



Predict House Price

By Using Linear Regression



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OUTLINE

-
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 - a. Description
 - b. Cleaning
 - c. Feature Selection
 3. Regression Model
 - a. Cut Features
 - b. Interpretation
 - c. Result
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Business Problem



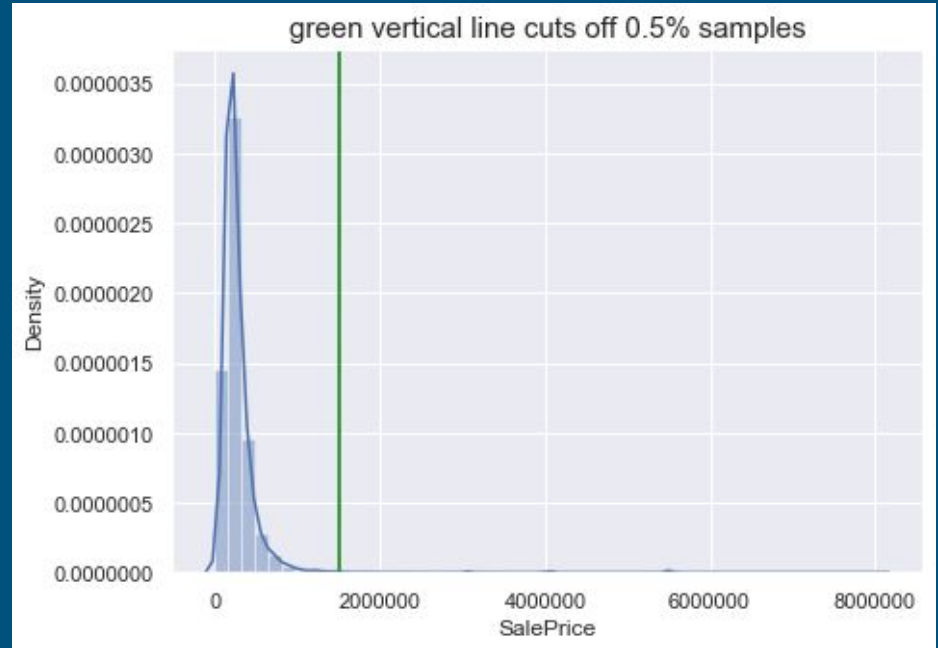
	Features	Parameters
0	SQFT	0.666
1	CLASS	0.271
2	GARAGECAPA	0.039
3	PATIONUMBE	0.033
4	p_Cat	0.004
5	QUALITY	0.121
6	LAT	0.483
7	LON	0.325
8	W0	26.428

Dataset (Description)

