#flo #inclass

## 1 | geiger counter!

how it works: - a radioactive particle (wave?) passes through low pressure gas in the tube - the gas gets ionized, - and then it conducts, and clicks! / gets counted

$$\frac{M}{(\frac{1-M}{3500})} \\ \{\frac{\mathbf{X}}{\lambda}\} \{\mathbf{X}!\} \mathbf{e}^{-\lambda} \ \ \ \, \\ \lambda \ \ \, \text{(X)} \{\mathit{Var}\} (X)$$