# 자료구조 6장 과제

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## 1. 단순 연결리스트를 이용한 스택 구현 및 실습

- 코드화면

```
class Node:
          __init__(self, elem, link=None):
self.data = elem
self.link = link
                                                                from LinkedStack import *
     def
                                                                odd = LinkedStack()
                                                                even = LinkedStack()
class LinkedStack:
    def __init__(self):
                                                               for i in range(10):
    if i % 2 == 0:
          self.top = None
                                                                          even.push(i)
     def isEmpty(self):
     return self.top == None
def clear(self):
                                                                           odd.push(i)
                                                              print("스틱 even push 5회:", even)
print("스틱 odd push 5회:", odd)
print("=" * 30)
     self.top = None
def push(self, item):
    n = Node(item, self.top)
     self.top = n

def pop(self):
    if not self.isEmpty():
        n = self.top
                                                              print("스틱 even push 5회: ", end=''); even.display()
print("스틱 odd push 5회: ", end=''); odd.display()
               self.top = n.link
                                                               print("스틱 even peek:" , even.peek())
print("스틱 odd peek:" , odd.peek())
                return n.data
     def size(self):
          node = self.top
                                                              for i in range(2):
          count = 0
                                                               even.pop()
for i in range(3):
          while not node == None:
              node = node.link
                                                                     odd.pop()
               count += 1
          return count
     def peek(self):
    if not self.isEmpty():
                                                               print("스틱 even pop 2회 ", end=''); even.display()
print("스틱 odd pop 2회 ", end=''); odd.display()
     return self.top.data
def display(self, msg='LinkedStack: '):
          print(msg, end='')
node = self.top
          while not node == None:
    print(node.data, end=' ')
    node = node.link
```

- 실행화면

#### 2. 원형 연결리스트를 이용한 큐 구현 및 실습

- 코드화면

```
from CircularLinkedQueue import *
   def __init__(self, elem, link=None):
    self.data = elem
                                                             q = CircularLinkedQueue()
        self.link = link
                                                             for i in range(8):
                                                                 q.enqueue(i)
   def __init__(self):
    self.tail = None
                                                             q.display()
                                                             for i in range(5):
    def isEmpty(self):
    return self.tail == None
                                                                 q.dequeue()
                                                             q.display()
    def clear(self):
        self.tail = None
                                                             for i in range(8,14):
    def peek(self):
                                                                 q.enqueue(i)
        if not self.isEmpty():
                                                             q.display()
            return self.tail.link.data
   def enqueue(self, item):
  node = Node(item, None)
  if self.isEmpty():
            node.link = node
self.tail = node
            node.link = self.tail.link
self.tail.link = node
            self.tail = node
    def dequeue(self):
    if not self.isEmpty():
            data = self.tail.link.data
if self.tail.link == self.tail:
    self.tail = None
                 self.tail.link = self.tail.link.link
             return data
    def size(self):
        if self.isEmpty():
            return 0
            count = 1
            node = self.tail.link
             while not node == self.tail:
                node = node.link
                 count += 1
            return count
   node = self.tail.link
                     while not node == self.tail:
                         print(node.data, end=' ')
node = node.link
                     print(node.data, end=' ')
                 print()
```

## . 실행화면

```
>>> ======= RESTART: /Users/inkyung/Documents/CurcularLinkedQueue_test.py ======== CircularLinkedQueue: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 CircularLinkedQueue: 5 6 7 CircularLinkedQueue: 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 >>> |
```

#### 3. 이중 연결리스트를 이용한 덱 구현 및 실습

- 코드화면

```
class DNode:
    def __init__(self, elem, prev = None, next = None):
        self.data = elem
        self.prev = prev
        self.next = next
class DoublyLinkedDeque:
    def __init__(self):
        self.front = None
        self.rear = None
    def isEmpty(self):
        return self.front == None
    def clear(self):
        self.front = self.rear = None
    def size(self):
        node = self.front
        count = 0
        while not node == None:
            node = node.next
            count += 1
        return count
    def display(self, msg='DoublyLinkedList: '):
        print(msg, end='')
        node = self.front
        while not node == None:
             print(node.data, end=' ')
            node = node.next
        print()
    def addFront(self, item):
   node = DNode(item, None, self.front)
   if(self.isEmpty()):
             self.front = self.rear = node
        else:
             self.front.prev = node
             self.front = node
    def addRear(self, item):
        node = DNode(item, self.rear, None)
if(self.isEmpty()):
             self.front = self.rear = node
             self.rear.next = node
             self.rear = node
    def deleteFront(self):
        if not self.isEmpty():
            data = self.front.data
             self.front = self.front.next
             if self.front == None:
                 self.rear = None
             else:
                 self.front.prev = None
            return data
```

```
def deleteRear(self):
    if not self.isEmpty():
        data = self.rear.data
        self.rear = self.rear.prev
    if self.rear == None:
        self.front = None
    else:
        self.rear.next = None
    return data
```

```
from DoublyLinkedDeque import *

dq = DoublyLinkedDeque()

for i in range(9):
    if i % 2 == 0:
        dq.addRear(i)
    else:
        dq.addFront(i)

dq.display()|

for i in range(2):
        dq.deleteFront()
    for i in range(3):
        dq.deleteRear()
    dq.display()

for i in range(9,14):
        dq.addFront(i)
    dq.addFront(i)
    dq.display()
```

### 실행화면

```
======== RESTART: /Users/inkyung/Documents/DoublyLInkedDeque_
DoublyLinkedList: 7 5 3 1 0 2 4 6 8
DoublyLinkedList: 3 1 0 2
DoublyLinkedList: 13 12 11 10 9 3 1 0 2
>>>
```

#### 4. 실습문제 6.3번: 단순 연결리스트를 이용한 큐 구현

- 코드화면

```
def __init__(self, elem, link=None):
    self.data = elem
                                                     from LinkedQueue import *
        self.link = link
                                                     q = LinkedQueue()
                                                     print("0~7 정수 큐에 삽입")
    def __init__(self):
                                                     for i in range(8):
        self.front = None
                                                         q.enqueue(i)
        self.tail = None
                                                     print("size: ", q.size())
q.display(); print()
    def isEmpty(self):
        return self.front == None
                                                     print("큐에서 4개 삭제")
    def clear(self):
                                                     for i in range(4):
        self.front = None
                                                        q.dequeue()
        self.tail = None
                                                     print("size: ", q.size())
q.display(); print()
    def peek(self):
        if not self.isEmpty():
            return self.front.data
                                                     print("8~13 정수 큐에 삽입")
                                                     for i in range(8,14):
    def enqueue(self, item):
   node = Node(item, None)
                                                         q.enqueue(i)
                                                     print("size: ", q.size())
q.display(); print()
        if self.isEmpty():
            self.front = node
            self.tail = node
            self.tail.link = node
            self.tail = node
    def dequeue(self):
        if not self.isEmpty():
            data = self.front.data
            if self.front.link == None:
                 self.front = None
                self.tail = None
            else:
                self.front = self.front.link
            return data
    def size(self):
        if self.isEmpty():
            return 0
            count = 1
            node = self.front
            while not node == self.tail:
               node = node.link
                count += 1
            return count
    def display(self, msg = "LinkedQueue: "):
        print(msg, end='')
if not self.isEmpty():
            node = self.front
            while not node == self.tail:
                print(node.data, end=' ')
node = node.link
            print(node.data, end=' ')
        print()
```

## - 실행화면