Architecture Patterns

Rylan Perumal slides adapted from Prof. van Zyl, Ivan Marsic and and Mark Richards

"Humans are patternseeking story-telling animals, and we are quite adept at telling stories about patterns, whether they exist or not.": - Michael Shermer

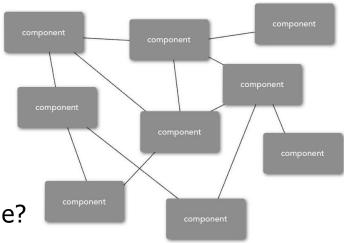
Topics/Recap:

- Introduction
- Layered Architecture Pattern
- Event-driven Architecture Pattern
- Microkernel Architecture Pattern
- Service Oriented Architecture Pattern
- Space-Based Architecture Pattern



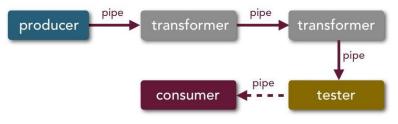
How do we even Architecture?

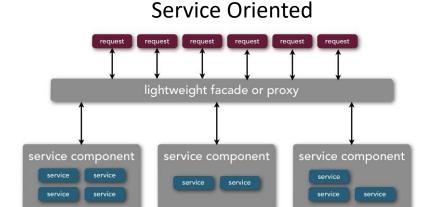
- how are components classified?
- how do components interact?
- does the architecture scale?
- how responsive is the architecture?
- is there a logical flow to the components?
- what are the deployment characteristics?
- how does the architecture respond to change?
- is the architecture extensible and if so how?
- how maintainable is the architecture?

