

#flo #inclass

1 | Bio informatics!

guinea pig time

1.1 | bio overview

about genomic information transfer and also, viruses!

recall: exons, introns, coding regions, non-coding regions, all that good stuff it's hard to find these exons and introns! not obvious also the concept of *consensus sequence*

real world gene time! :: 11k base pairs for a single gene in what is considered a simply organism worm genes are defined as ##-L good test cases, as well documented! poor c elegans tho.. (but who cares, they are worms.)

c elegans advantage: - dvides quickly - has a development map (knows where each section leads to in the development) - and also, available? i mean, they're worms man

1.2 | some ideas

- ml to identify certain aspects of base pair sequences? exons/introns, etc → different protein versions from one gene, called transcripts. this is done with diff combinations of exons - the ones that appear are experimentally verified
- semantic similarity graph? some time of fdg?
- some type of word vectors? genomic embedding space