# 1 | In the context of Linear Algebra (Axler 3.15)

#### 1.1 | #definition injective

def

A function  $T: V \to W$  is called *injective* if Tu = Tv implies u = v

#### 1.2 | #aka one-to-one

aka

## 1.3 | Properties

#### 1.3.1 | A map is injective iff it's null space equals $\{0\}$

## 1.3.2 | A map to a smaller dimensional space is not injective (Axler3.23)

Suppose V and W are finite-dimensional vector spaces such that dim  $V > \dim W$ . Then no linear map from V to W is injective.

1. Intuition That makes sense, because if the output space has a smaller dimension, then there should be two inputs that go to the same output somewhere. Otherwise all the inputs just don't "fit".

### 1.4 | Intuition

 $Tu = Tv \implies u = v$  means that if the outputs are the same, then the inputs are the same, aka only one input goes to that one output. That's why it's called "one-to-one": only one input goes to that one output

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