6 | Deriving arclength forumlas

$$S = \int_C ds = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{\Delta x_i^2 + \Delta y_i^2}$$

6.1 | **if** y = f(x)

$$\begin{split} \int_C ds &= \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x^2}{\Delta x^2} + \frac{\Delta y^2}{\Delta x^2}\right) \Delta x^2} \\ &= \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}\right)^2} \Delta x \\ &= \int \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx \end{split}$$

6.2 | if y = y(t) and x = x(t)

$$\begin{split} S &= \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{\Delta x_i^2 + \Delta y_i^2} \\ &= \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x_i^2}{\Delta t_i^2} + \frac{\Delta y_i^2}{\Delta t_i^2}\right) \Delta t_i^2} \\ &= \int \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt \end{split}$$

7 | applying arclength formulas

Lets use the curve from problem four (see assignment 3).

$$r = 1 + 2\cos\theta \frac{dr}{d\theta} = -2\sin\theta$$

Then, applying the arclength formula for polar equations:

$$S = \int \sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2} d\theta$$
$$= \int \sqrt{r^2 + (-2\sin\theta)^2} d\theta$$
$$= \int \sqrt{r^2 + 4\sin^2\theta} d\theta$$

Check out the desmos.

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