Libraries

In [1]:

```
1 import numpy as np
 2 import scipy.misc
 3 import random
 4 import scipy
 5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 6 import os
 7 from cv2 import cv2
 8 from subprocess import call
 9 import math
10 import keras
11 import json
12
   import warnings
13
   warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
14
15
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

Data Preprocessing

In [2]:

```
xs = []
 2
   ys = []
 4
   #points to the end of the last batch
 5
   train batch pointer = 0
   val_batch_pointer = 0
 7
   #read data.txt
8
9
   with open("driving_dataset/data.txt") as f:
        for line in f:
10
11
            xs.append("driving_dataset/" + line.split()[0])
12
            #the paper by Nvidia uses the inverse of the turning radius,
            #but steering wheel angle is proportional to the inverse of turning radius
13
14
            #so the steering wheel angle in radians is used as the output
            ys.append(float(line.split()[1]) * scipy.pi / 180)
15
16
17
   #get number of images
   num\_images = len(xs)
18
19
   train_xs = xs[:int(len(xs) * 0.7)]
20
21
   train_ys = ys[:int(len(xs) * 0.7)]
22
23
   val_xs = xs[-int(len(xs) * 0.3):]
24
   val_ys = ys[-int(len(xs) * 0.3):]
25
26
   num_train_images = len(train_xs)
27
   num_val_images = len(val_xs)
28
```

In [3]:

```
1
   xs_t = []
2
   #points to the end of the last batch
4
   test_batch_pointer = 0
5
   #read data.txt
 6
   with open("driving_dataset/test/data.txt") as f:
7
8
       for line in f:
9
           xs_t.append("driving_dataset/test" + line)
10 #get number of images
   num_test_images = len(xs_t)
11
```

Generators

In [4]:

```
1
    def LoadTrainBatch(batch_size):
 2
        while True:
 3
            global train_batch_pointer
 4
            x_{train} = []
            y_train = []
 5
 6
            for i in range(0, batch_size):
 7
                x_train.append(scipy.misc.imresize(scipy.misc.imread(train_xs[(train_batch]
 8
                y_train.append([train_ys[(train_batch_pointer + i) % num_train_images]])
 9
            train_batch_pointer += batch_size
10
            yield np.array(x_train), np.array(y_train)
11
12
    def LoadValBatch(batch_size):
13
14
        while True:
15
            global val_batch_pointer
16
            x_cv = []
17
            y_cv = []
            for i in range(0, batch_size):
18
                x_cv.append(scipy.misc.imresize(scipy.misc.imread(val_xs[(val_batch_pointer
19
20
                y_cv.append([val_ys[(val_batch_pointer + i) % num_val_images]])
21
            val_batch_pointer += batch_size
            yield np.array(x_cv), np.array(y_cv)
22
23
24
25
    def LoadTestBatch(batch_size):
26
        while True:
27
            global test_batch_pointer
28
            x_{test} = []
29
            for i in range(0, batch_size):
30
                x_test.append(scipy.misc.imresize(scipy.misc.imread(xs_t[(test_batch_point
31
            test_batch_pointer += batch_size
32
            yield np.array(x_test)
```

Model

In [5]:

```
1 batch_size = 100
2 epochs = 30
3 save_freq = 5
```

In [6]:

```
model = keras.models.Sequential()
   model.add(layer=keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=24, kernel_size=(5,5), strides=(2, 2), pade
 2
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
   model.add(layer=keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=36, kernel_size=(5,5), strides=(2, 2), pade
 4
 5
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
 6
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=48, kernel_size=(5,5), strides=(2, 2), pade
 7
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
   model.add(layer=keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1, 1), pade
 8
9
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
10
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1, 1), pade
11
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
12
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Flatten())
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dense(units=1164,activation='relu',kernel_initializer='glo
13
14
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
15
   model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.5))
16
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dense(units=100,activation='relu',kernel initializer='glo
17
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.5))
18
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dense(units=50,activation='relu',kernel_initializer='glore
19
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
20
21
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.5))
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dense(units=10,activation='relu',kernel_initializer='glore')
22
23
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.BatchNormalization())
24
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.5))
25
    model.add(layer=keras.layers.Dense(units=1,activation='linear'))
26
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From c:\users\byron\applications\pythonmaster\lib\site-pa ckages\tensorflow\python\framework\op_def_library.py:263: colocate_with (fro m tensorflow.python.framework.ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a fu ture version.

Instructions for updating:

Colocations handled automatically by placer.

WARNING:tensorflow:From c:\users\byron\applications\pythonmaster\lib\site-pa ckages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:3445: calling dropout (from tenso rflow.python.ops.nn_ops) with keep_prob is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Please use `rate` instead of `keep_prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - keep_prob`.

