## **Complete JavaScript and HTML Code Scripts (1 to 40)**

### 1. JavaScript to perform Arithmetic Operations

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
    let a = 10, b = 5;
   console.log("Addition: " + (a + b));
   console.log("Subtraction: " + (a - b));
   console.log("Multiplication: " + (a * b));
   console.log("Division: " + (a / b));
  </script>
</body>
</html>
2. JavaScript to display simple messages
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
    alert("Hello, welcome to JavaScript!");
    console.log("This is a simple message.");
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

# 3. JavaScript to find Even and Odd Numbers

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   let num = 7;
   console.log(num % 2 === 0 ? "Even" : "Odd");
  </script>
</body>
</html>
4. JavaScript to check if a number is positive or negative
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   let num = -5;
   console.log(num > 0 ? "Positive" : num < 0 ? "Negative" : "Zero");</pre>
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 5. JavaScript to perform 4 Array functions

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   let arr = [5, 10, 15, 20];
   console.log(arr.length); // Length of array
   console.log(arr.join('-')); // Join elements
   console.log(arr.reverse()); // Reverse the array
   arr.push(25);
                          // Add new element
   console.log(arr);
  </script>
</body>
</html>
6. JavaScript to perform 4 String functions
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   let str = "JavaScript";
   console.log(str.length);
                             // Length of string
   console.log(str.toUpperCase()); // Convert to uppercase
   console.log(str.substring(0, 4)); // Extract substring
   console.log(str.replace("Script", "Code")); // Replace part of string
  </script>
</body></html>
```

```
7. JavaScript to find the cube of a number using a function
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   function cube(num) {
     return num * num * num;
   }
   console.log("Cube: " + cube(3));
 </script>
</body>
</html>
8. JavaScript to find the multiplication of a number using a function
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   function multiply(a, b) {
     return a * b;
   }
   console.log("Multiplication: " + multiply(4, 5));
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

# 9. JavaScript to demonstrate use of Switch-case (3 cases)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   let choice = 2;
   switch (choice) {
      case 1:
        console.log("Option 1 Selected");
        break;
      case 2:
        console.log("Option 2 Selected");
        break;
      case 3:
        console.log("Option 3 Selected");
        break;
      default:
        console.log("Invalid Option");
   }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

# 10. HTML webpage for a simple registration form with major controls

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <label>First Name:</label>
   <input type="text" name="firstname" /><br>
   <label>Last Name:</label>
   <input type="text" name="lastname" /><br>
   <label>Email:</label>
   <input type="email" name="email" /><br>
   <input type="submit" value="Register" />
 </form>
</body>
</html>
11. JavaScript to demonstrate use of onBlur Event
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <label>Enter your name:</label>
   <input type="text" onblur="alert('Input field lost focus!')" />
 </form>
</body>
</html>
```

```
12. JavaScript to demonstrate use of onFocus Event
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <form>
   <label>Enter your email:</label>
   <input type="email" onfocus="alert('Input field is focused!')" />
  </form>
</body>
</html>
13. JavaScript to demonstrate use of onChange Event
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <form>
   <label>Select your country:</label>
   <select onchange="alert('You selected: ' + this.value)">
     <option value="India">India
     <option value="USA">USA</option>
     <option value="UK">UK</option>
   </select>
  </form>
```

</body>

</html>

```
14. JavaScript to demonstrate 4 Date class functions
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <script>
   let now = new Date();
   console.log("Current Date: " + now.toDateString());
   console.log("Current Time: " + now.toTimeString());
   console.log("Year: " + now.getFullYear());
   console.log("Month: " + (now.getMonth() + 1)); // Months are 0-based
 </script>
</body>
</html>
15. JavaScript to demonstrate 4 Math class functions
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <script>
   console.log("Square Root of 16: " + Math.sqrt(16));
   console.log("Power (2^3): " + Math.pow(2, 3));
   console.log("Random Number (0-1): " + Math.random());
   console.log("Absolute Value of -5: " + Math.abs(-5));
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 16. JavaScript to demonstrate use of Window.open() method

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <button onclick="openNewWindow()">Open Google</button>
  <script>
   function openNewWindow() {
     window.open("https://www.google.com", "_blank", "width=500,height=500");
   }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
17. JavaScript to create a Cookie
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   document.cookie = "username=SAP; expires=Fri, 31 Dec 2024 12:00:00 UTC; path=/";
   console.log("Cookie Set: " + document.cookie);
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
18. JavaScript to find if a character is a vowel using a Regular Expression
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   function isVowel(char) {
     return /^[aeiouAEIOU]$/.test(char);
   }
   console.log("Is 'a' a vowel? " + isVowel('a'));
   console.log("Is 'b' a vowel? " + isVowel('b'));
  </script>
</body>
</html>
19. JavaScript to find if a character is uppercase using a Regular Expression
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   function isUpperCase(char) {
     return /^[A-Z]$/.test(char);
   }
   console.log("Is 'A' uppercase? " + isUpperCase('A'));
   console.log("Is 'a' uppercase? " + isUpperCase('a'));
  </script>
```

</body>

</html>

