1.Quora

April 18, 2019

Quora Question Pairs

1. Business Problem

1.1 Description

Quora is a place to gain and share knowledge—about anything. It's a platform to ask questions and connect with people who contribute unique insights and quality answers. This empowers people to learn from each other and to better understand the world.

Over 100 million people visit Quora every month, so it's no surprise that many people ask similarly worded questions. Multiple questions with the same intent can cause seekers to spend more time finding the best answer to their question, and make writers feel they need to answer multiple versions of the same question. Quora values canonical questions because they provide a better experience to active seekers and writers, and offer more value to both of these groups in the long term.

- > Credits: Kaggle
- __ Problem Statement __ Identify which questions asked on Quora are duplicates of questions that have already been asked. This could be useful to instantly provide answers to questions that have already been answered. We are tasked with predicting whether a pair of questions are duplicates or not.
 - 1.2 Sources/Useful Links
 - Source: https://www.kaggle.com/c/quora-question-pairs _____ Useful Links ____
 - Discussions : https://www.kaggle.com/anokas/data-analysis-xgboost-starter-0-35460-lb/comments
 - Kaggle Winning Solution and other approaches: https://www.dropbox.com/sh/93968nfnrzh8bp5/AACZ
 - Blog 1: https://engineering.quora.com/Semantic-Question-Matching-with-Deep-Learning
 - Blog 2: https://towardsdatascience.com/identifying-duplicate-questions-on-quora-top-12on-kaggle-4c1cf93f1c30
 - 1.3 Real world/Business Objectives and Constraints
 - 1. The cost of a mis-classification can be very high.
 - 2. You would want a probability of a pair of questions to be duplicates so that you can choose any threshold of choice.
 - 3. No strict latency concerns.
 - 4. Interpretability is partially important.
 - 2. Machine Learning Probelm

- 2.1 Data
- 2.1.1 Data Overview
- Data will be in a file Train.csv
- Train.csv contains 5 columns: qid1, qid2, question1, question2, is_duplicate
- Size of Train.csv 60MB
- Number of rows in Train.csv = 404,290
- 2.1.2 Example Data point
- 2.2 Mapping the real world problem to an ML problem
- 2.2.1 Type of Machine Leaning Problem

It is a binary classification problem, for a given pair of questions we need to predict if they are duplicate or not.

2.2.2 Performance Metric

Source: https://www.kaggle.com/c/quora-question-pairs#evaluation

Metric(s): * log-loss : https://www.kaggle.com/wiki/LogarithmicLoss * Binary Confusion Matrix

2.3 Train and Test Construction

We build train and test by randomly splitting in the ratio of 70:30 or 80:20 whatever we choose as we have sufficient points to work with.

