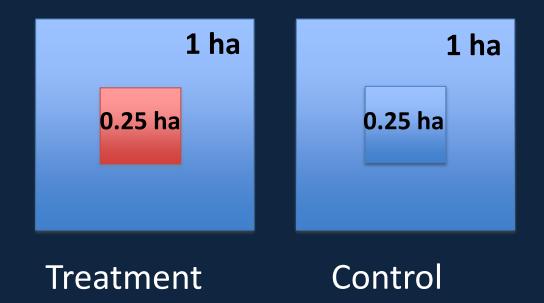
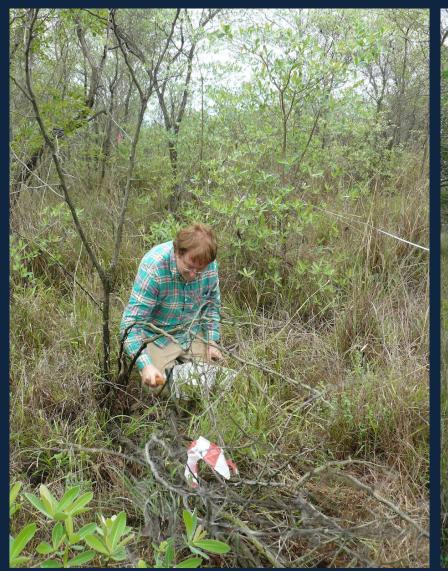


- Can we suppresss ants and termites effectively?
- What is the effect of this?
- How quickly can we detect an effect?



Pre-treatment sampling: termites

















Termite exclusion treatments











Ant exclusion treatments









Response variables:

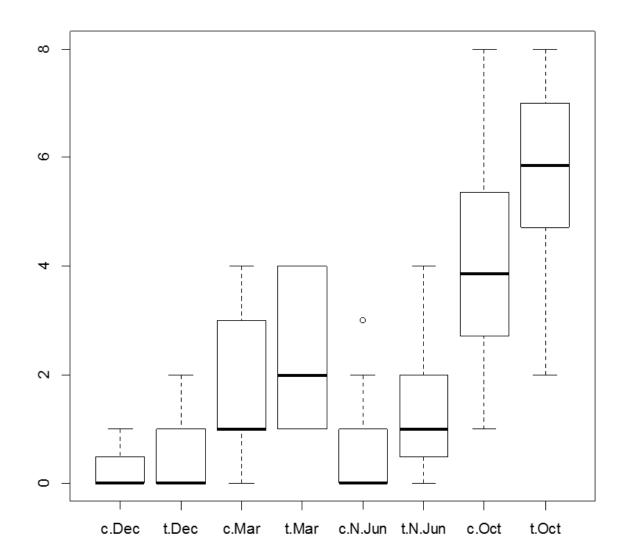
- Decomposition YES
- Invertebrate activity YES
- Soil /litter nutrients YES
- Soil infiltration rate NO
- Herbivory YES





