

자료구조 7장 과제

Global Business & Technology

201904385 우인경

1. 선택정렬, 삽입정렬, 버블정렬

- 코드화면

```
Sorting.py - /Users/inkyung/Documents/Sorting.py (3.9.2)

1
2 def printStep(arr, val):
3     print("Step %2d = "%val, end='')
4     print(arr)
5
6 def selection_sort(A):
7     n = len(A)
8     for i in range(n-1):
9         least = i
10        for j in range(i+1, n):
11            if A[j] < A[least]:
12                least = j
13        A[i], A[least] = A[least], A[i]
14        printStep(A, i+1);
15
16 def insertion_sort(A):
17     n = len(A)
18     for i in range(1, n):
19         key = A[i]
20         j = i-1
21         while j>=0 and A[j] > key:
22             A[j+1] = A[j]
23             j -= 1
24         A[j+1] = key
25         printStep(A, i)
26
27 def bubble_sort(A):
28     n = len(A)
29     for i in range(n-1, 0, -1):
30         bChanged = False
31         for j in range(i):
32             if A[j] > A[j+1]:
33                 A[j], A[j+1] = A[j+1], A[j]
34                 bChanged = True
35
36         if not bChanged: break;
37         printStep(A, n-i);
38
39 while True:
40     data = [5, 3, 8, 4, 9, 1, 6, 2, 7]
41     opt = input("1.선택정렬 2.삽입정렬 3.버블정렬 4.종료 : ")
42
43     if opt == "4":
44         break
45
46     elif opt == "1":
47         print("Original : ", data)
48         selection_sort(data)
49         print("Selection : ", data)
50         print()
51
52
```

```

52
53     elif opt == "2":
54         print("Original : ", data)
55         insertion_sort(data)
56         print("Insert : ", data)
57         print()
58
59     elif opt == "3":
60         print("Original : ", data)
61         bubble_sort(data)
62         print("Bubble : ", data)
63         print()
64
65     else:
66         print("잘못 선택하였습니다!!!")
67         print()
68
69 print("종료합니다!!")
70

```

- 출력 화면

```

===== RESTART: /Users/inkyung/Documents/Sorting
1.선택정렬 2.삽입정렬 3.버블정렬 4.종료 : 1
Original : [5, 3, 8, 4, 9, 1, 6, 2, 7]
Step 1 = [1, 3, 8, 4, 9, 5, 6, 2, 7]
Step 2 = [1, 2, 8, 4, 9, 5, 6, 3, 7]
Step 3 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 5, 6, 8, 7]
Step 4 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 5, 6, 8, 7]
Step 5 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 6, 8, 7]
Step 6 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 8, 7]
Step 7 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Step 8 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Selection : [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

1.선택정렬 2.삽입정렬 3.버블정렬 4.종료 : 2
Original : [5, 3, 8, 4, 9, 1, 6, 2, 7]
Step 1 = [3, 5, 8, 4, 9, 1, 6, 2, 7]
Step 2 = [3, 5, 8, 4, 9, 1, 6, 2, 7]
Step 3 = [3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 1, 6, 2, 7]
Step 4 = [3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 1, 6, 2, 7]
Step 5 = [1, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 6, 2, 7]
Step 6 = [1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 2, 7]
Step 7 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 7]
Step 8 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Insert : [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

1.선택정렬 2.삽입정렬 3.버블정렬 4.종료 : 3
Original : [5, 3, 8, 4, 9, 1, 6, 2, 7]
Step 1 = [3, 5, 4, 8, 1, 6, 2, 7, 9]
Step 2 = [3, 4, 5, 1, 6, 2, 7, 8, 9]
Step 3 = [3, 4, 1, 5, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Step 4 = [3, 1, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Step 5 = [1, 3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Step 6 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Bubble : [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

1.선택정렬 2.삽입정렬 3.버블정렬 4.종료 : 5
잘못 선택하였습니다!!!

1.선택정렬 2.삽입정렬 3.버블정렬 4.종료 : 4
종료합니다!!
>>>

```

2. 순차탐색, 이진탐색

- 코드화면

```
Search.py - /Users/inkyung/Documents/Search.py (3.9.2)

1 class Entry:
2
3     def __init__(self, key, value):
4         self.key = key
5         self.value = value
6
7     def __str__(self):
8         return str("%s:%s"%(self.key, self.value))
9
10
11 def sequential_search(A, key, low, high):
12     for i in range(low, high+1):
13         if A[i].key == key:
14             return i
15     return None
16
17 def binary_search(A, key, low, high):
18     if (low <= high):
19         middle = (low + high) // 2
20         if key == A[middle].key:
21             return middle
22         elif key < A[middle].key:
23             return binary_search(A, key, low, middle - 1)
24         else:
25             return binary_search(A, key, middle+1, high)
26     return None
27
28
29 if __name__ == '__main__':
30     while True:
31
32         arr = [ Entry(2, 'a'), Entry(6, 'b'), Entry(11, 'c'), Entry(13, 'd'),
33                 Entry(18, 'e'), Entry(20, 'f'), Entry(22, 'g'), Entry(27, 'h'),
34                 Entry(29, 'i'), Entry(30, 'j'), Entry(34, 'k'), Entry(38, 'l'),
35                 Entry(41, 'm'), Entry(42, 'n'), Entry(45, 'o'), Entry(47, 'p') ]
36         opt = input("1.순차탐색 2.이진탐색 3.종료 : ")
37
38         if opt == "3":
39             break
40         elif opt == "1":
41             res = sequential_search(arr, 20, 0, 15)
42             for en in arr:
43                 print(en, end=" ")
44                 print('\nkey=20 : value={}'.format(arr[res].value))
45         elif opt == "2":
46             res = binary_search(arr, 27, 0, 15)
47             for en in arr:
48                 print(en, end=' ')
49                 print('\nkey=27 : value={}'.format(arr[res].value))
50         else:
51             print("잘못 선택하였습니다!!!")
52     print("종료합니다!!!")
53
54
55
```