3. Exploratory Data Analysis

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import seaborn as sns
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from subprocess import check output
        %matplotlib inline
        import plotly.offline as py
        py.init_notebook_mode(connected=True)
        import plotly.graph_objs as go
        import plotly.tools as tls
        import os
        import gc
        import re
        from nltk.corpus import stopwords
        # import distance
        from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
        from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
  3.1 Reading data and basic stats
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
        print("Number of data points:",df.shape[0])
Number of data points: 404290
```

In [4]: df.head() Out[4]: id qid1 qid2 question1 \ 2 What is the step by step guide to invest in sh... 1 1 4 What is the story of Kohinoor (Koh-i-Noor) Dia... 2 2 6 How can I increase the speed of my internet co... 3 3 7 8 Why am I mentally very lonely? How can I solve... 9 10 Which one dissolve in water quikly sugar, salt... question2 is duplicate What is the step by step guide to invest in sh... What would happen if the Indian government sto... 0 How can Internet speed be increased by hacking... 0 Find the remainder when [math] 23^{24} [/math] i... 0 Which fish would survive in salt water? 0 In [5]: df.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 404290 entries, 0 to 404289 Data columns (total 6 columns): id 404290 non-null int64 404290 non-null int64 qid1 404290 non-null int64 qid2 question1 404289 non-null object question2 404288 non-null object is_duplicate 404290 non-null int64 dtypes: int64(4), object(2) memory usage: 18.5+ MB

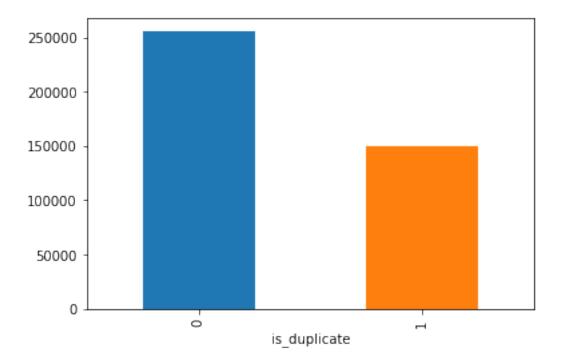
We are given a minimal number of data fields here, consisting of:

- id: Looks like a simple rowID
- qid{1, 2}: The unique ID of each question in the pair
- question{1, 2}: The actual textual contents of the questions.
- is_duplicate: The label that we are trying to predict whether the two questions are duplicates of each other.

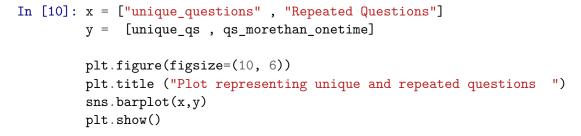
3.2.1 Distribution of data points among output classes

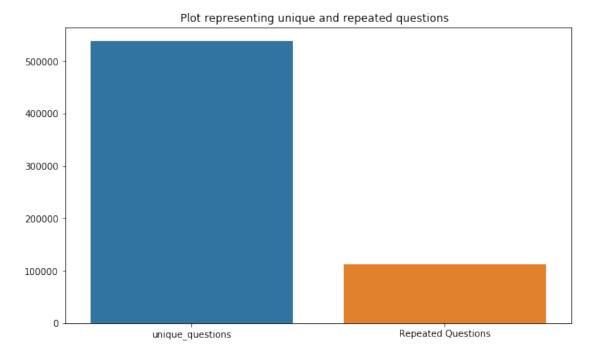
Number of duplicate(smilar) and non-duplicate(non similar) questions

```
In [6]: df.groupby("is_duplicate")['id'].count().plot.bar()
Out[6]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1f2f0136668>
```



```
In [7]: print('~> Total number of question pairs for training:\n {}'.format(len(df)))
~> Total number of question pairs for training:
  404290
In [8]: print('~> Question pairs are not Similar (is_duplicate = 0):\n {}%'.format(100 - row)
       ~> Question pairs are not Similar (is_duplicate = 0):
  63.08%
~> Question pairs are Similar (is_duplicate = 1):
  36.92%
  3.2.2 Number of unique questions
In [9]: qids = pd.Series(df['qid1'].tolist() + df['qid2'].tolist())
       unique_qs = len(np.unique(qids))
       qs_morethan_onetime = np.sum(qids.value_counts() > 1)
       print ('Total number of Unique Questions are: {}\n'.format(unique_qs))
       #print len(np.unique(qids))
       print ('Number of unique questions that appear more than one time: {} ({}})\n'.format(
```





3.2.3 Checking for Duplicates

In [11]: #checking whether there are any repeated pair of questions

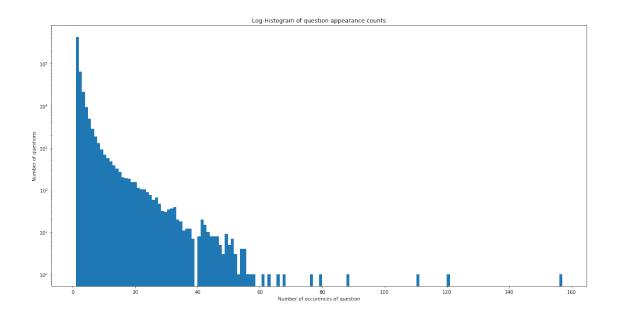
```
pair_duplicates = df[['qid1','qid2','is_duplicate']].groupby(['qid1','qid2']).count()
    print ("Number of duplicate questions",(pair_duplicates).shape[0] - df.shape[0])

Number of duplicate questions 0

3.2.4 Number of occurrences of each question

In [12]: plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))
    plt.hist(qids.value_counts(), bins=160)
    plt.yscale('log', nonposy='clip')
    plt.title('Log-Histogram of question appearance counts')
```

print ('Maximum number of times a single question is repeated: {}\n'.format(max(qids.vMaximum number of times a single question is repeated: 157



3.2.5 Checking for NULL values

plt.xlabel('Number of occurences of question')

plt.ylabel('Number of questions')

