ensure reporting users can only **view data** without direct access to base tables.

### 3. DBMS script and output:

```
-- 1. Create customer_master
CREATE TABLE customer_master (
  customer_id VARCHAR(5) PRIMARY KEY,
  full_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  phone VARCHAR(15),
  email VARCHAR(50),
  city VARCHAR(30)
);
```



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```
-- 2. Create product_catalog
CREATE TABLE product_catalog (
    product_id VARCHAR(5) PRIMARY KEY,
    product_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    brand VARCHAR(30),
    unit_price NUMERIC(10,2) NOT NULL
);

-- 3. Create sales_orders
CREATE TABLE sales_orders (
    order_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    product_id VARCHAR(5) REFERENCES product_catalog(product_id),
    quantity INT NOT NULL,
    customer_id VARCHAR(5) REFERENCES customer_master(customer_id),
    discount_percent NUMERIC(5,2),
    order_date DATE NOT NULL
);
```

```
INSERT INTO customer_master (customer_id, full_name, phone, email, city) VALUES
('C1', 'Amit Sharma', '9876543210', 'amit.sharma@example.com', 'Delhi'),
('C2', 'Priya Verma', '9876501234', 'priya.verma@example.com', 'Mumbai'),
('C3', 'Ravi Kumar', '9988776655', 'ravi.kumar@example.com', 'Bangalore'),
('C4', 'Neha Singh', '9123456789', 'neha.singh@example.com', 'Kolkata'),
('C5', 'Arjun Mehta', '9812345678', 'arjun.mehta@example.com', 'Hyderabad'),
('C6', 'Sneha Reddy', '9090909090', 'sneha.reddy@example.com', 'Chennai'),
('C7', 'Vikram Das', '9123412345', 'vikram.das@example.com', 'Pune'),
('C8', 'Rohit Gupta', '9000000001', 'rohit.gupta@example.com', 'Lucknow'),
('C9', 'Pooja Nair', '9898989898', 'pooja.nair@example.com', 'Kochi'),
('C10', 'Ankit Yadav', '9345678901', 'ankit.yadav@example.com', 'Ahmedabad');
```

```
INSERT INTO product_catalog (product_id, product_name, brand, unit_price) VALUES
('P1', 'Smartphone X100', 'Samsung', 25000.00),
('P2', 'Laptop Pro 15', 'Dell', 65000.00),
('P3', 'Wireless Earbuds', 'Sony', 5000.00),
('P4', 'Smartwatch Fit', 'Apple', 30000.00),
('P5', 'Tablet 10.5', 'Lenovo', 22000.00),
('P6', 'Gaming Console', 'Sony', 45000.00),
('P7', 'Bluetooth Speaker', 'JBL', 7000.00),
('P8', 'Digital Camera', 'Canon', 55000.00),
('P9', 'LED TV 55 inch', 'LG', 60000.00),
```



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```
('P10', 'Power Bank 20000mAh', 'Mi', 2500.00);
```

```
INSERT INTO sales_orders (product_id, quantity, customer_id, discount_percent, order_date) VALUES
```

```
('P1', 2, 'C1', 5.00, '2025-09-01'),  
(P2', 1, 'C2', 10.00, '2025-09-02'),  
(P3', 3, 'C3', 0.00, '2025-09-03'),  
(P4', 1, 'C4', 8.00, '2025-09-04'),  
(P5', 2, 'C5', 5.00, '2025-09-05'),  
(P6', 1, 'C1', 12.00, '2025-09-06'),  
(P7', 2, 'C2', 0.00, '2025-09-07'),  
(P8', 1, 'C3', 10.00, '2025-09-08'),  
(P9', 1, 'C6', 15.00, '2025-09-09'),  
(P10', 4, 'C7', 0.00, '2025-09-10'),  
(P1', 1, 'C8', 5.00, '2025-09-11'),  
(P2', 2, 'C9', 10.00, '2025-09-12'),  
(P3', 2, 'C10', 0.00, '2025-09-13'),  
(P4', 1, 'C5', 8.00, '2025-09-14'),  
(P5', 3, 'C6', 5.00, '2025-09-15'),  
(P6', 1, 'C7', 12.00, '2025-09-16'),  
(P7', 2, 'C8', 0.00, '2025-09-17'),  
(P8', 1, 'C9', 10.00, '2025-09-18'),  
(P9', 1, 'C10', 15.00, '2025-09-19'),  
(P10', 5, 'C4', 0.00, '2025-09-20');
```

```
-- Create view for order summary
```

```
CREATE VIEW vW_ORDER_SUMMARY AS
```

```
SELECT
```

```
    O.order_id,  
    O.order_date,  
    P.product_name,  
    C.full_name,  
    (P.unit_price * O.quantity) - ((P.unit_price * O.quantity) * O.discount_percent / 100) AS final_cost
```

```
FROM customer_master AS C
```

```
JOIN sales_orders AS O
```

```
    ON O.customer_id = C.customer_id
```

```
JOIN product_catalog AS P
```

```
    ON P.product_id = O.product_id;
```

```
-- Check data in the view
```

```
SELECT * FROM vW_ORDER_SUMMARY;
```

```
-- User access
```

```
-- Create client user
```



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```
CREATE ROLE RUCHI LOGIN PASSWORD 'ruchi';

-- Give select access to view
GRANT SELECT ON vW_ORDER_SUMMARY TO RUCHI;

-- Optional: revoke access
-- REVOKE SELECT ON vW_ORDER_SUMMARY FROM ALOK;

-- Employee table
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE (
    empId INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
    name TEXT NOT NULL,
    dept TEXT NOT NULL
);

-- Insert sample data
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES (1, 'Clark', 'Sales');
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES (2, 'Dave', 'Accounting');
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES (3, 'Ava', 'Sales');

-- View table data
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE;

-- View with check option
CREATE VIEW vW_STORE_SALES_DATA AS
SELECT empId, name, dept
FROM EMPLOYEE
WHERE dept = 'Sales'
WITH CHECK OPTION;

-- Check view data
SELECT * FROM vW_STORE_SALES_DATA;
```

## 5. Output:

Data Output Messages Notifications

GRANT

Query returned successfully in 94 msec.



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									SQL
	empid integer		name text		dept text				
1	1		Clark		Sales				
2	3		Ava		Sales				