System Dynamics Practical Assignment Hydroelectric Power Plant Rev. 6<sup>th</sup> Feb 2019



Fig 1. Hydroelectric power plant in Imatrankoski (Source: https://www.energiauutiset.fi/tuotanto/lisarahoitusta-oulujoelle.html)

## Case & Task description

Your task is to <u>optimize yearly maintenance schedule of two hydroelectric power plants located</u> <u>subsequently in a same river</u>. The overall objective is to maximize yearly revenue.

Model (built in Matlab 2017b; see Fig 2)

- 1) Download .zip-file from Moodle and extract into your Matlab-folder (e.g. "C:\...\Matlab\Hydropower\")
- 2) Run InitializeModel.m, which will create you 1000 random realizations of variables

The maintenance schedule by default is planned as follows:

- Plant 1: two weeks in the summer; can be started anywhere between Mar-Jun = day numbers 60...152 (block: "maint1")
- *Plant 2:* two weeks in the fall; can be started anywhere between Aug-Nov = day numbers 213...305 ("maint2")
- In both cases, the two week stoppage can be divided into two one week stoppages (if needed)

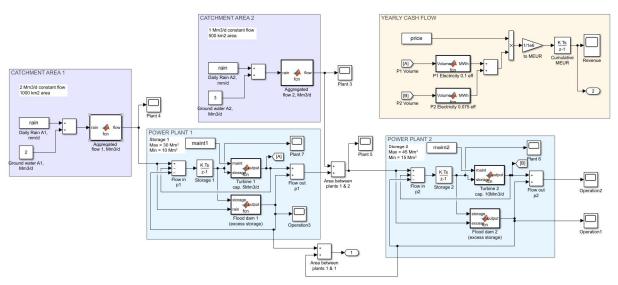


Fig 2. Function block diagram of the model "HydroPowerSheet.slx".

A function block diagram of the case is illustrated in Figure 2:

- Plant 1 and 2 have distinct catchment areas for daily rainfall
- The output water of Plant 1 is fed to the storage pond of Plant 2
- The conversion of water output to MWh is more efficient in Plant 1 (efficiency ratio = 0.1) compared to Plant 2 (eff = 0.075)

## Key uncertainties:

- Amount of daily rainfall (drawn from a generalized Pareto distribution, "rain")
- Price of electricity (geometric Brownian Motion, "price")

## Default plan

The simulated cash flow outcome with default maintenance plan is shown in Figure 3.

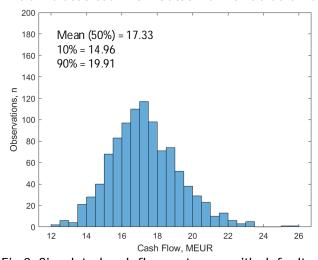


Fig 3. Simulated cash flow outcome with default maintenance scheduling

## Tips & Tricks

- To speed up random simulation in Matlab, close the Simulink-window (function block diagram). For some reason this increases the speed of simulation by tens of percent in any model...