```
20. JavaScript to find if a character is lowercase using a Regular Expression
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <script>
   function isLowerCase(char) {
     return /^[a-z]$/.test(char);
   }
   console.log("Is 'a' lowercase? " + isLowerCase('a'));
   console.log("Is 'A' lowercase? " + isLowerCase('A'));
 </script>
</body>
</html>
21. HTML webpage with Rollover Effect
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <img src="image1.jpg" onmouseover="this.src='image2.jpg'"</pre>
onmouseout="this.src='image1.jpg'" alt="Image" width="200">
</body>
</html>
22. HTML webpage for implementing a pull-down menu
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <label>Select an option:</label>
```

```
<select>
     <option value="Option1">Option 1</option>
     <option value="Option2">Option 2</option>
     <option value="Option3">Option 3</option>
     </select>
     </form>
</body>
</html>
```

## 23. HTML webpage to disable mouse right-click

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<br/><body oncontextmenu="return false">
  <h1>Right-click is disabled on this page!</h1>
</body>
</html>
24. HTML webpage for creating rotating banners
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <img id="banner" src="image1.jpg" alt="Banner" width="500">
  <script>
   const images = ["image1.jpg", "image2.jpg", "image3.jpg"];
   let index = 0;
   setInterval(() => {
     index = (index + 1) % images.length;
     document.getElementById("banner").src = images[index];
   }, 3000);
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 25. HTML webpage for creating a slideshow using banners

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <img id="slideshow" src="image1.jpg" alt="Slideshow" width="500">
  <button onclick="previous()">Previous</button>
  <button onclick="next()">Next</button>
  <script>
   const slides = ["image1.jpg", "image2.jpg", "image3.jpg"];
   let currentIndex = 0;
   function updateSlide() {
     document.getElementById("slideshow").src = slides[currentIndex];
   }
   function previous() {
     currentIndex = (currentIndex - 1 + slides.length) % slides.length;
     updateSlide();
   }
   function next() {
      currentIndex = (currentIndex + 1) % slides.length;
     updateSlide();
   }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

# 26. JavaScript to accept a full name and separate it into first, middle, and last names

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <label>Enter Full Name:</label>
   <input type="text" id="fullname" />
   <button type="button" onclick="processName()">Submit</button>
 </form>
 <script>
   function processName() {
     let name = document.getElementById("fullname").value.trim();
     let parts = name.split(" ");
     let first = parts[0] || "";
     let middle = parts.length > 2 ? parts[1] : "";
     let last = parts.length > 1 ? parts[parts.length - 1] : "";
     document.getElementById("output").innerText =
       `First: ${capitalize(first)}, Middle: ${capitalize(middle)}, Last: ${capitalize(last)}`;
   }
   function capitalize(str) {
     return str.charAt(0).toUpperCase() + str.slice(1).toLowerCase();
   }
 </script>
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

#### 27. JavaScript to replace a specified string value with another

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
   let str = "I will fail";
   let updatedStr = str.replace("fail", "pass");
   console.log("Original: " + str);
   console.log("Updated: " + updatedStr);
  </script>
</body>
</html>
28. JavaScript slideshow with next/previous transition between slides
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <img id="slide" src="image1.jpg" alt="Slideshow" width="500">
  <button onclick="prev()">Previous</button>
  <button onclick="next()">Next</button>
  <script>
   const images = ["image1.jpg", "image2.jpg", "image3.jpg"];
   let idx = 0;
   function update() {
     document.getElementById("slide").src = images[idx];
   }
```

```
function prev() {
     idx = (idx - 1 + images.length) \% images.length;
     update();
   }
   function next() {
    idx = (idx + 1) \% images.length;
     update();
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
29. HTML script for a drop-down list displaying city descriptions and images
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <label>Select City:</label>
   <select onchange="showCityInfo(this.value)">
     <option value="New Delhi">New Delhi
     <option value="Mumbai">Mumbai
     <option value="Bangalore">Bangalore
   </select>
 </form>
 Description
```

```
Image
   <img id="cityImage" src="" alt="City" width="200">
   <script>
   const cityData = {
     "New Delhi": { desc: "Capital city of India, known for its rich history.", img: "delhi.jpg"
},
     "Mumbai": { desc: "Financial capital of India, home to Bollywood.", img: "mumbai.jpg"
},
     "Bangalore": { desc: "Known as the Silicon Valley of India.", img: "bangalore.jpg" },
   };
   function showCityInfo(city) {
     document.getElementById("description").innerText = cityData[city].desc;
     document.getElementById("cityImage").src = cityData[city].img;
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <label>Enter a String:</label>
   <input type="text" id="text" />
   <button type="button" onclick="checkPalindrome()">Check</button>
 </form>
 <script>
   function checkPalindrome() {
     let str = document.getElementById("text").value;
     let reversed = str.split("").reverse().join("");
     document.getElementById("result").innerText =
       str === reversed ? "It is a palindrome." : "It is not a palindrome.";
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