In [7]:

```
1 model.summary()
2
```

Layer (type) 	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 31, 98, 24)) 1824
batch_normalization_1 (Batc	ch (None, 31, 98, 24)) 96
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 47, 36)) 21636
batch_normalization_2 (Batc	ch (None, 14, 47, 36)) 144
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 5, 22, 48)	43248
batch_normalization_3 (Batc	ch (None, 5, 22, 48)	192
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 3, 20, 64)	27712
batch_normalization_4 (Batc	ch (None, 3, 20, 64)	256
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 1, 18, 64)	36928
batch_normalization_5 (Batc	ch (None, 1, 18, 64)	256
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 1152)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1164)	1342092
batch_normalization_6 (Batc	ch (None, 1164)	4656
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 1164)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 100)	116500
batch_normalization_7 (Batc	ch (None, 100)	400
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 100)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 50)	5050
batch_normalization_8 (Batc	ch (None, 50)	200
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 50)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 10)	510
batch_normalization_9 (Batc	ch (None, 10)	40
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 10)	0
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 1)	11

Total params: 1,601,751
Trainable params: 1,598,631

Non-trainable params: 3,120

Model - Training

In [8]:

```
# for epoch in range(epochs):
 1
          print('\nEpoch {}/{}'.format(epoch + 1, epochs))
 2
 3
 4
    #
          losses, accs = [], []
 5
          for i, (X_train, Y_train) in enumerate(list(LoadTrainBatch(batch_size))):
 6
 7
 8
              loss, acc = model.train_on_batch(X_train, Y_train)
              print('Batch {}: loss = {}, acc = {}'.format(i + 1, loss, acc))
 9
10
    #
              losses.append(loss)
              accs.append(acc)
11
12
13
    #
              if (epoch + 1) % save freq == 0:
                  model.save_weights('weight_logs/'+'weights_{}.h5'.format(str(epoch + 1))
14
                  print('Saved checkpoint to', 'weights_{}.h5'.format(epoch + 1))
15
```

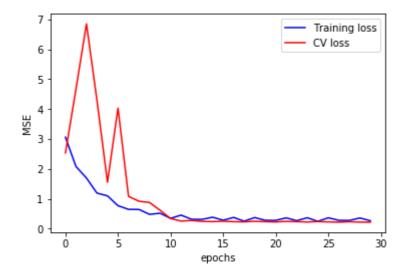
In [9]:

```
# Fitting a model generator:
 2
    if not os.path.exists('model state/model.h5'):
 3
        model.compile(optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(lr=0.0001, beta_1=0.9, beta_2=0.99),
 4
        history = model.fit_generator( generator=LoadTrainBatch(batch_size=batch_size),
 5
                                         validation_data=LoadValBatch(batch_size=batch_size
 6
                                         steps_per_epoch=int(num_images/batch_size),
 7
                                         validation_steps=int(num_images/batch_size),
 8
                                         epochs=epochs )
 9
        model.save weights('weight logs/weights.h5')
        model.save('model state/model.h5')
10
       with open('training_logs/json.json','w') as output:
11
12
            output.write(json.dumps(history.history))
       output = history.history
13
   else:
14
       model = keras.models.load_model('model_state/model.h5')
15
       with open('training logs/json.json','r') as output:
16
17
            output = json.loads(output.read())
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From c:\users\byron\applications\pythonmaster\lib\site-pa ckages\tensorflow\python\ops\math_ops.py:3066: to_int32 (from tensorflow.python.ops.math_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating:
Use tf.cast instead.

In [10]:

```
plt.plot(np.arange(epochs),output['loss'],color='b',label='Training loss')
plt.plot(np.arange(epochs),output['val_loss'],color='r',label='CV loss')
plt.xlabel('epochs')
plt.ylabel('MSE')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



Model - Validation

In [11]:

```
#model.load_weights(weight_logs/weights_30.h5)
 1
    # for epoch in range(epochs):
 2
 3
          print('\nEpoch {}/{}'.format(epoch + 1, epochs))
 4
 5
          losses, accs = [], []
 6
 7
          for i, (X_cv, Y_cv) in enumerate(list(LoadValBatch(batch_size))):
 8
 9
              loss, acc = model.test_on_batch(X_cv, Y_cv)
              print('Batch {}: loss = {}, acc = {}'.format(i + 1, loss, acc))
10
    #
11
    #
              losses.append(loss)
12
              accs.append(acc)
13
              if (epoch + 1) % save freq == 0:
14
    #
                  model.save_weights('weight_logs/'+'weights_{}.h5'.format(str(epoch + 1))
15
                  print('Saved checkpoint to', 'weights_{}.h5'.format(epoch + 1))
16
```

```
In [12]:
```

1 model.evaluate_generator(generator=LoadValBatch(batch_size=batch_size), steps=int(num_

454/454 [============] - 167s 367ms/step

Out[12]:

