DonorsChoose

DonorsChoose.org receives hundreds of thousands of project proposals each year for classroom projects in need of funding. Right now, a large number of volunteers is needed to manually screen each submission before it's approved to be posted on the DonorsChoose.org website.

Next year, DonorsChoose.org expects to receive close to 500,000 project proposals. As a result, there are three main problems they need to solve:

- How to scale current manual processes and resources to screen 500,000 projects so that they can be
 posted as quickly and as efficiently as possible
- How to increase the consistency of project vetting across different volunteers to improve the experience for teachers
- How to focus volunteer time on the applications that need the most assistance

The goal of the competition is to predict whether or not a DonorsChoose.org project proposal submitted by a teacher will be approved, using the text of project descriptions as well as additional metadata about the project, teacher, and school. DonorsChoose.org can then use this information to identify projects most likely to need further review before approval.

About the DonorsChoose Data Set

The train.csv data set provided by DonorsChoose contains the following features:

Desc	Feature
A unique identifier for the proposed project. Example: p0	project_id
Title of the project. Exa	
• Art Will Make You H • First Grad	project_title
Grade level of students for which the project is targeted. One of the forent enumerated $\boldsymbol{\nu}$	
 Grades P Grade Grade Grade 	<pre>project_grade_category</pre>
One or more (comma-separated) subject categories for the project fr following enumerated list of v	
 Applied Lea Care & H Health & S History & C Literacy & Lan Math & Sc Music & The Special W 	project_subject_categories
Exar	
• Music & The	

Literacy & Language, Math & Sc

7/14/2019 1 Reference EDA

Feature Desc State where school is located (Two-letter U.S. posta school_state (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of U.S. state abbreviations#Postal c Examp One or more (comma-separated) subject subcategories for the p Exan project_subject_subcategories Lit Literature & Writing, Social Sci An explanation of the resources needed for the project. Exa project_resource_summary My students need hands on literacy materials to ma sensory needs!< project_essay_1 First application Second application project_essay_2 project_essay_3 Third application project_essay_4 Fourth application Datetime when project application was submitted. Example: 2016-6 project_submitted_datetime A unique identifier for the teacher of the proposed project. Exteacher_id bdf8baa8fedef6bfeec7ae4ff1c Teacher's title. One of the following enumerated v teacher_prefix Tea teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects

Number of project applications previously submitted by the same to Exam

Additionally, the resources.csv data set provides more data about the resources required for each project. Each line in this file represents a resource required by a project:

Feature	Description
id	A project_id value from the train.csv file. Example: p036502
description	Desciption of the resource. Example: Tenor Saxophone Reeds, Box of 25
quantity	Quantity of the resource required. Example: 3
price	Price of the resource required. Example: 9.95

Note: Many projects require multiple resources. The id value corresponds to a project_id in train.csv, so you use it as a key to retrieve all resources needed for a project:

The data set contains the following label (the value you will attempt to predict):

Label	Description
project_is_approved	A binary flag indicating whether DonorsChoose approved the project. A value of 0 indicates the project was not approved, and a value of 1 indicates the project was approved.

See the section **Notes on the Essay Data** for more details about these features.

Notes on the Essay Data

Prior to May 17, 2016, the prompts for the essays were as follows:

- project essay 1: "Introduce us to your classroom"
- __project_essay_2:__ "Tell us more about your students"
- __project_essay_3:__ "Describe how your students will use the materials you're requesting"
- __project_essay_3:__ "Close by sharing why your project will make a difference"

Starting on May 17, 2016, the number of essays was reduced from 4 to 2, and the prompts for the first 2 essays were changed to the following:

- __project_essay_1:__ "Describe your students: What makes your students special? Specific details about their background, your neighborhood, and your school are all helpful."
- __project_essay_2:__ "About your project: How will these materials make a difference in your students' learning and improve their school lives?"

For all projects with project_submitted_datetime of 2016-05-17 and later, the values of project_essay_3 and project_essay_4 will be NaN.

In [1]:

```
%matplotlib inline
   import warnings
   warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
 5
   # Files:
 6
   import os
7
8  # Data:
9 import sqlite3
10 import pandas as pd
11 import numpy as np
12
   from collections import Counter
13
14 # Visuals:
15 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
16 import seaborn as sns
17 | from plotly import plotly
18 import plotly.offline as offline
19 import plotly.graph_objs as go
20 offline.init_notebook_mode()
21 | from prettytable import PrettyTable
22
   # Text:
23
24 import re
25 | # Tutorial about Python regular expressions: https://pymotw.com/2/re/
26 from nltk.corpus import stopwords
27 from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
28 import nltk
29 from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
30 import string
31 from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer, CountVectorizer
32 from gensim.models import Word2Vec
33 from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
34 | #from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
35
36 # Metrics:
37 from sklearn import metrics
38
   from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, roc_curve, auc
39
40 # Misc:
   import pickle
41
42 from tqdm import tqdm
```

```
c:\users\byron\applications\pythonmaster\lib\site-packages\gensim\utils.py:1
212: UserWarning:
```

detected Windows; aliasing chunkize to chunkize_serial

1.1 Reading Data

```
In [2]:
```

```
project_data = pd.read_csv('data/train_data.csv')
resource_data = pd.read_csv('data/resources.csv')
```

