

Homework-2 Solutions

软件 2101 杨豪 学号: 2206213297

2022 年 11 月 21 日

Honor Code: I promise that I finished the homework solutions on my own without copying other people's work.

第 2 章光栅图形学

2.1 直线算法的实现与分析

DDA 算法

```
1 // DDA算法中需要大量用到 浮点数运算 和 分支判断, 会大大减缓硬件速度
2 void DDALine(int x0, int y0, int x1, int y1, Color color)
3 {
4     float dx = x1 - x0, dy = y1 - y0;
5     float k = dy / dx, y = y0;
6     if(k <= 1){
7         float y = y0;
8         for(int x = x0; x <= x1; x++){
9             draw_pixel(x, (int)(y + 0.5), color);
10            y += k;
11        }
12    }else{
13        float x = x0;
14        for(int y = y0; y <= y1; y++){
15            draw_pixel(x, (int)(y + 0.5), color);
16            x += 1 / k;
17        }
18    }
19 }
```

中点画线法

```

1 // 中点画线法在增量算法的优化下速度大幅提升，
2 // 且通过优化d0让算法完全在整数运算中实现，大大提高了运算速度
3 void MidpointLine(int x0, int y0, int x1, int y1, Color color) {
4     int a = y0 - y1, b = x1 - x0, x = x0, y = y0;
5     int d0 = 2 * a + b, d1 = 2 * a, d2 = 2 * (a + b);
6     while(x <= x1) {
7         draw_pixel(x, y, color);
8         if(d0 < 0){
9             x ++, y ++, d += d2; //右上方
10        }else{
11            x ++, d += d1; //右方
12        }
13    }
14 }

```

Bresenham 算法

```

1 // 比起中点画线法，Bresenham算法的推导过程简单易理解；
2 // 且由于判断都是定性，同样可以通过优化初值让算法完全由整数运算构成
3 void BresenhamLine(int x0, int y0, int x1, int y1, int color){
4     int dx = x1 - x0, dy = y1 - y0, x = x0, y = y0;
5     int e = -dx;
6     for(int i = 0; i <= dx; i++){
7         draw_pixel(x, y, color);
8         x ++, e += 2 * dy;
9         if(e >= 0){
10            y ++, e -= 2 * dx;
11        }
12    }
13 }

```

2.2 中点画圆法

```
1 // sym_draw(int x, int y, Color color)函数依照八分对称性画出(x,y)的对称点
2 void sym_draw(int x, int y, Color color) {
3     draw_pixel(x, y, color);
4     draw_pixel(y, x, color);
5     draw_pixel(-x, y, color);
6     draw_pixel(-y, x, color);
7     draw_pixel(x, -y, color);
8     draw_pixel(y, -x, color);
9     draw_pixel(-x, -y, color);
10    draw_pixel(-y, -x, color);
11 }
12
13 void MidPointCircle(int r, Color color){
14     int x, y, d;
15     int x = 0, y = r, e = 1 - r;
16     sym_draw(x, y, color);
17     while (x <= y) { // 到直线x=y结束
18         if(e < 0) e += 2 * x + 3; // 右侧
19         else e += 2 * (x - y) + 5, y--; // 右下
20         sym_draw(x ++, y, color);
21     }
22 }
```

Other things

L^AT_EX code refer to these things and was compiled on texlive2020.

- [UCB-CS70's given homework template.](#)
- [A free website useful to edit L^AT_EX formula code.](#)

The purpose of writing in English is to adapt to bilingual teaching and to improve my poor English writing skills in preparation for a possible future exchange program.

Thanks for your correcting and grading :).