## 抽象语法树

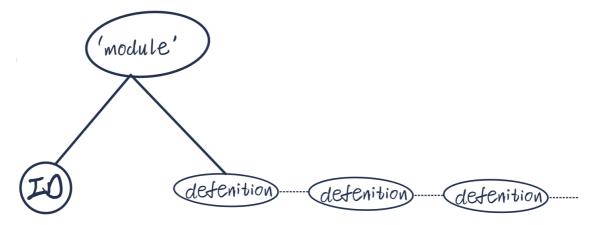
specification -> definition { definition }



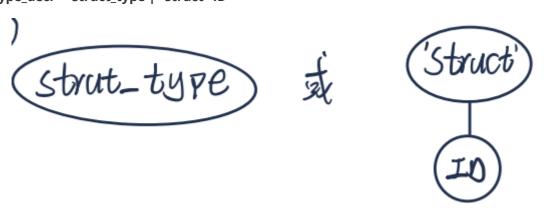
definiton -> type\_decl";" | module ";"



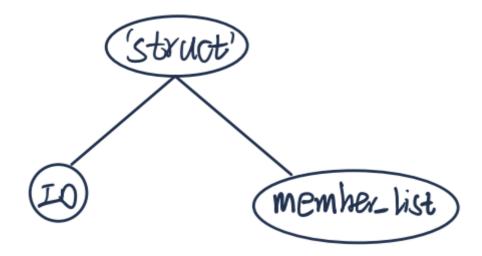
module -> "module"ID "{" definition { definition } "}"



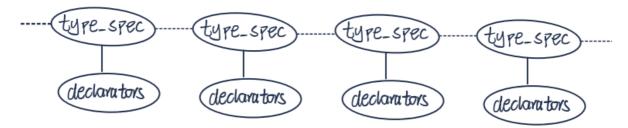
type\_decl -> struct\_type | "struct" ID



struct\_type->"struct" ID "{" member\_list "}"



member\_list-> { type\_spec declarators ";" }

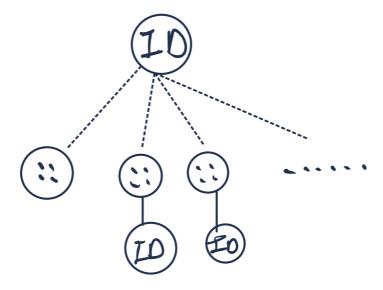


type\_spec -> scoped\_name | base\_type\_spec | struct\_type

Scoped\_name | base\_type\_spec | Struct\_type

scoped\_name -> ["::"] ID {"::" ID }

说明:这里我认为ID更重要一些,所以把第一个ID前面可能存在的"::"作为ID的孩子节点。



base\_type\_spec->floating\_pt\_type|integer\_type|"char"|"string"|"boolean"

floating\_pt\_type -> "float" | "double" | "long double"



integer\_type -> signed\_int | unsigned\_int

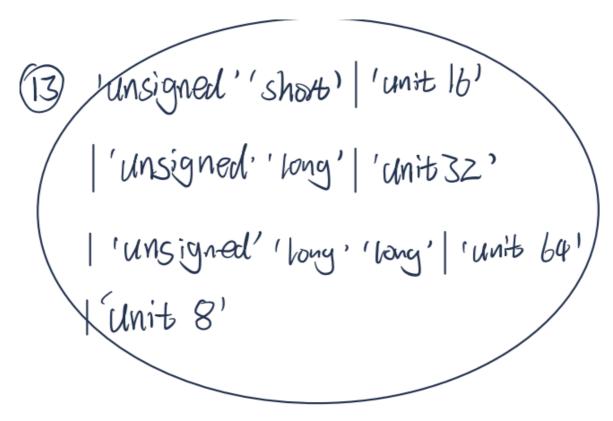
signed-int lunsigned\_int

signed\_int->("short"|"int16") |("long"|"int32") |("long" "long"|"int64") |"int8"

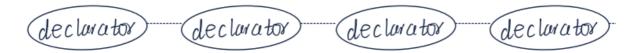
(Short) (int 16) [long) (int32) (long) (long) (int 64) (int8)

unsigned\_int -> ("unsigned""short" | "uint16")

- | ("unsigned""long" | "uint32")
- | ("unsigned" "long" | "uint64")
- | "uint8"



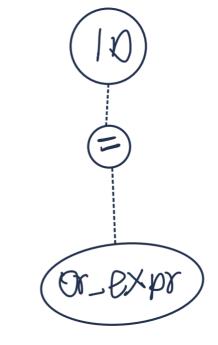
declarators -> declarator {"," declarator }

