

Problem Set 2

Huang Zen 5120309027

Problem 1 Let $B = \{x \in \Sigma^* \mid |x| < \text{maxlength}(h(\Sigma))\}$. We construct an NFA $M_h = (Q_h, \Sigma, \delta_h, q_{0h}, F_h)$ such that

$$\begin{cases} Q_h = Q \times B \\ \delta_h((q, b), a) = \begin{cases} (q, ba) & \text{if } ba \in B \\ (\delta(q, c), \epsilon) & \forall h(c) = ba \text{ if } ba \in h(\Sigma) \end{cases} \\ F_h = (q, \epsilon) \mid q \in F \end{cases}$$

Problem 2

$$h^{-1}(L) = (ba)^*$$

Proof. It's not hard to see $h((ba)^*) = (1001)^* \subset L$. We claim $\forall x \in (a+b)^* - (ba)^*, h(x) \notin L$. Such x must satisfy at least one of the following properties:

- A prefix a .
- A suffix b .
- An infix aa or bb .

Any of such letters would lead to a consecutive individual 0, which can't be in L . □

Problem 3 Suppose set of all strings of 0's and 1's of length k , with an odd number of 0's and an even number of 1's end at state C , with an even number of 0's and an odd number of 1's end at state B , with an even number of 0's and an even number of 1's end at state A , and with an odd number of 0's and an odd number of 1's is accepted by the machine.

Problem 4 For each question, suppose the language is regular, then by Pumping Lemma $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, \forall x \in L, |x| > n, \exists u, v \neq \epsilon, w, |uv| < n, s.t. uv^i w \in L$

1. Let $x = scs^R \in L$ and $|x| = 2n + 1$. By Pumping Lemma there exists $x = uvw$ satisfying. Clearly since $|uv| < n$, v is an infix of w . We have $y = uv = (s/v)cs^R \in L$, which is a contradiction since letter c is no longer at the middle of the string.
2. Let $x = a^n b^n c^n, x \in L$ and hence $x = uvw$ satisfies pumping lemma. Clearly since $|uv| < n, v \in a^+$, by Pumping Lemma we have $y = uv = (a^n - v)b^n c^n \in L$, this contradicts $i_a \geq j_b \geq k_c$.
3. Let $x = 0^p, p > n$ and p is a prime. Hence there exists some $x = uvw$ satisfies pumping lemma. Clearly $v = 0^t, 0 < t < n$. By Pumping Lemma we have $y = uv^{p-t}w = 0^{(t+1)(p-t)} \in L$, which is a contradiction since $(t+1)(p-t)$ is not prime.