```
qid2
                                                         question1 \
            id
                  qid1
               174363 174364
                                   How can I develop android app?
105780 105780
                303951 174364 How can I create an Android app?
201841 201841
363362 363362 493340 493341
                                                 question2 is_duplicate
105780
                                                        {\tt NaN}
201841
                                                        NaN
                                                                        0
363362 My Chinese name is Haichao Yu. What English na...
                                                                        0
   • There are two rows with null values in question2
In [14]: # Filling the null values with ' '
         df = df.fillna('')
         nan_rows = df[df.isnull().any(1)]
         print (nan_rows)
Empty DataFrame
Columns: [id, qid1, qid2, question1, question2, is_duplicate]
Index: []
   3.3 Basic Feature Extraction (before cleaning)
   Let us now construct a few features like: - ____freq_qid1___ = Frequency of qid1's -
   _freq_qid2___ = Frequency of qid2's - ___q1len___ = Length of q1 - ___q2len___ =
Length of q2 - ___q1_n_words___ = Number of words in Question 1 - ___q2_n_words___
= Number of words in Question 2 - ____word_Common___ = (Number of common unique
words in Question 1 and Question 2) - ____word_Total___ =(Total num of words in Question
1 + Total num of words in Question 2) - ____word_share___ = (word_common)/(word_Total) -
   _freq_q1+freq_q2___ = sum total of frequency of qid1 and qid2 - ____freq_q1-freq_q2___ =
absolute difference of frequency of qid1 and qid2
In [15]: if os.path.isfile('df_fe_without_preprocessing_train.csv'):
             df = pd.read_csv("df_fe_without_preprocessing_train.csv",encoding='latin-1')
         else:
             df['freq_qid1'] = df.groupby('qid1')['qid1'].transform('count')
             df['freq_qid2'] = df.groupby('qid2')['qid2'].transform('count')
             df['q1len'] = df['question1'].str.len()
             df['q2len'] = df['question2'].str.len()
             df['q1_n_words'] = df['question1'].apply(lambda row: len(row.split(" ")))
             df['q2_n_words'] = df['question2'].apply(lambda row: len(row.split(" ")))
             def normalized_word_Common(row):
                 w1 = set(map(lambda word: word.lower().strip(), row['question1'].split(" ")))
                 w2 = set(map(lambda word: word.lower().strip(), row['question2'].split(" ")))
                 return 1.0 * len(w1 & w2)
             df['word_Common'] = df.apply(normalized_word_Common, axis=1)
```

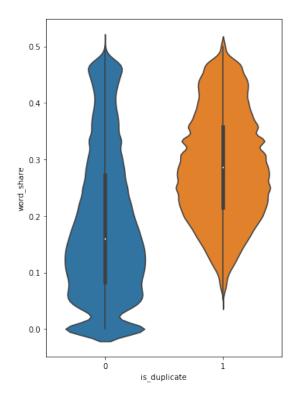
```
def normalized_word_Total(row):
                 w1 = set(map(lambda word: word.lower().strip(), row['question1'].split(" ")))
                 w2 = set(map(lambda word: word.lower().strip(), row['question2'].split(" ")))
                 return 1.0 * (len(w1) + len(w2))
             df['word_Total'] = df.apply(normalized_word_Total, axis=1)
             def normalized word share(row):
                 w1 = set(map(lambda word: word.lower().strip(), row['question1'].split(" ")))
                 w2 = set(map(lambda word: word.lower().strip(), row['question2'].split(" ")))
                 return 1.0 * len(w1 & w2)/(len(w1) + len(w2))
             df['word_share'] = df.apply(normalized_word_share, axis=1)
             df['freq_q1+q2'] = df['freq_qid1']+df['freq_qid2']
             df['freq_q1-q2'] = abs(df['freq_qid1']-df['freq_qid2'])
             df.to_csv("df_fe_without_preprocessing_train.csv", index=False)
         df.head()
Out[15]:
            id
                qid1
                                                                     question1 \
                      qid2
                         2 What is the step by step guide to invest in sh...
         1
             1
                            What is the story of Kohinoor (Koh-i-Noor) Dia...
                   3
         2
             2
                         6 How can I increase the speed of my internet co...
         3
                   7
                         8 Why am I mentally very lonely? How can I solve...
                        10 Which one dissolve in water quikly sugar, salt...
                                                     question2 is duplicate freq qid1
         O What is the step by step guide to invest in sh...
                                                                           0
                                                                                       1
         1 What would happen if the Indian government sto...
                                                                           0
                                                                                       4
         2 How can Internet speed be increased by hacking...
                                                                           0
                                                                                       1
         3 Find the remainder when [math] 23^{24} [/math] i...
                                                                           0
                                                                                       1
                      Which fish would survive in salt water?
                                                                                       3
                                                 q2_n_words word_Common word_Total \
            freq_qid2 q1len
                              q2len
                                     q1_n_words
                                                                                  23.0
         0
                    1
                          66
                                 57
                                              14
                                                          12
                                                                     10.0
                                                          13
                                                                      4.0
                                                                                  20.0
         1
                    1
                          51
                                 88
                                              8
         2
                    1
                          73
                                 59
                                              14
                                                          10
                                                                      4.0
                                                                                  24.0
         3
                    1
                                                           9
                                                                      0.0
                                                                                  19.0
                          50
                                 65
                                              11
         4
                    1
                          76
                                 39
                                              13
                                                           7
                                                                      2.0
                                                                                 20.0
            word_share freq_q1+q2
                                    freq_q1-q2
         0
              0.434783
                                 2
                                              0
         1
              0.200000
                                 5
                                              3
                                 2
         2
              0.166667
                                              0
         3
              0.000000
                                 2
                                              0
              0.100000
```

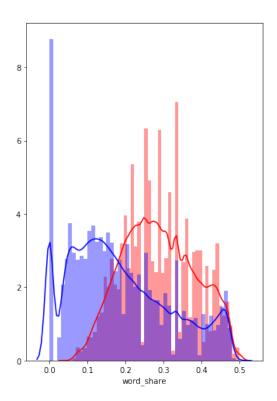
3.3.1 Analysis of some of the extracted features

• Here are some questions have only one single words.

