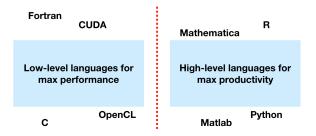


Introduction

- ▶ Julia started in 2009
- ▶ Julia: Living in a Geekster's paradise...
- "Walks like Python, runs like C"
- ▶ Big idea: 2 language problem



Why I like Julia

- 1. It's really, really fast without special tweaks
- 2. Programming syntax is close to the mathematics
- 3. Parallelism is straightforward
- 4. Open-source ecosystem on Github: free & tightly integrated
- 5. Codebase is in Julia
- 6. Can call R, Python, C, etc
- 7. Speed without needing a compiler or other packages
- 8. Functions do different things depending on the *types* of variables
- 9. Super easy to do unit-testing

(Based (somewhat) on Maistre (2019))

Why I don't like Julia

- ► Still young was changing a lot, has settled down
- Documentation, Stack Overflow is not as good as MATLAB, Stata, R
- ► Not as many packages (but still a lot)
- ▶ Plotting takes a long time
- ▶ No estout or stargazer/textables packages yet
- ▶ Normal headaches of setting up open-source software

When I use Julia

- ► For computational work
 - ▶ If I have to build it from scratch
 - Dynamic programs
 - Optimization
 - Structural estimation
 - ▶ If it requires a lot of computations
- Not exploratory data analysis
- ► Not OLS

Getting started in Julia

- ► Download language: Julia binary
 - Installs to C:\Users\username\AppData\Roaming\julia or ~\.julia
- ► Need a development environment
 - ▶ REPL is the command-line version
 - ► Atom is the RStudio for Julia
 - Install uber-juno package for Atom
 - Jupyter notebooks also work
 - ▶ Microsoft VS Code
 - Requires Julia extension
- ► Great "Getting Started" guide at QuantEcon

Adding packages & opening Jupyter

To add packages

- ▶ Open the REPL (julia command line)
- ► Type] to switch to "Package" mode add IJulia
- backspace to go back to regular prompt
- Open a Jupyter notebook
 jupyterlab()

Julia scripts

```
Always load packages (as in R: library(ggplot2))
Jupyter great for analysis using other people's functions
using Plots # load Plots package
gr()
    # tell it to use GR to plot (vs PyPlot, Plotly.js,
x = -10.0 : 0.5 : 10.0 # create a "range"
y = x.^2
                   # broadcast operation with `. ^`
plot(x, y,
    title = "my first plot",
    labels = "\x^2\", legend = :top
```

Julia in Atom

Jupyter won't cut it for more serious coding. I'm developing a new version of my likelihood function.

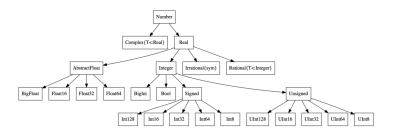
Clone package to ~/.julia/dev/ShaleDrillingLikelihood or C:\Users\username\AppData\Roaming\julia\dev\ShaleDrillingLikelih with

] dev https://github.com/magerton/ShaleDrillingLikelihood.jl.git

- Project outline:
 - README, License, .gitattributes, .gitignore
 - ▶ REQUIRE file lists dependencies, superseded by new package system
 - src/ShaleDrillingLikelihood.jl defines a module (package) and loads other scripts
 - test/runtests.jl runs unit-tests
 - ► I build code through tests
 - Revise package reloads functions in module without restarting

Things to know about Julia

► Type system is very important



Julia resources

- ► Julia vs MATLAB, R Syntax
- Quantecon Lectures
- ► Julia Cheat Sheet
- ► Chapter on Julia by Jesús Fernández-Villaverde

References

Maistre, Gabriel Gauci. 2019. "10 Reasons Why You Should Learn Julia." *Medium*. Accessed September 23. https://blog.goodaudience.com/10-reasons-why-you-should-learn-julia-d786ac29c6ca.