## **Frontend Architecture Documentation**

## Files & Folder Structure - Comprehensive Development Guide

### **Project Overview**

This is a React 19 + Vite frontend application with centralized authentication, Redux state management, and modular component architecture. The project follows "Redux as source of truth with localStorage persistence" principle.

## **Root Directory Structure**

### **Configuration Files**

package.json

Purpose: Project dependencies, scripts, and metadata

Contains: Dependencies, devDependencies, build scripts, project info

• Development Instructions:

Add new dependencies here using (npm install <package>)

• Update scripts for new build processes or tools

• Maintain version consistency for React ecosystem packages

Always specify exact versions for critical dependencies

#### vite.config.js

• **Purpose**: Vite build tool configuration

Contains: React plugin setup, build optimizations

• Development Instructions:

Add new Vite plugins here (e.g., PWA, bundle analyzer)

Configure proxy settings for API development

Add environment-specific configurations

Set up build optimizations (code splitting, chunk naming)

#### tailwind.config.js

• Purpose: Tailwind CSS configuration

Contains: Content paths, theme extensions, custom utilities

Development Instructions:

Add custom color schemes in (theme.extend.colors)

- Define custom spacing, fonts, breakpoints in (theme.extend)
- Add component-specific styles in @layer components
- Extend with custom utilities for consistent design patterns

#### postcss.config.js

- Purpose: PostCSS configuration for CSS processing
- Contains: Tailwind and Autoprefixer plugins
- Development Instructions:
  - Add new PostCSS plugins for advanced CSS processing
  - Configure CSS optimization plugins for production
  - Add custom CSS transforms if needed

#### [eslint.config.js]

- Purpose: ESLint configuration for code quality
- Contains: Linting rules, React-specific rules
- Development Instructions:
  - Add new linting rules for code consistency
  - Configure accessibility rules (@eslint/plugin-jsx-a11y)
  - Add custom rules for project-specific patterns
  - Update rules as React ecosystem evolves

## $oxed{.}$ prettierrc $oxed{\&}ig(.$ prettierignore $oxed{)}$

- Purpose: Code formatting configuration
- Contains: Formatting rules and ignored files
- Development Instructions:
  - Maintain consistent formatting across team
  - Add new file patterns to ignore in (.prettierignore)
  - Update rules only through team consensus

#### vercel.json

- **Purpose**: Vercel deployment configuration
- Contains: Routing rules for SPA deployment
- Development Instructions:
  - Add environment variables for different environments
  - Configure custom headers, redirects, or rewrites

• Set up preview deployments for feature branches

#### .gitignore

- **Purpose**: Git ignore configuration
- **Contains**: Files/folders to exclude from version control
- Development Instructions:
  - Add new build artifacts or temporary files
  - Include environment-specific files (.env.local, .env.production)
  - Never commit sensitive data or large files

## **HTML Entry Point**

index.html

- Purpose: Main HTML template
- Contains: Root div, meta tags, Vite script
- Development Instructions:
  - Add new meta tags for SEO, social media sharing
  - Include external scripts only if absolutely necessary
  - Add preload links for critical resources
  - Keep minimal most content should be in React components

# **Source Directory (**src/)

## **Entry Points**

(src/main.jsx)

- Purpose: Application entry point and router configuration
- **Contains**: React Router setup, Redux Provider, route definitions
- Development Instructions:
  - **Route Creation**: Always add new routes here following this pattern:

```
jsx
{
   path: '/new-page',
   element: (
        <AuthLayout authentication={true/false}>
        <NewPage />
        </AuthLayout>
   ),
}
```

- Authentication Wrapper: Use (AuthLayout) with (authentication={true}) for protected routes
- Public Routes: Use (authentication={false}) for login, signup, forgot password
- Special Routes: For payment, verification pages, check (AuthLayout.jsx) for special handling
- Route Organization: Group related routes together with comments

#### src/App.jsx

- Purpose: Main application component with global setup
- Contains: Global components (Navbar, Toaster, SessionExpireAlert), auth initialization
- Development Instructions:
  - Global Providers: Add context providers here that need to wrap entire app
  - Global Components: Only add components that appear on every page
  - Auth Flow: Never modify auth initialization logic it's centralized
  - Global State: Access through Redux, not local state in App component

