Information that we can obtain

- In this study they look for Solar-like oscillations in a star's power spectrum (≤ 20 μHz)
- They characterized by two globalseismic quantities:

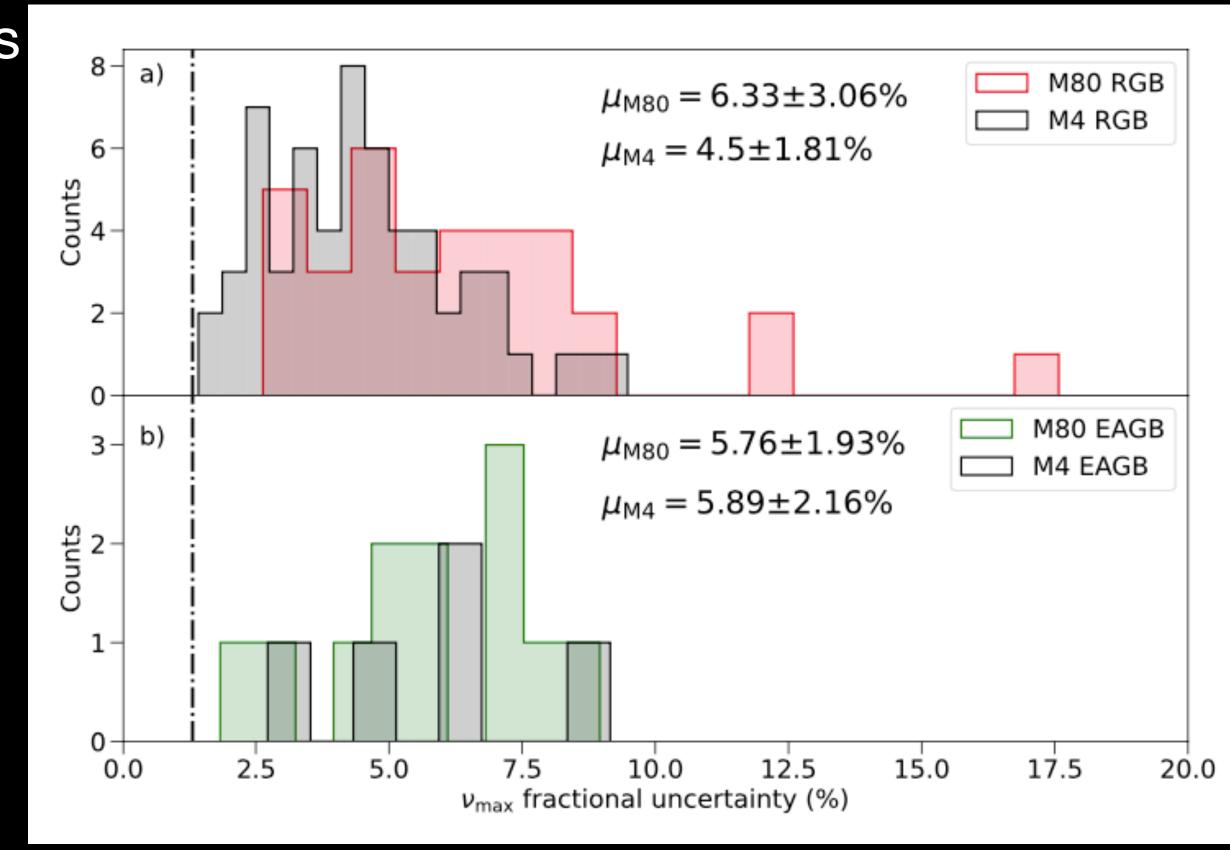
 ν_{max} the frequency of the maximum acoustic power,

and

 $\Delta \nu$ the large frequency spacing between adjacent overtone oscillation modes.







Seismic Quantities

Information that we need

- They also have dependency of Teff and L
- The Teff (JHK, UVBRI, Bp Rp), (dereddened)

$$\theta_{\text{eff}} = b_0 + b_1 X + b_2 X^2 + b_3 X [\text{Fe/H}] + b_4 [\text{Fe/H}] + b_5 [\text{Fe/H}]^2$$

where $\theta_{\text{eff}} = 5040/T_{\text{eff}}$, X represents the colour, and b_i (i = 0, ..., 5) are the coefficients of the fit.

González Hernández, J. I. 2009. doi:10.1051/0004-6361/200810904.

Mucciarelli, A. 2020. doi:10.3847/2515-5172/ab8820.

And for L

$$\log(L/L_{\odot}) = -0.4 \left[V_0 - (m - M)_0 + BC - M_{\text{bol},\odot} \right]$$

$$\nu_{max} \propto g T_{eff}^{-1/2}$$

$$\Delta \nu \propto \rho^{-1/2}$$

$$\left(\frac{M}{M_{\odot}}\right) \simeq \left(\frac{\nu_{\text{max}}}{\nu_{\text{max},\odot}}\right)^3 \left(\frac{\Delta\nu}{\Delta\nu_{\odot}}\right)^{-4} \left(\frac{T_{\text{eff}}}{T_{\text{eff},\odot}}\right)^{3/2}$$
 (1)

$$\left(\frac{M}{M_{\odot}}\right) \simeq \left(\frac{\Delta \nu}{\Delta \nu_{\odot}}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{L}{L_{\odot}}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{T_{\text{eff}}}{T_{\text{eff},\odot}}\right)^{-6} \tag{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{M}{M_{\odot}}\right) \simeq \left(\frac{\nu_{\text{max}}}{\nu_{\text{max},\odot}}\right) \left(\frac{L}{L_{\odot}}\right) \left(\frac{T_{\text{eff}}}{T_{\text{eff},\odot}}\right)^{-7/2} \tag{3}$$

$$\left(\frac{M}{M_{\odot}}\right) \simeq \left(\frac{\nu_{\text{max}}}{\nu_{\text{max},\odot}}\right)^{12/5} \left(\frac{\Delta \nu}{\Delta \nu_{\odot}}\right)^{-14/5} \left(\frac{L}{L_{\odot}}\right)^{3/10} \tag{4}$$