## User Manual

```
image t* ReadPNM(char* input)
                                  Read PNM files,
                                                    supporting PBM,
                                  PGM, and PPM images.
                                  The following structures need to be
                                  introduced:
                                  typedef struct color t {
                                    uint8_t r; //Red
                                    uint8 t g; //Green
                                    uint8 t b; //Blue
                                    uint8_t a; //Alpha
                                  } color t;
                                  typedef union pixcel t {
                                    color t c; //RGBA
                                    uint8 t g; //Grayscale
                                    uint8_t i; //Color index
                                  } pixcel t;
                                  typedef struct image t {
                                    uint32 t width;
                                    uint32 t height;
                                    uint16 t color type;
                                    uint16_t palette_num;
                                    color_t *palette; // Pointer to
                                  the palette
                                    pixcel t **map; //Image data
                                  } image_t;
              WritePNM(image t*
                                  PNM image data is saved as an image
void
input, char* output, int type)
                                  file, supporting PBM, PGM, and PPM
                                  images. Type is the format of the
                                  PNM file, such as type=1, 2, 3, 4,
                                  5, and 6.
                                  The following structures need to be
                                  introduced:
                                  typedef struct color_t {
                                    uint8_t r; //Red
                                    uint8_t g; //Green
                                    uint8 t b; //Blue
                                    uint8 t a; //Alpha
                                  } color t;
                                  typedef union pixcel_t {
                                    color t c; //RGBA
                                    uint8_t g; //Grayscale
                                    uint8_t i; //Color index
                                    pixcel t;
```

```
typedef struct image_t {
                                    uint32 t width;
                                    uint32 t height;
                                    uint16 t color type;
                                    uint16_t palette_num;
                                    color t *palette; // Pointer to
                                  the palette
                                    pixcel t **map; //Image data
                                  } image t;
image t* ReadBMP(char* input)
                                  Read BMP images.
                                  The following structures need to be
                                  introduced:
                                  typedef struct color_t {
                                    uint8_t r; //Red
                                    uint8 t g; //Green
                                    uint8 t b; //Blue
                                    uint8 t a; //Alpha
                                  } color t;
                                  typedef union pixcel t {
                                    color t c; //RGBA
                                    uint8 t g; //Grayscale
                                    uint8 t i; //Color index
                                  } pixcel t;
                                  typedef struct image_t {
                                    uint32_t width;
                                    uint32 t height;
                                    uint16_t color_type;
                                    uint16_t palette_num;
                                    color_t *palette; // Pointer to
                                  the palette
                                    pixcel t **map; //Image data
                                  } image_t;
void
              WriteBMP(image t*
                                  BMP image data is saved as an image
input, char*
                      output, int
                                  file, and RLE compress is performed
compress)
                                  when compress=1.
                                  The following structures need to be
                                  introduced:
                                  typedef struct color_t {
                                    uint8 t r; //Red
                                    uint8 t g; //Green
                                    uint8_t b; //Blue
                                    uint8_t a; //Alpha
```

```
} color_t;
                                  typedef union pixcel t {
                                    color t c; //RGBA
                                    uint8 t g; //Grayscale
                                    uint8_t i; //Color index
                                  } pixcel t;
                                  typedef struct image_t {
                                    uint32 t width;
                                    uint32 t height;
                                    uint16_t color_type;
                                    uint16_t palette_num;
                                    color_t *palette; // Pointer to
                                  the palette
                                    pixcel t **map; //Image data
                                  } image_t;
void
              WriteBMP(image t*
                                  BMP image data is saved as an image
input, char* output)
                                  file.
                                  The following structures need to be
                                  introduced:
                                  typedef struct color t {
                                    uint8 t r; //Red
                                    uint8 t g; //Green
                                    uint8_t b; //Blue
                                    uint8_t a; //Alpha
                                  } color_t;
                                  typedef union pixcel t {
                                    color t c; //RGBA
                                    uint8_t g; //Grayscale
                                    uint8_t i; //Color index
                                  } pixcel t;
                                  typedef struct image t {
                                    uint32 t width;
                                    uint32_t height;
                                    uint16_t color_type;
                                    uint16_t palette_num;
                                    color t *palette; // Pointer to
                                  the palette
                                    pixcel t **map; //Image data
                                  } image t;
             WriteBMP1(image t*
                                  BMP image data is saved as an image
void
input, char*
                                  file, and RLE compress is performed
                      output, int
compress)
                                  when compress=1.
```

```
The following structures need to be
                                    introduced:
                                    typedef struct color t {
                                     uint8 t r; //Red
                                     uint8_t g; //Green
                                     uint8 t b; //Blue
                                     uint8_t a; //Alpha
                                   } color t;
                                    typedef union pixcel t {
                                      color_t c; //RGBA
                                     uint8 t g; //Grayscale
                                     uint8_t i; //Color index
                                   } pixcel t;
                                   typedef struct image t {
                                      uint32_t width;
                                     uint32_t height;
                                     uint16_t color_type;
                                     uint16 t palette num;
                                      color t *palette; // Pointer to
                                    the palette
                                      pixcel t **map; //Image data
                                     image t;
                                   Fusion of multi focus images, supporting 8-bit
void
               ImageFusion(char*
input1, char*
                                   BMP images. Block_height=8, block_width=8,
                     input2, char*
                                   threshold=1.75.
output, int
                block_height, int
block width, double threshold)
void
               ImageFusion(char*
                                   Image fusion. reference: a=3, b1=4,
                                   DX1 = -68, DY1 = -99, EPS = 1, input 1 = "
input1, char*
                     input2, char*
MaskImage, char*
                                    ImageFusion1.jpg"
                                                                input2="
                       output, int
            dy[], int
                                    ImageFusion2.jpg"
dx[], int
                         a, double
                                   MaskImage="Mask.png"
bl, int DX1, int DY1, double EPS)
                                   output="output.jpg".
                                   int dx[] = \{0, 0, -1, 1\};
                                    int dy[] = \{-1, 1, 0, 0\};
void
               ImageFusion(char*
                                    Image
                                            fusion,
                                                                     PNG
                                                       supporting
input1, char*
                     input2, char*
                                   images.
                                               reference:
                                                               input1="
                                    ImageFusion1.png"
                                                               input2="
inputUniqe1, char*
                                    ImageFusion2.png", inputUniqe1="
inputUniqe2, char* output)
                                    ImageFusion1_unique.txt"
                                    inputUniqe2="
                                    ImageFusion2_unique.txt" .
void
       Uniqe(char*
                      input, char*
                                            fusion,
                                                                     PNG
                                   Image
                                                       supporting
inputUniqe, char*
                   output, double
                                   images.
                                               reference
                                                                input="
                                                           :
```