In [3]:

```
print("Number of data points in train data", project_data.shape)
print('-'*50)
print("The attributes of data :", project_data.columns.values)
```

```
Number of data points in train data (109248, 17)

The attributes of data: ['index' 'id' 'teacher_id' 'teacher_prefix' 'school _state'

'project_submitted_datetime' 'project_grade_category'

'project_subject_categories' 'project_subject_subcategories'

'project_title' 'project_essay_1' 'project_essay_2' 'project_essay_3'

'project_essay_4' 'project_resource_summary'

'teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects' 'project_is_approved']
```

In [4]:

```
print("Number of data points in train data", resource_data.shape)
print(resource_data.columns.values)
resource_data.head(2)
```

```
Number of data points in train data (1541272, 4) ['id' 'description' 'quantity' 'price']
```

Out[4]:

	id	description	quantity	price
0	p233245	LC652 - Lakeshore Double-Space Mobile Drying Rack	1	149.00
1	p069063	Bouncy Bands for Desks (Blue support pipes)	3	14.95

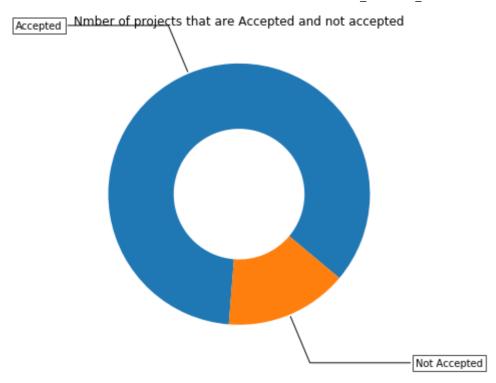
1.2 Data Analysis

In [5]:

```
# this code is taken from
   # https://matplotlib.org/gallery/pie_and_polar_charts/pie_and_donut_labels.html#sphx-g
 2
 3
 4
 5
   y_value_counts = project_data['project_is_approved'].value_counts()
    print("Number of projects than are approved for funding ", y_value_counts[1], ", (", ()
 6
    print("Number of projects thar are not approved for funding ", y_value_counts[0],
 7
8
9
   fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(6, 6), subplot_kw=dict(aspect="equal"))
    recipe = ["Accepted", "Not Accepted"]
10
11
   data = [y_value_counts[1], y_value_counts[0]]
12
13
14
   wedges, texts = ax.pie(data, wedgeprops=dict(width=0.5), startangle=-40)
15
16
   bbox_props = dict(boxstyle="square,pad=0.3", fc="w", ec="k", lw=0.72)
    kw = dict(xycoords='data', textcoords='data', arrowprops=dict(arrowstyle="-"),
17
              bbox=bbox_props, zorder=0, va="center")
18
19
20
   for i, p in enumerate(wedges):
21
        ang = (p.theta2 - p.theta1)/2. + p.theta1
22
        y = np.sin(np.deg2rad(ang))
23
        x = np.cos(np.deg2rad(ang))
        horizontalalignment = {-1: "right", 1: "left"}[int(np.sign(x))]
24
25
        connectionstyle = "angle, angleA=0, angleB={}".format(ang)
26
        kw["arrowprops"].update({"connectionstyle": connectionstyle})
27
        ax.annotate(recipe[i], xy=(x, y), xytext=(1.35*np.sign(x), 1.4*y),
28
                     horizontalalignment=horizontalalignment, **kw)
29
30
   ax.set_title("Nmber of projects that are Accepted and not accepted")
31
32
   plt.show()
```

```
Number of projects than are approved for funding 92706, ( 84.85830404217927) Number of projects than are not approved for funding 16542, ( 15.141695957820739%)
```