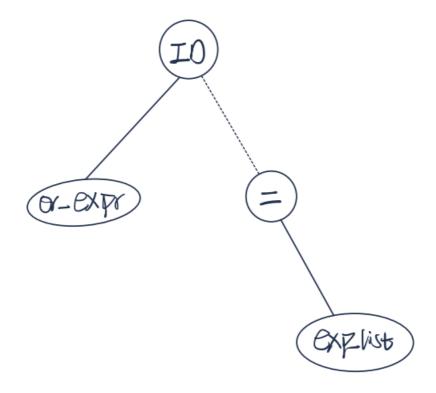


declarator -> simple\_declarator | array\_declarator

Simple\_declartor | away\_declartor

simple\_declarator -> ID ["=" or\_expr]

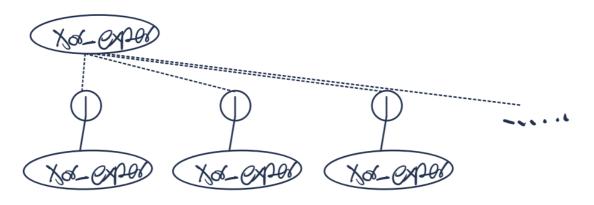




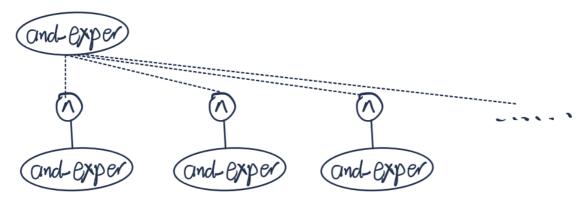
exp\_list -> "[" or\_expr { ","or\_expr } "]"



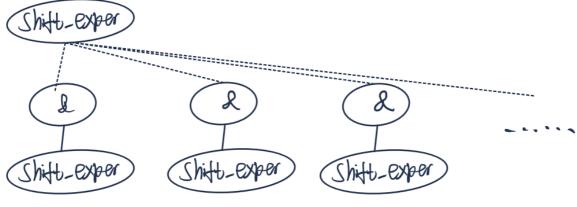
or\_expr -> xor\_expr {"|" xor\_expr }



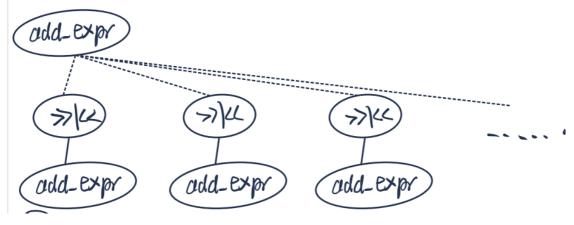
xor\_expr -> and\_expr {"^" and\_expr }



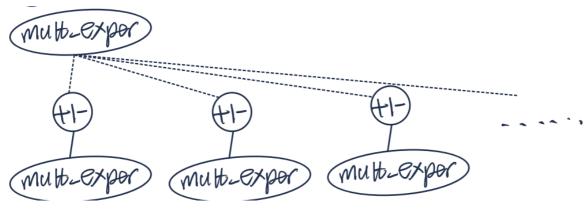
and\_expr -> shift\_expr {"&"shift\_expr }



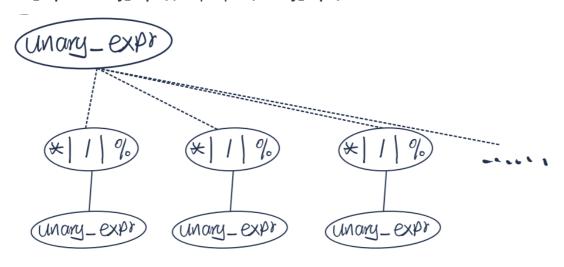
shift\_expr -> add\_expr { (">>" | "<<") add\_expr }



add\_expr -> mult\_expr { ("+" | "-") mult\_expr }



mult\_expr -> unary\_expr { ("\*" | "/" | "%") unary\_expr }



unary\_expr -> ["-"| "+" | "~"] literal

说明:这里我区分了有符号和无符号两种情况,分别对应两种抽象语法树。

天线号时:

(literal)

右结30寸、 -1+1小 literal

literal -> INTEGER | FLOATING\_PT | CHAR | STRING | BOOLEAN

INTEGER FLOATING\_PT | CHAR | STRING | BOOLEAN