

Sharif University of Technology
Computer Engineering Department

#### **Software-Defined Networking**

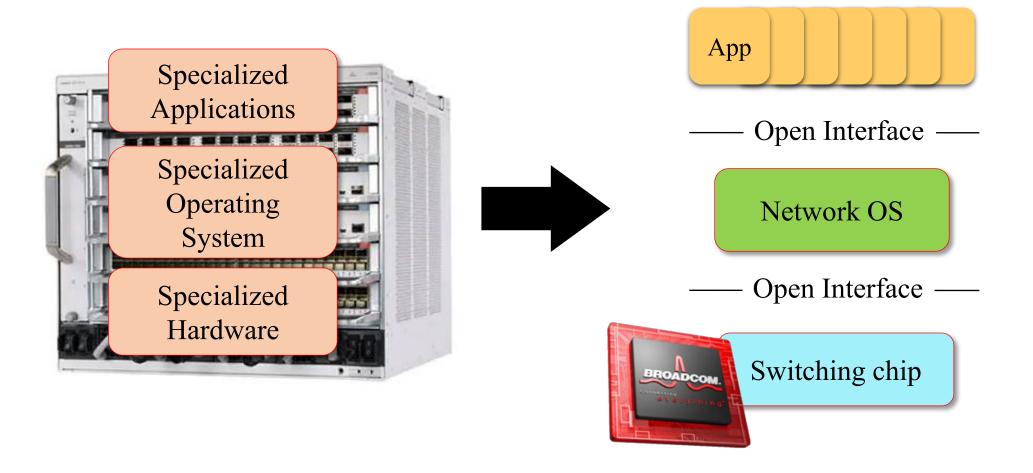
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## The Original SDN

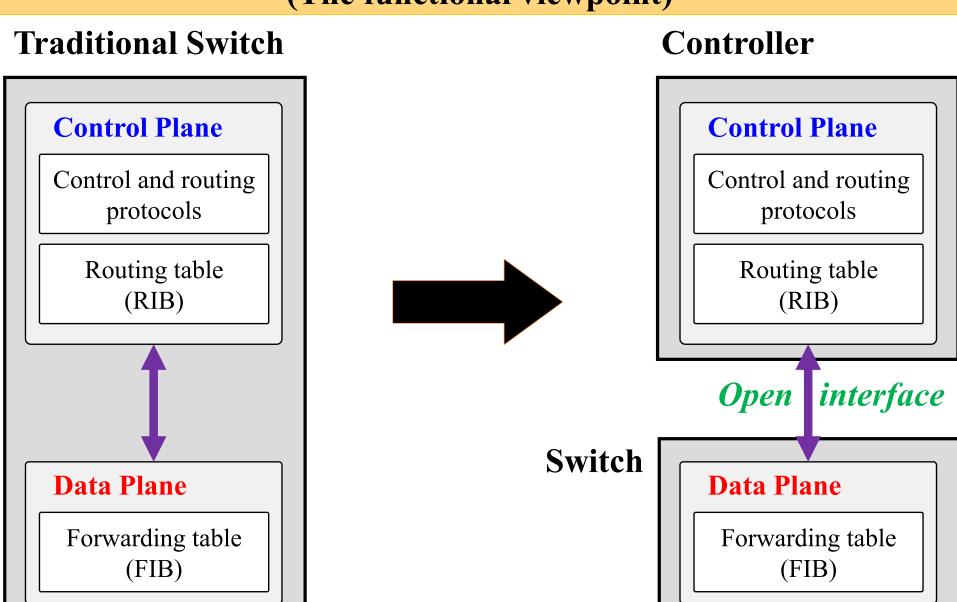
Includes slides from courses taught by Mohammad Alizadeh (MIT), Jennifer Rexford (Princeton), Nick McKeown (Stanford), and Raj Jain (Washington).

