## Final Assignment

January 6, 2025

Extracting and Visualizing Stock Data

#### Description

Extracting essential data from a dataset and displaying it is a necessary part of data science; therefore individuals can make correct decisions based on the data. In this assignment, you will extract some stock data, you will then display this data in a graph.

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```

Estimated Time Needed: 30 min

**Note**:- If you are working Locally using anaconda, please uncomment the following code and execute it. Use the version as per your python version.

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Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.31 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from yfinance) (2.31.0)
Collecting multitasking>=0.0.7 (from yfinance)
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47.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
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  Getting requirements to build wheel ... done
 Preparing metadata (pyproject.toml) ... done
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.12.3)
Collecting html5lib>=1.1 (from yfinance)
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packages (from beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1->yfinance) (2.5)
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packages (from html5lib>=1.1->yfinance) (1.16.0)
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packages (from html5lib>=1.1->yfinance) (0.5.1)
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packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.7)
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Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
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Building wheels for collected packages: peewee
   Building wheel for peewee (pyproject.toml) ... done
    Created wheel for peewee:
filename=peewee-3.17.8-cp311-cp311-linux_x86_64.whl size=300750
\verb|sha| 256 = \verb|df| cabe 536f0455a2ee04b47426bf99d7eade619e883b85957122f0a7802d9bbc| cabe 536f0456a2ee04b47426bf99d7eade619e883b85957122f0a7802d9bbc| cabe 536f0456a2ee04b47426bf99d7eade619e883b85957122f0a7802d9bbc| cabe 536f0456a2ee04b47426bf99d7eade619e883b85957122f0a7802d9bbc| cabe 536f046a2ee04b4746bf99d7eade619e883b85957122f0a7802d9bbc| cabe 536f046a2ee04b4746bf99d7eade619e883b85957122f0a7802d9bbc| cabe 536f046a2ee04b4746bf99d7eade619e86a2ee04b4746bf99d7eade619e86a2ee04b4746bf99d7eade619e86a2ee04b4746bf99d7eade619e86a2ee04b4746bf99d7eade619e86a2ee04b4746bf99d7eade619e86a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a2ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee04b676a0ee0
    Stored in directory: /home/jupyterlab/.cache/pip/wheels/ff/6c/15/506e25bc390de
450a7fa53c155cd9b0fbd13ad3e84a9abc183
Successfully built peewee
Installing collected packages: peewee, multitasking, tzdata, numpy, lxml,
html5lib, frozendict, pandas, yfinance
Successfully installed frozendict-2.4.6 html5lib-1.1 lxml-5.3.0
multitasking-0.0.11 numpy-2.2.1 pandas-2.2.3 peewee-3.17.8 tzdata-2024.2
yfinance-0.2.51
Collecting bs4
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packages (from bs4) (4.12.3)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from beautifulsoup4->bs4) (2.5)
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Installing collected packages: bs4
Successfully installed bs4-0.0.2
Requirement already satisfied: nbformat in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (5.10.4)
Requirement already satisfied: fastjsonschema>=2.15 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nbformat) (2.19.1)
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema>=2.6 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nbformat) (4.22.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jupyter-core!=5.0.*,>=4.12 in
```

```
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from nbformat) (5.7.2)
Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=5.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from nbformat) (5.14.3)
Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=22.2.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (23.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema-specifications>=2023.03.6 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
(2023.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: referencing>=0.28.4 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
(0.35.1)
Requirement already satisfied: rpds-py>=0.7.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-
packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (0.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.5 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.11/site-packages (from jupyter-
core!=5.0.*,>=4.12->nbformat) (4.2.1)
```

```
[4]: import yfinance as yf
import pandas as pd
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import plotly.graph_objects as go
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
```

In Python, you can ignore warnings using the warnings module. You can use the filterwarnings function to filter or ignore specific warning messages or categories.

```
[5]: import warnings
# Ignore all warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)
```

#### 0.1 Define Graphing Function

In this section, we define the function make\_graph. You don't have to know how the function works, you should only care about the inputs. It takes a dataframe with stock data (dataframe must contain Date and Close columns), a dataframe with revenue data (dataframe must contain Date and Revenue columns), and the name of the stock.

