Here are four easy integrals.

1 | Single Value Function

$$f_1: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^1 \tag{1}$$

$$f_1(x,y) = 0 (2)$$

What's the area of this function?

We can take the area of the shape, essentially by taking the volume by height 1: that is, for a rectangle of l, w, h, its top-area is simply $l \cdot w$, also known as $lw \cdot 1$. Therefore:

$$\int_0^7 \int_0^5 1 dx \, dy = 35 \tag{3}$$

The area of the shape is therefore 35.

2 | Area of the Plane

We want to first figure the correction per every given slice $dA = n \ dV$ to setup a surface integral. By pythagoras (i.e. projecting the changes to the parallelity of the surface), we have that:

$$dA = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2} dV \tag{4}$$

What's the area of the following function by (5,7)?

$$f_2: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^1 \tag{5}$$

$$f_2(x,y) = 2x + 3y + 10 (6)$$

$$dA = \sqrt{1 + 4 + 9}dV = \sqrt{14} \ dV \tag{7}$$

Therefore, taking the integral:

$$\int_0^5 \int_0^7 \sqrt{14}(2x + 3y + 10) \ dy \ dx \tag{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{14} \int_0^5 \int_0^7 (2x + 3y + 10) \ dy \ dx$$
 (9)

At this point, we absolve the need to leverage a tonne of fractions by taking the inner integral digitally.

$$f(x,y) = 2*x+3*y+10$$

f.integrate(y, 0, 7).integrate(x, 0,5)

$$\sqrt{14} \int_0^5 \int_0^7 (2x + 3y + 10) \ dy \ dx \tag{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{14} \frac{1785}{2} \tag{11}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3339.43 \tag{12}$$

It appears that the surface area is about 3339.43 units.

3 | Area of a Parabola

What's the area of the following function by (5,7)?

$$f_3: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^1 \tag{13}$$

$$f_3(x,y) = x^2 \tag{14}$$

We will again find the area correction factor:

$$dA = \sqrt{1 + 4x^2} \, dV \tag{15}$$

And therefore, taking the integral:

$$\int_0^5 \int_0^7 x^2 \sqrt{1 + 4x^2} \, dy \, dx \tag{16}$$

This problem is solvable by trig substitution followed by integration by parts. For now, however, we will leverage a calculator.

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f(x,y) = x^2*sqrt(1+4*x^2)
f.integrate(y, 0,7).integrate(x,0,5)
float(f.integrate(y, 0,7).integrate(x,0,5))
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Evidently, the surface area of the shape is about 2209 units.

4 | Another Surface Area

What's the area of the following function by (5,7)?

$$f_3: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^1 \tag{17}$$

$$f_3(x,y) = x^2 - y^2 (18)$$

We will find the correction factor, again:

$$dA = \sqrt{1 + 4x^2 + 4y^2} \ dV \tag{19}$$

We will again take this integral, digitally this time:

$$\int_0^5 \int_0^7 (x^2 - y^2) \sqrt{1 + 4x^2 + 4y^2} \, dy \, dx \tag{20}$$