## Disaggregation



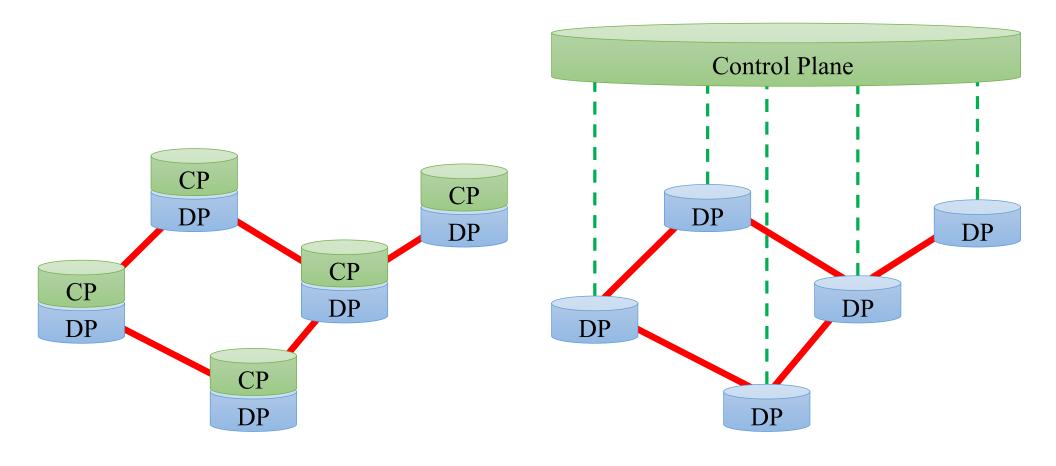
#### Disaggregation

(The functional viewpoint)



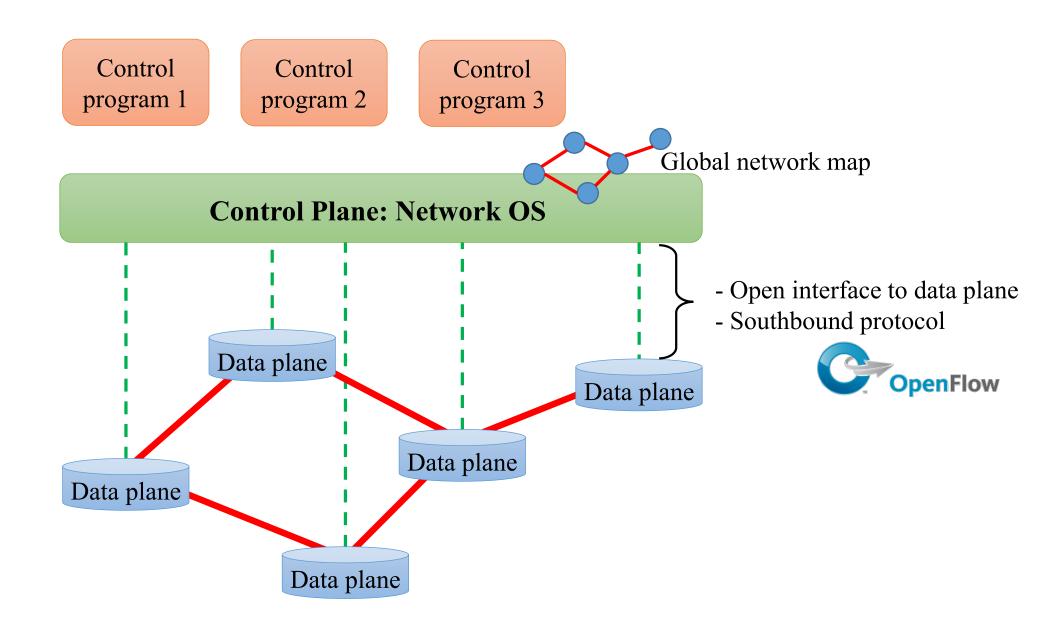
Commodity Forwarding Device

## **Disaggregation + Centralized Control**



 $\begin{array}{c}
\text{CP} & \rightarrow \text{Control Plane} \\
\hline
\text{DP} & \rightarrow \text{Data Plane}
\end{array}$ 

#### **Software Defined Network**



#### **Open Networking Foundation (ONF)**



- ❖ A non-profit consortium promoting networking through SDN
- ❖ Formed in 2011
- ❖ By 2020, ONF grew to over 200 member companies
- Standardizes SDN protocols and architectures
- Proposes SDN-based solutions for Cloud, Datacenters, 5G
- OpenFlow, P4, Conformance Test

