



Says

What have we heard them say?
What can we imagine them saying?



Thinks

What are their wants, needs, hopes, and dreams?
What other thoughts might influence their behavior?



Feels

What are their fears, frustrations, and anxieties?
What other feelings might influence their behavior?



Does

What behavior have we observed?
What can we imagine them doing?

top crop in india which most population :
rice
wheat
tea
coffe
potato
mango
onion
cotton
tomoto
millets
jute
sugarcane
there are most crop population in india.

There aree several
major crop in india like food
grains:
Rice,wheat,maize
millets,and pulses.

Cash crop:
Jute,sugarcane,cotton
tobacco,and oilseeds
etc.....

plantation
crops(1997-2021):
tea
coffee
coconut.

Rubber and
horticulture crops:
fruits and
vegetables.

Three largest
crops grown in
india:
Rice
maize
wheat

Rice is most popular
food in
india.Because
it is the primary
source of energy for
over half of the
world's people.

wheat also one of the
most popular in
india.Because wheat is
one of the main staple
crops and is imprtant for
the food economy in
india.it is the most
consumed crop after rice
by the indian population.

maize is one if the
most important.In india
,maize is used for
different purposes.47%
of the maize produced
in india is mainly used
as poultry feed.13% of
the maize produced in.



Rice is producing
from :
west
bengal,andhara
pradesh,
chhattisgarh,and
tamil nadu.

wheat is
producing from:
uttar pradesh
punjab
haryana.

cash crops also have a greater.(1997-2021)
sugarcane-Uttar pradesh is the largest
producer of sugercane in india following
by maharastra and karnataka.

tobacco- the western state of gujarat was
leading procuder of tobacco396
million.andha pradesh with prodution 145
million.

cotton- the lion's share of cotton comes
from gujarat (8.52 million)etc...

Maize is producing
represents 2% of world
maize production.
4% of total maize area.
Karnataka,
it's following by madhya
pradesh and maharashtra.
Andhra pradesh has the
highest maize productivity.

Agricultural output had
been volatile over the
past 10 years, with
annual growth ranging
from8.6%in 2010-11,to-
0.2% in 2014-15 and
0.8%in 2015-16.

The agricultral
growth rate
has fallen tio 3
percent in
2020-2021.

In 2020 -21,the growth
in this sector was 3.3%.
In 2016-17,the growth
rate was
6.8%,following by 6.6%
in 2017-18,2.1% in 2018-
19 and 5.5% in 2019-
20.

From 3.3 percent in
2010-21,according to
the economic survey
report 2020-21
tabled in the
parliament on
january.