7/14/2019 1_Reference_EDA

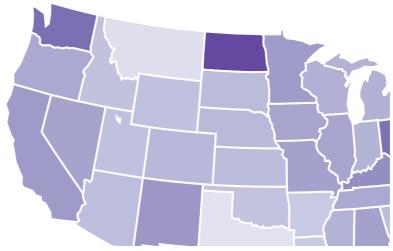


1.2.1 Univariate Analysis: School State

In [6]:

```
1
    # Pandas dataframe grouby count, mean: https://stackoverflow.com/a/19385591/4084039
 2
 3
    temp = pd.DataFrame(project_data.groupby("school_state")["project_is_approved"].apply(
 4
    # if you have data which contain only 0 and 1, then the mean = percentage (think about
 5
    temp.columns = ['state_code', 'num_proposals']
 6
 7
    # How to plot US state heatmap: https://datascience.stackexchange.com/a/9620
 8
 9
    scl = [[0.0, 'rgb(242, 240, 247)'], [0.2, 'rgb(218, 218, 235)'], [0.4, 'rgb(188, 189, 220)'], \]
10
                [0.6, 'rgb(158,154,200)'],[0.8, 'rgb(117,107,177)'],[1.0, 'rgb(84,39,143)'
11
12
    data = [ dict(
            type='choropleth',
13
14
            colorscale = scl,
            autocolorscale = False,
15
16
            locations = temp['state_code'],
17
            z = temp['num_proposals'].astype(float),
            locationmode = 'USA-states',
18
            text = temp['state_code'],
19
            marker = dict(line = dict (color = 'rgb(255,255,255)', width = 2)),
20
            colorbar = dict(title = "% of pro")
21
22
        ) ]
23
24
    layout = dict(
25
            title = 'Project Proposals % of Acceptance Rate by US States',
26
            geo = dict(
27
                scope='usa',
                projection=dict( type='albers usa' ),
28
29
                showlakes = True,
                lakecolor = 'rgb(255, 255, 255)',
30
31
            ),
32
        )
33
    fig = go.Figure(data=data, layout=layout)
34
35
    offline.iplot(fig, filename='us-map-heat-map')
```

Project Proposals % of Acceptance Rate





In [7]:

7/14/2019

```
# https://www.csi.cuny.edu/sites/default/files/pdf/administration/ops/2letterstabbrev.g
temp.sort_values(by=['num_proposals'], inplace=True)
print("States with lowest % approvals")
print(temp.head(5))
print('='*50)
print("States with highest % approvals")
print(temp.tail(5))
```

```
States with lowest % approvals
  state_code num_proposals
46
          VT
                  0.800000
7
          DC
                  0.802326
43
          TX
                  0.813142
          ΜT
                  0.816327
26
          LA
                  0.831245
18
______
States with highest % approvals
  state_code num_proposals
30
          NH
                  0.873563
          OH
35
                  0.875152
47
          WΑ
                  0.876178
          ND
                  0.888112
28
          DE
                  0.897959
8
```

In [8]:

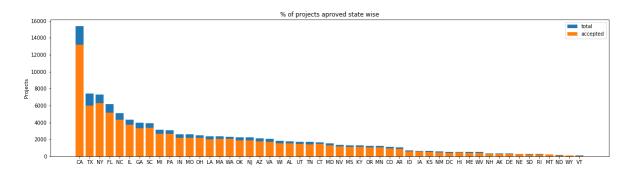
```
1
    #stacked bar plots matplotlib: https://matplotlib.org/gallery/lines bars and markers/be
 2
    def stack plot(data, xtick, col2='project is approved', col3='total'):
 3
        ind = np.arange(data.shape[0])
 4
 5
        plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
 6
        p1 = plt.bar(ind, data[col3].values)
 7
        p2 = plt.bar(ind, data[col2].values)
 8
 9
        plt.ylabel('Projects')
10
        plt.title('% of projects aproved state wise')
        plt.xticks(ind, list(data[xtick].values))
11
12
        plt.legend((p1[0], p2[0]), ('total', 'accepted'))
13
        plt.show()
```

In [9]:

```
1
    def univariate_barplots(data, col1, col2='project_is_approved', top=False):
 2
        # Count number of zeros in dataframe python: https://stackoverflow.com/a/51540521/4
 3
        temp = pd.DataFrame(project_data.groupby(col1)[col2].agg(lambda x: x.eq(1).sum()))
 4
 5
        # Pandas dataframe grouby count: https://stackoverflow.com/a/19385591/4084039
 6
        temp['total'] = pd.DataFrame(project_data.groupby(col1)[col2].agg({'total':'count'
 7
        temp['Avg'] = pd.DataFrame(project_data.groupby(col1)[col2].agg({'Avg':'mean'})).re
 8
 9
        temp.sort_values(by=['total'],inplace=True, ascending=False)
10
11
        if top:
12
            temp = temp[0:top]
13
14
        stack_plot(temp, xtick=col1, col2=col2, col3='total')
        print(temp.head(5))
15
16
        print("="*50)
17
        print(temp.tail(5))
```

In [10]:

```
univariate_barplots(project_data, 'school_state', 'project_is_approved', False)
```



