#flo #ret #disorganized #hw

title: prompt

American Revolution Historiography Essay

In a paper approximately 4 pages in length, write a synthesis essay using at least two of the American

Synthesis writing is not that much different from what you did in 10th grade where you incorporated mul

Your synthesis might take one of two general tracks (though I am open to discussing additional ideas as

- 1. Historiography: How might the sources help us to think about how histories of the revolution are to
- 2. Historical synthesis: Using the evidence and insights from the authors, what kinds of conclusions m

To assemble the material for your essay, you should feel free to utilize your notes from the presentati

what was the cause of the american revoltion?

thinking:

historians that we read think about causality wrong

proximal and distal causality?

infinite chain of causality

cause -> cause -> effect

multiple causes can lead to multiple effects which in turn have effects

there is no single cause! it fits into this graph-network of causes and effects

essay: fit the causes of the american revolution into this graph framework of cause -> effect

for example, being able to unite over shared rejection of goods might be a proximal cause, but it is not the cause of the revolution.

big idea: **NEW MODEL OF CAUSALITY** this is, historiography.

- summaries of the readings:
 - Holton: forced founders
 - * economic situations!
 - each chapter about how lack of independence has negative economic impacts
 - * elites had to do stuff because of their debt?
 - Wood: The Radicalism of the American Revolution
 - * united by values
 - * popular belief shaped by lived experience
 - · this is what drove the revolution
 - Bailyn: The Ideological Origins of the American Revolution
 - * british political radicals?
 - * enslaving america via taxes?
 - Breen: The Marketplace of Revolution

- * social resources allowed people to unite across colonies
 - · shared rejection of goods!
- Linebaugh and Rediker: Many Headed Hydra
 - * Not about great men, it's really about
 - · sailors, slaves, mobs
 - * marxist! rise of the proletariat!

[forced founders + ->

bailyn -> [wood, holton] ->

linebaugh: breen: [wood, holton]: bailyn

- · many different people united.
 - how did they unite?
- people could united their ideals through shared rejection of goods
 - why did they have the ideals?
- shared lived experience in debt
 - why did they have that lived experience why were they in debt?
- · taxes!
 - why did they have taxes?