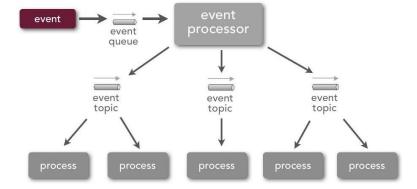


Architecture Patterns: Part 1

Pipe and Filter



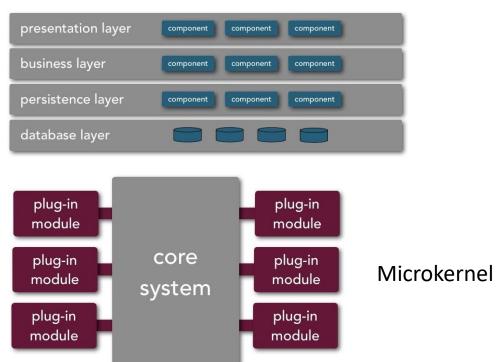




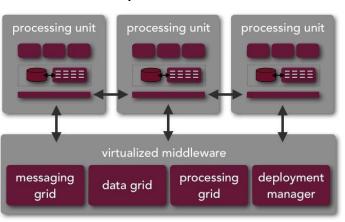
Event-Driven

Architecture Patterns: Part 2

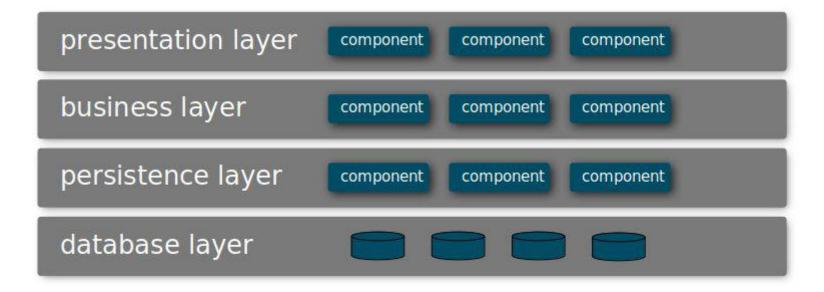
Layered



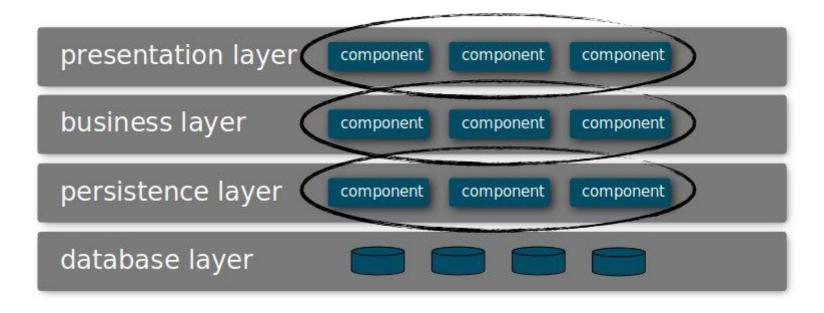
Space-Based



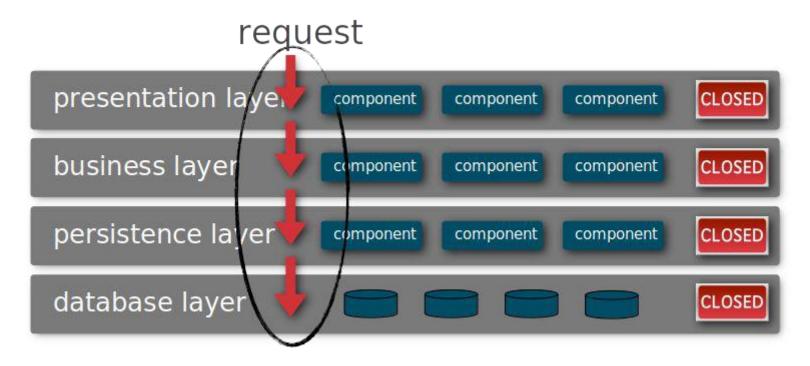
Layered Architecture



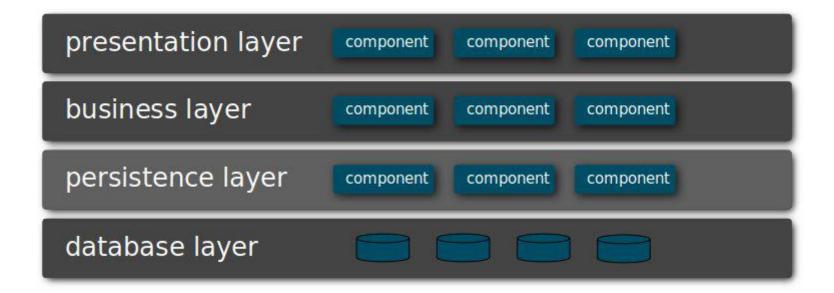
Layered: Separation of Concerns



Layered Architecture: Closed

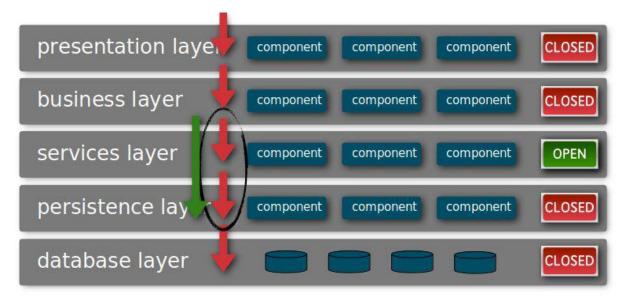


Layered: Isolation



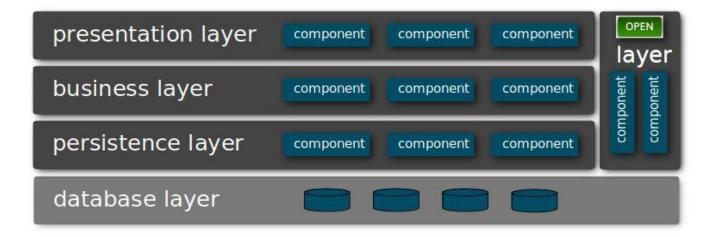
Changes made in one layer of the architecture generally don't impact or affect components in other layers

Layered: Hybrids and Variants



Open layer means that a request can move past the open layer to the next layer

Layered: Hybrids and Variants



Specific components can be defined to pass through all the layers, we can separate these components into a separate layer.