R, double G, double B)	<pre>ImageFusion1.png", inputUniqe=" ImageFusion1_unique.txt"</pre>
void Screenshot1(HWND hWnd, LPCWSTR OutputImage)	Screenshot function. hWnd is the window handle to be screenshot, such as: GetDesktopWindow(); OutputImage is the name of the screenshot.
void Screenshot2(HWND hWnd, LPCWSTR OutputImage)	Screenshot function. hWnd is the window handle to be screenshot, such as: GetDesktopWindow(); OutputImage is the name of the screenshot.
void Screenshot3(HWND hWnd, LPCWSTR OutputImage)	Screenshot function. hWnd is the window handle to be screenshot, such as: GetDesktopWindow(); OutputImage is the name of the screenshot.
<pre>uint8_t* AESencrypt(uint8_t* input, uint8_t* key, int size)</pre>	AES encryption function, where input is the original data, key is the key, and size is the size of the input. Return encrypted result data.
<pre>uint8_t* AESdecrypt(uint8_t* input, uint8_t* key, int size)</pre>	AES decryption function, where input is encrypted data, key is the key, and size is the size of the input. Return decryption result data.
void DES_Encrypt(char *PlainFile, char *Key,char *CipherFile)	DES encryption function, supporting multiple files. PlainFile is the file name of the original file, Key is the key character, and CipherFile is the encrypted file name.
void DES_Decrypt(char *CipherFile, char *Key,char *PlainFile)	DES decryption function, supporting multiple files. CipherFile is the file name of the encrypted file, Key is the key character, and PlainFile is the decrypted file name.
<pre>int Equal(char* input1, char* input2, double c)</pre>	If the similarity deviation value of the gradient amplitude of the compared image is equal to c, it is passed. Input1 and input2 are two images to be compared. c is the reference threshold. Supports 24 bit BMP images.
int GreaterThan(char* input1, char* input2, double c)	If the similarity deviation value of the gradient amplitude of the compared image is greater than c, it is passed. Input1 and input2 are two