```
In [16]: print ("Minimum length of the questions in question1 : " , min(df['q1_n_words']))
         print ("Minimum length of the questions in question2 : " , min(df['q2_n_words']))
         print ("Number of Questions with minimum length [question1] :", df[df['q1_n_words'] ==
         print ("Number of Questions with minimum length [question2] :", df[df['q2_n_words'] ==
Minimum length of the questions in question1: 1
Minimum length of the questions in question2: 1
Number of Questions with minimum length [question1] : 67
Number of Questions with minimum length [question2] : 24
  3.3.1.1 Feature: word_share
In [17]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
         plt.subplot(1,2,1)
         sns.violinplot(x = 'is_duplicate', y = 'word_share', data = df[0:])
         plt.subplot(1,2,2)
         sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 1.0]['word_share'][0:] , label = "1", color = ':
         sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 0.0]['word_share'][0:] , label = "0" , color =
         plt.show()
c:\users\byron\applications\pythonmaster\lib\site-packages\scipy\stats\stats.py:1713: FutureWa
```

Using a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is deprecated; use `arr[tuple(seq)]`



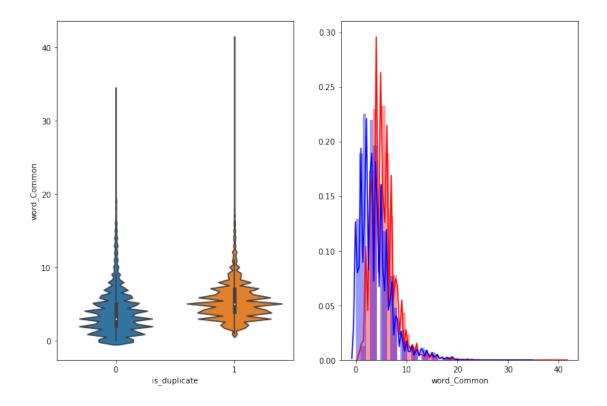


- The distributions for normalized word_share have some overlap on the far right-hand side, i.e., there are quite a lot of questions with high word similarity
- The average word share and Common no. of words of qid1 and qid2 is more when they are duplicate(Similar)

3.3.1.2 Feature: word_Common

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Using a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is deprecated; use `arr[tuple(seq)]`



The distributions of the word_Common feature in similar and non-similar questions are highly overlapping