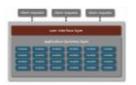
Layered: Considerations



good general purpose architecture and a good starting point for most systems



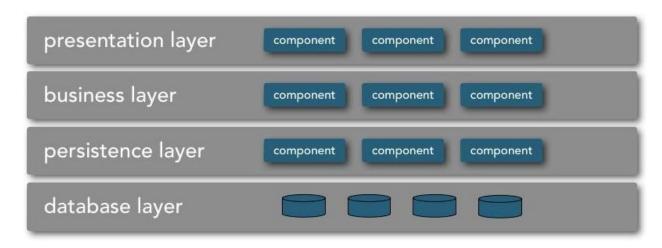
watch out for the architecture sinkhole anti-pattern



tends to lend itself towards monolithic applications

Layered: Analysis

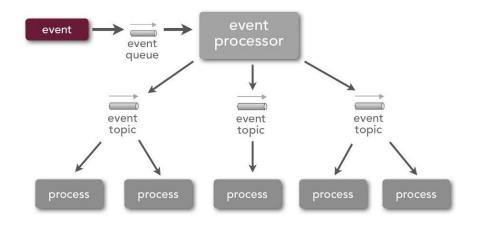
overall agility deployment testability performance scalability development complexity loose coupling

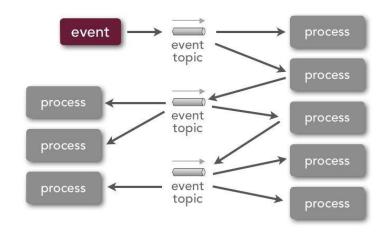


Event-driven Architecture

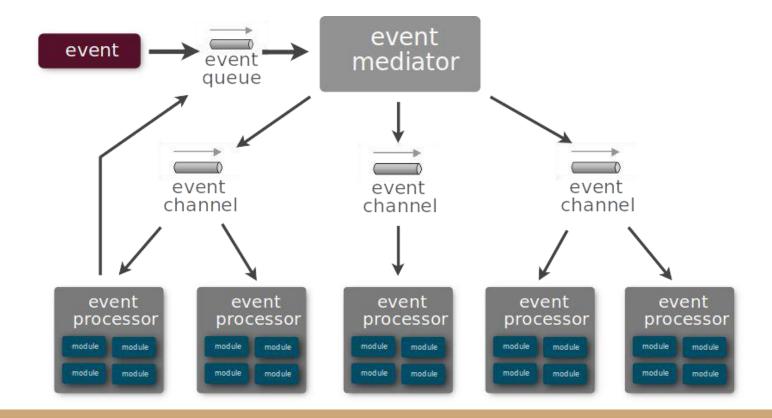
Mediator Topology

Broker Topology

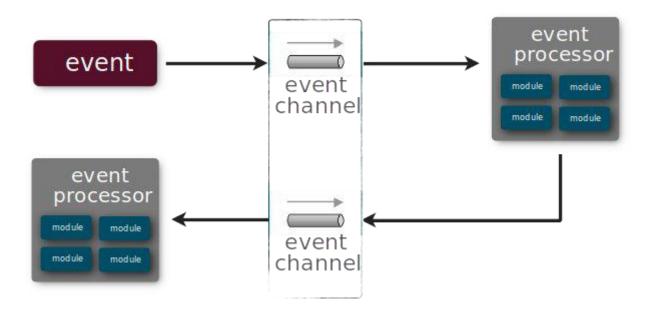




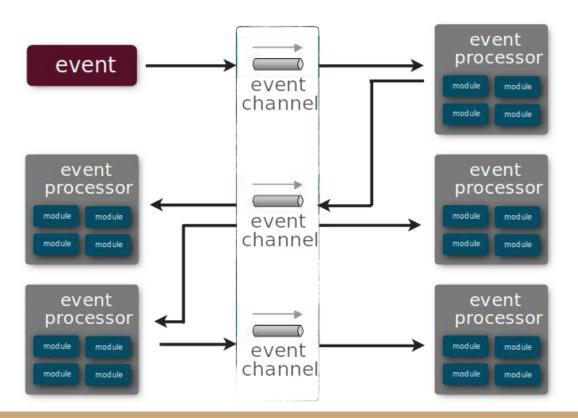
Event-driven: Mediator Topology



Event-driven: Broker Topology



Event-driven: Broker Topology



Event-driven: Considerations



contract creation, maintenance, and versioning can be difficult



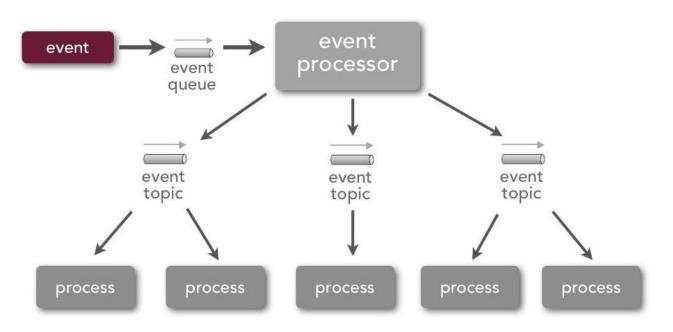
must address remote process availability or unresponsiveness