#### src/index.css

- Purpose: Global CSS imports
- Contains: Tailwind CSS imports
- Development Instructions:
  - Global Styles: Add only truly global styles (html, body, \*, etc.)
  - Component Styles: Use Tailwind classes in components instead
  - Custom CSS: Create separate CSS files for complex animations or layouts

# Store Directory (src/store/)

**Purpose**: Redux state management files

src/store/store.js

- **Purpose**: Redux store configuration
- **Contains**: Store setup with combined reducers
- Development Instructions:
  - **New Slices**: Import and add to reducer object following pattern:

```
javascript

reducer: {
   auth: authSlice,
   user: userSlice, // New slice example
   posts: postsSlice, // New slice example
}
```

- Middleware: Add custom middleware here if needed
- **DevTools**: Keep Redux DevTools enabled only in development

#### src/store/authSlice.js

- Purpose: Authentication state management
- **Contains**: Auth actions, reducers, automatic localStorage persistence
- Development Instructions:
  - New Auth Actions: Follow start/success/failure pattern for async operations
  - localStorage Integration: All successful actions should persist to localStorage
  - State Structure: Don't modify existing state structure, only extend
  - **Token Management**: Never handle tokens outside this slice

#### **Future Store Files Development**:

- Naming: Use [feature]Slice.js pattern (e.g., (userSlice.js), (postsSlice.js)
- Structure: Follow authSlice pattern with start/success/failure actions
- **Persistence**: Add localStorage integration only if data needs persistence
- State Shape: Keep state flat and normalized
- Actions: Use Redux Toolkit's createSlice for consistency
- Async Operations: Use createAsyncThunk for complex async logic

# API Directory (src/api/)

**Purpose**: All API-related files and configurations

```
src/api/axios.js
```

• **Purpose**: Axios instance configuration with interceptors

- **Contains**: Request/response interceptors, token management, automatic refresh
- Development Instructions:
  - **DO NOT MODIFY**: This file handles centralized token management
  - New Interceptors: Add only for global request/response transforms
  - **Error Handling**: All errors flow through errorHandler.js
  - Token Logic: Never add token logic here it's already centralized

#### src/api/authService.js

- **Purpose**: Authentication API operations
- Contains: All auth API calls (login, register, logout, refresh) with Redux integration
- Development Instructions:
  - **New Auth Methods**: Follow pattern of dispatch start/success/failure actions
  - Error Handling: Always use handleApiError for consistency
  - API Calls: Use axiosInstance, never raw fetch or axios
  - **Redux Integration**: Always dispatch actions to update store

#### **Future API Service Files:**

- Naming: Use ([feature]Service.js) pattern (e.g., (userService.js), (postService.js)
- **Structure**: Follow authService.js pattern
- Required Pattern:

```
javascript
```

```
import axiosInstance from './axios';
import store from '../store/store';
import { API_ENDPOINTS } from '../utils/constants';
import { startAction, successAction, failureAction } from '../store/[feature]Slice';
import { handleApiError } from '.../utils/errorHandler';
const [feature]Service = {
  [method]: async (params) => {
      store.dispatch(startAction());
      const response = await axiosInstance.[httpMethod](API_ENDPOINTS.[ENDPOINT], params);
      store.dispatch(successAction(response.data.data));
      return response.data;
   } catch (error) {
      store.dispatch(failureAction(error.message));
     handleApiError(error);
     throw error;
 }
};
```

- Error Handling: Always use handleApiError, never custom error handling
- Redux Integration: Always dispatch actions to update store
- Return Values: Return API response data for component use

# Components Directory (src/components/)

**Purpose**: Feature-specific, reusable components with business logic

```
src/components/VerifyEmail.jsx
```

- Purpose: Email verification component
- Contains: Email verification UI and logic
- **Development Instructions**: Implement verification logic, error handling, success states

