자료구조 8장 과제

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1. 순회

- 코드화면

```
from CircularQueue import *
 4 class TNode:
      def __init__(self,data, left, right):
           self.data = data
           self.left = left
           self.right = right
10 def preorder(n):
       if n is not None:
           print(n.data, end=' ')
13
14
15
           preorder(n.left)
           preorder(n.right)
16 def inorder(n):
       if n is not None:
           inorder(n.left)
           print(n.data, end= ' ')
           inorder(n.right)
22 def postorder(n):
23
24
       if n is not None:
           postorder(n.left)
           postorder(n.right)
           print(n.data, end=' ')
28 def levelorder(root):
29
30
31
32
       queue = CircularQueue()
       queue.enqueue(root)
       while not queue.isEmpty():
           n = queue.dequeue()
           if n is not None:
34
               print(n.data, end = ' ')
               queue.enqueue(n.left)
               queue.enqueue(n.right)
38 def count_node(n):
       if n is None:
           return 0
           return 1 + count_node(n.left) + count_node(n.right)
  def count_leaf(n):
       if n is None:
           return 0
       elif n.left is None and n.right is None:
           return 1
       else:
           return count_leaf(n.left) + count_leaf(n.right)
```

```
52 def calc_height(n):
          if n is None:
             return 0
          hLeft = calc_height(n.left)
          hRight = calc_height(n.right)
if (hLeft > hRight):
               return hLeft + 1
          else:
                return hRight + 1
62 d = TNode('D', None, None)
63 e = TNode('E', None, None)
64 b = TNode('B', d, e)
65 f = TNode('F', None, None)
66 c = TNode('C', f, None)
67 root = TNode('A', b, c)
69 print('\n In-Order : ', end='')
70 inorder(root)
71 print('\n Pre-Order : ', end='')
72 preorder(root)
73 print('\n Post-Order : ', end='')
74 postorder(root)
75 print('\n Level-Order : ', end='')
76 levelorder(root)
77 print()
78
79 print("노드의 개수 = %d개" % count_node(root))
80 print("단말의 개수 = %d개" % count_leaf(root))
81 print("트리의 높이 = %d" % calc_height(root))
```

실행화면

```
In-Order : D B E A F C
Pre-Order : A B D E C F
Post-Order : D E B F C A
Level-Order : A B C D E F
노드의 개수 = 6개
단말의 개수 = 3개
트리의 높이 = 3
>>>
```

2. 모르스 부호 구현 및 실행

코드화면

```
*morse_code.py - /Users/inkyung/Documents/morse_code.py (3.9.2)*
                      ('A', '.-'), ('B', '-...'), ('C', '-.-.'), ('D', '-..'), ('E', '.'), ('F', '..-.'), ('G', '--.'), ('H', '...'), ('I', '..'), ('J', '.--'), ('K', '-.-'), ('L', '.-.'), ('M', '--'), ('N', '--'), ('O', '---'), ('P', '.--.'), ('Q', '---'), ('R', '.-.'), ('S', '...), ('T', '-), ('U', '..-'), ('V', '..-'), ('W', '.--'), ('X', '-.-'), ('Y', '-.--'), ('Z', '--.-')]
     table = [
 7 class TNode:
8 def init__(self,data, left, right):
          def __init__(sell,uacs,
    self.data = data
    self.left = left
    self.right = right
12 def make_morse_tree():
14    root = TNode(None, None, None)
            for tp in table:
                  code = tp[1]
                   node = root
                   for c in code:
if c == '.
                                if node.left == None:
    node.left = TNode(None, None, None)
                               node = node.left
                         elif c == '-'
                               if node.right == None:
   node.right = TNode(None, None, None)
                                node = node.right
                 node.data = tp[0]
           return root
    def decode(root, code):
           node = root
            for ch in code:
                if ch == '.':
                         node = node.left
                  elif ch == '-':
                         node = node.right
           return node.data
40 def encode(ch):

41 idx = ord(ch) - ord('A')

42 return table[idx][1]
45 morseCodeTree = make_morse_tree()
46 str = input("입력 문장 : ")
47 mlist = []
48 for ch in str:
49 code = encode(ch)
           mlist.append(code)
51 print("Morse Code : ", mlist)
52 print("Decoding : ", end='')
53 for code in mlist:
           ch = decode(morseCodeTree, code)
     print(ch, end='')
print()
```

