Question 5:

@Inject Demo:

1. A simple POJO class as Employee having Address POJO reference variable injected :

```
package com. chandan;
import javax.inject.Inject;
//Create a POJO class Employee which has a
//Address Object reference as instance variable
publicclass Employee {
private String name;
pri vatei ntage;
@Inject
private Address address;
public Employee() {
}
public String getName() {
returnname;
publicvoid setName(String name) {
this. name = name;
}
publicint getAge() {
returnage;
}
publicvoid setAge(intage) {
this.age = age;
public Address getAddress() {
returnaddress;
publicvoid setAddress(Address address) {
this.address = address;
}
      }
```

2. Address POJO as Injected into Employee

```
package com. chandan;
publicclass Address {
```

```
private String street;
      private String city;
      private String state;
      public Address() {
       }
      public String getStreet() {
      returnstreet;
       }
      publicvoid setStreet(String street) {
      this.street = street;
       }
      public String getCity() {
      returnci ty;
       }
      publicvoid setCity(String city) {
      this.city = city;
       }
      public String getState() {
      returnstate;
       }
      publicvoid setState(String state) {
      this. state = state;
       }
   3. Test class for testing the application:
package com. chandan;
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
publicclass Test {
publicstaticvoid main(String[] args) {
// ApplicationContext is a Spring interface which provides with the configuration
for an application.
// It provides us with all the methods that BeanFactory provides. It loads the file
resources in a older
```

```
//and generic manner.
// We are using concrete implementation of ApplicationContext
// here called as ClassPathXmlApplicationContext because this
// bean factory reads the xml file placed in the classpath of
// our application. We provide ClassPathXmlApplicationContext
// with a configuration file called as inject.xml placed
// at classpath of our application.
 ApplicationContext <u>context</u> = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(("inject.xml"));
// In order to get a object instantiated for a particular bean
// we call getBean() method of ClassPathXmlApplicationContext
// passing it the id for which the object is to be needed.
// Here getBean() returns an Object. We need to cast it back
// to the Employee object. Without implementing new keyword we
// have injected object of Employee just by reading an xml
// configuration file.
 Employee employee = (Employee)context.getBean("employee");
if(employee.getAddress()==null){
  System. out. println("The Employee Name: " + employee.getName());
System. out. println("The Employee Age: " + employee.getAge());
   System. out. println("The Employee Address: " + "is not provided");
el se{
  System. out. println("The Employee Address: " +
empl oyee. getAddress(). getStreet() + " " +
empl oyee. getAddress(). getCi ty() + " " +
empl oyee. getAddress(). getState());
   4. Spring configuration file for the @Inject annotation:
<?xml versi on="1.0"encodi ng="UTF-8"?>
<beansxml ns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
xml ns: xsi = "http://www. w3. org/2001/XMLSchema-i nstance"
xml ns: context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
xsi: schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-3.1.xsd
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context-3.1.xsd">
<beani d="empl oyee"cl ass="com. chandan. Empl oyee">
cpropertyname="name"val ue="Chandan"/>
</bean>
<beani d="address"cl ass="com. chandan. Address">
```

Output of the program:

```
© Console 

<terminated > Test (2) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\javaw.exe (09-Nov-2021, 8:52:54 pm − 8:53:07 pm)

The Employee Name : Chandan
The Employee Age : 22
The Employee Address : is not provided
```

@Required Demo:

1. Create a HelloWorld class

```
package com. helloworld;
importorg. springframework. beans. factory. annotation. Required;
publicclass HelloWorld {
    Stringtype;

    publicString getType() {
        returntype;
    }
    @Required
    publicvoid setType(Stringtype) {
        this. type = type;
    }

    publicvoid method() {
        System. out. println("Hello World!! of type: "+getType());
```

```
}
}
  2. Create a Main class
package com. helloworld;
import org. springframework. context. ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXml ApplicationContext;
import com. demo. HelloWorld;
publicclass Main {
      publicstaticvoid main(String[] args) {
             ApplicationContext <u>context</u>=new
ClassPathXml ApplicationContext("Beans.xml");
             HelloWorld obj = (HelloWorld) context.getBean("helloWorld");
             obj . method();
       }
}
  3. Create Beans.xml file
<?xml versi on="1.0"encodi ng="UTF-8"?>
<beansxml ns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
xml ns: xsi = "http://www. w3. org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
<beani d="helloWorld"class="com. helloworld. HelloWorld">
</bean>
      <beancl ass="org. spri ngframework. beans. factory. annotati on. Requi redAnnotati onBea</pre>
nPostProcessor"/>
      </beans>
Output: it will raise BeanInitializationException exception and print the following
error along with other log messages-Property 'type' is required for bean
'helloWorld'
```