	images to be compared. c is the reference
	· ·
: I Th (-1 th th th	threshold. Supports 24 bit BMP images.
int LessThan(char* input1, char*	If the gradient amplitude similarity deviation
input2, double c)	value of the compared image is less than c, it
	is passed. Input1 and input2 are two images
	to be compared. c is the reference threshold.
	Supports 24 bit BMP images.
double GMSD(char* input1, char*	Find the gradient similarity deviation value
input2)	between two images and return the result.
	Input1 and input2 are two images to be
	compared. Supports 24 bit BMP images.
void FileWrite(char* BMP, char*	Write the image steganography file and write
TXT)	the text file into the image. Supports 32-bit
	BMP images. BMP is the file name of the
	image to be written, and TXT is the text file
	name of the image to be written.
void FileWriteOut(char*	Write the image steganography file and
BMP, char* TXT)	extract the text file from the image. Supports
	32-bit BMP images. BMP is the image file
	name to be written, and TXT is the text file
	name where the information is saved after
	writing the image.
void Watershed2(char*	The watershed algorithm for image
input, char*	segmentation. inputMarqueurs is the
inputMarqueurs, char* output, int	annotated image of the input image. R=230,
r,unsigned char R,unsigned char	G=0, B=0, r=1. Supports 24 bit BMP images.
G,unsigned char B)	
void EcrireImage1(char*	Image segmentation. rayon=5. Supports 24
input, char* output, uint32_t	bit BMP images.
rayon)	
void EcrireImage2(char*	Image segmentation. rayon=5. Supports 24
input, char*	bit BMP images.
inputMarqueurs,char*	
output, uint32_t rayon)	
void EcrireLPECouleur1(char*	Image segmentation. rayon=5. Supports 24
input, char*	In it DNAD income
inputMarqueurs,char*	bit BMP images.
output, uint32_t rayon)	DIT BIMP Images.
output, ullit32_t layon)	DIT BIMP Images.
void Watershed1(char*	The watershed algorithm for image
void Watershed1(char*	The watershed algorithm for image
void Watershed1(char* input, char*	The watershed algorithm for image segmentation. inputMarqueurs is the
void Watershed1(char* input, char* inputMarqueurs, char*	The watershed algorithm for image segmentation. inputMarqueurs is the annotated image of the input image. rayon=5.

in and Marson and a large	
inputMarqueurs, char*	
output, uint16_t rayon)	
void	Image segmentation. rayon=1. Supports 24
EcrireImageCouleursAleatoires(c	bit BMP images.
har* input, char*	
inputMarqueurs, char*	
output, uint8_t r, uint8_t	
g,uint8_t b,uint16_t rayon)	
void Watershed(char*	The watershed algorithm for image
input, char*	segmentation. inputMarqueurs is the
inputMarqueurs, char*	annotated image of the input image. a is
output, uint8_t r, uint8_t	generally 255, and rayon=1. Supports 24 bit
g, uint8_t b, uint8_t a, uint16_t	BMP images.
rayon)	J.W. Wildgest
double	Character matching, supports BMP
CharacterRecognition(char*	images, and the return value is the
TargetImage, char*	sequence number of the template
TemplateFileGroup[])	file matched to the target image.
	If the return value is 2, it
	indicates that the image matches
	the template with sequence number
	2 (starting from zero).
	reference :
	<pre>TemplateFileGroup[]={</pre>
	"1. txt", "2. txt", "3. txt",
	"4. txt", "5. txt", "6. txt",
	"7. txt", "8. txt", "9. txt" };
double	Character matching, supports BMP
CharacterRecognition1(char*	images, and the return value is the
TargetImage, char*	sequence number of the template
TemplateFileGroup[])	file matched to the target image.
	If the return value is 2, it
	indicates that the image matches
	the template with sequence number
	2 (starting from zero).
	reference :
	TemplateFileGroup[]={ "0.txt",
	"1. txt", "2. txt", "3. txt",
	"4. txt", "5. txt", "6. txt",
	"7. txt", "8. txt", "9. txt" };
void	Character segmentation. Supports BMP
CharacterSegmentation(char*	images.
input, string OutputFolder, int	OutputFolder is the folder where the results
	-
YHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber,	are output, such as "output". The file name for

