

## 1 | Immediate aftermath

- Washington steps down
- There were 9 votes out of the 13
- *no power to tax*: states were "petitioned" by the federal government for funds
- If amendments were desired, *unanimous* agreement would need to change
- Executive power consolidated in the "National Legislature", requiring 9/13 to act without three-branch power separation

## 2 | State Governments

- State Constitution embodied common traits => Republican Government
- Varied wildly => 1) Right to vote 2) Had Legislatures

## 3 | Concerns of the elite

- Wealthy, educated men worried about "mob rule" & "Motley crews"
- State governments printed large amounts of currency, cheapened its value
- States began taxing trade!

## 4 | Constitutional Convention(s)

### 4.1 | Annapolis Convention, 1786

- Called to address weakness of the Articles, only 5 states sent delegates
- Agreed to try again

### 4.2 | Debting states

- Printed more money
- Only accepted coins

### 4.3 | Shay's Rebellions

Farmers start losing their farms, can't pay off debts

#### 4.3.1 | **Significance**

- Illustrated that the National Government under the Articles were powerless
- May 1787, 12 states (all but Rhode) sent delegates to Philly

#### 4.4 | **New militia**

- Congress could not adequately raise funds
- Hires

Research target: Dickenson

### 5 | **Convention**

Research => state interests, ideological/material concerns