# **System Documentation**<br/>**Individual Report**

for

# **Electricity Billing System**

Version 3.0

**Tutorial Section: T10L** 

Group No.: 2

Mohammed Yousef Mohammed Abdulkarem 1221305727

Date: 12th February 2025

# Contents

C	ontent	S	2
R	evision	ıs	4
1	Sys	tem Overview	5
	1.1	Description	5
	1.2	Use Cases	5
	1.3	Assumptions and Dependencies	5
2	Red	uirements	7
	2.1	Use Case Diagram	7
	2.2	Class Diagrams / ERD	8
	2.3	State Diagrams	9
3	Des	ign	10
	3.1	Use Cases	10
	3.1.1	Use Case 1: System Registration	10
	3.1.2	Use Case 2: Log in to the System	11
	3.1.3	Use Case 3: Reset Password	12
	3.1.4	Use Case 4: Make a Payment and Receive Payment Receipt	13
	3.1.5	Use Case 5: View Bill Details	14
	3.2	Data Dictionary	15
	3.3	Subsystem Architecture	18
	3.4	Subsystem Screens	19
	3.5	Subsystem Components	26
	3.5.	1 Component 1: System Registration	26
	3.5.	Component 2: Log in to the System	27
	3.5.	3 Component 3: Reset Password	28
	3.5.	Component 4: Make a Payment and Receive Payment Receipt	29
	3.5.	5 Component 5: View Bill Details	29
4	Imp	lementation	31
	4.5	Development Environment	31
	4.6	Main Program Codes	52
	4.7	Sample Screens	61
5	Tes	ting	66
	5.5	Test Data	66

Software	Design	Specification	for	Floctricity	Rilling	Systom	(Vorsion	3 (1)
Software	Design	Specification	IUI	Liectricity	Duung	System	i v ersion	J.U)

5.6	Acceptance Testing: Customer	67
5.7	Test Results	68
6 Cc	onclusion	70

# Revisions

Version	Primary Author(s)	Description of Version	Date Completed
1.0	Mohammed Yousef Mohammed Abdulkarem	Generated the Project Group & Plan, System Overview, Scenario- Based Models, Class Models, and Behavioural & Flow Models.	8/12/2024
2.0	Mohammed Yousef Mohammed Abdulkarem	Created Data Design Diagrams, Architecture Design Diagrams, Interface Design Diagrams, Component Design Diagrams and Deployment Design Diagrams.	12/1/2025
3.0	Mohammed Yousef Mohammed Abdulkarem	Implement the specification to an actual web app.	12/2/2025

# 1 System Overview

## 1.1 Description

The Electricity Billing System is a comprehensive solution aimed at improving the management of electricity services. It facilitates effective communication and coordination among key stakeholders, including customers, utility providers, support administrators, and staff. The system ensures secure user registration and authentication, accurate billing calculations, smooth payment processing, and comprehensive customer support. Additionally, it features a robust feedback mechanism to continually improve service quality and ensure customer satisfaction. The system prioritizes data integrity, security, and operational efficiency, providing an intuitive interface that simplifies service management, minimizes manual efforts, and ensures reliable performance. Utilizing advanced technology, the Electricity Billing System sets a new standard for operational excellence, offering a flexible solution that evolves to meet the dynamic needs of both utility providers and their customers.

#### 1.2 Use Cases

Actor	Use Cases
Customer	System Registration Log in to the System Reset Password Make a Payment and Receive Payment Receipt View Bill Details

# 1.3 Assumptions and Dependencies

#### **User Access and Connectivity**

- Users will have access to devices capable of running modern web browsers and will have stable internet connectivity.
- Customers will provide valid email addresses, meter number and mobile numbers for notifications and account management.

#### **Data Availability and Accuracy**

- Utility providers will provide accurate and up-to-date meter readings and tariffs for accurate billing.
- Customers are expected to provide valid personal information.
- The system will automatically check the input data for validation, such as meter readings and customer information, to minimize errors in billing.

#### **Scalability Requirements**

The system will support up to 1000 users initially. As the user base grows, scaling the system will require infrastructure upgrades, such as database optimization and increased server capacity, to ensure continued performance and reliability.

#### **Compliance with Standards**

The system will comply with relevant legal and industry regulations, including:

- Data Privacy Laws: The system will follow GDPR to ensures that the system is in compliance with data protection regulations, protecting personal data and the privacy rights of users. This includes secure data storage, processing, and consent management to avoid legal violations.
- Payment Security Standards: Ensures the realization of compliance with the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) for the safe handling of credit card information, helping to protect payment data from fraud or breaches during transactions.
- Utility Service Requirements: Ensures that the system meets regional standards and regulations of electricity services provided, regarding billing accuracy, service reliability, and customer protection.

#### **Dependencies:**

#### **Integration with Payment Gateways**

The system payment functionality relies on secure and reliable third-party payment services to process transactions efficiently while maintaining industry standards for data protection.

#### **Accurate Tariff and Meter Data**

The system's billing accuracy is dependent on regular updates of tariff rates and meter readings provided by utility providers. Any delays or inaccuracies in this data will directly affect billing and payment processes.

#### **Database Management System**

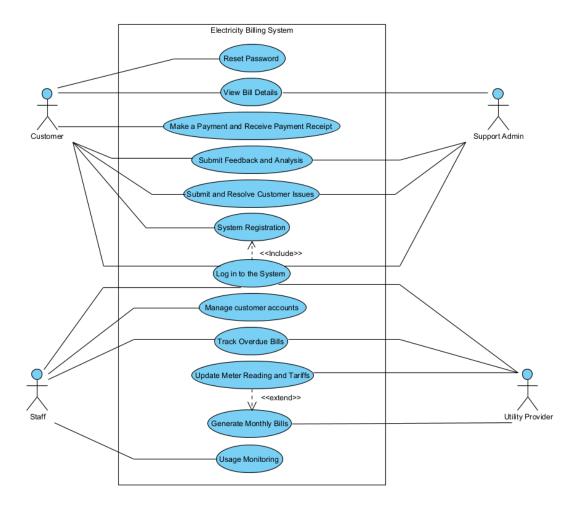
Microsoft Access, a robust and scalable relational database system, will manage all system data effectively. It ensures secure storage, fast retrieval, and the capability to scale as the system grows, supporting seamless operations and reliability.

## **Ongoing Maintenance and Support**

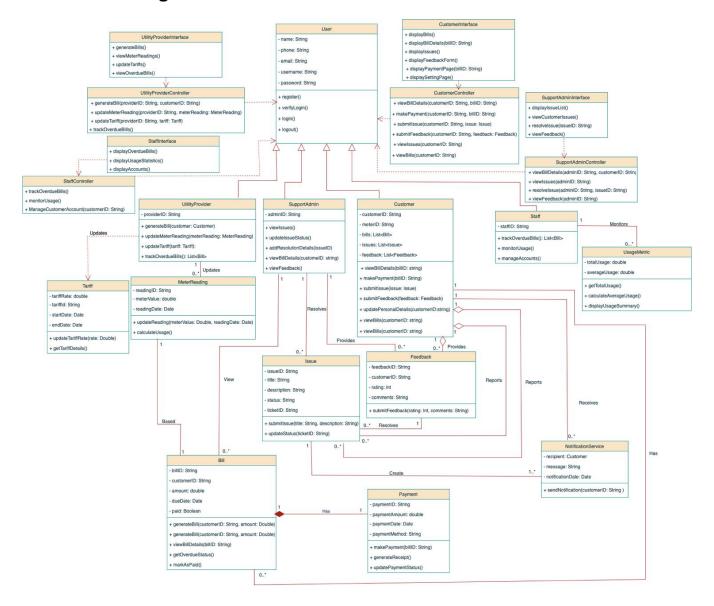
Continuous system updates, performance monitoring, and regular maintenance will be essential to address emerging needs, improve functionality and support best system performance.

# 2 Requirements

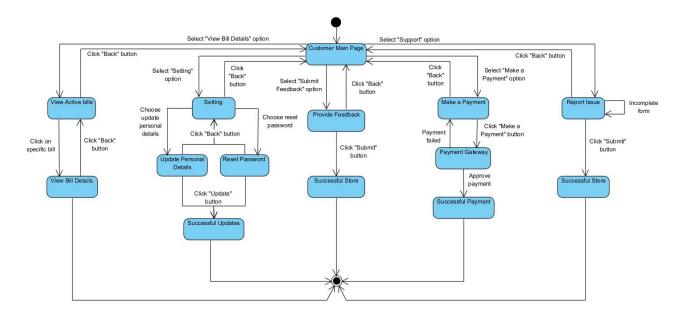
# 2.1 Use Case Diagram



# 2.2 Class Diagrams / ERD



# 2.3 State Diagrams



# 3 Design

#### 3.1 Use Cases

#### 3.1.1 Use Case 1: System Registration

# **Actors:** Customer **Description**:

The system allows new customers to register by providing their meter ID to connect the account with and their personal information. Then the system will verify the provided information by sending a code to the customer's email it also checks with the system database for any duplication (e.g., email, meter number). The Customer account is created and stored in the system database if no duplication has been found. Upon successful registration, the user can easily access the system by logging in to the system.

**Preconditions:** N/A

#### **Main Flow:**

- 1. The customer navigates to the homepage and selects the "New Customer Registration" option.
- 2. The customer enters their meter ID.
- 3. The customer clicks the "Next" button, so the system validates the provided ID.
- 4. The customer enters the required details, including:
  - Name
  - Email
  - Phone number
  - Address
  - Username
  - Password
- 5. The customer clicks the "Register" button, which submits the registration form.
- 6. The system validates the provided information to ensure they are complete and correctly formatted.
- 7. The system checks for any duplicate accounts based on the email or meter number.
- 8. If no duplicate records are found, the system creates a user account and stores the customer information in the database.