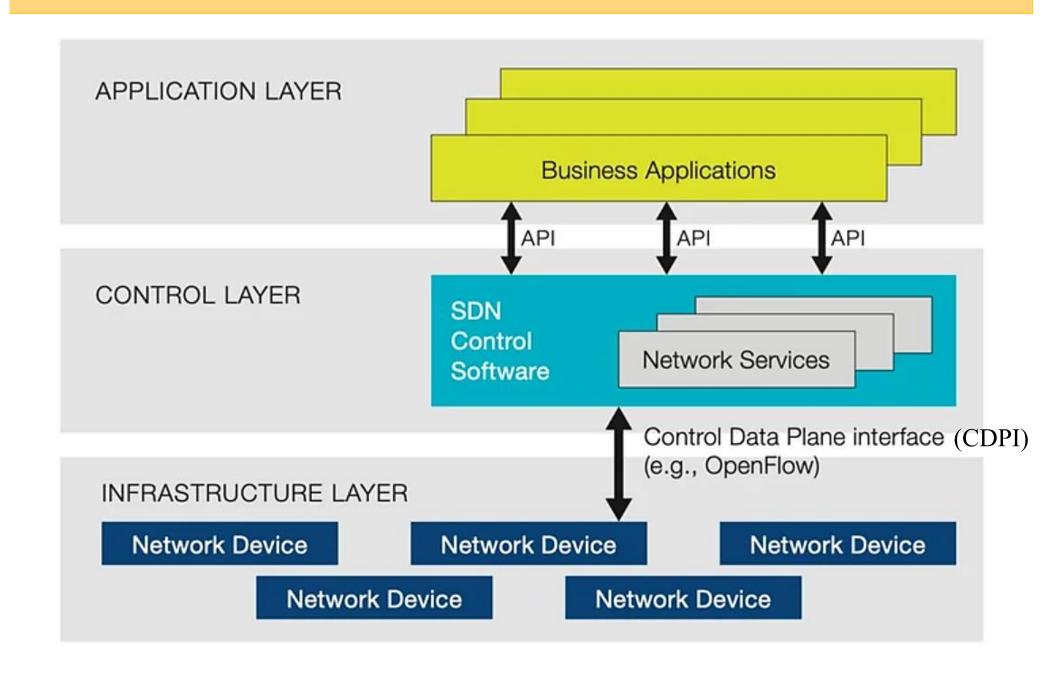
### The original definition of SDN

A network in which the control plane is physically separate from the data plane.

and

A single (logically centralized) control plane controls several forwarding devices.

#### SDN architecture overview



# Control to Data Plane Interface (Southbound protocol)

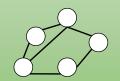
- Interface to forwarding plane
- \* To control, configure, and get status of devices
- The most famous one: OpenFlow
  - > Open, vendor-agnostic
  - Last version: 1.5 (by ONF)
  - ➤ Based of adding/deleting flow table entries: if a packet matches a rule, then perform actions.
  - Easy to add to existing switches or new disaggregated switches
- ❖ Other southbound protocols: NETCONF, OVSDB, PCEP, SNMP.

## **OpenFlow Basics**

Control program 1

Control program 2

#### Controller

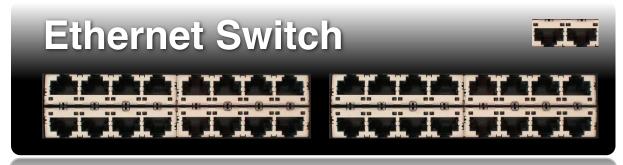


**OpenFlow Protocol** 

"If header = p, send to port 4"