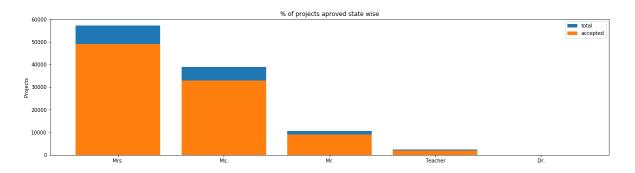
```
school_state
                   project_is_approved
                                          total
                                                        Avg
4
                                          15388
              CA
                                  13205
                                                  0.858136
43
              TΧ
                                    6014
                                           7396
                                                  0.813142
34
              NY
                                    6291
                                           7318
                                                  0.859661
9
                                    5144
                                                  0.831690
              FL
                                           6185
27
              NC
                                    4353
                                           5091
                                                  0.855038
   school state
                   project is approved
                                          total
                                                        Avg
39
              RΙ
                                     243
                                            285
                                                  0.852632
26
              ΜT
                                     200
                                            245
                                                  0.816327
28
              ND
                                     127
                                             143
                                                  0.888112
50
              WY
                                      82
                                             98
                                                  0.836735
46
              VT
                                      64
                                                  0.800000
                                             80
```

Every state is having more than 80% success rate in approval

1.2.2 Univariate Analysis: teacher prefix

In [11]:

univariate_barplots(project_data, 'teacher_prefix', 'project_is_approved' , top=False)

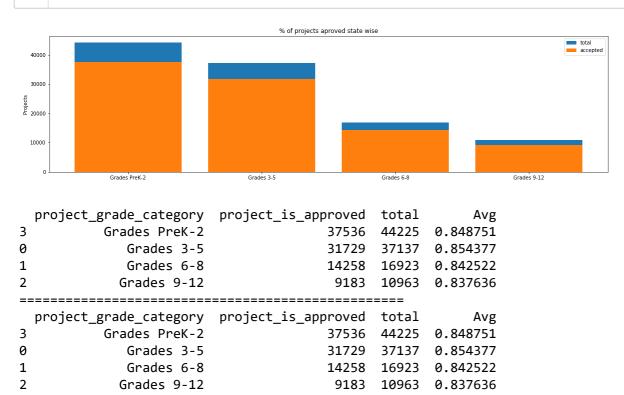


	teacher_prefix	<pre>project_is_approved</pre>	total	Avg
2	Mrs.	48997	57269	0.855559
3	Ms.	32860	38955	0.843537
1	Mr.	8960	10648	0.841473
4	Teacher	1877	2360	0.795339
0	Dr.	9	13	0.692308
=:	=========	============	======	=====
=:	======================================	project_is_approved	total	Avg
2	teacher_prefix Mrs.	========== project_is_approved 48997	total 57269	Avg 0.855559
2				U
	Mrs.	48997	57269	0.855559
	Mrs. Ms.	48997 32860	57269 38955	0.855559 0.843537

1.2.3 Univariate Analysis: project_grade_category

In [12]:

```
univariate_barplots(project_data, 'project_grade_category', 'project_is_approved', top
```



1.2.4 Univariate Analysis: project_subject_categories

In [13]:

```
catogories = list(project_data['project_subject_categories'].values)
    # remove special characters from list of strings python: https://stackoverflow.com/a/4
 2
 3
   # https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/removing-stop-words-nltk-python/
 4
 5
   # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/23669024/how-to-strip-a-specific-word-from-a-str
   # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/8270092/remove-all-whitespace-in-a-string-in-pyt
 7
    cat_list = []
 8
    for i in catogories:
 9
        temp = ""
10
        # consider we have text like this "Math & Science, Warmth, Care & Hunger"
        for j in i.split(','): # it will split it in three parts ["Math & Science", "Warmt
11
            if 'The' in j.split(): # this will split each of the catogory based on space "/
12
                j=j.replace('The','') # if we have the words "The" we are going to replace
13
14
            j = j.replace(' ','') # we are placeing all the ' '(space) with ''(empty) ex:"/
            temp+=j.strip()+" " #" abc ".strip() will return "abc", remove the trailing spe
15
            temp = temp.replace('&','_') # we are replacing the & value into
16
        cat list.append(temp.strip())
17
```

In [14]:

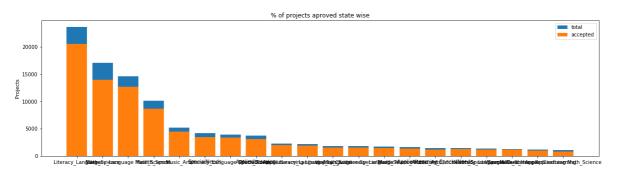
```
project_data['clean_categories'] = cat_list
project_data.drop(['project_subject_categories'], axis=1, inplace=True)
project_data.head(2)
```