#### **Postconditions:**

• A new customer account is successfully created and securely stored in the system database.

#### **Alternative Flows:**

#### • Incomplete or Invalid Information:

- If required fields are incomplete or contain invalid data, the system displays an error message "Please complete all required fields or correct invalid entries".
- The system marked the fields requiring correction for the customer's attention.
- The customer updates the information and resubmits the registration form.

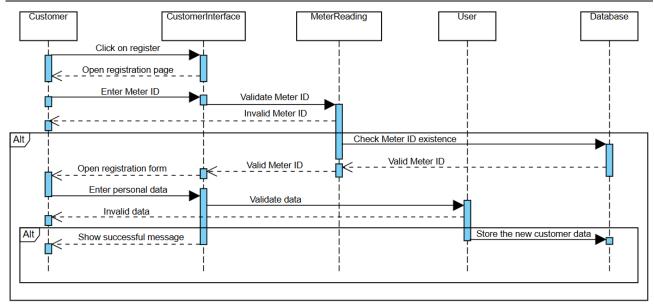
#### • **Duplicate Account Detection:**

- If a duplicate account is detected based on the provided email or meter number, the system displays a message such as "An account with this email or meter ID already exists".
- The customer is prompted to provide unique information again or use a different email or meter number to proceed.

#### **Assumptions:**

- Users have a stable internet connection while attempting to log in.
- The system is operational during the customer's registration attempt.

The customer provides accurate and verifiable personal or organizational details for registration.



#### 3.1.2 Use Case 2: Log in to the System

Actors: Customer, Staff, Support Admin, and Utility Provider.

#### **Description:**

This use case enables the user to log into the system using valid credentials. The system will open the respective System dashboard based on the user role, ensuring that users interact only with the needed functionalities based on their role.

#### **Preconditions:**

- The system and its database must be operational.
- The user must possess a registered account.

#### **Main Flow:**

- 1. The user accesses the system's login page.
- 2. The user inputs their registered username and password into the corresponding fields.
- 3. The user submits the login form by clicking the "Login" button.
- 4. The system verifies the provided credentials against the database.
- 5. If the credentials are correct. The user is redirected to their personalized dashboard or homepage, where features and options are tailored to their role.

#### **Postconditions:**

- The user successfully accesses the system with functionality appropriate to their role.
- A record of the login is stored in the system for tracking purposes.

#### **Alternative Flows:**

#### Invalid Credentials:

If the entered username or password is incorrect:

- The system returns an error "Invalid username or password."
- The user must re-enter their credentials.

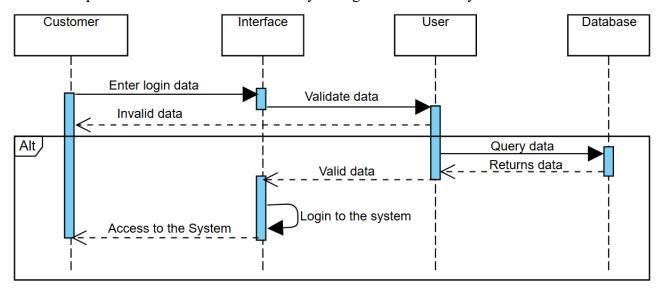
#### • Forgotten Password:

- Click the "Forgot Password" option.
- o Provide their registered email to receive password reset instructions.
- o Follow the reset process and attempt to log in again.

#### **Assumptions:**

- Users have a stable internet connection while attempting to log in.
- The authentication system and database are functioning correctly.

Role-based permissions for users are accurately configured within the system.



#### 3.1.3 Use Case 3: Reset Password

# **Actors:** Customer **Description:**

This use case enables the customer to reset their password either if they forget it or prefer to. The system will ask for the customer's email, so it sends the reset instructions to it. Further on the database will be updated so the customer can use their new password.

#### **Preconditions:**

- The system and its database must be operational.
- The user must possess a registered account.

#### **Main Flow:**

- 1. The customer selects the forget password option or navigates to the settings and selects the reset password option.
- 2. The system will ask the user to provide their email address, so it can send the instructions to it.
- 3. The customer will follow the instructions and set their new password.
- 4. The system will update the old password and store the new one in the database.

#### **Postconditions:**

- The user successfully updated their password.
- A record of the operation is stored in the system for tracking purposes.

#### **Alternative Flows:**

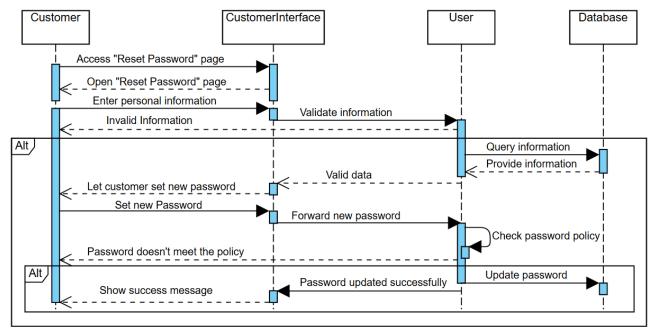
#### • If the new password matches the old one:

- The system will display an error message "Your new password can't be the same as the old one".
- o The customer must enter another password.

#### **Assumptions:**

• Customers have a stable internet connection while resetting their password.

The customer provides a different password than their old one.



#### 3.1.4 Use Case 4: Make a Payment and Receive Payment Receipt

#### **Actors:** Customer

#### **Description:**

This use case describes the process of making a payment for electricity bills and receiving a digital receipt.

#### **Preconditions:**

- The customer must be registered and logged into the system.
- The customer must have at least one active bill.

#### **Main Flow:**

- 1. The customer navigates to "Make a Payment" section.
- 2. The system retrieves a list of all the customer's active bills and displays them to the customer.
- 3. The customer selects specific bills to pay.
- 4. The customer selects the preferred payment method (e.g., credit card, bank transfer).
- 5. The customer clicks the "Make Payment" button to proceed.
- 6. The system redirects the customer to the selected payment gateway.
- 7. The customer completes the payment transaction through the payment gateway.
- 8. Upon successful payment confirmation from the gateway, the system updates the status of the selected bills to "Paid".
- 9. The system generates and displays a digital receipt to the customer, confirming the successful payment

## **Postcondition:**

- The selected bills are marked as "Paid" in the system.
- The customer receives a digital receipt confirming the payment.

#### **Alternative Flow:**

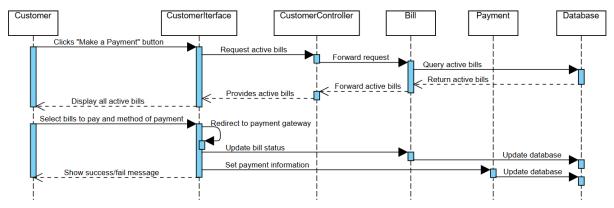
#### **Payment Failure:**

- If the payment fails at the gateway, the system displays an error message to the customer.
- The bill status remains unchanged.

#### **Assumptions:**

- The customer is able to access the system with a stable internet connection.
- The payment gateway integration is stable and reliable.
- The system can handle various payment methods and currencies.

The system ensures the security and confidentiality of customer payment information.



#### 3.1.5 Use Case 5: View Bill Details

#### **Actors:** Customer

#### **Description:**

This use case allows the customer to view detailed electricity billing information, such as outstanding balances, consumption records, and payment history, through a user-friendly interface.

#### **Preconditions:**

- The customer must have a registered account.
- The customer must be logged into the system.
- Relevant billing data must exist and be accessible in the system.

#### **Main Flow:**

- 1. The customer navigates to the "View Bills" section in the system interface.
- 2. The customer clicks on the specific bill for which they want to view details.
- 3. The system retrieves billing details based on the selected bill.
- 4. The customer reviews the displayed billing information:
  - Outstanding balance.
  - Total electricity consumption.
  - Payment due date.

#### **Postconditions:**

The customer successfully views their bill.

#### **Alternative Flows:**

#### No bill data found

The system sending the customer a message, "No billing information available." in case of no billing data available at its end.

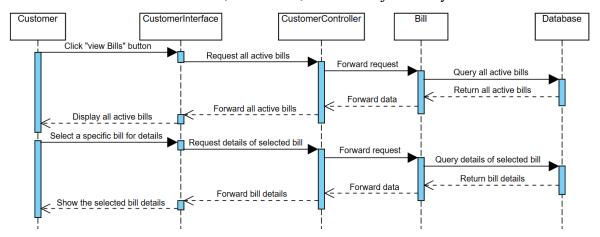
#### **Error Retrieving Bill from System**

If there is an error during bill retrieve the system displays a message (e.g., "Unable to retrieve bill details. Please try again later.").

The error is logged, and the customer arise issue to the support administrator for resolution.

#### **Assumptions:**

- The customer is able to access the system with a stable internet connection.
- Billing data is updated in real-time or at regular intervals for accuracy.
- The customer account is active, authorized, and not subject to any restrictions.



# 3.2 Data Dictionary

#### Customer Table

Field Name	Data Type	Length	PK/FK	Required?	Null/Not Null	Description
customer_id	Char	6	PK	Yes	Not Null	Unique identifier for
						each
						customer.
username	Varchar	10		Yes	Not Null	Unique
dsername	Varenar	10		103	1 vot i vali	username
						for each
						customer to
						log in.
password	Varchar	10		Yes	Not Null	Encrypted
						customer
						password to
						secure
						access to the
						system.
customer_name	Varchar	30		Yes	Not Null	Full name
						of the
						customer.

customer_address	Varchar	100		Yes	Not Null	Residential address of the customer.
customer_phone	Varchar	13		Yes	Not Null	Phone number of the customer.
customer_email	Varchar	120		Yes	Not Null	Email address of the customer.
meter_id	Char	6	FK	Yes	Not Null	Reference to the meter connected to the customer for billing purposes.

