

Retrievers

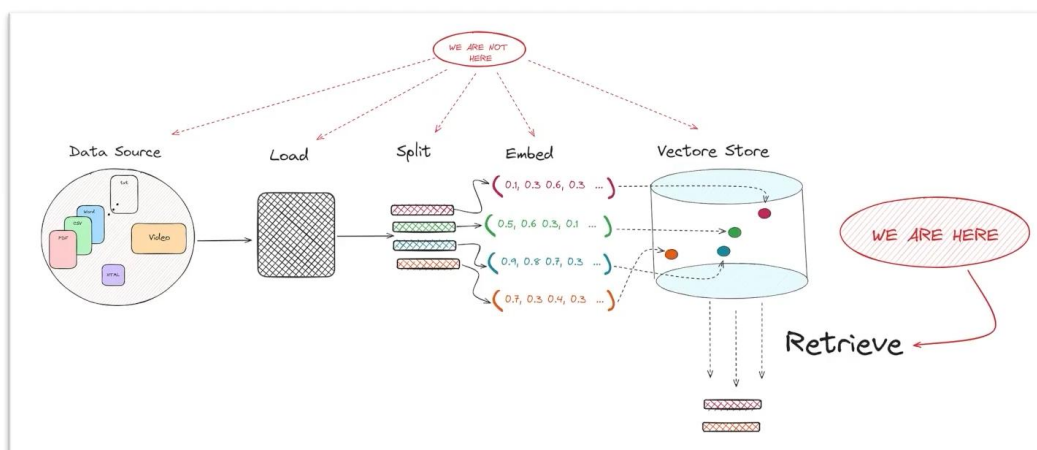
Retrievers are responsible for finding the most relevant chunks of information from a vector store based on a user's query. They ensure that only the most semantically similar and meaningful data is passed to the language model for accurate response generation.



01

Retrievers

Retrievers are components responsible for **fetching the most relevant chunks of information** from a vector database or knowledge source based on a user query. They act as a bridge between the **query** and the **relevant context** used by the LLM.



02

Where Retrievers Fit in a RAG Pipeline

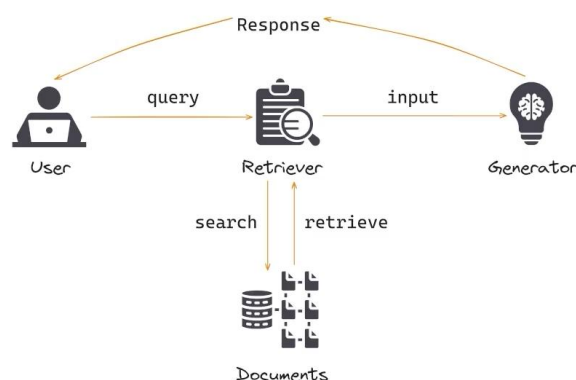
User Query → Embed → Retriever → Top Relevant Chunks → LLM → Answer

- ❑ Without retrievers, an LLM must rely on its pre-trained knowledge.
- ❑ With retrievers, we **ground** the model with up-to-date, accurate, and domain-specific information.

03

How Retrievers Work

- ❑ **Embed the Query** using the same model used to embed documents.
- ❑ **Search the Vector Store** (FAISS, Pinecone, ChromaDB, etc.)
- ❑ **Return Top-K Chunks** based on similarity metrics (cosine, dot product, etc.).



04

Common Retriever Types

Retriever Type

Vector Store Retriever

BM25 Retriever

Hybrid Retriever

Multi-query Retriever

Parent Document Retriever

Description

Uses dense vector similarity to return most similar documents.

Keyword-based retriever using classic information retrieval.

Combines vector search and keyword search (semantic + keyword).

Uses multiple query rewrites for better recall.

Retrieves large docs and chunks them later for better context.

05

Key Parameters

Parameter

search_type

k

filter

threshold

Purpose

Type of retrieval (e.g., similarity, MMR, score)

Number of documents to retrieve

Optional metadata filtering

Minimum similarity score (if available)

06

Benefits of Using a Retriever

Advantage

Focused Context
Lower Token Usage
Plug in External Data
Dynamic Updating

Why It Matters

LLMs get only relevant context → better answers
Avoids passing huge documents into prompt
Enables LLMs to answer from private knowledge
Vector DBs can be updated anytime without re-training

07

Use Cases

- ☐ Chat with PDF / Docs / Websites
- ☐ AI Customer Support Agents
- ☐ Medical, Legal, or Financial Search Tools
- ☐ AI Tutors with Curriculum Knowledge

08