# 1 | Gelvin Chapter 5

- States fought over the emergent control after the crisis of the 17th century.
- Employed the strategy of **Defensive Developmentalism**.

Defensive developmentalism: develop your country as a defense against others

"Developing because Europe is happening to you."

#### 1.1 | Defensive Developmentalism

Denfense developmentalism: centralizing authority by making goverment more efficient and managing resource better.

- 1. Millitary reform to consolidate power.
- 2. Control and coordinate population and resource
- 3. Decipline population to become agents of State.
- 4. Eliminated cash farming and augmented admin.
- 5. DD encouraged the process of monopolization and direct contro

### 1.1.1 | Problems in DD

- Local suspicious caused difficulty in implementing centralized control
  - implimentation of government plans is difficult due to the emergence of local resistance.
  - New class of the educated under the new system championed the improved inclusion in governance. Many framed this plea as the plea for constitutional governance
- the middle eastern implimentation of DD had focus on developing indurstry to support the DD processes such as the army => free trade is opposite DD, which caused paradoxical effects.
- Centralization helped very little people except for the central government, making it resisted very widely.

#### 1.2 | Ottomans and DD

- Ottoman DD happened in two periods.
  - Per. 1: tanzimat the "liberal" period where constitutionalism was briefly trialed
  - Per. 2: promotion of direct control by the sultan.
  - Two phases' change was a change from bottom-up nationalism to top-down nationalism.
- Process of DD impliementation
  - Ottomans first attempted economic control. That didn't go really well either lack of monies and control.

- \* After doing everything wrong, the Ottomans conceded to build an open economy and be connected
- The widespread nature of the ottomans made it diffucult to have a central point of control.
- Millitary reform was tried again, creating European-style New Corps. This was used to eliminate the janissaries.
- System of equality actually promoted more discord between communites.
- The efforts of bottom-up nationalisation was disliked by everyone except the hindus, b/c the Muslims felt that it hindered the dominance of the muslimes while the Christians wanted to avoid the widespread conscription

## 2 | CN12092020

- · Nationalism begins taking place
- · Ottomans decline
  - Traditionalist values + religios schooling
  - Defensive Developmentalizm
    - \* Tanzimat Reform (1839)
      - · Lead by Sultan Abdulmecid
      - · Industrialization, tax reform, abolist millet system
    - \* Young Ottomans (1876)
      - · Write and passed a constitution
      - · The Sultan immediately abolistes it
    - \* Hamidian Reforms (1990)
      - · Railroads, telegraphs, universities
      - · CRackdown on dissent/Armenians