#### src/components/SubscriptionPayment.jsx

- **Purpose**: Subscription payment component
- Contains: Payment form and processing logic
- **Development Instructions**: Integrate payment gateway, form validation, error handling

src/components/PaymentConfirmation.jsx

- Purpose: Payment confirmation component
- Contains: Payment success/failure UI
- Development Instructions: Add payment status handling, receipts, next steps

```
src/components/ForgotPassword.jsx)
```

- Purpose: Password reset request component
- Contains: Forgot password form and logic
- Development Instructions: Implement form, API integration, validation

#### **Future Components Development Instructions:**

- When to Create: For feature-specific components with business logic
- Naming: Use PascalCase, descriptive names (e.g., (UserProfileForm.jsx), (PostCreator.jsx))
- Structure: Must include business logic, API calls, form handling
- Container Requirement: If component is a main content area, wrap with Container from layouts:

- Redux Integration: Always use useSelector for state, useDispatch for actions
- API Calls: Use service files, never direct API calls in components
- Error Handling: Let services handle errors, display loading states
- **Examples**: Forms, lists, data displays, feature workflows

## Commons Directory (src/commons/)

Purpose: Shared, reusable UI components without business logic

```
src/commons/Card.jsx
```

- Purpose: Reusable card component
- Contains: Generic card wrapper with styling
- **Development Instructions**: Add variants (elevated, outlined), sizes, hover effects

#### src/commons/Button.jsx

- Purpose: Reusable button component
- Contains: Button variations and styling
- Development Instructions: Add variants (primary, secondary, danger), sizes, loading states, icons

#### src/commons/Navbar.jsx)

- Purpose: Navigation bar component
- **Contains**: Site navigation, user menu
- Development Instructions:
  - Always wrap content with (Container) for consistency
  - Add responsive menu, user avatar, notifications
  - Use Redux auth state for user-specific navigation

#### src/commons/Footer.jsx

- **Purpose**: Footer component
- Contains: Site footer content
- Development Instructions:
  - Always wrap content with (Container) for consistency
  - Add links, social media, company info

#### (src/commons/LogIn.jsx)

- Purpose: Login form component
- Contains: Login form UI and validation
- Development Instructions:
  - Always wrap main content with (Container)
  - Use authService for login operations
  - Implement proper form validation and error display

#### src/commons/SignUp.jsx

- **Purpose**: Registration form component
- Contains: Signup form UI and validation
- Development Instructions:
  - Always wrap main content with (Container)
  - Use authService for registration

Add terms acceptance, email verification flow

#### **Future Commons Development Instructions:**

- When to Create: For pure UI components used across multiple features
- Naming: Use PascalCase, generic names (e.g., (Modal.jsx), (Input.jsx), (Table.jsx))
- No Business Logic: These components should NOT contain:
  - API calls
  - Redux dispatch calls
  - Business logic
  - Route navigation logic
- Props-Based: All data should come through props
- Styling: Use Tailwind CSS classes, create variants through props
- Accessibility: Include proper ARIA attributes and keyboard navigation
- Examples: Input, Select, Modal, Table, Pagination, Tooltip, Badge
- Required Pattern:

```
function MyUIComponent({ variant = 'default', size = 'md', children, ...props }) {
  const baseClasses = 'base-tailwind-classes';
  const variantClasses = {
    default: 'default-classes',
    primary: 'primary-classes',
  };

return (
    <div className={`${baseClasses} ${variantClasses[variant]}`} {...props}>
     {children}
    </div>
  );
}
```

## Layouts Directory ((src/layouts/))

Purpose: Layout wrapper components and route protection

```
src/layouts/Container.jsx
```

- **Purpose**: Content container with responsive width
- Contains: Max-width wrapper with padding
- Development Instructions:

- Usage Rule: ALWAYS wrap main content areas with this component
- When to Use: Any component that displays main content (not modals, tooltips)
- **Examples**: Page content, card content, form areas, content sections
- **DON'T Nest**: Never nest Container inside Container
- **Responsive**: Already handles responsive padding and max-width

#### src/layouts/AuthLayout.jsx

- **Purpose**: Route protection wrapper
- Contains: Authentication checks, redirects, loading states
- Development Instructions:
  - **DO NOT MODIFY**: Authentication logic is centralized here
  - Usage in Routes: Always wrap routes in main.jsx with this component
  - **Special Routes**: Payment, verification routes have special handling
  - **Route Protection**: Use (authentication={true}) for protected routes
  - **Public Routes**: Use (authentication={false}) for public routes