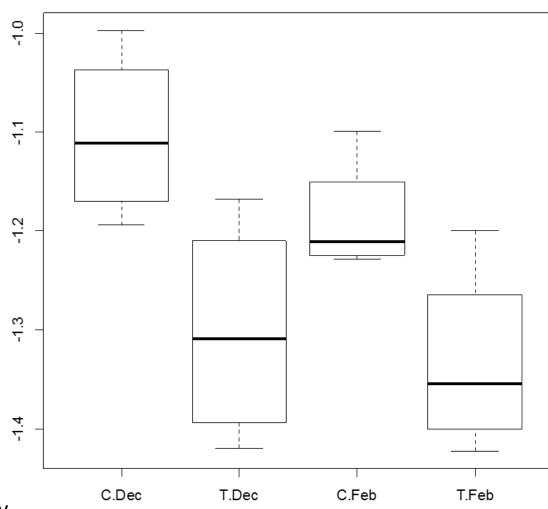


Termite bait attacks





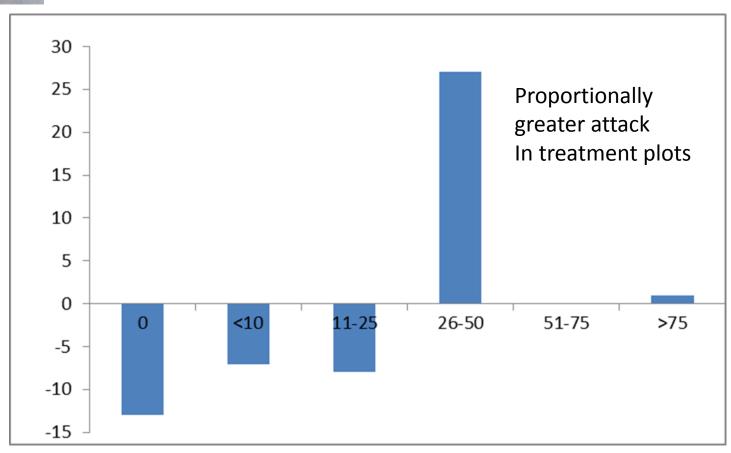
Litter C:N ratio



Initial increase in litter quality



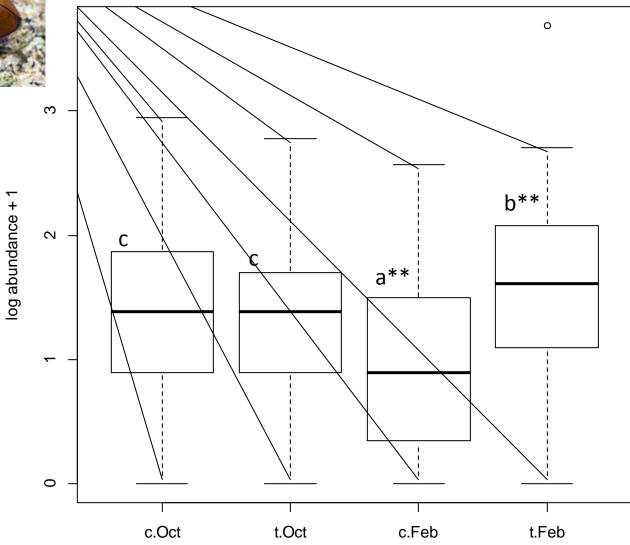
Herbivory



% attack on leaves of broad-leaved trees

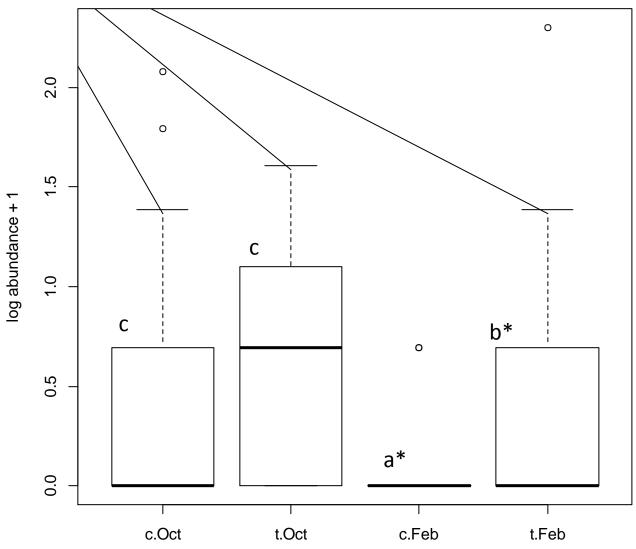


Non-target invertebrates Coleoptera, pitfall traps

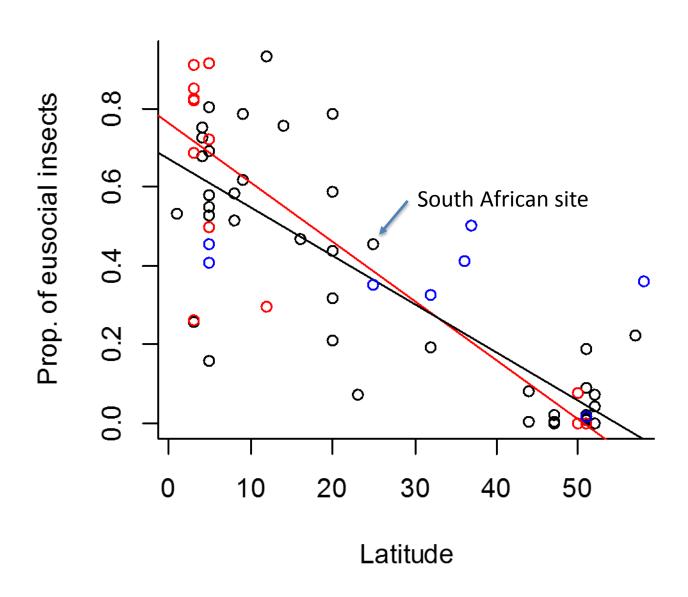




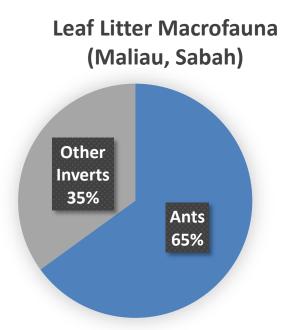
Diplopoda, pitfall traps

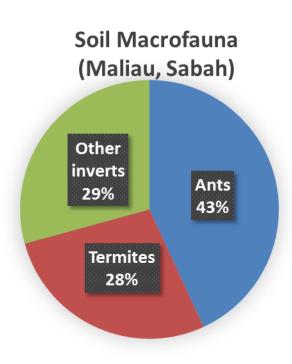


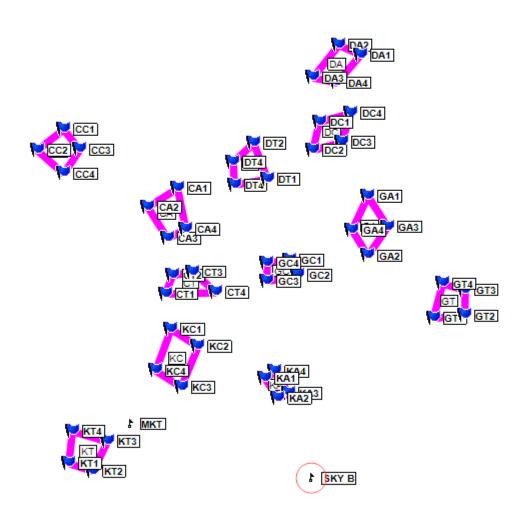
Relative importance of ants across latitudes