@RESOURCE

1. Create a Maven Project First

2. Create a Pacakage

3.Create Class

Maven Dependencies

```
pom.xml
```

```
xml ns: xsi = "http://www. w3. org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi: schemaLocati on="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"
https://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
  <model Versi on>4. 0. 0</model Versi on>
  <aroupl d>com. spri na</aroupl d>
  <arti factl d>Spri ngResourceAnnotati onExampl e</arti factl d>
  <versi on>0. 0. 1-SNAPSHOT</versi on>
  <dependenci es>
        <! -- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.springframework/spring-beans -->
        <dependency>
            <group! d>org. spri ngframework</group! d>
            <arti factld>spri ng-beans</arti factld>
            <versi on>5. 0. 8. RELEASE/versi on>
        </dependency>
        <! -- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.springframework/spring-context --</pre>
        <dependency>
            <group!d>org. spri ngframework</group!d>
            <arti factl d>spri ng-context</arti factl d>
            <versi on>5. 0. 8. RELEASE/versi on>
        </dependency>
        <! -- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/javax.annotation/javax.annotation-api</p>
<dependency>
    <group! d>j avax. annotati on/group! d>
    <arti factl d>j avax. annotati on-api </arti factl d>
    <version>1.3.2</version>
</dependency>
   <! -- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.springframework/spring-core -->
<dependency>
    <group! d>org. spri ngframework</group! d>
    <arti factl d>spri ng-core</arti factl d>
    <versi on>5. 3. 12</versi on>
</dependency>
```

Java Class Creation

Implementation of Company Model

```
This POJO class contains two properties to perform the byName autowiring. Add the following
code to it:
Company.java
package com. spring. poj o;
public class Company {
      private String name;
    private String Location;
    public String getName() {
        return name:
    public void setName(String name) {
        this. name = name;
    public String getLocation() {
        return location;
    public void setLocation(String location) {
        this.location = location;
    @Overri de
    public String toString() {
        return "Company [name=" + name + ", location=" + location + "]";
}
```

Implementation of Employee Model

This POJO class contains three setter methods for demonstrating the use of @Resource annotation. Add the following code to it:

```
Employee.java
package com. spring. poj o;
import javax. annotation. Resource;
    public class Employee {
```

```
private String id;
          private String name;
          @Resource(name="mycompany")
          private Company company;
          public String getId() {
               return id;
          public void setId(String id) {
               this. id = id;
           }
          public String getName() {
               return name:
          public void setName(String name) {
               this. name = name;
          public Company getCompany() {
               return company;
           }
          public void setCompany(Company company) {
               this. company = company;
           }
          @Overri de
          public String toString() {
               return "Employee [id=" + id + ", name=" + name + ", company=" +
company. toString() + "]";
      }
```

Implementation of Utility Class

The implementation class will get the bean definition from the context file and demonstrate the use of @Resource annotation in the spring framework. Add the following code to it: AppMain.java

```
package com. spring.util;
import org. springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org. springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
import com. spring.poj o. Employee;
public class AppMain {
    @SuppressWarnings("resource")
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ApplicationContext ac = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("resource-annotation.xml");
}
```

```
Employee emp = ac.getBean("myemployee", Employee.class);
System.out.println(emp.toString());
}
```

Configuration Files

Let us write all the configuration files involved in this tutorial.

Resource

A typical bean configuration file for understanding the <a>@Resource annotation will look like this:

```
resource-annotation.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xml ns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
   xml ns: xsi = "http://www. w3. org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xml ns: context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
   xsi: schemaLocation="
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
       http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd">
    <!-- To activate the '@Resource' annotation in the spring framework -->
    <context: annotation-config />
    <bean id="mycompany" class="com. spring. poj o. Company">
       property name="location" value="India" />
    </bean>
    <bean id="myemployee" class="com.spring.pojo.Employee">
       property name="id" value="123456" />
       coperty name="name" value="Charlotte 0' Neil" />
    </bean>
</beans>
OUTPUT: -
```