## Bill Tabel

Field Name	Data Type	Length	PK/FK	Required?	Null/Not Null	Description
bill_id	Char	6	PK	Yes	Not Null	Unique identifier for each bill.
customer_id	Char	6	FK	Yes	Not Null	Reference to the customer responsible for the bill.
amount	Decimal	10, 2		Yes	Not Null	The bill amount that must be paid.
due_date	Date			Yes	Not Null	Due date for bill payment
paid	Boolean	1		Yes	Not Null	Status indicates if bill has been paid or not.
creation_date	Date			Yes	Not Null	Date when the bill was generated.
penalty_fee	Decimal	10,2		Yes	Not Null	A calculated fee for each late day.

## Issue Table

Field Name	Data Type	Length	PK/FK	Required?	Null/Not Null	Description
issue_id	Char	6	PK	Yes	Not Null	Unique identifier for each reported issue.
customer_id	Char	6	FK	Yes	Not Null	Reference to the customer

					reporting the issue.
title	Varchar	15	Yes	Not Null	Short title of the issue.
description	Varchar	300	Yes	Not Null	The detailed description of the reported issue
status	Varchar	15	Yes	Not Null	Current status of the issue (e.g., "In Progress", "Resolved").
ticket_id	Char	6	Yes	Not Null	Unique ticket number for tracking the issue.

Payment Table

Field Name	Data Type	Length	PK/FK	Required?	Null/Not Null	Description
payment_id	Char	6	PK	Yes	Not Null	Unique identifier for each payment.
customer_id	Char	6	FK	Yes	Not Null	Reference to customer who made the payment.
payment_date	Date			Yes	Not Null	Date the payment was made.
payment_method	Varchar	15		Yes	Not Null	Payment method used (e.g., credit card, bank transfer).
amount	Decimal	10, 2		Yes	Not Null	The amount paid.

## • Feedback Table

Field Name	Data Type	Length	PK/FK	Required?	Null/Not Null	Description
feedback_id	Char	6	PK	Yes	Not Null	Unique identifier for each feedback
customer_id	Char	6	FK	Yes	Not Null	Reference to the customer providing the feedback.

rating	Int	1	Yes	Not Null	Customer rating out of 5 stars.
comment	Varchar	200	Yes	Not Null	Feedback comment or suggestions from the customer.
feedback_date	Date		Yes	Not Null	Date the feedback was submitted.

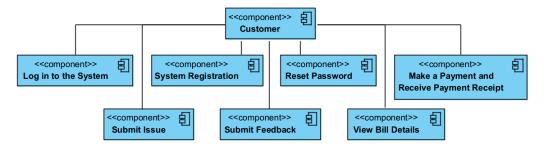
#### Meter Table

Field Name	Data Type	Length	PK/FK	Required?	Null/Not Null	Description
meter_id	Char	6	PK	Yes	Not Null	Unique
						identifier for
						each meter.
customer_id	Char	6	FK	Yes	Not Null	Reference to
						the customer
						associated with
						the meter.
meter_reading	Decimal	10, 2		Yes	Not Null	Latest recorded
						meter reading.
tariff_rate	Decimal	10, 2		Yes	Not Null	Rate per unit
						of electricity.

# 3.3 Subsystem Architecture

The Customer subsystem acts as the main interface through which end-users engage with the system. It is crafted to deliver a seamless and user-friendly experience while maintaining secure and efficient access to electricity services. The subsystem is organized into the following modules:

- **System Registration:** Enables new users to create accounts by providing necessary information.
- Log in to the System: Allows registered users to securely access their accounts using their credentials.
- Reset Password: Provides a mechanism for users to reset their forgotten passwords.
- Make a Payment and Receive Payment Receipt: Facilitates online bill payments and generates digital receipts for successful transactions.
- **Submit Feedback:** Enables users to provide feedback and suggestions to the utility provider.
- **Submit Issues:** Allows users to report issues or problems related to their electricity service.
- View Bill Details: Provides users with access to detailed information about their electricity bills, including consumption history, due dates, and payment history.



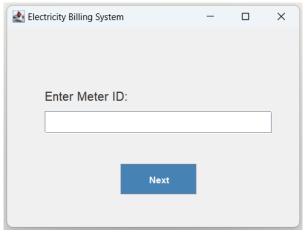
## 3.4 Subsystem Screens

#### 3.4.1 Registration screen

The "Enter Meter ID" Screen is a crucial step in linking the user's account to their specific electricity meter. Users are prompted to input their unique Meter ID and click "Next." The system validates the entered Meter ID to ensure accuracy:

- If Valid: The user proceeds to the next registration step, such as entering personal details.
- If Invalid or Already Registered: An error message is displayed, preventing further progress.

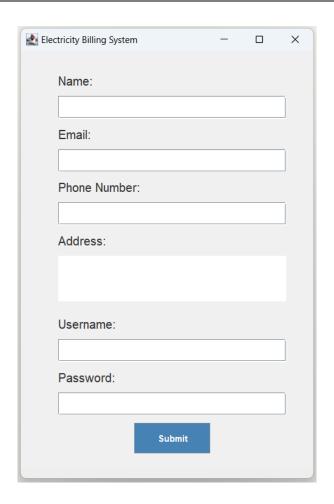
This step ensures accurate billing and proper association of accounts with the correct meter, forming the foundation for reliable service.



Once the user clicks "Next" with a valid Meter ID, they are redirected to the **Electricity Billing System Registration Form**. This form is designed to onboard new users by collecting mandatory details, including:

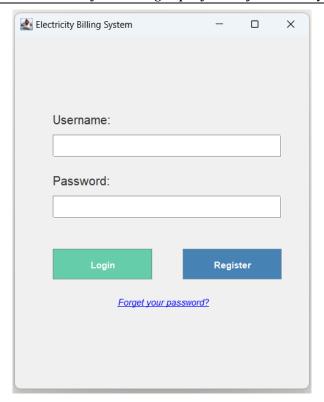
- Name
- Email
- Phone Number
- Address
- Username
- Password

After completing the required fields, users click the "Submit" button to finalize account creation. This registration process ensures security and proper access control, allowing only authorized users to manage electricity bill processing and account-related tasks efficiently.



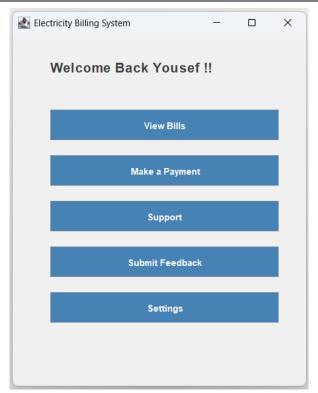
# 3.4.2 Log in Screen

The Login Screen for the Electricity Billing System serves as the entry point for all users, including customers, support administrators, staff, and utility providers, to access the application. It ensures secure and authorized access while maintaining a user-friendly interface. After successful authentication, users are directed to their respective interfaces, tailored to their roles and permissions.



#### 3.4.3 Main Customer Screen

This is the first screen customers encounter upon logging into their accounts. It features multiple buttons, each providing access to a specific service, ensuring a user-friendly experience. The displayed name, such as "Yousef," dynamically updates to reflect the logged-in customer's identity, adding a personalized touch to the interface.



#### • Customer-Specific Welcome Message

The screen displays a personalized message, such as "Welcome Back Yousef!". This feature confirms successful login and enhances the user experience by providing a warm and tailored greeting.

#### View Bills

The "View Bills" button allows customers to view a comprehensive list of all their electricity bills. The list includes essential details such as the billing balance, due date, and total amount due.

#### • Make a Payment

The "Make a Payment" button allows customers to pay their electricity bills easily. Upon clicking the button, it redirects the user to a payment interface where they can see the outstanding balance of their bills, select a mode of payment, and make the payment seamlessly.

#### Feedback

The "Submit Feedback" button helps customers to provide feedback regarding the experience of using the electricity service system. Upon clicking, users are taken to a feedback form where they rate and make comments or give suggestions about their experiences. This will help the Support Admin improve on the quality of service based on the input provided by the customers.

#### • Support

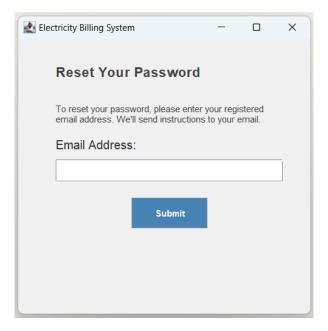
The "Submit Issues" button allows the customer to report a problem or an issue regarding the electricity service, such as errors in billing or malfunctioning of the meter. It redirects the users to the form for submitting an issue, where they can explain the problem with attachments. This helps in timely resolution of the reported issue.

#### 3.4.4 Reset Password Screen

The "Reset Your Password" feature of the Electricity Billing System offers a straightforward and secure mechanism for users to regain access to their accounts in case of forgotten passwords.

- User Input: Users enter the email address linked to their registered account in a simple and intuitive interface.
- **Action:** Upon clicking the "Submit" button, the system triggers the password reset process.
- System Response: An email is sent to the provided address containing detailed instructions, typically including a reset link or a verification code, to facilitate password recovery.

This feature ensures user convenience by enabling seamless account recovery while maintaining robust security measures to protect sensitive account information.



# 3.4.5 Report Issue Screen

This interface allows customers to easily report problems or issues related to their electricity service.