#### **Future Layout Development Instructions:**

- When to Create: For page-level layout patterns used across multiple pages
- **Naming**: Use [Purpose]Layout.jsx] pattern
- Required Features: Should handle layout structure, not business logic
- Container Integration: Should use or wrap with Container component
- Examples:
  - (DashboardLayout.jsx) Dashboard pages with sidebar
  - (AdminLayout.jsx) Admin pages with admin navigation
  - (PublicLayout.jsx) Marketing pages layout
- Structure Pattern:

# Pages Directory ((src/pages/))

Purpose: Top-level page components that compose other components

```
(src/pages/Home.jsx)
```

- Purpose: Home/landing page
- **Contains**: Landing page content
- Development Instructions:
  - MUST wrap with Container: Always wrap main content with Container component
  - Add hero section, features, testimonials using commons and components

#### src/pages/Profile.jsx

- **Purpose**: User profile page
- Contains: User profile display and editing
- Development Instructions:
  - **MUST wrap with Container**: Always wrap main content with (Container) component
  - Compose ProfileForm, ProfileDisplay components
  - Use Redux for user state, userService for API calls

#### **Future Pages Development Instructions:**

- When to Create: For each unique route/URL in your application
- Naming: Use PascalCase, descriptive names matching routes (e.g., Dashboard.jsx), (Settings.jsx)
- MANDATORY Container Usage: ALL pages MUST wrap their main content with Container:

- Composition Over Creation: Use existing commons and components, don't recreate UI
- **Route Mapping**: Page name should match route path
- State Management: Use Redux for global state, local state for page-specific UI state
- Structure Pattern:

• **Examples**: Dashboard.jsx, Settings.jsx, About.jsx, Contact.jsx, UserManagement.jsx

# Session Directory ((src/session/))

**Purpose**: Session and authentication management components

```
(src/session/SessionExpireAlert.jsx)
```

- **Purpose**: Session expiry warning modal
- Contains: Countdown timer, refresh/logout options
- Development Instructions:

- **DO NOT MODIFY**: Session logic is centralized and tested
- Add customization through props if needed

#### **Future Session Development Instructions:**

- When to Create: For session and authentication-related UI components
- Examples: SessionTimeout.jsx, IdleDetector.jsx, MultiTabSync.jsx
- Integration: Must work with centralized auth system
- Redux Dependency: Should read from auth state, use authService for operations

## Utils Directory ((src/utils/))

Purpose: Utility functions, helpers, and configurations

#### (src/utils/constants.js)

- **Purpose**: Application constants and configuration
- Contains: API endpoints, storage keys, session config
- Development Instructions:
  - New Constants: Add to appropriate section (API\_ENDPOINTS, SESSION\_CONFIG, etc.)
  - Environment Configs: Use import.meta.env for environment variables
  - Naming: Use SCREAMING\_SNAKE\_CASE for constants

#### src/utils/errorHandler.js

- Purpose: Centralized error handling
- **Contains**: API error processing, user notifications, logout triggers
- Development Instructions:
  - **DO NOT MODIFY**: Error handling is centralized and consistent
  - Custom Handlers: Add through customErrorHandler parameter in safeApiCall

#### **Future Utils Development Instructions:**

- When to Create: For pure utility functions used across multiple components
- Naming: Use camelCase for files and functions
- No Side Effects: Utils should be pure functions with no side effects
- Examples:
  - (dateUtils.js) Date formatting, parsing functions
  - (validationUtils.js) Form validation functions
  - (formatUtils.js) Currency, number, text formatting

• (apiUtils.js) - API helper functions

• Function Pattern:

```
javascript

// Export named functions, not default
export const formatCurrency = (amount, currency = 'USD') => {
    // Pure function implementation
};

export const validateEmail = (email) => {
    // Pure function implementation
};
```

## **Comprehensive Development Guidelines**

#### **File Creation Decision Tree**

#### 1. Is it a complete page accessed by URL?

- Create in (src/pages/)
- → MUST wrap content with (Container)
- → Add route in (main.jsx)

