## 1 | Reading

## 1.1 | Openstax

Link

• #define continuity at a point

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$$\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = f(a)$$

- To ensure that it is defined, connected on both sides, and doesn't have a random point
- To check for continuity, just check for f(a),  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$ , and that they are equal
- · Rational functions
  - Are continuous on their domains
    - \* Basically anywhere they are defined
- · Discontinuity types
  - Removable discontinuities
    - \* Hole in the graph
  - infinite is continuity
    - \* asymtote
  - jump discontinuity
- · Continuity from the right and left
  - Same as definition of continuous, but replace the limit with right and left hand limits respectively

## 1.2 | libretexts

Link - Basically the same thing - Properties of continuous functions (group like bits) - $>$ Let $\Box$ and $\Box$ be
continuous functions on an interval $\square$ , let $\square$ be a real number and let $\square$ be a positive integer. The following
functions are continuous on $\square$ . > - Sums/Differences : $\square \pm \square$ > - Constant Multiples : $\square \square \square$ > - Products :
$\square\square\square$ > - Quotients : $\square/\square$ (as long as $\square \neq 0$ on $\square$ ) > - Powers : $\square\square$ > - Roots : $f(x)=\sqrt[n]{x}$ (if $\square$ is even then
$\square \ge 0$ on $\square$ ; if $\square$ is odd, then true for all values of $\square$ on $\square$ .) > - Compositions: Adjust the definitions of $\square$ and
$\square$ to: Let $\square$ be continuous on $\square$ , where the range of $\square$ on $\square$ is $\square$ , and let $\square$ be continuous on $\square$ . Then $\square\square\square$ ,
i.e., $\Box(\Box(\Box))$ , is continuous on $\Box$

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