Out[14]:

	index	id	teacher_id	teacher_prefix	school_state	project_su
0	160221	p253737	c90749f5d961ff158d4b4d1e7dc665fc	Mrs.	IN	20
1	140945	p258326	897464ce9ddc600bced1151f324dd63a	Mr.	FL	20
4						>

In [15]:

univariate_barplots(project_data, 'clean_categories', 'project_is_approved', top=20)



	clean_categories	project_is_approved	total	Avg
24	Literacy_Language	20520	23655	0.867470
32	Math_Science	13991	17072	0.819529
28	Literacy_Language Math_Science	12725	14636	0.869432
8	Health_Sports	8640	10177	0.848973
40	Music_Arts	4429	5180	0.855019
===		========		
	clean_categories	<pre>project_is_approved</pre>	total	Avg
19	<pre>History_Civics Literacy_Language</pre>	1271	1421	0.894441

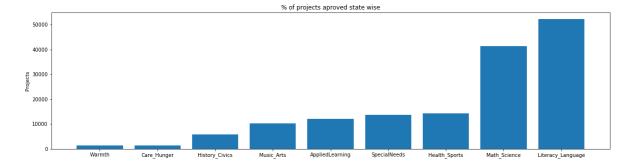
	crean_categorites	project_is_approved	totai	Avg
19	<pre>History_Civics Literacy_Language</pre>	1271	1421	0.894441
14	Health_Sports SpecialNeeds	1215	1391	0.873472
50	Warmth Care_Hunger	1212	1309	0.925898
33	Math_Science AppliedLearning	1019	1220	0.835246
4	AppliedLearning Math_Science	855	1052	0.812738

In [16]:

```
# count of all the words in corpus python: https://stackoverflow.com/a/22898595/4084039
my_counter = Counter()
for word in project_data['clean_categories'].values:
    my_counter.update(word.split())
```

In [17]:

```
# dict sort by value python: https://stackoverflow.com/a/613218/4084039
   cat_dict = dict(my_counter)
 2
 3
    sorted_cat_dict = dict(sorted(cat_dict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1]))
 4
 5
 6
   ind = np.arange(len(sorted_cat_dict))
 7
   plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
 8
   p1 = plt.bar(ind, list(sorted_cat_dict.values()))
9
10
   plt.ylabel('Projects')
11
   plt.title('% of projects aproved state wise')
   plt.xticks(ind, list(sorted_cat_dict.keys()))
12
13
   plt.show()
```



In [18]:

```
for i, j in sorted_cat_dict.items():
    print("{:20} :{:10}".format(i,j))
```

1388 Warmth 1388 Care Hunger History_Civics 5914 Music Arts 10293 12135 AppliedLearning SpecialNeeds 13642 : Health Sports 14223 Math Science 41421 Literacy_Language 52239

1.2.5 Univariate Analysis: project_subject_subcategories

In [19]:

```
sub_catogories = list(project_data['project_subject_subcategories'].values)
   # remove special characters from list of strings python: https://stackoverflow.com/a/4
 2
 3
 4
   # https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/removing-stop-words-nltk-python/
 5
   # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/23669024/how-to-strip-a-specific-word-from-a-str
   # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/8270092/remove-all-whitespace-in-a-string-in-pyt
 7
 8
   sub_cat_list = []
9
    for i in sub_catogories:
       temp = ""
10
11
        # consider we have text like this "Math & Science, Warmth, Care & Hunger"
        for j in i.split(','): # it will split it in three parts ["Math & Science", "Warmth
12
            if 'The' in j.split(): # this will split each of the catogory based on space "/
13
                j=j.replace('The','') # if we have the words "The" we are going to replace
14
                             ','') # we are placeing all the ' '(space) with ''(empty) ex:"/
            j = j.replace(' '
15
            temp +=j.strip()+" "#" abc ".strip() will return "abc", remove the trailing spe
16
            temp = temp.replace('&','_')
17
        sub_cat_list.append(temp.strip())
18
```

In [20]:

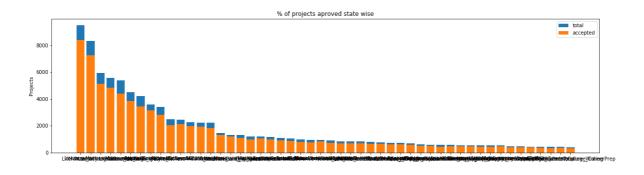
```
project_data['clean_subcategories'] = sub_cat_list
project_data.drop(['project_subject_subcategories'], axis=1, inplace=True)
project_data.head(2)
```

Out[20]:

	index	id	teacher_id	teacher_prefix	school_state	project_su
0	160221	p253737	c90749f5d961ff158d4b4d1e7dc665fc	Mrs.	IN	20
1	140945	p258326	897464ce9ddc600bced1151f324dd63a	Mr.	FL	20
4						•