int
XHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber,
double
SubImgBlackPixelPercentage, int
SingleNumberImgBoundary, int
Infinite, double
NumberImageBlackPixelPercentage

the output results is composed coordinate in the top left corner coordinate in the top left corner coordinate in the bottom right corner - Y coordinate in the bottom right corner, YHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber minimum number of black pixels in the valley of the Y-direction histogram, YHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber=0, XHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber the minimum number of black pixels in the valley of the X-direction histogram, XHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber=4 SubImgBlackPixelPercentage the percentage of black pixels in a subgraph that is considered a number, SubImgBlackPixelPercentage=0.001 SingleNumberImgBoundary is the edge fill width of a single digital image, SingleNumberImgBoundary=5, Infinite is considered infinite, Infinite=249480 NumberImageBlackPixelPercentage is the number of black pixels in a single digital image that exceeds all digital images,

CharacterSegmentation(char\* input, char\* output, int BoundaryRemoveGap, int BinaryGap, int YHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber, double SubImgBlackPixelPercentage, int Infinite, int XHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber, double NumberImageBlackPixelPercentage

, int SingleNumberImgBoundary)

void

Character segmentation. Supports BMP images. BinaryGap is the global threshold binarization for image BinaryGap=135, BoundaryRemoveGap is the distance where all edges are set to white, BoundaryRemoveGap=7, Infinite is considered infinite, Infinite=249480 SingleNumberImgBoundary is the edge fill width of a single digital image, SingleNumberImgBoundary=5, YHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber is the minimum number of black pixels in the valley of the Y-direction histogram YHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber=0, XHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber the minimum number of black pixels

NumberImageBlackPixelPercentage=0.35。

in the valley of the X-direction histogram XHistogramValleyMaxPixelNumber=4, SubImgBlackPixelPercentage is the percentage of black pixels in a that is considered subgraph number SubImgBlackPixelPercentage=0.001, NumberImageBlackPixelPercentage is the number of black pixels in a single digital image that exceeds a11 digital images NumberImageBlackPixelPercentage=0. Reference: output="output". void CodeEncoding(std::string QR code encoding. input is the string to be encoded, and output is input, char\* output, width, int height, the file name of the generated QR int margin, int eccLevel, int stride bytes, code image. int comp, int a) Margin: The margin around the barcode ECC: Error correction level, [0-8] a=1: AZTEC a=2: CODABAR a=3: CODE 39 a=4: CODE 93 a=5: CODE 128 a=6: DATA MATRIX a=7: EAN 8 a=8: EAN 13 a=9: ITFa=10: MAXICODE a=11: PDF 417 a=12: QR\_CODE a=13: RSS 14 a=14: RSS EXPANDED a=15: UPC A a=16: UPC E a=17: UPC EAN EXTENSION Reference: margin=10, eccLeve1=-1, stride bytes=0, comp=1. CodeDecoding(char\* QR code decoding. input is the file std::string input, int req\_comp, int a) name of the input QR code image, and returns the decoding result.

a=1: Lum
a=2: RGB
a=3: BGR
a=4: RGBX
a=5: XRGB
a=6: BGRX
a=7: XBGR
Reference: req_comp=4, a=4.