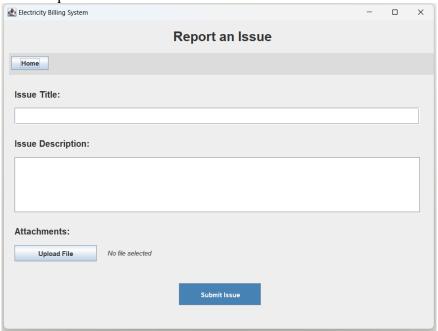
**Navigate Home Button:** This button takes the customer back to the main home screen of the system.

**Issue Title:** A text field where the customer can enter a brief title or subject for their issue.

**Issue Description:** A text area where the customers can provide a detailed description of the problem they are facing. This could include information like the nature of the problem, when it started, and any relevant symptoms.

**Attachments:** This section allows the customer to upload any supporting documents or images related to their issue. Upload file button triggers the file upload dialog, allowing to select files from the computer with message indicates if no file has been selected.

**Submit Button:** Once the user has entered the necessary information, they can click this button to submit the issue report.



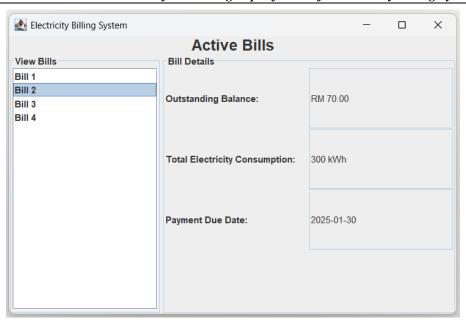
#### 3.4.6 View Bill Details Screen

This screen displays a list of the user's active electricity bills and provides detailed information about the selected bill.

**View Bills:** A list displaying all active bills associated with the user's account. Each bill is represented by a numbered entry (e.g., "Bill 1," "Bill 2").

**Bill Details:** A section that displays detailed information about the selected bill from the "View Bills" list. This includes:

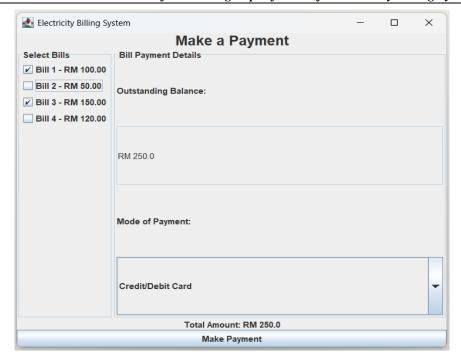
- Outstanding Balance: The amount to be paid for the selected bill.
- Total Electricity Consumption: The total amount of electricity consumed during the billing period.
- Payment Due Date: The date by which the payment for the selected bill is due.



## 3.4.7 Make a Payment Screen

This screen enables users to select bills for payment and proceed with the payment process.

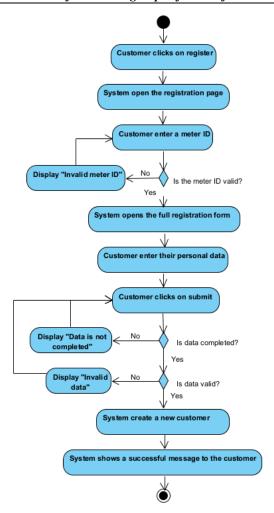
- Select Bills: A list displaying all active bills associated with the customer's account. Each bill is presented with a checkbox to select and its corresponding amount. Customers can select multiple bills for payment.
- Outstanding Balance: Displays the total amount due for the selected bills.
- Mode of Payment: A dropdown menu allowing users to select their preferred payment method (e.g., Credit/Debit Card, Bank Transfer).
- Total Amount: Displays the total amount to be paid, which matches the "Outstanding Balance" of selected bills.



## 3.5 Subsystem Components

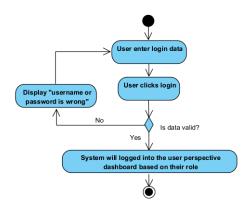
## 3.5.1 Component 1: System Registration

The activity diagram illustrates in *Figure xx* the workflow for the System Registration process. The process begins when the customer clicks on the "Register" button, initiating the opening of the registration page. The customer is then prompted to enter their Meter ID. The system validates the entered Meter ID. If valid, the full registration form is displayed, requiring the customer to enter their personal data. Upon clicking "Submit," the system validates the entered data for completeness and correctness. If all validations are successful, a new customer account is created, and a success message is displayed to the customer.



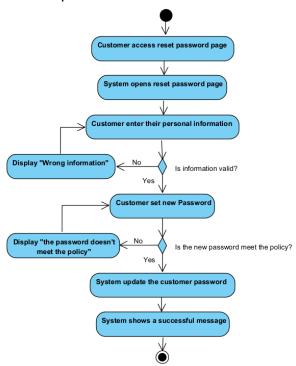
#### 3.5.2 Component 2: Log in to the System

The activity diagram in *Figure xx* illustrates the user login process. The process begins with the user entering their login data, which typically includes their username and password. Once the user clicks the "Login" button, the system validates the provided data. If the data is invalid (e.g., incorrect username or password), the system displays an error message. However, if the data is valid, the system successfully logs in the user and redirects them to their respective dashboard based on their assigned role within the system.



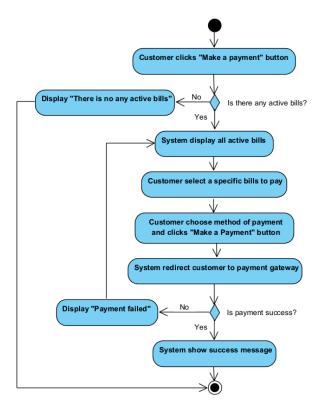
#### 3.5.3 Component 3: Reset Password

The activity diagram in *Figure 56* depicts the process for resetting a forgotten password. The sequence begins with the customer initiating the process by accessing the "Reset Password" page. The system then presents the customer with a form to enter their personal information for verification. Following the entry of personal information, the system validates the provided details. If the information is deemed valid, the system proceeds to the stage where the customer sets a new password. Subsequently, the system enforces password policies, ensuring the new password meets the established security criteria. Upon successful validation of the new password, the system updates the customer's password in the database. The process concludes with the system displaying a success message to the customer, confirming the successful completion of the password reset.



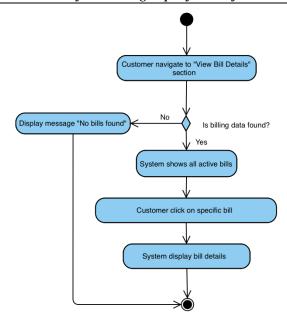
#### 3.5.4 Component 4: Make a Payment and Receive Payment Receipt

The activity diagram in *Figure xx* illustrates the workflow for making a payment within the Electricity Billing System. Initiated by the customer clicking the "Make a Payment" button, the system first checks for the presence of any active bills. If no active bills are found, the system displays a message informing the customer. Conversely, if active bills exist, the system presents the customer with a list of active bills for selection. Subsequently, the customer chooses the desired bill and payment method and confirms the payment. The system then redirects the customer to the selected payment gateway to complete the transaction. Upon completion, the system verifies the payment status. If the payment is successful, a success message is displayed; otherwise, an error message is presented.



#### 3.5.5 Component 5: View Bill Details

The activity diagram shown in *Figure xx* illustrates the process of viewing bill details for a customer. The process begins when the customer navigates to the "View Bill Details" section. The system then checks if there are any active bills associated with the customer. If no bills are found, the system displays a message indicating "No bills found." If active bills are found, the system displays a list of all active bills to the customer. The customer then selects a specific bill from the list. Finally, the system retrieves and displays the detailed information of the selected bill to the customer.