```
def make_graph(stock_data, revenue_data, stock):
    fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True,
    subplot_titles=("Historical Share Price", "Historical Revenue"),
    vertical_spacing = .3)
    stock_data_specific = stock_data[stock_data.Date <= '2021-06-14']
    revenue_data_specific = revenue_data[revenue_data.Date <= '2021-04-30']
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(stock_data_specific.Date,
    infer_datetime_format=True), y=stock_data_specific.Close.astype("float"),
    name="Share Price"), row=1, col=1)</pre>
```

```
fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(revenue_data_specific.Date,u)
infer_datetime_format=True), y=revenue_data_specific.Revenue.
astype("float"), name="Revenue"), row=2, col=1)
fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=1, col=1)
fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=2, col=1)
fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Price ($US)", row=1, col=1)
fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Revenue ($US Millions)", row=2, col=1)
fig.update_layout(showlegend=False,
height=900,
title=stock,
xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True)
fig.show()
```

Use the make\_graph function that we've already defined. You'll need to invoke it in questions 5 and 6 to display the graphs and create the dashboard. > Note: You don't need to redefine the function for plotting graphs anywhere else in this notebook; just use the existing function.

#### 0.2 Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is Tesla and its ticker symbol is TSLA.

```
[7]: tesla_stock = yf.Ticker("TSLA")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named tesla\_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[8]: tesla_data = tesla_stock.history(period="max")
```

Reset the index using the reset\_index(inplace=True) function on the tesla\_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the tesla\_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 1 to the results below.

```
[9]: tesla_data.reset_index(inplace=True) tesla_data.head()
```

```
[9]:
                            Date
                                      Open
                                                High
                                                           Low
                                                                   Close
     0 2010-06-29 00:00:00-04:00
                                 1.266667
                                            1.666667
                                                      1.169333
                                                               1.592667
     1 2010-06-30 00:00:00-04:00 1.719333
                                            2.028000
                                                      1.553333
                                                                1.588667
     2 2010-07-01 00:00:00-04:00
                                 1.666667
                                            1.728000
                                                      1.351333
                                                                1.464000
     3 2010-07-02 00:00:00-04:00
                                  1.533333
                                            1.540000
                                                      1.247333
                                                                1.280000
     4 2010-07-06 00:00:00-04:00
                                 1.333333
                                            1.333333 1.055333
                                                                1.074000
                  Dividends Stock Splits
           Volume
       281494500
                         0.0
                                       0.0
```

0.0

0.0

257806500

2	123282000	0.0	0.0
3	77097000	0.0	0.0
4	103003500	0.0	0.0

#### 0.3 Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm Save the text of the response as a variable named html\_data.

```
[10]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm"

html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful\_soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[27]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, "html.parser")
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read\_html function extract the table with Tesla Revenue and store it into a dataframe named tesla\_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue.

Step-by-step instructions

Here are the step-by-step instructions:

- 1. Create an Empty DataFrame
- 2. Find the Relevant Table
- 3. Check for the Tesla Quarterly Revenue Table
- 4. Iterate Through Rows in the Table Body
- 5. Extract Data from Columns
- 6. Append Data to the DataFrame

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find\_all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read\_html function the table is located at index 1