- 실행화면

```
>>>
===== RESTART: /Users/inkyung/Documents/Search.py =====
1.순차탐색 2.이진탐색 3.종료 : 1
2:a 6:b 11:c 13:d 18:e 20:f 22:g 27:h 29:i 30:j 34:k 38:l 41:m 42:n 45:o 47:p
key=20 : value=f
1.순차탐색 2.이진탐색 3.종료 : 2
2:a 6:b 11:c 13:d 18:e 20:f 22:g 27:h 29:i 30:j 34:k 38:l 41:m 42:n 45:o 47:p
key=27 : value=h
1.순차탐색 2.이진탐색 3.종료 : 5
잘못 선택하였습니다!!!
1.순차탐색 2.이진탐색 3.종료 : 3
종료합니다!!!
>>>
```

3. 리스트를 이용한 순차탐색 맵 구현 및 실행

- 코드화면

```
Sequential_Map.py - /Users/inkyung/Documents/Sequential_Map.py (3)
1
2 from Search import *
3
4 if __name__ == '__main__':
5
6     class SequentialMap:
7         def __init__(self):
8             self.table = []
9         def size(self):
10            return len(self.table)
11        def display(self, msg):
12            print(msg)
13            for entry in self.table:
14                print(" ", entry)
15        def insert(self, key, value):
16            self.table.append(Entry(key, value))
17        def search(self, key):
18            pos = sequential_search(self.table, key, 0, self.size()-1)
19            if pos is not None:
20                return self.table[pos]
21            else:
22                return None
23        def delete(self, key):
24            for i in range(self.size()):
25                if self.table[i].key == key:
26                    self.table.pop(i)
27            return
28
29
30 map = SequentialMap()
31 map.insert('data', '자료')
32 map.insert('structure', '구조')
33 map.insert('sequential search', '선형 탐색')
34 map.insert('game', '게임')
35 map.insert('binary search', '이진 탐색')
36 map.display("나의 단어장: ")
37
38 print("탐색: game --> ", map.search('game'))
39 print("탐색: over --> ", map.search('over'))
40 print("탐색: data --> ", map.search('data'))
41
42 map.delete('game')
43 map.display("나의 단어장: ")
44
```

- 실행화면

```
>>>
===== RESTART: /Users/inkyung/Documents/Sequential_Map.py =====
나의 단어장:
data:자료
structure:구조
sequential search:선형 탐색
game:게임
binary search:이진 탐색
탐색: game --> game:게임
탐색: over --> None
탐색: data --> data:자료
나의 단어장:
data:자료
structure:구조
sequential search:선형 탐색
binary search:이진 탐색
>>>
```

4. 체이닝을 이용한 해시 맵 구현 및 실행

- 코드화면

```
HashChainMap.py - /Users/inkyung/Documents/HashChainMap.py (3.9.
1
2 class Entry:
3     def __init__(self, key, value):
4         self.key = key
5         self.value = value
6     def __str__(self):
7         return str("%s:%s"%(self.key, self.value))
8
9 class Node:
10     def __init__(self, item, link=None):
11         self.data = item
12         self.link = link
13
14 class HashChainMap:
15     def __init__(self, M):
16         self.table = [None] * M
17         self.M = M
18     def hashFn(self, key):
19         sum = 0
20         for c in key:
21             sum = sum + ord(c)
22         return sum % self.M
23     def display(self, msg):
24         print(msg)
25         for idx in range(len(self.table)):
26             node = self.table[idx]
27             if node is not None:
28                 print("[%2d] -> "%idx, end='')
29                 while node is not None:
30                     print(node.data, end=' -> ')
31                     node = node.link
32                 print()
33     def search(self, key):
34         idx = self.hashFn(key)
35         node = self.table[idx]
36         while node is not None:
37             if node.data.key == key:
38                 return node.data
39             node = node.link
40         return None
41     def insert(self, key, value):
42         idx = self.hashFn(key)
43         self.table[idx] = Node(Entry(key,value), self.table[idx])
44     def delete(self, key):
45         idx = self.hashFn(key)
46         node = self.table[idx]
47         before = None
48         while node is not None:
49             if node.data.key == key:
50                 if before == None:
51                     self.table[idx] = node.link
52                 else: before.link = node.link
53                 return
54             before = node
55             node = node.link
56
```

```

56
57
58 map = HashChainMap(13)
59 map.insert('data', '자료')
60 map.insert('structure', '구조')
61 map.insert('sequential search', '선형 탐색')
62 map.insert('game', '게임')
63 map.insert('binary search', '이진 탐색')
64 map.display("나의 단어장: ")
65
66 print("탐색: game --> ", map.search('game'))
67 print("탐색: over --> ", map.search('over'))
68 print("탐색: data --> ", map.search('data'))
69
70 map.delete('game')
71 map.display("나의 단어장: ")
72
73
74

```

- 출력 화면

```

===== RESTART: /Users/inkyung/Documents/HashChainMap.py =====
나의 단어장:
[ 3] -> sequential search:선형 탐색 ->
[ 7] -> binary search:이진 탐색 -> game:게임 -> data:자료 ->
[ 8] -> structure:구조 ->
탐색: game --> game:게임
탐색: over --> None
탐색: data --> data:자료
나의 단어장:
[ 3] -> sequential search:선형 탐색 ->
[ 7] -> binary search:이진 탐색 -> data:자료 ->
[ 8] -> structure:구조 ->
>>>

```