Tips to use MATLAB parallel computing toolbox

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multicore computer, GPU, cluster and even cloud to solve computationally and data-intensive problems.

However, there are some options to use it (e.g. *parfeval*, *parfor* and even *spmd*), such as

n = 100; parfor (or parfeval) i = 1:n output(i)=Function(input(i)) end

As MATLAB suggested, *parfor* and *parfeval* usually perform better than *spmd* for a set of tasks under these conditions:

- ► The computational time taken per task is not deterministic.
- ► The computational time taken per task is not uniform.
- ► The data returned from each task is small.

Use parfeval when:

- ▶ You want to run computations in the background.
- ► Each task is dependent on other tasks.

In this post, I share my experience to use these three commands. The general rule is the tradeoff between the time to deploy the