In [21]:

univariate_barplots(project_data, 'clean_subcategories', 'project_is_approved', top=50



	clean_subcategories p	roject_is_approved	total		Avg
317	Literacy	8371	9486	0.8	82458
319	Literacy Mathematics	7260	8325	0.8	72072
331	Literature_Writing Mathematics	5140	5923	0.8	67803
318	Literacy Literature_Writing	4823	5571	0.8	65733
342	Mathematics	4385	5379	0.8	15207
====		========			
	clean_subcategorie	s project_is_appro	ved t	otal	Av
g					
196	EnvironmentalScience Literac	у	389	444	0.87612
6					
127	ES	L	349	421	0.82897

79	College_CareerPrep	343	421	0.81472
7				
17	AppliedSciences Literature_Writing	361	420	0.85952
4				
3	AppliedSciences College_CareerPrep	330	405	0.81481

In [22]:

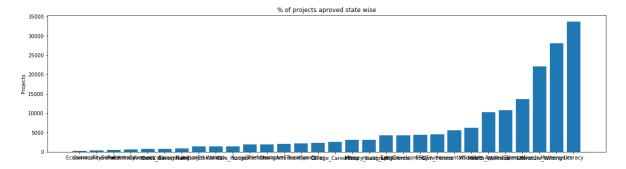
9

5

```
# count of all the words in corpus python: https://stackoverflow.com/a/22898595/4084039
from collections import Counter
my_counter = Counter()
for word in project_data['clean_subcategories'].values:
    my_counter.update(word.split())
```

In [23]:

```
# dict sort by value python: https://stackoverflow.com/a/613218/4084039
   sub_cat_dict = dict(my_counter)
 2
   sorted_sub_cat_dict = dict(sorted(sub_cat_dict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1]))
4
 5
 6
   ind = np.arange(len(sorted_sub_cat_dict))
 7
   plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
   p1 = plt.bar(ind, list(sorted_sub_cat_dict.values()))
8
9
10
   plt.ylabel('Projects')
   plt.title('% of projects aproved state wise')
11
   plt.xticks(ind, list(sorted_sub_cat_dict.keys()))
12
13
   plt.show()
```



In [24]:

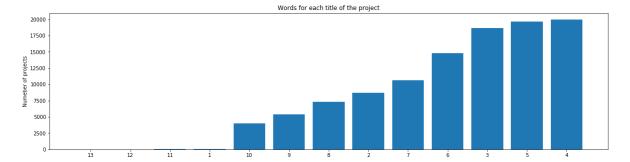
```
for i, j in sorted_sub_cat_dict.items():
    print("{:20} :{:10}".format(i,j))
```

Economics 269 CommunityService 441 FinancialLiteracy 568 ParentInvolvement 677 Extracurricular 810 Civics_Government 815 890 ForeignLanguages NutritionEducation : 1355 Warmth 1388 Care_Hunger 1388 SocialSciences 1920 PerformingArts 1961 CharacterEducation 2065 TeamSports 2192 **Other** 2372 College_CareerPrep 2568 Music 3145 History_Geography 3171 Health_LifeScience : 4235 EarlyDevelopment 4254 **ESL** 4367 4509 Gym_Fitness EnvironmentalScience : 5591 VisualArts 6278 Health_Wellness 10234 AppliedSciences 10816 SpecialNeeds 13642 Literature_Writing 22179 28074 Mathematics Literacy 33700

1.2.6 Univariate Analysis: Text features (Title)

In [25]:

```
#How to calculate number of words in a string in DataFrame: https://stackoverflow.com/@
 2
   word_count = project_data['project_title'].str.split().apply(len).value_counts()
   word_dict = dict(word_count)
   word_dict = dict(sorted(word_dict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1]))
 4
 5
 6
 7
   ind = np.arange(len(word_dict))
   plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
 8
9
    p1 = plt.bar(ind, list(word_dict.values()))
10
   plt.ylabel('Numeber of projects')
11
   plt.title('Words for each title of the project')
12
13
    plt.xticks(ind, list(word_dict.keys()))
14
    plt.show()
```



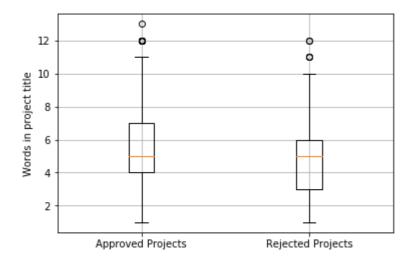
In [26]:

```
approved_word_count = project_data[project_data['project_is_approved']==1]['project_ti'
approved_word_count = approved_word_count.values

rejected_word_count = project_data[project_data['project_is_approved']==0]['project_ti'
rejected_word_count = rejected_word_count.values
```