실행화면

3. 힙 구현 및 실행

- 1) 최대힙 구현
- 코드화면

```
def __init__(self):
               self.heap = []
               self.heap.append(0)
        def size(self): return len(self.heap) - 1
def isEmpty(self): return self.size() == 0
def Parent(self, i): return self.heap[i//2]
def Left(self, i): return self.heap[i*2]
def Right(self, i): return self.heap[i*2+1]
def display(self, msg = '힘 트리: '):
print(msg, self.heap[1:])
         def insert(self, n):
    self.heap.append(n)
               i = self.size()
while (i != 1 and n > self.Parent(i)):
                     self.heap[i] = self.Parent(i)
               i = i // 2
self.heap[i] = n
         def delete(self):
               parent = 1
               child = 2
               if not self.isEmpty():
                    hroot = self.heap[1]
                     last = self.heap[self.size()]
                    while (child <= self.size()):
    if child < self.size() and self.Left(parent) < self.Right(parent):</pre>
                                child += 1
                           if last >= self.heap[child]:
                          break;
self.heap[parent] = self.heap[child]
                          parent = child
                          child *= 2;
                     self.heap[parent] = last
                     self.heap.pop(-1)
               return hroot
   heap = MaxHeap()
  data = [2, 5, 4, 8, 9, 3, 7, 3]
print("[삽입 연산] : " + str(data))
   for elem in data:
        heap.insert(elem)
6 heap.display('[삽입 후] : ')
   heap.delete()
48 heap.display('[삭제 후] : ')
9 heap.delete()
0 heap.display('[삭제 후] : ')
```

- 실행화면1

```
========= RESTART: /Users/inkyung/Documents/maxheap.py ====
[삽입 연산] : [2, 5, 4, 8, 9, 3, 7, 3]
[삽입 후] : [9, 8, 7, 3, 5, 3, 4, 2]
[삭제 후] : [8, 5, 7, 3, 2, 3, 4]
[삭제 후] : [7, 5, 4, 3, 2, 3]
>>>
```

실행화면2

2) 최소힙 구현

- 코드화면

```
__init__(self):
self.heap = []
                           (self):
              self.heap.append(0)
      def size(self): return len(self.heap) - 1
def isEmpty(self): return self.size() == 0
def Parent(self, i): return self.heap[i//2]
def Left(self, i): return self.heap[i*2]
def Right(self, i): return self.heap[i*2+1]
def display(self, msg = '包 巨리: '):
    print(msg, self.heap[1:])
       def insert(self, n):
              self.heap.append(n)
      i = self.size()
while (i != 1 and n < self.Parent(i)):
    self.heap[i] = self.Parent(i)
    i = i // 2
    self.heap[i] = n
def delete(self):</pre>
             parent = 1
              child = 2
              if not self.isEmpty():
    hroot = self.heap[1]
    last = self.heap[self.size()]
    while (child <= self.size()):
        if child < self.size() and self.Left(parent) > self.Right(parent):
                                  child += 1
                            if last <= self.heap[child]:</pre>
                            break;
self.heap[parent] = self.heap[child]
                           parent = child
                           child *= 2;
                     self.heap[parent] = last
                    self.heap.pop(-1)
              return hroot
heap = MinHeap()
data = [2,5,4,8,9,3,7,3]
print("[삽입 연산]
for elem in data:
                                   + str(data))
       heap.insert(elem)
heap.display('[삽입 후] : ')
heap.delete()
heap.display('[삭제 후] : ')
heap.delete()
```

실행화면

- 3) 허프만 코딩트리
 - 코드화면

```
from minheap import *

def make_tree(freq):
    heap = MinHeap()
    for n in freq:
        heap.insert(n)

for i in range(0,n):
        e1 = heap.delete()
        e2 = heap.delete()
        heap.insert(e1 + e2)
        print(" (%d + %d)" %(e1, e2))

label = ['E', 'T', 'N', 'I', 'S']
freq = [15, 12, 8, 6, 4]
make_tree(freq)
```

실행화면

```
============= RESTART: /Users/inkyung/Documents/hupman.py
(4 + 6)
(8 + 10)
(12 + 15)
(18 + 27)
>>>
```