# 4 Implementation

# 4.5 Development Environment

- Software Models

```
from django.db import models
from django.contrib.auth.models import AbstractUser, Group
from django.core.validators import MinValueValidator, MaxValueValidator, RegexValidator, EmailValidator
from django.core.exceptions import ValidationError
class User(AbstractUser):
     Custom User model with role-based access control.
     ROLE_CHOICES = [
         .E_CHOILES = [
('CUSTOMER', 'Customer'),
  ('SUPPORT_ADMIN', 'Support Admin'),
  ('STAFF', 'Staff'),
  ('UTILITY_PROVIDER', 'Utility Provider'),
     role = models.CharField(max_length=20, choices=ROLE_CHOICES, default='CUSTOMER')
     phone_number = models.CharField(
          max_length=13,
          blank=True,
          validators=[RegexValidator(regex=r'^\+?1?\d{9,15}$', message="Phone number must be in the format '+99999999'.")]
     address = models.CharField(max_length=120, blank=True, null=True)
     def __str__(self):
          return f"{self.username} ({self.get_role_display()})"
     def assign_role(self, role_name):
          Assigns a role to the user and adds them to the corresponding group.
          if role_name not in dict(self.ROLE_CHOICES):
             raise ValueError(f"Invalid role name: {role_name}")
          group, created = Group.objects.get_or_create(name=role_name)
          self.groups.add(group)
```

```
user = models.OneToOneField(User, on_delete=models.CASCADE, related_name="%(class)s_profile")
       abstract = True
    def __str__(self):
       return f"{self.__class__.__name__}: {self.user.username}"
class Customer(BaseProfile):
   customer_id = models.CharField(max_length=10, unique=True, null=True, blank=True) # Ensure it's added
   customer_name = models.CharField(max_length=255)
   customer_address = models.CharField(max_length=255, blank=True, null=True)
    customer_email = models.EmailField(
       max_length=255,
       blank=True,
       null=True,
       validators=[EmailValidator(message="Enter a valid email address.")]
    customer_phone = models.CharField(
       max_length=13,
       blank=True,
       validators=[RegexValidator(regex=r'^\+?1?\d{9,15}$', message="Phone number must be in the format '+999999999'.")]
   meter_id = models.CharField(max_length=6, blank=True, null=True)
    class Meta:
       verbose_name = "Customer"
       verbose_name_plural = "Customers"
    def __str__(self):
       return f"{self.customer_id} - {self.customer_name}"
```

```
class UtilityProvider(BaseProfile):
   up_name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
   up_phone = models.CharField(
       max_length=15,
       validators=[RegexValidator(regex=r'^\+?1?\d{9,15}$', message="Phone number must be in the format '+999999999'.")]
   up_email = models.EmailField(validators=[EmailValidator(message="Enter a valid email address.")])
   class Meta:
       verbose_name = "Utility Provider"
       verbose_name_plural = "Utility Providers"
   admin_id = models.CharField(max_length=6, unique=True, blank=True, null=True) # Unique admin ID
   admin_name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
   admin phone = models.CharField(
       max_length=15,
       validators=[RegexValidator(regex=r'^\+?1?\d{9,15}$', message="Phone number must be in the format '+999999999'.")]
   admin_email = models.EmailField(validators=[EmailValidator(message="Enter a valid email address.")])
       verbose name = "Support Admin"
       verbose_name_plural = "Support Admins"
    staff_name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    staff_phone = models.CharField(
        max length=15,
        validators=[RegexValidator(regex=r'^\+?1?\d{9,15}$', message="Phone number must be in the format '+99999999'.")]
    staff_email = models.EmailField(validators=[EmailValidator(message="Enter a valid email address.")])
    class Meta:
        verbose_name = "Staff"
        verbose_name_plural = "Staff"
class Meter(models.Model):
    meter_id = models.CharField(
        primary_key=True,
        max_length=6,
        validators=[RegexValidator(regex=r'^M\d{5}$', message="Meter ID must be in the format MXXXXX.")]
    meter_reading = models.IntegerField()
    tariff_rate = models.DecimalField(max_digits=10, decimal_places=2)
    customer = models.OneToOneField(Customer, on_delete=models.SET_NULL, null=True, related_name="meter")
    def __str__(self):
        return f"Meter {self.meter_id}"
        verbose_name = "Meter"
        verbose_name_plural = "Meters"
        unique_together = ("meter_id", "customer")
```

```
class Bill(models.Model):
   Model for Bills.
    STATUS CHOICES = [
        (True, 'Paid'),
        (False, 'Unpaid')
   bill_id = models.CharField(primary_key=True, max_length=6)
    customer = models.ForeignKey(Customer, on delete=models.CASCADE)
    amount = models.DecimalField(max_digits=10, decimal_places=2)
    due_date = models.DateField()
    paid = models.BooleanField(choices=STATUS CHOICES, default=False)
    creation date = models.DateField(auto now add=True)
    penalty_fee = models.DecimalField(max_digits=10, decimal_places=2, default=0.00)
   def str (self):
       return f"Bill {self.bill_id} (Customer: {self.customer.customer_name})"
    class Meta:
       verbose_name = "Bill"
        verbose_name_plural = "Bills"
class Payment(models.Model):
   Model for Payments.
    PAYMENT_METHODS = [
        ('Credit Card', 'Credit Card')
    payment_id = models.CharField(primary_key=True, max_length=6)
    customer = models.ForeignKey(Customer, on delete=models.CASCADE)
    payment_date = models.DateField(auto_now_add=True)
    payment_method = models.CharField(max_length=15, choices=PAYMENT_METHODS)
    amount = models.DecimalField(max_digits=10, decimal_places=2)
```

```
def __str__(self):
        return f"Payment {self.payment_id} (Customer: {self.customer.customer_name})"
    class Meta:
        verbose_name = "Payment"
        verbose_name_plural = "Payments"
class Issue(models.Model):
   Model for Customer Issues.
    STATUS_CHOICES = [
        ('in_progress', 'In Progress'),
    issue_id = models.CharField(primary_key=True, max_length=6)
    customer = models.ForeignKey(Customer, on_delete=models.CASCADE)
    title = models.CharField(max_length=200)
   description = models.TextField(max_length=300)
    status = models.CharField(max_length=15, choices=STATUS_CHOICES, default='open')
    ticket_id = models.CharField(max_length=6, unique=True)
    support_admin = models.ForeignKey(SupportAdmin, on_delete=models.SET_NULL, null=True, blank=True)
   def __str__(self):
       return f"Issue {self.issue_id} (Customer: {self.customer_customer_name})"
       verbose_name = "Issue"
        verbose_name_plural = "Issues"
```

```
class Feedback(models.Model):
   Model for Customer Feedback.
    feedback_id = models.CharField(primary_key=True, max_length=6)
    customer = models.ForeignKey(Customer, on_delete=models.CASCADE)
    rating = models.IntegerField(validators=[MinValueValidator(1), MaxValueValidator(5)])
    comment = models.CharField(max_length=200)
    feedback_date = models.DateField(auto_now_add=True)
    def __str__(self):
       return f"Feedback {self.feedback_id} (Customer: {self.customer_name})"
    class Meta:
       verbose_name = "Feedback"
       verbose_name_plural = "Feedbacks"
class Item(models.Model):
    item_id = models.CharField(primary_key=True, max_length=10)
    item_name = models.TextField()
    item_description = models.TextField(null=True, blank=True)
   def __str__(self):
       return f"Item {self.item_id}: {self.item_name}"
```