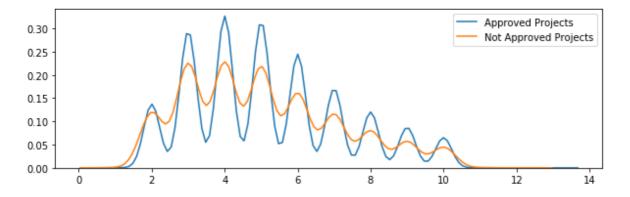
In [27]:

```
# https://glowingpython.blogspot.com/2012/09/boxplot-with-matplotlib.html
plt.boxplot([approved_word_count, rejected_word_count])
plt.xticks([1,2],('Approved Projects','Rejected Projects'))
plt.ylabel('Words in project title')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



In [28]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,3))
sns.distplot(approved_word_count, hist=False, label="Approved Projects")
sns.distplot(rejected_word_count, hist=False, label="Not Approved Projects")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

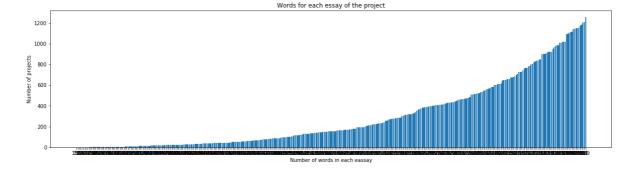


1.2.7 Univariate Analysis: Text features (Project Essay's)

In [29]:

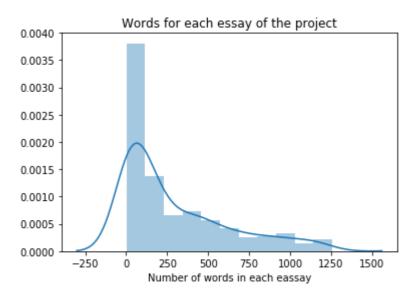
In [30]:

```
#How to calculate number of words in a string in DataFrame: https://stackoverflow.com/(
   word_count = project_data['essay'].str.split().apply(len).value_counts()
 3
   word_dict = dict(word_count)
   word_dict = dict(sorted(word_dict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1]))
4
 5
 6
 7
   ind = np.arange(len(word_dict))
   plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
9
   p1 = plt.bar(ind, list(word_dict.values()))
10
   plt.ylabel('Number of projects')
11
12
   plt.xlabel('Number of words in each eassay')
   plt.title('Words for each essay of the project')
13
   plt.xticks(ind, list(word_dict.keys()))
14
15
   plt.show()
```



In [31]:

```
sns.distplot(word_count.values)
plt.title('Words for each essay of the project')
plt.xlabel('Number of words in each eassay')
plt.show()
```



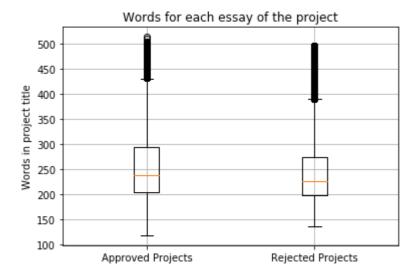
In [32]:

```
approved_word_count = project_data[project_data['project_is_approved']==1]['essay'].st
approved_word_count = approved_word_count.values

rejected_word_count = project_data[project_data['project_is_approved']==0]['essay'].st
rejected_word_count = rejected_word_count.values
```

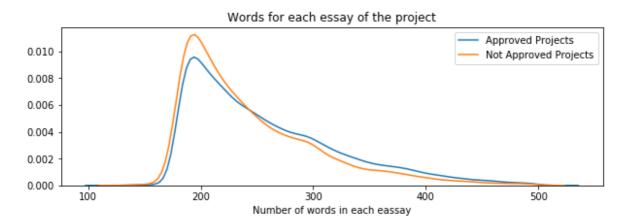
In [33]:

```
# https://glowingpython.blogspot.com/2012/09/boxplot-with-matplotlib.html
plt.boxplot([approved_word_count, rejected_word_count])
plt.title('Words for each essay of the project')
plt.xticks([1,2],('Approved Projects','Rejected Projects'))
plt.ylabel('Words in project title')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



In [34]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,3))
sns.distplot(approved_word_count, hist=False, label="Approved Projects")
sns.distplot(rejected_word_count, hist=False, label="Not Approved Projects")
plt.title('Words for each essay of the project')
plt.xlabel('Number of words in each eassay')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



1.2.8 Univariate Analysis: Cost per project

In [35]:

```
# we get the cost of the project using resource.csv file
resource_data.head(2)
```

Out[35]:

	id	description	quantity	price
0	p233245	LC652 - Lakeshore Double-Space Mobile Drying Rack	1	149.00
1	p069063	Bouncy Bands for Desks (Blue support pipes)	3	14.95