We are focusing on quarterly revenue in the lab.

```
[33]: tesla_revenue = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Date", "Revenue"])

for row in soup.find_all("tbody")[1].find_all("tr"):
    col = row.find_all("td")
    if col != []:
```

```
date = col[0].text
    revenue = col[1].text
    tesla_revenue = pd.concat([tesla_revenue, pd.DataFrame({"Date":[date],__
    "Revenue":[revenue]})], ignore_index=True)

tesla_revenue
```

```
[33]:
                Date
                      Revenue
      0
          2022-09-30
                      $21,454
          2022-06-30
                      $16,934
      1
      2
          2022-03-31 $18,756
      3
          2021-12-31
                      $17,719
      4
          2021-09-30 $13,757
                      $11,958
      5
          2021-06-30
      6
          2021-03-31
                     $10,389
      7
          2020-12-31
                     $10,744
      8
          2020-09-30
                       $8,771
      9
          2020-06-30
                       $6,036
                       $5,985
      10
         2020-03-31
          2019-12-31
                       $7,384
      11
      12
                       $6,303
          2019-09-30
      13
          2019-06-30
                       $6,350
          2019-03-31
      14
                       $4,541
      15
          2018-12-31
                       $7,226
      16
         2018-09-30
                       $6,824
                       $4,002
      17
          2018-06-30
      18
         2018-03-31
                       $3,409
      19
          2017-12-31
                       $3,288
      20
          2017-09-30
                       $2,985
      21
          2017-06-30
                       $2,790
      22
          2017-03-31
                       $2,696
      23
          2016-12-31
                       $2,285
          2016-09-30
      24
                       $2,298
      25
          2016-06-30
                       $1,270
      26
          2016-03-31
                       $1,147
      27
          2015-12-31
                       $1,214
      28
          2015-09-30
                         $937
      29
         2015-06-30
                         $955
      30
         2015-03-31
                         $940
      31
         2014-12-31
                         $957
         2014-09-30
                         $852
      32
      33
         2014-06-30
                         $769
         2014-03-31
                         $621
      34
      35
          2013-12-31
                         $615
      36
          2013-09-30
                         $431
      37
          2013-06-30
                         $405
      38
          2013-03-31
                         $562
```

```
39
    2012-12-31
                    $306
                     $50
40
    2012-09-30
41
    2012-06-30
                     $27
42
    2012-03-31
                     $30
    2011-12-31
                     $39
43
    2011-09-30
                     $58
44
45
    2011-06-30
                     $58
46
    2011-03-31
                     $49
47
    2010-12-31
                     $36
48
    2010-09-30
                     $31
49
    2010-06-30
                     $28
50
    2010-03-31
                     $21
51
    2009-12-31
52
    2009-09-30
                     $46
    2009-06-30
53
                     $27
```

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the Revenue column.

```
[34]: Date Revenue
0 2022-09-30 21454
1 2022-06-30 16934
2 2022-03-31 18756
3 2021-12-31 17719
4 2021-09-30 13757
```

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

```
[35]: tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)

tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue['Revenue'] != ""]
tesla_revenue.head()
```

```
[35]: Date Revenue
0 2022-09-30 21454
1 2022-06-30 16934
2 2022-03-31 18756
3 2021-12-31 17719
4 2021-09-30 13757
```

```
[]:
```

Display the last 5 row of the tesla\_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

## [36]: tesla\_revenue.tail()

```
[36]:
                 Date Revenue
      48
           2010-09-30
                            31
      49
           2010-06-30
                            28
           2010-03-31
                            21
      50
      52
           2009-09-30
                            46
      53
           2009-06-30
                            27
```

### 0.4 Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is GameStop and its ticker symbol is GME.

```
[37]: gamestop_stock = yf.Ticker("GME")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named gme\_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[39]: gme_data = gamestop_stock.history(period="max")
gme_data
```

[39]:			Open	High	Low	Close	\
	Date						
	2002-02-13	00:00:00-05:00	1.620128	1.693350	1.603296	1.691666	
	2002-02-14	00:00:00-05:00	1.712707	1.716074	1.670626	1.683250	
	2002-02-15	00:00:00-05:00	1.683250	1.687458	1.658002	1.674834	
	2002-02-19	00:00:00-05:00	1.666418	1.666418	1.578047	1.607504	
	2002-02-20	00:00:00-05:00	1.615920	1.662210	1.603296	1.662210	
			•••	•••			
	2024-12-30	00:00:00-05:00	31.799999	32.880001	31.610001	32.009998	
	2024-12-31	00:00:00-05:00	32.060001	32.439999	31.100000	31.340000	
	2025-01-02	00:00:00-05:00	31.840000	32.049999	30.370001	30.660000	
	2025-01-03	00:00:00-05:00	30.799999	32.139999	30.570000	31.650000	
	2025-01-06	00:00:00-05:00	31.700001	33.490002	30.760000	32.820000	
			W-7	Dinidondo	C+ l- C l : +	_	
	D-+-		Volume	Dividends	Stock Split	S	
	Date		70040000			•	
		00:00:00-05:00	76216000	0.0	0.		
		00:00:00-05:00	11021600	0.0	0.		
		00:00:00-05:00	8389600	0.0	0.		
	2002-02-19	00:00:00-05:00	7410400	0.0	0.	0	
	2002-02-20	00:00:00-05:00	6892800	0.0	0.	0	
	•••		•••	•••	***		
	2024-12-30	00:00:00-05:00	9593100	0.0	0.	0	
	2024-12-31	00:00:00-05:00	7395300	0.0	0.	0	
	2025-01-02	00:00:00-05:00	7979700	0.0	0.	0	

```
2025-01-03 00:00:00-05:00 7425800 0.0 0.0
2025-01-06 00:00:00-05:00 12154409 0.0 0.0
```