#### 2. Is it a pure UI component (button, input, card)?

- → Create in (src/commons/)
- → NO business logic allowed
- → Props-based, reusable

#### 3. Is it a feature-specific component with business logic?

- → Create in (src/components/)
- → Can contain API calls, forms, complex logic
- → If main content area, wrap with (Container)

#### 4. Is it a layout or route wrapper?

- → Create in (src/layouts/)
- → Should integrate with Container
- → Handle page-level layout patterns

#### 5. Is it an API service?

- → Create in (src/api/)
- → Follow authService.js pattern
- → Must integrate with Redux and errorHandler

# 6. Is it global state?

- → Create slice in (src/store/)
- → Follow authSlice.js pattern
- → Add to store.js

## 7. Is it a utility function?

- → Create in (src/utils/)
- → Pure functions only
- → No side effects

# **Component Architecture Rules**

**Container Usage Rules**:

```
// 🗹 CORRECT - Page wraps main content
function Dashboard() {
  return (
    <Container>
      <DashboardHeader />
      <DashboardContent />
    </Container>
 );
// 🗹 CORRECT - Component with main content area
function UserProfileForm() {
  return (
    <Container>
      <form>{/* form content */}</form>
    </Container>
 );
}-
// X WRONG - Don't wrap small UI components
function Button() {
  return (
   <Container> {/* NO! */}
      <button>Click me</button>
    </Container>
 );
}
// X WRONG - Don't nest containers
function HomePage() {
  return (
    <Container>
      <Container> {/* NO! Nested containers */}
        <content />
      </Container>
    </Container>
  );
}
```

## **Redux Integration Rules**

**Service Integration Pattern**:

```
javascript
```

```
// 🖊 CORRECT - Full Redux integration
const userService = {
  updateProfile: async (profileData) => {
   try {
      store.dispatch(updateProfileStart());
      const response = await axiosInstance.put(API_ENDPOINTS.UPDATE_PROFILE, profileData);
      store.dispatch(updateProfileSuccess(response.data.data));
     return response.data;
    } catch (error) {
      store.dispatch(updateProfileFailure(error.message));
     handleApiError(error);
     throw error;
};
// 🗶 WRONG - Missing Redux integration
const userService = {
  updateProfile: async (profileData) => {
    const response = await axiosInstance.put('/users/profile', profileData);
   return response.data; // No Redux dispatch!
  }-
};
```

## **Naming Conventions**

#### Files:

- Pages: Dashboard.jsx, UserSettings.jsx
- Components: (UserProfileForm.jsx), (PostList.jsx)
- Commons: (Button.jsx), (Modal.jsx), (Input.jsx)
- Services: (userService.js), (postService.js)
- Utils: (dateUtils.js), (validationUtils.js)
- Slices: (userSlice.js), (postSlice.js)

#### Variables and Functions

- React Components: PascalCase (UserProfile)
- Functions: camelCase (getUserData)
- Constants: SCREAMING\_SNAKE\_CASE ([API\_BASE\_URL])
- Redux Actions: camelCase (updateUserProfile)

### **Code Organization Patterns**

#### **Import Order:**

```
javascript
// 1. React and external libraries
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
import { useSelector, useDispatch } from 'react-redux';

// 2. Internal utilities and constants
import { API_ENDPOINTS } from '../utils/constants';
import { handleApiError } from '../utils/errorHandler';

// 3. Services and store
import userService from '../api/userService';
import { updateUser } from '../store/userSlice';

// 4. Components (commons first, then components)
import Container from '../layouts/Container';
import Button from '../commons/Button';
import UserForm from '../components/UserForm';
```

## **Testing Strategy Guidelines**

### File Organization for Tests:

- Create tests directory alongside source files
- Test files: (ComponentName.test.jsx)
- Test utilities: (src/utils/\_\_tests\_\_/utilityName.test.js)

#### What to Test:

- Utils: Pure function testing
- Components: User interaction testing
- Services: API integration testing
- Slices: Redux state changes

This comprehensive guide ensures consistent development patterns and helps any developer (or AI) understand exactly how to extend your application while maintaining architectural integrity.