In [36]:

```
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/22407798/how-to-reset-a-dataframes-indexes-for-a
price_data = resource_data.groupby('id').agg({'price':'sum', 'quantity':'sum'}).reset_
price_data.head(2)
```

Out[36]:

	id	price	quantity
0	p000001	459.56	7
1	p000002	515.89	21

In [37]:

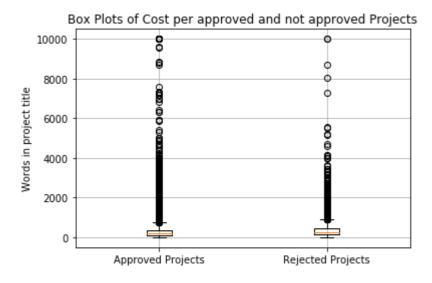
```
# join two dataframes in python:
project_data = pd.merge(project_data, price_data, on='id', how='left')
```

In [38]:

```
approved_price = project_data[project_data['project_is_approved']==1]['price'].values
rejected_price = project_data[project_data['project_is_approved']==0]['price'].values
```

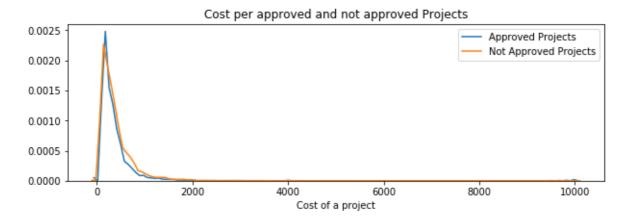
In [39]:

```
# https://glowingpython.blogspot.com/2012/09/boxplot-with-matplotlib.html
plt.boxplot([approved_price, rejected_price])
plt.title('Box Plots of Cost per approved and not approved Projects')
plt.xticks([1,2],('Approved Projects','Rejected Projects'))
plt.ylabel('Words in project title')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



In [40]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,3))
sns.distplot(approved_price, hist=False, label="Approved Projects")
sns.distplot(rejected_price, hist=False, label="Not Approved Projects")
plt.title('Cost per approved and not approved Projects')
plt.xlabel('Cost of a project')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



In [41]:

```
# http://zetcode.com/python/prettytable/
table = PrettyTable()
table.field_names = ["Percentile", "Approved Projects", "Not Approved Projects"]

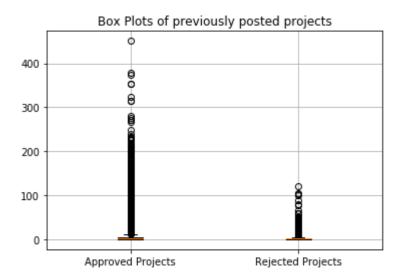
for i in range(0,101,5):
   table.add_row([i,np.round(np.percentile(approved_price,i), 3), np.round(np.percenting)
print(table)
```

+	+	<u> </u>
Percentile	Approved Projects	Not Approved Projects
0	0.66	1.97
5	13.59	41.9
10	33.88	73.67
15	58.0	99.109
20	77.38	118.56
25	99.95	140.892
30	116.68	162.23
35	137.232	184.014
40	157.0	208.632
45	178.265	235.106
50	198.99	263.145
55	223.99	292.61
60	255.63	325.144
65	285.412	362.39
70	321.225	399.99
75	366.075	449.945
80	411.67	519.282
85	479.0	618.276
90	593.11	739.356
95	801.598	992.486
100	9999.0	9999.0

1.2.9 Univariate Analysis: teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects

In [42]:

```
teacher_projects = project_data.loc[:,['teacher_id','teacher_number_of_previously_posted
teacher_projects
plt.boxplot([teacher_projects.query('project_is_approved == 1')['teacher_number_of_previously project_is_approved == 0')['teacher_number_of_previously posted projects')
plt.title('Box Plots of previously posted projects')
plt.xticks([1,2],('Approved Projects','Rejected Projects'))
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



1.2.10 Univariate Analysis: project_resource_summary

In [43]:

```
1
   def check_numeric(x):
2
       for i in x.split():
3
           if i.isnumeric() == True:
4
               return True
5
           else:
6
               continue
7
       return False
8
9
  project_data['project_resource_summary_num'] = project_data['project_resource_summary']
```

In [44]:

```
projects_resource_summary_num = project_data.loc[:,['project_resource_summary_num','projects_resource_summary_num']
```

Out[44]:

project_resource_summary_num project_is_approved

0	False	82562
1	True	10144

In [45]:

```
plt.bar(projects_resource_summary_num['project_resource_summary_num'],projects_resource
plt.ylabel('Number of projects')
plt.xlabel('number in resource summary')
plt.title('Split on resource summary')
plt.xticks(projects_resource_summary_num['project_resource_summary_num'])
plt.show()
```