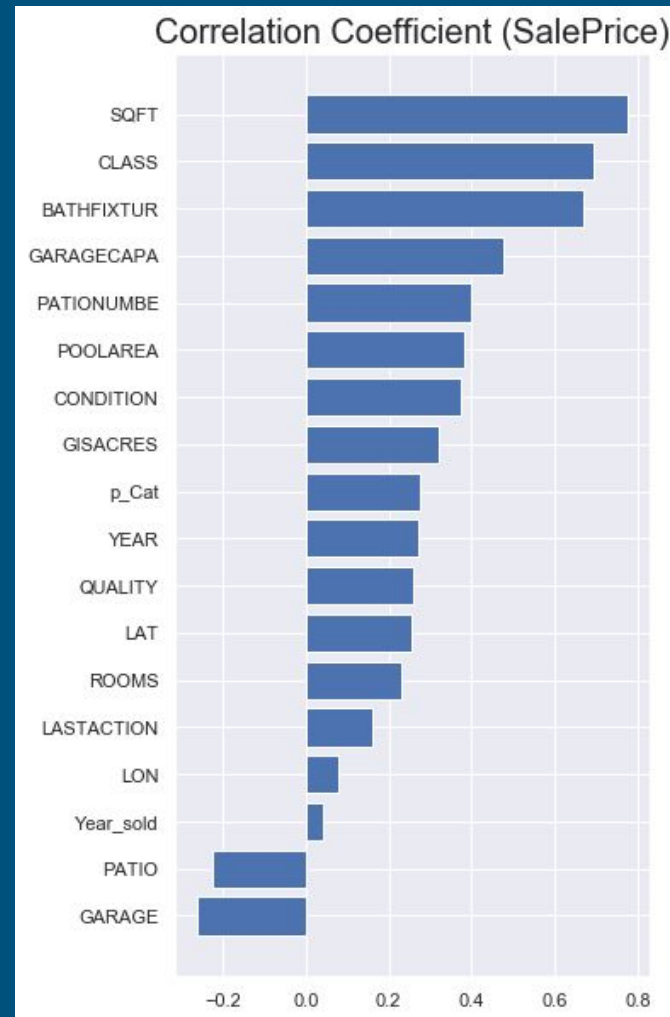
- 52,918 samples
- 49 features

Dataset (Cleaning)

- **Original samples: 52,918**
- Duplicated samples: 16,038
- Remove sale price < 1k
- Cut off extreme samples
- **Total removed: 16,416**
- **Remain: 36,502**



Feature Selection

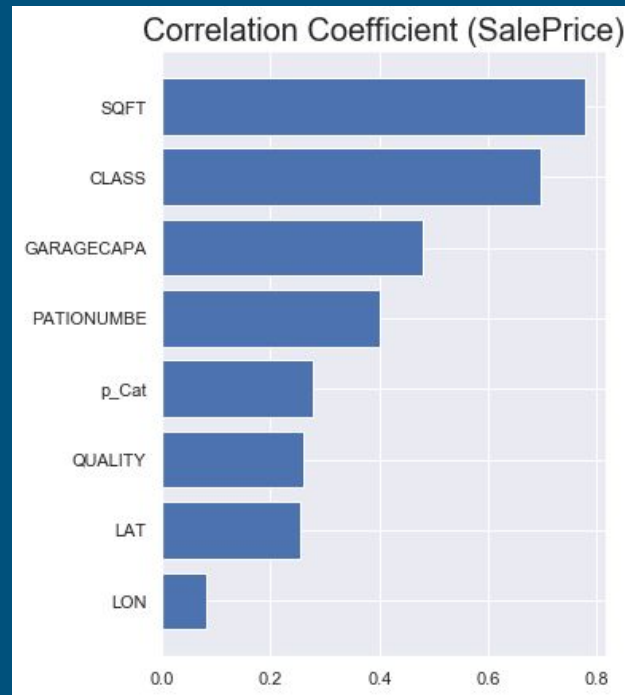
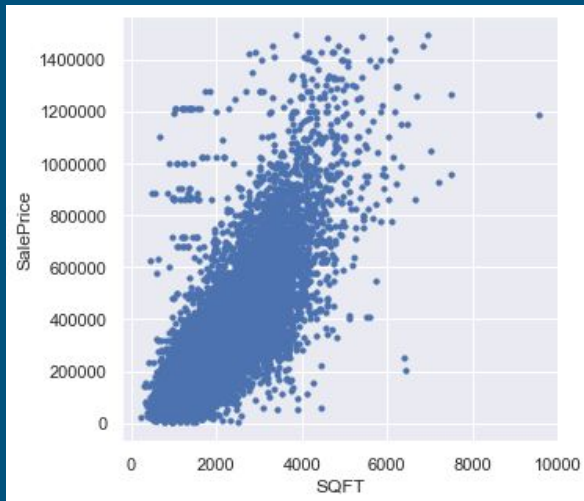