[5763 rows x 7 columns]

Reset the index using the reset\_index(inplace=True) function on the gme\_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the gme\_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 3 to the results below.

```
[40]: gme_data.reset_index(inplace=True) gme_data.head()
```

[40]:			Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	\
	0	2002-02-13	00:00:00-05:00	1.620128	1.693350	1.603296	1.691666	76216000	
	1	2002-02-14	00:00:00-05:00	1.712707	1.716074	1.670626	1.683250	11021600	
	2	2002-02-15	00:00:00-05:00	1.683250	1.687458	1.658002	1.674834	8389600	
	3	2002-02-19	00:00:00-05:00	1.666418	1.666418	1.578047	1.607504	7410400	
	4	2002-02-20	00:00:00-05:00	1.615920	1.662210	1.603296	1.662210	6892800	

	Dividends	Stock Splits
0	0.0	0.0
1	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	0.0
3	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0

#### 0.5 Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html. Save the text of the response as a variable named html\_data\_2.

```
[41]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html"

html_data_2 = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful\_soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[42]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data_2, "html.parser")
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read\_html function extract the table with GameStop Revenue and store it into a dataframe named gme\_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue. Make sure the comma and dollar sign is removed from the Revenue column.

Note: Use the method similar to what you did in question 2.

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find\_all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read\_html function the table is located at index 1

[45]: gme\_revenue = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Date", "Revenue"])

```
for row in soup.find_all("tbody")[1].find_all("tr"):
         col = row.find all("td")
         date = col[0].text
         revenue = col[1].text
         gme_revenue = pd.concat([gme_revenue, pd.DataFrame({"Date":[date],_

¬"Revenue":[revenue]})], ignore_index=True)

      gme_revenue
[45]:
               Date Revenue
         2020-04-30 $1,021
      0
         2020-01-31 $2,194
      1
         2019-10-31 $1,439
      2
         2019-07-31 $1,286
      3
      4
         2019-04-30 $1,548
      57 2006-01-31 $1,667
      58 2005-10-31
                       $534
      59 2005-07-31
                       $416
      60 2005-04-30
                       $475
      61 2005-01-31
                       $709
      [62 rows x 2 columns]
[46]: gme_revenue["Revenue"] = gme_revenue["Revenue"].astype(str).str.replace('$', __
      →"").str.replace(',', "")
```

```
[46]: Date Revenue

0 2020-04-30 1021

1 2020-01-31 2194

2 2019-10-31 1439

3 2019-07-31 1286

4 2019-04-30 1548
```

gme\_revenue = gme\_revenue[gme\_revenue["Revenue"] != ""]

gme\_revenue.head()

Display the last five rows of the gme\_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

#### [47]: gme\_revenue.tail()

#### [47]:Date Revenue 57 2006-01-31 1667 58 2005-10-31 534 59 2005-07-31 416 60 2005-04-30 475 61 2005-01-31 709

### 0.6 Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph

Use the make\_graph function to graph the Tesla Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make\_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

```
[48]: make_graph(tesla_data, tesla_revenue, 'Tesla Stock Prices Vs. Revenue')
```

/tmp/ipykernel\_83/3316612210.py:5: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer\_datetime\_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

/tmp/ipykernel\_83/3316612210.py:6: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer\_datetime\_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

#### Tesla Stock Prices Vs. Revenue





### 0.7 Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Use the make\_graph function to graph the GameStop Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make\_graph function is make\_graph(gme\_data, gme\_revenue, 'GameStop'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make\_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

/tmp/ipykernel\_83/3316612210.py:5: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer\_datetime\_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see

https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

/tmp/ipykernel\_83/3316612210.py:6: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer\_datetime\_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.







#### About the Authors:

Joseph Santarcangelo has a PhD in Electrical Engineering, his research focused on using machine learning, signal processing, and computer vision to determine how videos impact human cognition. Joseph has been working for IBM since he completed his PhD.

# Azim Hirjani

# 0.8 Change Log

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By	Change Description
2022-02-28	1.2	Lakshmi Holla	Changed the URL of GameStop
2020-11-10	1.1	Malika Singla	Deleted the Optional part
2020-08-27	1.0	Malika Singla	Added lab to GitLab

##

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