0.23676606487264315

Model - Testing

In [13]:

```
i = math.ceil(num images*0.7)
    smoothed_angle = 0
    img = cv2.imread('steering_wheel_image.jpg',0)
    rows, cols = img.shape
 5
 6
    while(cv2.waitKey(10) != ord('q')):
 7
         full_image = scipy.misc.imread("driving_dataset/" + str(i) + ".jpg", mode="RGB")
 8
 9
         image = scipy.misc.imresize(full_image[-150:], [66, 200]) / 255.0
10
11
12
         degrees = model.predict_on_batch(x=np.array([image])) * 180.0 / scipy.pi
13
14
         print("Steering angle: " + str(degrees[0][0]) + " (pred)\t" + str(ys[i]*180/scipy.
15
16
         cv2.imshow("frame", cv2.cvtColor(full image, cv2.COLOR RGB2BGR))
17
         smoothed_angle += 0.2 * pow(abs((degrees[0][0] - smoothed_angle)), 2.0 / 3.0) * (degrees[0][0] - smoothed_angle), 2.0 / 3.0) * (degrees[0][0] - smoothed_angle), 2.0 / 3.0)
18
19
        M = cv2.getRotationMatrix2D((cols/2,rows/2),-smoothed_angle,1)
20
21
         dst = cv2.warpAffine(img,M,(cols,rows))
22
         cv2.imshow("steering wheel", dst)
23
         i += 1
24
25
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
   Steering angle: -0.12940411 (pred)
                                          -40.0300000000001 (actual)
Steering angle: 0.47187644 (pred)
                                          -40.0300000000001 (actual)
Steering angle: 0.89203244 (pred)
                                          -40.0300000000001 (actual)
Steering angle: 1.512366 (pred) -40.0300000000001 (actual)
Steering angle: 1.9969054 (pred)
                                          -40.24 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.4896917 (pred)
                                          -40.939999999999 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.3975863 (pred)
                                          -41.14 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.308415 (pred) -41.14 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.9398663 (pred)
                                          -41.14 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.5729916 (pred)
                                          -41.34 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.4226675 (pred)
                                          -41.45 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.4810672 (pred)
                                          -41.45 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.216194 (pred) -41.45 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.6775236 (pred)
                                          -41.45 (actual)
Steering angle: 3.7102058 (pred)
                                          -41.45 (actual)
Steering angle: 3.388995 (pred) -41.45 (actual)
Steering angle: 2.8680608 (pred)
                                          -41.45 (actual)
Steering angle: 3.499905 (pred) -41.45 (actual)
Steering angle: 3.56835 (pred) -41.45 (actual)
```

In [14]:

```
i = 45406
 2
    smoothed_angle = 0
    img = cv2.imread('steering_wheel_image.jpg',0)
    rows, cols = img.shape
 5
 6
    while(cv2.waitKey(10) != ord('q')):
 7
 8
         full_image = scipy.misc.imread("driving_dataset/test/" + str(i) + ".jpg", mode="RGI
 9
         image = scipy.misc.imresize(full_image[-150:], [66, 200]) / 255.0
10
11
12
         degrees = model.predict_on_batch(x=np.array([image])) * 180.0 / scipy.pi
13
14
         print("Steering angle: " + str(degrees[0][0]) + " (pred)\t")
15
16
         cv2.imshow("frame", cv2.cvtColor(full_image, cv2.COLOR_RGB2BGR))
17
        smoothed_angle += 0.2 * pow(abs((degrees[0][0] - smoothed_angle)), 2.0 / 3.0) * (degrees[0][0] - smoothed_angle)
18
19
20
        M = cv2.getRotationMatrix2D((cols/2,rows/2),-smoothed_angle,1)
21
         dst = cv2.warpAffine(img,M,(cols,rows))
22
         cv2.imshow("steering wheel", dst)
23
         i += 1
24
         if i == 45567:
25
             break
26
27
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
Steering angle: 7.4521613 (pred)
Steering angle: 7.2200375 (pred)
Steering angle: 6.88315 (pred)
Steering angle: 6.8863583 (pred)
Steering angle: 7.2005343 (pred)
Steering angle: 7.059284 (pred)
Steering angle: 7.1794486 (pred)
Steering angle: 6.964485 (pred)
Steering angle: 7.056954 (pred)
Steering angle: 6.948978 (pred)
Steering angle: 7.0628633 (pred)
Steering angle: 6.677731 (pred)
Steering angle: 6.6757264 (pred)
Steering angle: 6.2726126 (pred)
Steering angle: 5.876835 (pred)
Steering angle: 5.89881 (pred)
Steering angle: 5.456636 (pred)
Steering angle: 5.5041337 (pred)
Steering angle: 5.8003535 (pred)
```

```
In [ ]:
```

1