- Software Views

```
from random import randint
1
    from django.shortcuts import render, redirect
    # Create your views here.
    from django.http import Http404, HttpRequest
    from django.template import RequestContext ##--
    from django.http import HttpRequest
    from datetime import datetime
    from django.contrib.auth.decorators import login required
    from django.contrib import messages
    from django.shortcuts import render, get object or 404
    from django.contrib.auth.decorators import login required, user passes test
    from django.contrib.auth import authenticate, login as auth login
    from django.shortcuts import render, redirect
    from app.models import User, Customer, Staff, SupportAdmin, UtilityProvider
    from .forms import BootstrapAuthenticationForm
    from django.contrib.auth import login as auth login
    from .forms import PasswordChangeForm
    from django.contrib.auth import update_session_auth_hash
    from django.contrib.auth.forms import AuthenticationForm
    from django.http import HttpResponse
    from .models import Customer, UtilityProvider, SupportAdmin, Staff
    from django.db.models.signals import post save
    from django.dispatch import receiver
    from .models import Customer, User
    from django.contrib.auth import views as auth views
    from .models import (
        Customer, Bill, Payment,
        Issue, Feedback, SupportAdmin,
        UtilityProvider, Staff, Meter
```

```
from .models import (
         Customer, Bill, Payment,
         Issue, Feedback, SupportAdmin,
         UtilityProvider, Staff, Meter
     from .forms import RegistrationForm, RegistrationStep2Form, ResetPasswordForm
     # Session keys
38
     CUSTOMER SESSION KEY = 'customer id'
     ADMIN SESSION KEY = 'admin id'
     STAFF_SESSION_KEY = 'staff_id'
     UTILITY SESSION KEY = 'utility id'
     def get_current_user(request):
         """Returns the logged-in user based on session"""
         if CUSTOMER_SESSION_KEY in request.session:
             return Customer.objects.get(customer id=request.session[CUSTOMER SESSION KEY])
         if ADMIN_SESSION_KEY in request.session:
             return SupportAdmin.objects.get(admin id=request.session[ADMIN SESSION KEY])
         if STAFF_SESSION_KEY in request.session:
             return Staff.objects.get(staff_id=request.session[STAFF_SESSION_KEY])
         if UTILITY SESSION KEY in request.session:
             return UtilityProvider.objects.get(utility_id=request.session[UTILITY_SESSION KEY])
         return None
```

```
def role_based_redirect(request):
    if request.user.is_authenticated:
        role = getattr(request.user, 'role', None) # Safely get the role attribute
        if role:
            role = role.upper() # Make sure it's in uppercase
            if role == 'CUSTOMER':
                return redirect('customer dashboard')
            elif role == 'SUPPORT_ADMIN':
               return redirect('admin dashboard')
           elif role == 'STAFF':
                return redirect('staff_dashboard')
            elif role == 'UTILITY PROVIDER':
               return redirect('utility_dashboard')
    return redirect('home')
def migrate_users():
    for customer in Customer.objects.all():
        User.objects.create(
            username=customer.username,
            password=customer.password, # Store securely in production!
            role="CUSTOMER",
            email=customer.customer email,
            phone number=customer.customer phone,
            address=customer.customer_address,
```

```
for staff in Staff.objects.all():
 87
              User.objects.create(
                   username=staff.username,
                  password=staff.password,
                  role="STAFF",
 91
                  email=staff.staff email,
                  phone number=staff.staff phone,
 95
          for admin in SupportAdmin.objects.all():
              User.objects.create(
 98
                  username=admin.username,
                  password=admin.password,
                  role="ADMIN",
                  email=admin.admin email,
                  phone number=admin.admin phone,
102
          for provider in UtilityProvider.objects.all():
105
              User.objects.create(
                  username=provider.username,
                  password=provider.password,
                  role="UTILITY PROVIDER",
                  email=provider.up email,
110
                  phone number=provider.up phone,
111
112
          print("User migration completed.")
113
114
```

```
def login(request):
    if request.method == 'POST':
        form = AuthenticationForm(request, data=request.POST)
        if form.is valid():
            username = form.cleaned_data['username']
            password = form.cleaned data['password']
            user = authenticate(username=username, password=password)
            if user is not None:
                auth_login(request, user)
                # Redirect based on the role
                return role based redirect(request) # Uses the existing helper function
                return HttpResponse('Invalid username or password', status=401)
            return HttpResponse('Invalid form data', status=400)
    form = AuthenticationForm()
    return render(request, 'app/login.html', {'form': form})
def logout(request):
    if request.method == "GET":
        logout(request)
        return redirect('home')
```

```
def home(request):
152
          """Renders the home page."""
153
154
          assert isinstance(request, HttpRequest)
155
          # Render the same page regardless of login status
156
157
          return render(
158
               request,
               'app/index.html',
159
                   'title': 'Home Page',
161
162
                   'year': datetime.now().year,
      def contact(request):
          """Renders the contact page."""
          assert isinstance(request, HttpRequest)
          return render(
170
               request,
               'app/contact.html',
171
                   'title':'Contact',
173
174
                   'year':datetime.now().year,
175
176
```

```
def about(request):
    """Renders the about page."""
    assert isinstance(request, HttpRequest)
    return render(
        request,
        'app/about.html',
            'title': 'Electricity Billing System',
            'message':'This application processes ...',
            'year':datetime.now().year,
# Menu View
@login_required
def menu(request):
    user = get current user(request)
    if not user:
       return redirect('login')
    context = {
        'title': 'Main Menu',
        'is customer': isinstance(user, Customer),
        'is support admin': isinstance(user, SupportAdmin),
        'is staff': isinstance(user, Staff),
        'is utility': isinstance(user, UtilityProvider),
        'user': user,
        'year': datetime.now().year,
    return render(request, 'app/menu.html', context)
```

```
def registration(request):
    Step 1: Validate meter ID and initiate registration process.
    if request.method == 'POST':
        meter id = request.POST.get('meter id')
        # Validate Meter ID
        try:
            # Check if meter ID exists and is not already assigned to a customer
            meter = Meter.objects.get(meter id=meter id)
            if hasattr(meter, 'customer'):
                return render(request, 'customer/registration.html', {
                    'error': 'This meter is already registered to a customer.'
                })
            request.session['meter_id'] = meter_id
            return redirect('registration step2')
        except Meter.DoesNotExist:
            return render(request, 'customer/registration.html', {
                'error': 'Invalid meter ID. Please check and try again.'
            })
    return render(request, 'customer/registration.html')
```

```
def registration_step2(request):
    Step 2: Complete customer registration.
   meter_id = request.session.get('meter_id')
    if not meter_id:
        return redirect('registration') # Redirect if no meter ID in session
    if request.method == 'POST':
        form = RegistrationStep2Form(request.POST)
        if form.is valid():
            # Create Customer
            customer = Customer.objects.create(
                customer_id=f"C{Customer.objects.count() + 1:04}", # Auto-generate customer ID
                username=form.cleaned data['username'],
                password=form.cleaned_data['password'], # Note: Hash password in production
               customer_name=form.cleaned_data['customer_name'],
                customer_address=form.cleaned_data['customer_address'],
                customer_phone=form.cleaned_data['customer_phone'],
                customer_email=form.cleaned_data['customer_email'
                meter id=meter id
            del request.session['meter_id']
            return redirect('dashboard')
        form = RegistrationStep2Form()
   return render(request, 'customer/registration_step2.html', {'form': form})
```

```
def reset_password(request):
          Handle password reset requests.
          if request.method == 'POST':
              form = ResetPasswordForm(request.POST)
              if form.is valid():
                  email = form.cleaned_data['email']
                  try:
                      customer = Customer.objects.get(customer email=email)
                      # Example: send reset email(customer)
                      return redirect('password reset sent')
                  except Customer.DoesNotExist:
                      form.add_error('email', 'No account found with this email address.')
292
              form = ResetPasswordForm()
          return render(request, 'customer/reset password.html', {'form': form})
     # Customer Dashboard Views
     def is customer(user):
         return user.is_authenticated and user.role == 'CUSTOMER'
     @login required
     @user passes test(is customer)
     def customer dashboard(request):
         try:
             customer_profile = Customer.objects.get(user=request.user)
         except Customer.DoesNotExist:
             messages.error(request, "Customer profile does not exist.")
             return redirect('home') # Or redirect to a different page, like registration
         return render(request, 'app/customer_dashboard.html', {'customer': customer_profile})
     @login required
     def view bills(request):
         customer = request.user.customer_profile
         bills = Bill.objects.filter(customer=customer)
         return render(request, 'bills.html', {'bills': bills})
```

```
@login required
def make payment(request, bill id):
    customer = get_current_user(request)
    if not customer or not isinstance(customer, Customer):
        return redirect('login')
    bill = get object or 404(Bill, bill id=bill id)
    if request.method == 'POST':
        Payment.objects.create(
            payment_id=f"P{Payment.objects.count()+1:05}",
            customer=customer,
            payment_date=datetime.now().date(),
            payment method=request.POST.get('method'),
            amount=bill.amount
        bill.paid = True
        bill.save()
        return redirect('payment confirmation', bill id=bill id)
    return render(request, 'customer/make_payment.html', {'bill': bill})
@login_required
def payment_receipt(request, bill id):
    bill = Bill.objects.get(id=bill id)
    payment = Payment.objects.get(bill=bill)
    return render(request, 'customer/payment_receipt.html', {'payment': payment})
```

```
@login required
def submit feedback(request):
     if request.method == 'POST':
         rating = request.POST.get('rating')
         comments = request.POST.get('comments')
         Feedback.objects.create(user=request.user, rating=rating, comments=comments)
         return redirect('dashboard')
     return render(request, 'customer/submit_feedback.html')
@login required
def submit_issue(request):
     if request.method == 'POST':
         title = request.POST.get('issue title')
         description = request.POST.get('issue description')
         attachments = request.FILES.get('attachments')
         Issue.objects.create(
             user=request.user,
             title=title,
             description=description,
             attachments=attachments
         return redirect('dashboard')
     return render(request, 'customer/submit_issue.html')
@login_required
def change password(request):
    if request.method == 'POST':
       form = PasswordChangeForm(request.POST)
       if form.is valid():
           old_password = form.cleaned_data['old_password']
           new password = form.cleaned data['new password']
           # Verify old password
           if request.user.check_password(old password):
              request.user.set password(new password)
              request.user.save()
              update_session_auth_hash(request, request.user) # Keep the user logged in
              return redirect('customer_dashboard') # Redirect to dashboard
              form.add_error('old_password', 'Incorrect old password.')
       form = PasswordChangeForm()
   return render(request, 'app/change_password.html', {'form': form})
```

```
# Check if the user is a Support Admin

def is support_admin(user):
    return user.role == 'SUPPORT_ADMIN'

# View for the Support Admin Dashboard

@user_passes test(is_support_admin)

def admin_dashboard(request):
    return render(request, 'app/admin_dashboard.html')

''' try:

# Get the support admin profile for the logged-in user
    support_admin_DoesNotExist:

# support_admin_profile = SupportAdmin.objects.get(user=request.user)

# except SupportAdmin.DoesNotExist:

# messages.error(request, "Support admin profile does not exist.")
    return redirect('home') # Or redirect to another page like registration

# Get the relevant data for the dashboard
    issues = support_admin_profile.get_assigned_issues()
    feedback = support_admin_profile.get_feedback()

# except Exception as e:

# messages.error(request, f"An error occurred while fetching dashboard data: {str(e)}")
    return redirect('home')

# Pass the profile data to the template
    return render(request, 'app/admin_dashboard.html', {
        'support_admin': support_admin_profile,
        'issues': issues,
        'feedback': feedback,
    })'''

# Get the user is support_admin_profile,
    'support_admin': support_admin_profile,
    'issues': issues,
    'feedback': feedback,
    })'''

# Or redirect to another page like registration

# Pass the profile data for the dashboard

# Pass the profile data to the template
    return render(request, 'app/admin_dashboard.html', {
        'support_admin': support_admin_profile,
        'issues': issues,
        'feedback': feedback,

# Or redirect

# Or redirect

# Pass the profile data to the template
        return render(request, 'app/admin_dashboard.html', {
        'support_admin': support_admin_profile,
        'issues': issues,
        'feedback': feedback,

# Or redirect

# O
```

```
class CustomAdminLoginView(auth views.LoginView):
    template_name = 'admin/login.html'
    def dispatch(self, request, *args, **kwargs):
        if request.user.is_authenticated:
            if request.user.is staff:
                return redirect('/admin/') # Redirect to Django admin if staff
                return redirect('admin_dashboard') # Redirect to custom admin dashboard
        return super().dispatch(request, *args, **kwargs)
@login required
@user passes test(is support admin)
def view bills admin(request):
    bills = Bill.objects.all().order_by('-due_date')
    for bill in bills:
        print(f"Bill ID: {bill.bill id}") # Debug line
    return render(request, 'app/admin_viewBill.html', {'bills': bills})
@login required
@user passes test(is support admin)
def bill_details(request, bill_id):
    bill = get_object_or_404(Bill, bill_id=bill_id)
    return render(request, 'app/bill details.html', {'bill': bill})
@login_required
def customer issues(request):
    issues = Issue.objects.all()
    return render(request, 'app/admin_viewIssue.html', {'issues': issues})
```

```
@login_required
def update_issue_status(request, issue_id):
    admin = get current user(request)
    if not admin or not isinstance(admin, SupportAdmin):
        return redirect('login')
    issue = get object or 404(Issue, issue id=issue id)
    if request.method == 'POST':
        issue.status = request.POST.get('status')
        issue.save()
        return redirect('manage issues')
    return render(request, 'support/update_issue.html', {'issue': issue})
@login required
@user_passes_test(is_support_admin)
def view_feedback(request):
    # Fetch the feedbacks from the database
    feedbacks = Feedback.objects.all().order_by('-feedback_date')
    return render(request, 'app/admin_viewFeedback.html', {'feedbacks': feedbacks})
```

```
def staff_dashboard(request):
    staff_profile = Staff.objects.get(user=request.user)
    return render(request, 'app/staff_dashboard.html', {'staff': staff_profile})
def utility_dashboard(request):
    utility_provider_profile = UtilityProvider.objects.get(user=request.user)
   return render(request, 'app/utility_dashboard.html', {'utility_provider': utility_provider_profile})
@receiver(post_save, sender=User)
def create_customer_profile(sender, instance, created, **kwargs):
    if created and instance.role == 'CUSTOMER':
       Customer.objects.create(user=instance)
@receiver(post_save, sender=User)
def save_customer_profile(sender, instance, **kwargs):
    if instance.role == 'CUSTOMER':
        instance.customer_profile.save()
def generate_unique_ticket_id():
       ticket_id = f"T{str(randint(10000, 99999))}'
       if not Issue.objects.filter(ticket_id=ticket_id).exists():
           return ticket_id
def create_issue(customer, title, description, status):
    ticket_id = generate_unique_ticket_id() # Generate unique ticket_id
    Issue.objects.create(
       customer=customer,
       title=title,
       description=description,
       status=status,
       ticket_id=ticket_id
    print(f"Issue created with ticket_id: {ticket_id}")
```