31. HTML script with radio buttons for Fruits/Vegetables and corresponding
options
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <input type="radio" name="category" value="fruits" onclick="showOptions('fruits')">
Fruits
```

```
<input type="radio" name="category" value="vegetables"</pre>
onclick="showOptions('vegetables')"> Vegetables
    <br><br>>
    <select id="options">
      <option>Select an option
   </select>
  </form>
  <script>
   const data = {
     fruits: ["Apple", "Banana", "Orange"],
     vegetables: ["Carrot", "Potato", "Tomato"]
   };
   function showOptions(category) {
     const select = document.getElementById("options");
     select.innerHTML = ""; // Clear previous options
     data[category].forEach(item => {
       let option = document.createElement("option");
        option.text = item;
       select.add(option);
     });
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
32. JavaScript to modify the status bar using MouseOver and MouseOut
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <a href="#" onmouseover="window.status='MSBTE'; return true;"
onmouseout="window.status="; return true;">Hover over me</a>
</body>
</html>
33. JavaScript to display all properties of the window object
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <script>
   for (let prop in window) {
     console.log(prop + ": " + window[prop]);
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
34. JavaScript to prompt the user for a color and set it as the new webpage
background
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <button onclick="changeBackground()">Change Background</button>
 <script>
```

```
function changeBackground() {
     let color = prompt("Enter a color:");
     if (color) {
       document.body.style.backgroundColor = color;
     }
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
35. JavaScript program for scrolling text on the status line
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <script>
   let text = "Welcome to MSBTE! ";
   let index = 0;
   function scrollText() {
     window.status = text.substring(index) + text.substring(0, index);
     index = (index + 1) % text.length;
   }
   setInterval(scrollText, 200);
 </script>
</body>
</html>
36. JavaScript program to create rotating banner ads with URL links
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
<body>
 <a id="bannerLink" href="https://example1.com" target="_blank">
   <img id="banner" src="image1.jpg" alt="Banner" width="500">
  </a>
  <script>
   const ads = [
     { img: "image1.jpg", link: "https://example1.com" },
     { img: "image2.jpg", link: "https://example2.com" },
     { img: "image3.jpg", link: "https://example3.com" }
   ];
   let currentAd = 0;
   setInterval(() => {
     currentAd = (currentAd + 1) % ads.length;
     document.getElementById("banner").src = ads[currentAd].img;
     document.getElementById("bannerLink").href = ads[currentAd].link;
   }, 3000);
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 37. HTML webpage to validate an Aadhaar card number format

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <label>Enter Aadhaar Number:</label>
   <input type="text" id="aadhaar" />
   <button type="button" onclick="validateAadhaar()">Validate/button>
 </form>
 <script>
   function validateAadhaar() {
     const aadhaar = document.getElementById("aadhaar").value;
     const pattern = /^{d{4}[-.]?\d{4}[-.]?\d{4}};
     const result = pattern.test(aadhaar) ? "Valid Aadhaar Number" : "Invalid Aadhaar
Number";
     document.getElementById("result").innerText = result;
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 38. HTML script to disable textboxes and change colors on submission

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
 <form>
   <label>First Name:</label>
   <input type="text" id="fname" /><br>
   <label>Middle Name:</label>
   <input type="text" id="mname" /><br>
   <label>Surname:</label>
   <input type="text" id="lname" /><br>
   <button type="button" onclick="disableFields()">Submit</button>
 </form>
 <script>
   function disableFields() {
     ["fname", "mname", "lname"].forEach(id => {
       const field = document.getElementById(id);
       field.disabled = true;
       field.style.backgroundColor = "red";
     });
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
39. JavaScript to find the area of a triangle (sides 5, 6, 7)
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <script>
    const a = 5, b = 6, c = 7;
    const s = (a + b + c) / 2; // Semi-perimeter
    const area = Math.sqrt(s * (s - a) * (s - b) * (s - c));
    console.log("Area of the triangle: " + area.toFixed(2));
  </script>
</body>
</html>
40. HTML script for a frame structure (Frame1, Frame2, Frame3)
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Frame Structure</title>
</head>
<frameset rows="20%,*">
  <!-- Frame1 at the top -->
  <frame name="Frame1" srcdoc="</pre>
    <!DOCTYPE html>
    <html>
    <body>
      <h1 style='text-align: center;'>Frame 1</h1>
    </body>
```

```
</html>
"/>
<!-- Frame2 and Frame3 side-by-side -->
<frameset cols="30%,*">
 <frame name="Frame2" srcdoc="</pre>
   <!DOCTYPE html>
   <html>
   <body>
     <h3>Navigation</h3>
     <a href='fruits.html' target='Frame3'>Fruits</a>
       <a href='flowers.html' target='Frame3'>Flowers</a>
       <a href='cities.html' target='Frame3'>Cities</a>
     </body>
   </html>
 " />
 <frame name="Frame3" srcdoc="</pre>
   <!DOCTYPE html>
   <html>
   <body>
     <h1>Welcome</h1>
     Click on links in Frame2 to view content here.
   </body>
   </html>
```

"/>

</frameset>

</frameset>

</html>