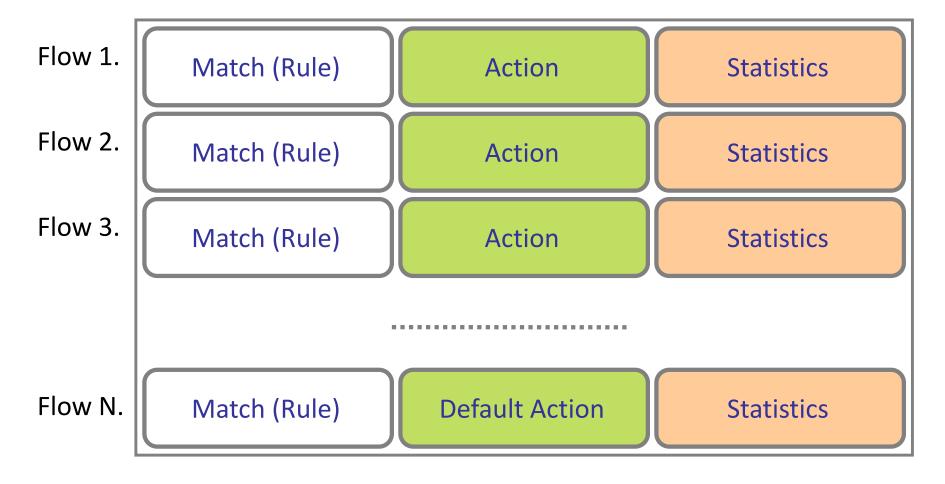
"If header = **q**, overwrite header with **r**, add header **s**, and send to ports 5,6"

"If header = ?, send to me"



### **OpenFlow Rules**

Flow Table



Exploit the flow table in switches, routers, and chipsets

## Infrastructure Layer (Data Plane)

- Forwarding devices that are controllable by an external controller
- Includes hardware and software (virtualized) switches
- Switch that implement and support OpenFlow: OpenFlow Switch
- Switch vendors very reluctant to support OpenFlow



Juniper MX-series



**NEC IP8800** 



Cisco Catalyst 6k



WiMax (NEC)



HP Procurve 5400



**PC Engines** 



Quanta LB4G

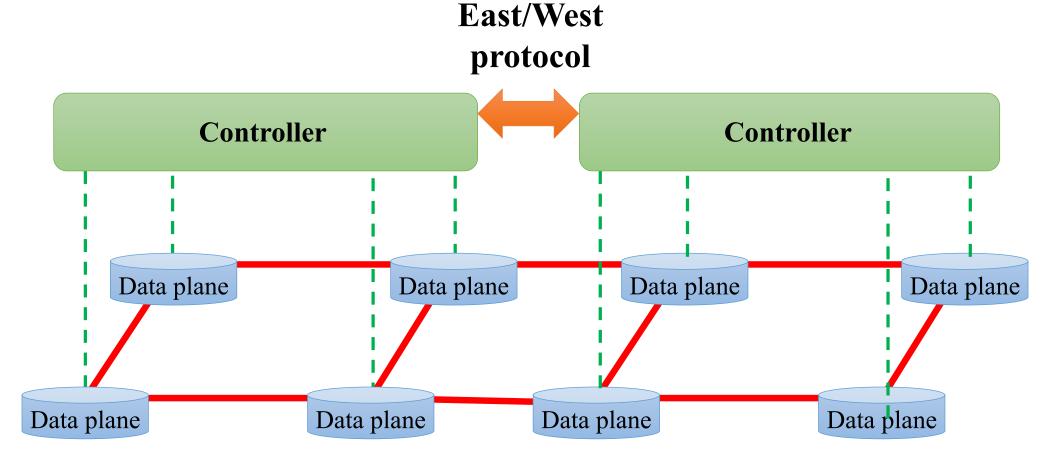
#### **Control Plane**

- Includes software controllers (NOS) running on servers
- ❖ Abstracts the infrastructure layer for applications
- Provides services to the application layer
  - > Topology service
  - > Inventory service
  - > Statistics service
  - > Host tracking
- **❖** Northbound API
- ❖ Famous controllers: *OpenDayLight, ONOS, RYU, FloodLight, POX*