# 4.6 Main Program Codes

Application	Files
Customer Dashboard	models.py views.py customer_dashboard.html

View Bill Details	models.py views.py bill_detaills.html
System Registration	models.py views.py registration_1.html registration_2.html
Submit Feedback	models.py views.py submitFeedback.html
Report an Issue	models.py views.py submit_Issue.html
Make a Payment	models.py views.py makePayment.html

```
{% block content %}
```

```
<div class="col-md-4 mb-4">
         <div class="card-body text-center">
           <h5 class="card-title">Make Payment</h5>
            <a href="{% url 'make_payment' %}" class="btn btn-success">Make Payment</a>
          <h5 class="card-title">Submit Feedback</h5>
           Share your feedback with us.
<a href="{% url 'submit_feedback' %}" class="btn btn-info">Submit Feedback</a>
         {% endblock %}
```

#### - bill\_details.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Bill Details</title>
        body {
            font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
            margin: 20px;
        .bill-details {
            max-width: 600px;
            margin: auto;
            padding: 20px;
            border: 1px solid ■#ddd;
            border-radius: 8px;
            text-align: center;
            color: □#333;
        .bill-details table {
            width: 100%;
            border-collapse: collapse;
            margin-top: 20px;
        .bill-details table, .bill-details th, .bill-details td {
   border: 1px solid ■#ddd;
            padding: 10px;
            text-align: left;
        .bill-details th {
            background-color: ■#f4f4f4;
```

```
<h3>Customer Information:</h3>
<strong>Name:</strong> Mohammed Aarnena
<strong>Email:</strong> ammena@gmail.com
<strong>Phone:</strong> +60 11-62237057
<strong>Address:</strong> 123 Multimedia St, Cyberjaya
<h3>Payment History:</h3>
         Date
         Amount
         Method
         2024-12-15
         RM 50
          Credit Card
         2024-11-15
         RM 50
         Bank Transfer
<h3>Billing Information:</h3>
<strong>Bill ID:</strong> B9561
\label{eq:posterior} $$ \p><strong>0utstanding Balance:</strong> RM 100.00
<strong>Consumption:</strong> 350 kWh
<strong>Due Date:</strong> 2025-01-15
```

registration1.html

```
{% extends "app/layout.html" %}
{% block content %}
   <h2>Step 1: Verify Meter ID</h2>
   {% if form.errors %}
   <div class="alert alert-danger">
       {% for field, errors in form.errors.items %}
           {% for error in errors %}
               {{ error }}
           {% endfor %}
       {% endfor %}
   {% endif %}
   <form method="post">
       {% csrf_token %}
           <label>{{ form.meter_id.label }}</label>
           {{ form.meter_id }}
           <small class="text-muted">Example: M12345</small>
       <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Next</button>
{% endblock %}
```

registration\_2.html

```
1 (% extends "app/layout.html" %)
2 (% block content %)
3 (div class="containe")
5 (wlass="containe")
6 (wlass="containe")
7 (wlass="containe")
7 (wlass="containe")
8 (i- bloshay form errors if any -->
9 (% if form.errors %)
9 (div class="allert.danger")
10 (div class="allert.danger")
11 (wlass="containe")
12 (wlass="allert.danger")
13 (wlass="allert.danger")
14 (wlass="allert.danger")
15 (wlass="allert.danger")
16 (wlass="allert.danger")
17 (wlass="allert.danger")
18 (wlass="allert.danger")
19 (wlass="allert.danger")
19 (wlass="allert.danger")
10 (wlass="allert.danger")
10 (wlass="allert.danger")
11 (wlass="allert.danger")
12 (wlass="allert.danger")
13 (wlass="allert.danger")
14 (wlass="allert.danger")
15 (wlass="allert.danger")
16 (wlass="allert.danger")
17 (wlass="allert.danger")
18 (wlass="allert.danger")
19 (wlass="allert.danger")
19 (wlass="allert.danger")
10 (wlass="allert.danger")
11 (wlass="allert.danger")
12 (div class="form.allert.danger")
13 (div class="form.allert.danger")
14 (wlass="allert.danger")
15 (div class="form.allert.danger")
16 (div class="form.allert.danger")
17 (div)
18 (div)
19 (div)
19 (div)
10 (div)
10 (div)
11 (div)
12 (div)
13 (div)
14 (div)
15 (div)
16 (div)
17 (div)
18 (div)
18 (div)
19 (div)
19 (div)
10 (div)
10 (div)
10 (div)
11 (div)
12 (div)
13 (div)
14 (div)
15 (div)
16 (div)
17 (div)
18 (div)
18 (div)
19 (div)
10 (div)
10 (div)
11 (div)
12 (div)
13 (div)
14 (div)
15 (div)
16 (div)
17 (div)
18 (div)
19 (div)
19 (div)
19 (div)
10 (div)
10 (div)
10 (div)
11 (div)
12 (div)
13 (div)
14 (div)
15 (div)
16 (div)
17 (div)
18 (div)
1
```

#### submitFeedback.html

#### - submitIssue.html