Dataset Split

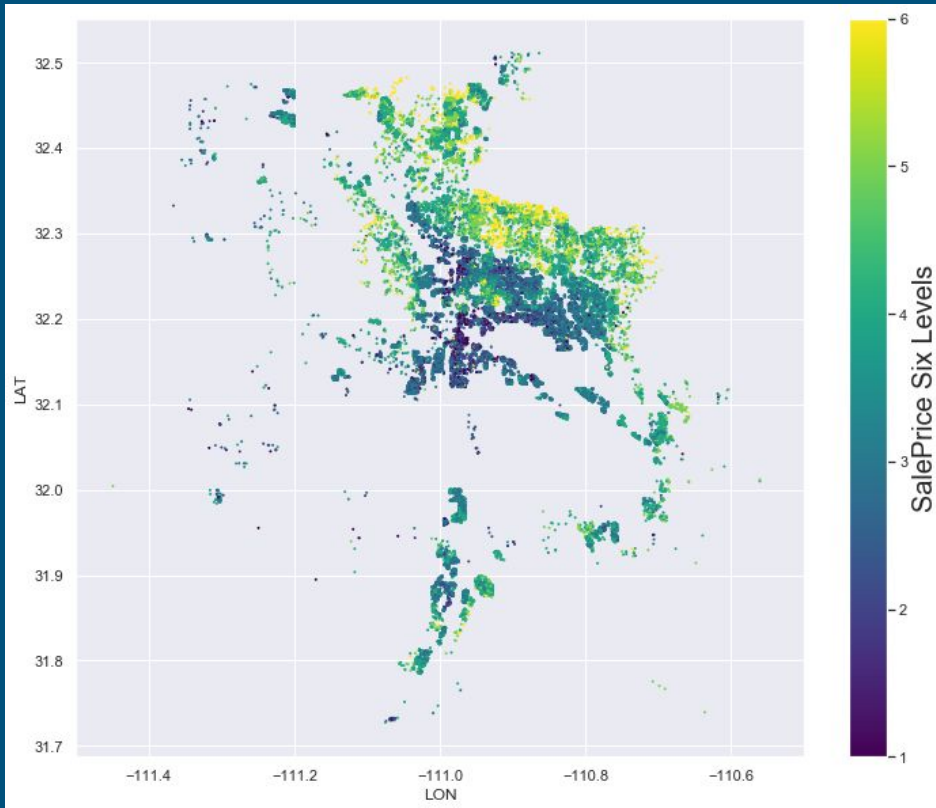
- 70% train
- 30% test

Regression Model

- Optimal selected feature (after regression)
- $\log(\text{SQFT})$, $\log(\text{SalePrice})$



Regression Model (Interpretation)



	Features	Parameters
0	SQFT	0.666
1	CLASS	0.271
2	GARAGECAPA	0.039
3	PATIONUMBE	0.033
4	p_Cat	0.004
5	QUALITY	0.121
6	LAT	0.483
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8	W0	26.428

Regression Model (Result)

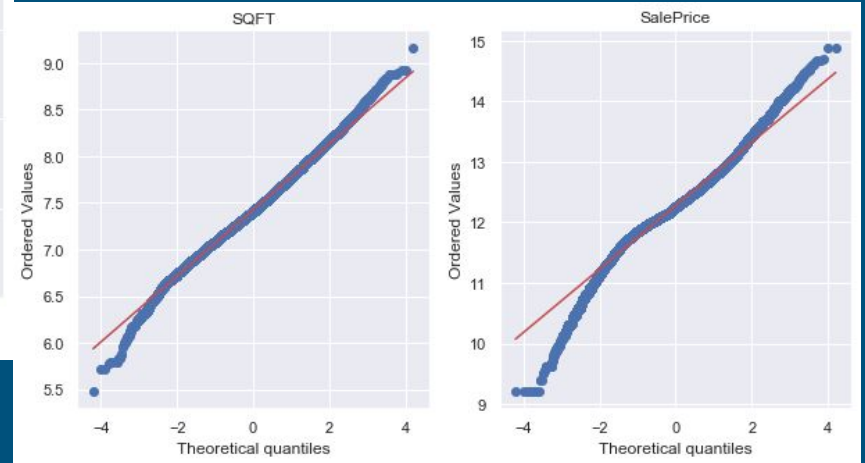
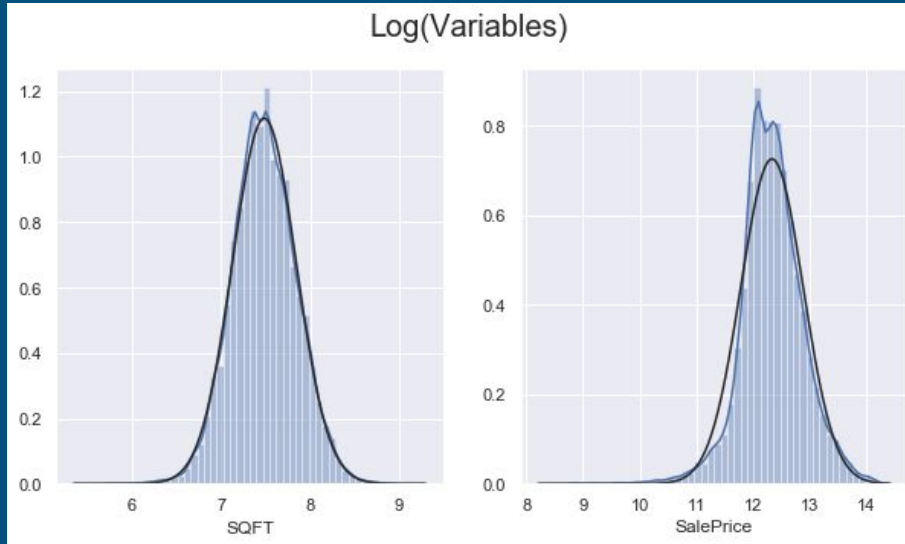
- Sale price = $\exp[\text{parameters.dot(features)}]$
- **R square: 0.725**
- **Accuracy: 80%**