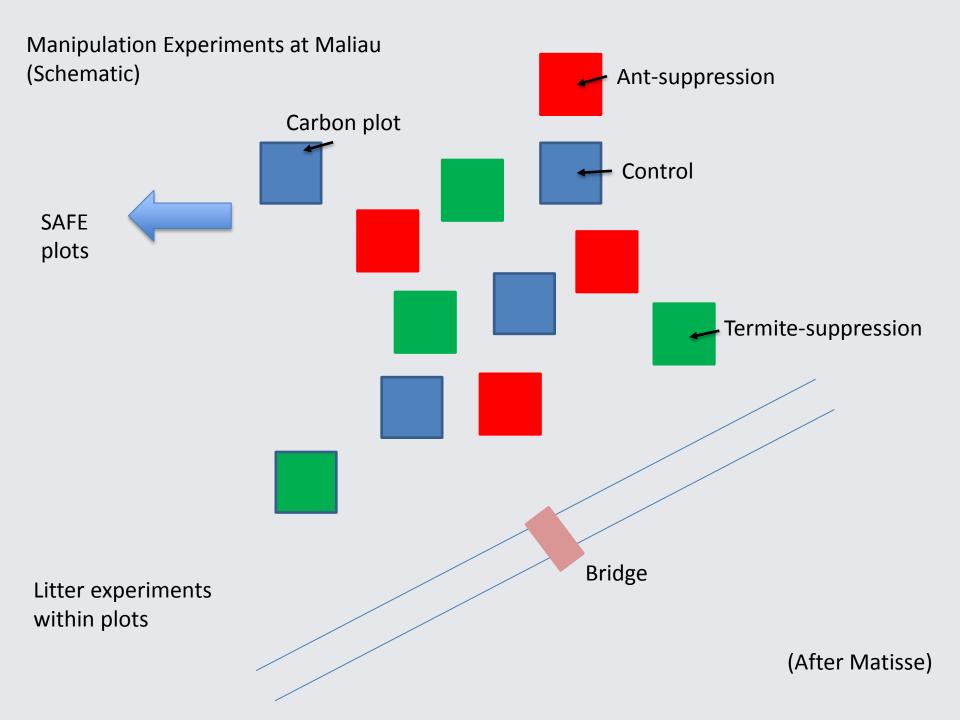


Importance of ants and termites at Maliau









- What do we expect in tropical rain forest?
- Ant suppression (most clear predicted effects):
 - Larger overall effect?
 - Effect on BGC (gas fluxes etc)?
 - Enhanced termite activity in soil
 - Expect increase in litter and wood decomposition
 - Increase in herbivory
 - Effect on non-target inverts?
 - Latitudinal data gives us some clues?



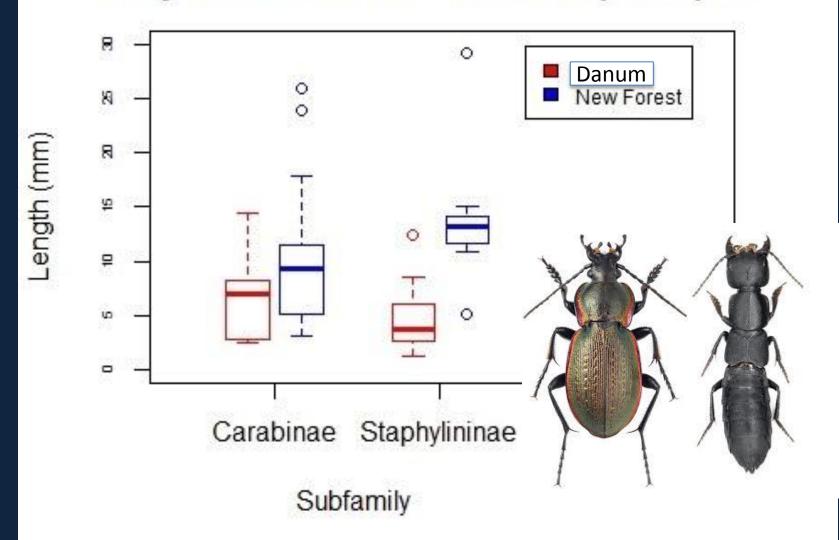


Many species of pselaphine Staphylinidae with "ant-handle" antennae Such species not found in UK samples





Comparison of the distribution of species median body size values from Pitfall Trap samples



What do we expect in tropical rain forest? Beetles.

- Ant suppression:
 - Reduction in "loose myrmecophiles"
 - Increase in large-bodied, long-legged, surfaceforaging predators.
 - Manipulations started this month
 - First results in April / May 2015