```
1 (% extends 'base.html' %)
2 (% block title %)Submit Issue(% endblock %)
3 (% block content %)
4 (h2>Submit Issue(/h2>
5 (*form method='post" enctype="multipart/form-data">
5 (*sorf_token %)
6 (*sorf_token %)
7 (div class="form_group">
8 (abel for="issue_title">Issue Title</label>
9 (input type='text" class="form-control" id="issue_title" name="issue_title" required>
10 (div>
11 (div)
12 (abel for="issue_description">Issue Description</label>
13 (div class="form_group">
14 (div)
15 (div class="form_group">
16 (abel for="issue_description" id="issue_description" name="issue_description" rows="3" required></textarea>
16 (div)
17 (div)
18 (div class="form_group">
18 (abel for="attachments">Attachments
19 (input type="file" class="form-control" id="attachments" name="attachments">
18 (div)
19 (button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Submit</button>
20 (form)
21 (% endblock %)
```

#### - makePayment.html

## 4.7 Sample Screens

## 4.7.1 Registration Screen

The "Enter Meter ID" screen is displayed first, it's a critical role in linking a user's account to their designated electricity meter. Users are required to input their unique Meter ID before proceeding by selecting "Next." The system validates the provided Meter ID for accuracy before directing the user to the Electricity Billing System Registration Form.

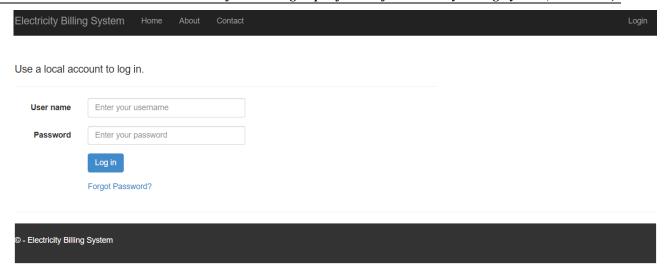
## Step 1: Verify Meter ID



This registration form collects essential user details as part of the onboarding process. Upon completing the required fields, users finalize account creation by selecting the "Submit" button. This registration procedure ensures security and proper access management, allowing only authorized individuals to handle electricity bill processing and related account activities efficiently.

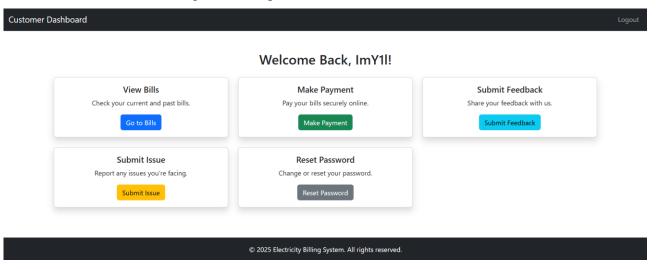
#### 4.7.2 Log in Screen

The Login Screen of the Electricity Billing System functions as the primary access point for all user categories, including customers, support administrators, staff, and utility providers. It facilitates secure and authorized access while maintaining an intuitive user interface. Upon successful authentication, users are directed to their respective dashboards, customized according to their roles and permissions.



#### 4.7.3 Main Customer Screen

For customers, this is the initial screen encountered upon logging in. It incorporates multiple buttons, each granting access to specific services, thereby enhancing user experience. Additionally, the system dynamically updates and displays the logged-in customer's username, such as "Yousef," contributing to a more personalized interface.



#### 4.7.4 Reset Password Screen

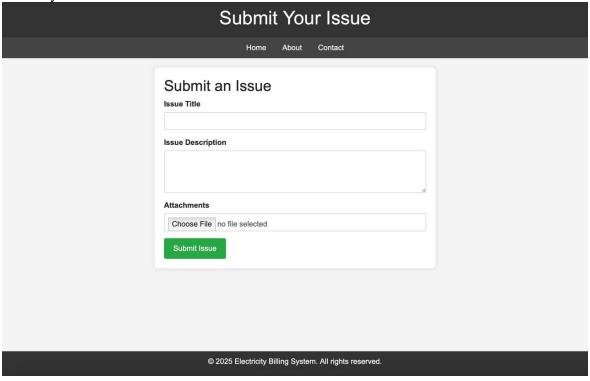
The system includes a "Reset Your Password" feature, providing a secure and efficient mechanism for users to recover access to their accounts in case of forgotten credentials. This functionality enhances user convenience by enabling seamless account recovery while upholding stringent security protocols to safeguard sensitive information.

# **Change Password**

Old password:		
New password:		
<ul> <li>Your password can't be too similar to y</li> <li>Your password must contain at least 8</li> <li>Your password can't be a commonly us</li> <li>Your password can't be entirely numer</li> </ul>	characters. sed password.	
New password confirmation:	Enter the same password as before, for verification.	
	Change Password	
Back to Dashboard		Log Out

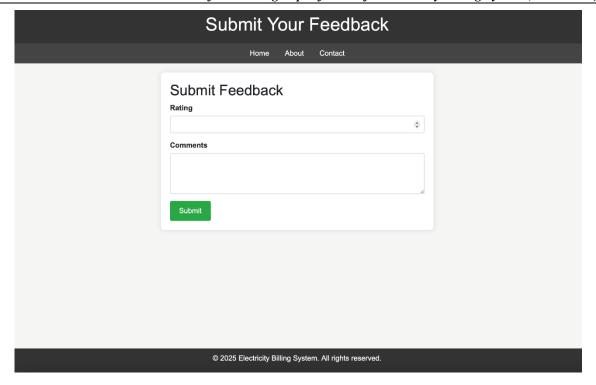
## 4.7.5 Report an Issue Screen

Furthermore, the interface allows customers to report issues related to their electricity service efficiently.



#### 4.7.6 Submit Feedback

This interface allows customers to submit feedback and comment on issues related to the system efficiently.



#### 4.7.7 View Bills Screen

A dedicated screen presents users with a comprehensive list of their active electricity bills, offering detailed insights into each selected bill.

# **Bill Details**



## 4.7.8 Make a Payment Screen

Another interface facilitates bill selection and payment processing, ensuring a streamlined transaction experience.

# Make a Payment

## **Bill Payment Details**

**Bill 1** - RM 100.00 **Bill 2** - RM 50.00

Bill 3 - RM 150.00 Bill 4 - RM 120.00

#### **Outstanding Balance:**

RM 250.0

#### **Mode of Payment:**

Credit/Debit Card

Total Amount: RM 250.0

# 5 Testing

# 5.5 Test Data

5.5.1 System Registration

Test Scenario	Input	Expected Output	Screen
Valid Meter ID	Meter ID: M63350	Redirect to	Registration
		Registration page	page 1
Valid Registration	Name: Muhammed Faiz, Email: ezzieff@outlook.com, Phone: +60122462882, Address: Persiaran Bestari, Cyberjaya, 6300 Cyberjaya, Selangor, Username: Faiz_24, Password: ZxZ445	Success Message: "Registration successful"	Registration page
Invalid Meter ID	Meter ID: M6785	Error: "Meter ID is incorrect"	Registration page 1
Duplicated Meter ID	Meter ID: M67850	Error: "Meter ID used by another account"	Registration page 1
Incomplete Information	Meter ID: M6335, Name: (Missing), Email: chcheng@gmail.com, Phone: +60193973839, Address: (Missing), Username: ChhC3, Password: CCc22a	Error: "Please complete all required fields or correct invalid entries"	Registration page

5.5.2 Log in to the System

0.0.2 Log III to	ine Oystein		
Test Scenario	Input	Expected Output	Screen
Valid Login	Username: ImY11,	Redirect to Customer main page	Main page
_	Password: Yym226		
Invalid Username	Username: ImY10,	Error: "Invalid username or	Login page
	Password: Yym226	password"	
Invalid Password	Username: ImY11,	Error: "Invalid username or	Login page
	Password: ym2266	password"	
Empty Fields	Username: ImY10,	Error: "Please enter your	Login page
	Password: (Empty)	username and password"	

## 5.5.3 Reset Password

Test Scenario	Input	Expected Output	Screen
Valid Reset	Email: yysuf@gmail.com,	Success: "Password	Reset Password
Password	New Password: ImY77	reset successfully"	Page
Invalid Email	Email: amy47@gmail.com,	Error: "No account	Reset Password
	New Password: Amy1	found with this email"	Page

Invalid Password	Email:	Error: "Invalid	Reset Password
	chcheng@gmail.com.com,	password, try another	Page
	New Password:	one"	_
	ImY11il7877		

5.5.4 Make a Payment and Receive Payment Receipt

Test Scenario	Input	Expected Output	Screen
Successful	Method: TnG	Successful payment,	Payment Page
Payment	Amount: RM 50.00	Thank you!	
Invalid Amount	Method: TnG	Invalid amount, try	Payment Page
	Amount: RM 200.00	again	
	(The total amount of		
	the bill is RM 67.00)		
No Method Chosen	Method: -	An error has occurred:	Payment Page
	Amount: RM 50.00	no method has been	
		selected	

## 5.5.5 View Bill Details

Test Scenario	Input	Expected Output	Screen
Valid Bill Details	Select Bill ID:	Display Bill Details:	Bills Details
	B39680	- Customer Information:	Page
		Name: Mohammed Aamena	
		Email: ammena@gmail.com	
		Phone: +60 11-62237057	
		Address: 123 Multimedia st,	
		Cyberjaya	
		- Billing Information:	
	Bill ID: B9561		
	Outstanding Balance: RM		
	100.00		
	Consumption: 350 kWh, Due		
		Date: 2025-01-15	
		- Payment History	
No Bill Data	Customer ID:	Message: "No billing	View Bills
	C99990 (No bills	information available"	Page
	available)		
Invalid Bill ID	Bill ID: R4455	Error: "Invalid Bill ID"	View Bills
			Page

# 5.6 Acceptance Testing: Customer

Criteria	Fulfilled?	Remarks
Log in to the System	Yes	

#### Software Design Specification for Electricity Billing System (Version 3.0)

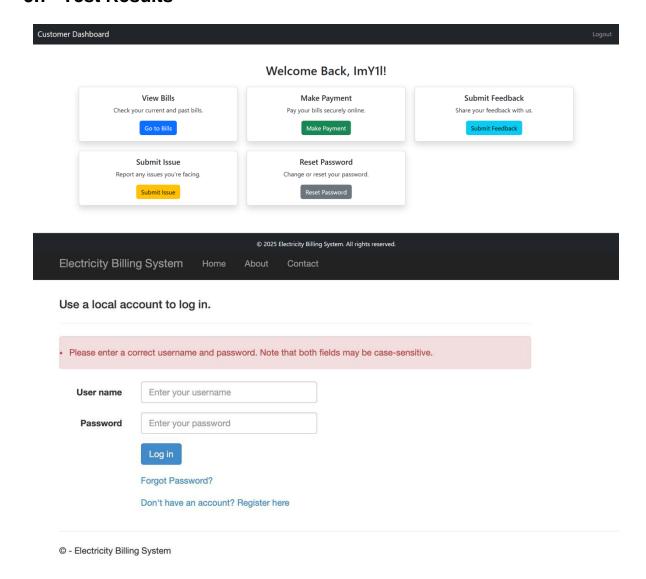
View Dashboard	Yes	
Data Checking	Yes	

Date tested : <u>28/2/2025</u> % Complete : <u>100%</u>

Tested by: Mohammed Yousef Mohammed Abdulkarem

Verified by: Dr. Palanichamy Naveen

## 5.7 Test Results



# 6 Conclusion

## **6.1 Completion of Software**

We have completed our software. We successfully implemented features specified for every actor such as Manage User Profiles, Handle Customer Billing, and Assist User Feedback. Additionally, the system supports functionalities for Viewing and Managing Electricity Bills and Resolving Customer Issues. However, certain components remain incomplete due to time constraints and technical challenges.

For customers, we implemented essential features including Report Issues, Submit Feedback, Make Payments, and View Bill Details. The system also includes dynamic user authentication and account management, ensuring a personalized and secure experience.

#### **6.2 Software Quality Assurance**

To ensure software quality, we prioritized understanding system requirements and potential challenges. We addressed architectural design flaws early in development to enhance system reliability. A comprehensive project plan was devised, outlining quality assurance strategies and change management processes. Additionally, we documented software deviations and implemented corrective measures in a structured manner. Collaborative problem-solving efforts were undertaken to resolve issues efficiently, ensuring that the final software meets high-quality standards.

## **6.3 Group Collaboration**

Collaboration played a crucial role in the development of the project. Team members maintained constant communication through group chats and meetings, allowing us to review progress, troubleshoot issues, and exchange research findings. This collaborative approach proved essential in debugging, refining system functionalities, and improving overall project quality.

#### **6.4 Problem Encountered**

Several challenges arose during the implementation of the **Electricity Billing System**, impacting progress and system completeness. The most significant difficulties included:

- Time constraints, particularly during coding and debugging phases.
- Complexity of integrating multiple functionalities, such as secure payment processing and real-time bill updates.
- Technical challenges related to Flask, due to limited prior experience with the framework and the need to reference external documentation extensively.
- Syntax errors and debugging difficulties, which led to delays and frequent trial-and-error approaches.
- Limited exposure to Python, Flask, and Django, which increased the learning curve and slowed implementation.