Summary

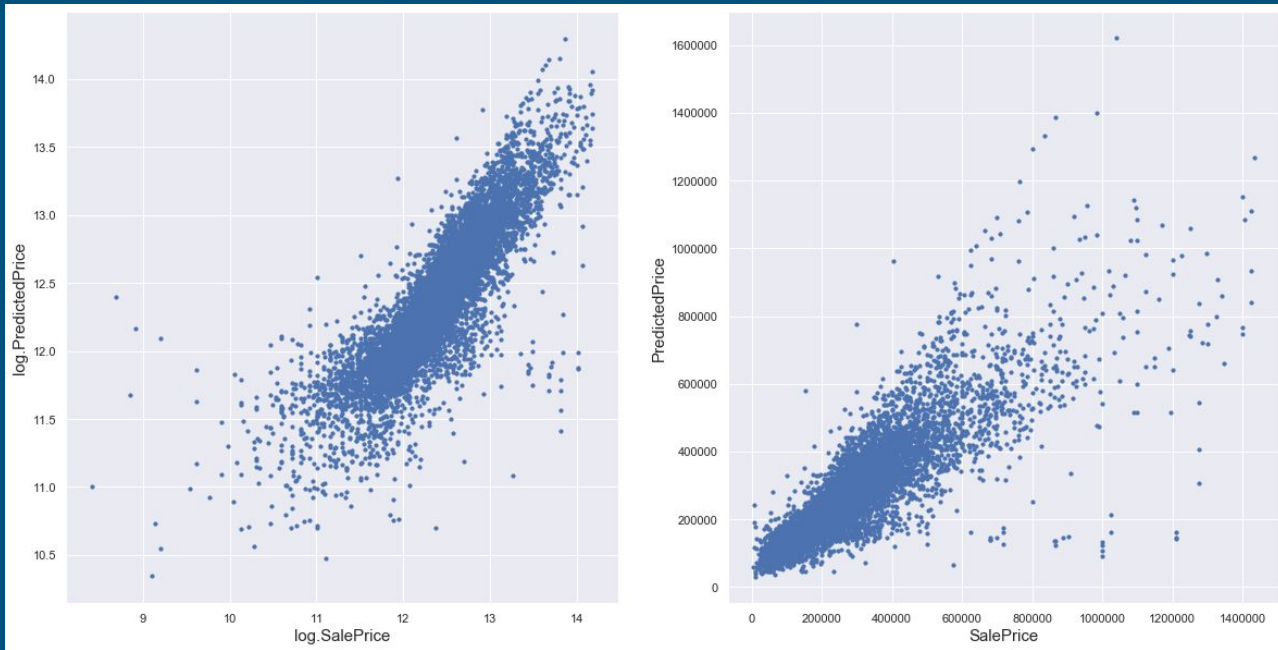
- Capture 80% house price
- Next
 1. Better feature selection
 2. Better models

Q & A

Appendix (Transform Function for Normality)



Appendix (Target vs Prediction)



Appendix (Residual Plot)