reconnection logic on server restart or failure must be addressed

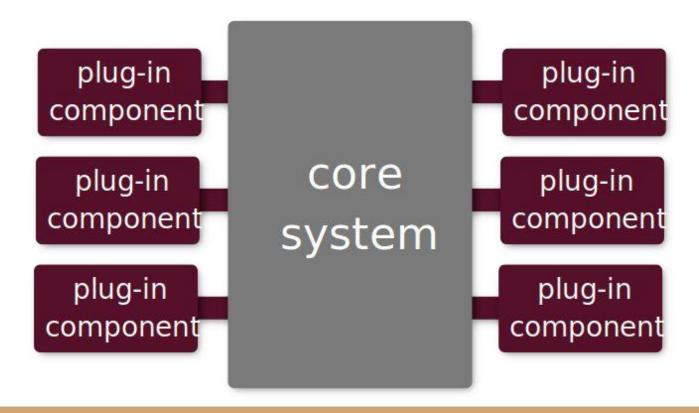
Event-driven: Analysis

overall agility deployment 1 testability performance scalability development complexity loose coupling



Microkernel Architecture

(a.k.a. plug-in architecture pattern)

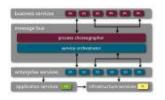


Microkernel: Architectural Components

core system minimal functionality to run system general business rules and logic no custom processing

plug-in module standalone independent module specific additional rules or logic

Microkernel: Considerations



can be embedded or used as part of another pattern



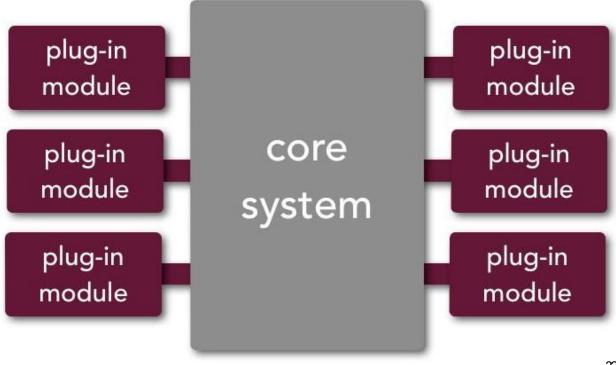
great support for evolutionary design and incremental development



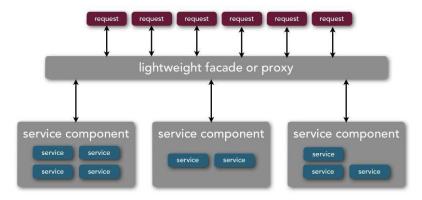
great pattern for product-based applications

Microkernel: Analysis

overall agility deployment testability 16 performance scalability development complexity loose coupling



Service Oriented/Microservice Architecture



Space Based Architecture

