

# Electric Force

PHYS2102

Joel Boynton

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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Electric Charge

#### 1.1.1 Positive - Type 1 (Protons)

#### 1.1.2 Negative - Type 2 (Electrons)

#### 1.1.3 Behavior

- Two charges of the same kind **repel**; two opposite charges **attract**
- **Neutral** objects are attracted to a charge of either sign.
- Charges can be transferred from one object to another - **Charging**

- Charge is conserved

#### 1.1.4 Conductors

Materials through which charge moves **easily**

#### 1.1.5 Insulators

Materials on or in which charge is immobile

### 1.2 Coulomb's Law

Coulomb's law is the fundamental law for the electric force between two charged particles. Coulomb's law, like Newton's law of gravity, is an **inverse-square law**: The electric force is inversely proportional to the square of the distance between charges. \*

## 2 Coulomb's Law

2.1 If two charged particles having  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  are a distance  $r$  apart, the particles exert forces on each other of magnitude

$$\frac{K * |q_1| * |q_2|}{d^2}$$