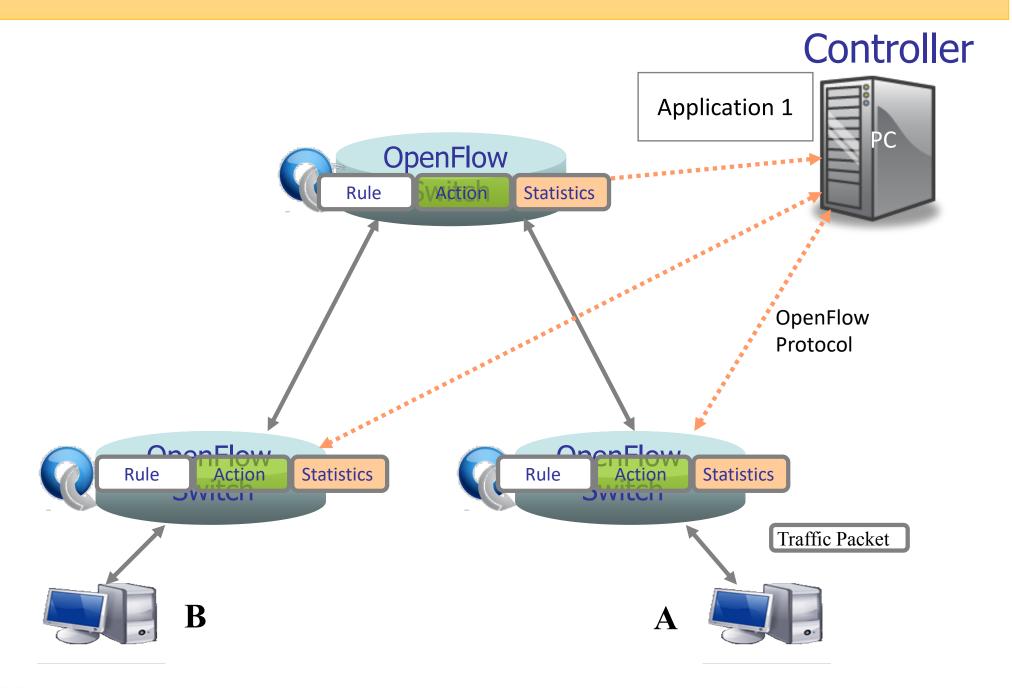
### **Application Plane**

- \* Network features, services, protocols, applications
- Routing protocols
- Security services, Firewall
- Dynamic access control
- Load balancer
- **❖** Network virtualization
- Energy-efficient networking

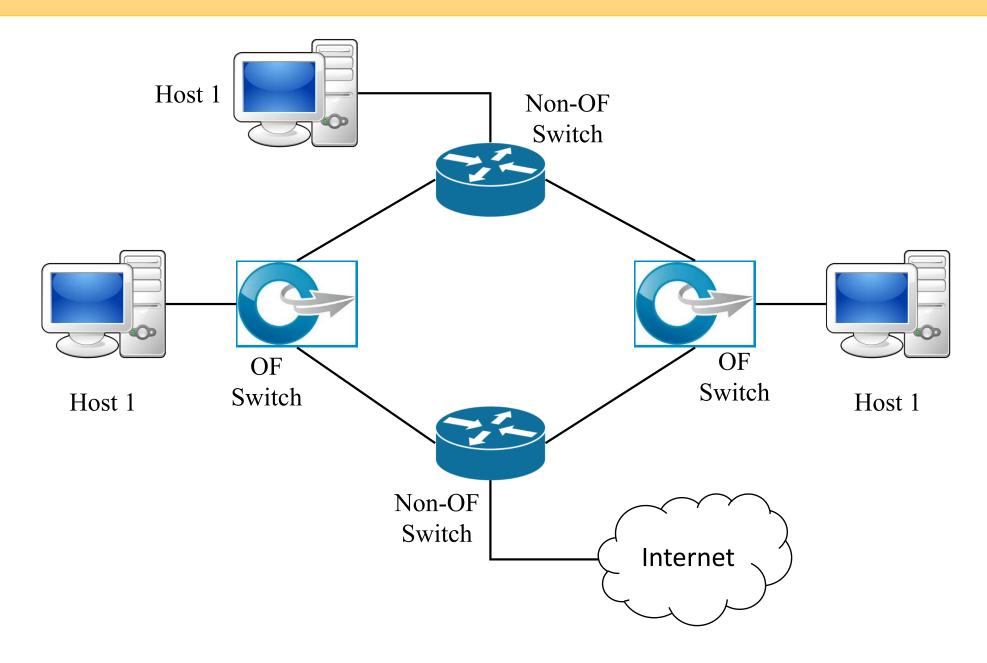
#### **Distributed Control**



## OpenFlow usage example



## Can we have both OF and Non-OF switches in a network?



#### **SDN Concerns**

- Single point of failure
- Scalability (The controller bottleneck)
- Security
- Delay
- Coexisting