

# DS311 - R Lab Assignment

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## R Assignment 1

- In this assignment, we are going to apply some of the built in data set in R for descriptive statistics analysis.
- To earn full grade in this assignment, students need to complete the coding tasks for each question to get the result.
- After finished all the questions, knit the document into HTML format for submission.

### Question 1

Using the **mtcars** data set in R, please answer the following questions.

```
# Loading the data
```

```
data(mtcars)
```

```
# Head of the data set
```

```
head(mtcars)
```

```
##           mpg  cyl  disp  hp  drat    wt   qsec vs  am  gear  carb
## Mazda RX4      21.0   6  160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46  0   1    4    4
## Mazda RX4 Wag  21.0   6  160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02  0   1    4    4
## Datsun 710      22.8   4  108  93 3.85 2.320 18.61  1   1    4    1
## Hornet 4 Drive  21.4   6  258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44  1   0    3    1
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7   8  360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02  0   0    3    2
## Valiant         18.1   6  225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22  1   0    3    1
```

```
library(base)
```

- a. Report the number of variables and observations in the data set.

```
# Enter your code here!
```

```
dim(mtcars)
```

```
## [1] 32 11
```

```
# Answer:
```

```
print("There are total of 11 variables and 32 observations in this data set.")
```

```
## [1] "There are total of 11 variables and 32 observations in this data set."
```

- b. Print the summary statistics of the data set and report how many discrete and continuous variables are in the data set.

```
# Enter your code here!
```

```
summary(mtcars)
```

```
##      mpg          cyl          disp         hp
##  Min.   :10.40   Min.    :4.000   Min.    : 71.1   Min.    : 52.0
## 1st Qu.:15.43   1st Qu.:4.000   1st Qu.:120.8   1st Qu.: 96.5
## Median :19.20   Median :6.000   Median :196.3   Median :123.0
## Mean   :20.09   Mean    :6.188   Mean    :230.7   Mean    :146.7
## 3rd Qu.:22.80   3rd Qu.:8.000   3rd Qu.:326.0   3rd Qu.:180.0
## Max.   :33.90   Max.    :8.000   Max.    :472.0   Max.    :335.0
##      drat          wt          qsec         vs
##  Min.   :2.760   Min.    :1.513   Min.    :14.50   Min.    :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:3.080   1st Qu.:2.581   1st Qu.:16.89   1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :3.695   Median :3.325   Median :17.71   Median :0.0000
## Mean   :3.597   Mean    :3.217   Mean    :17.85   Mean    :0.4375
## 3rd Qu.:3.920   3rd Qu.:3.610   3rd Qu.:18.90   3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.   :4.930   Max.    :5.424   Max.    :22.90   Max.    :1.0000
##      am          gear          carb
##  Min.   :0.0000   Min.    :3.000   Min.    :1.000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000   1st Qu.:3.000   1st Qu.:2.000
## Median :0.0000   Median :4.000   Median :2.000
## Mean   :0.4062   Mean    :3.688   Mean    :2.812
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000   3rd Qu.:4.000   3rd Qu.:4.000
## Max.   :1.0000   Max.    :5.000   Max.    :8.000
```

```
# Answer:
```

```
print("There are 7 discrete variables and 4 continuous variables in this data set.")
```

```
## [1] "There are 7 discrete variables and 4 continuous variables in this data set."
```

- c. Calculate the mean, variance, and standard deviation for the variable **mpg** and assign them into variable names m, v, and s. Report the results in the print statement.

```
# Enter your code here!
```

```
m = mean(mtcars$mpg)
```

```
v = var(mtcars$mpg)
```

```
s = sd(mtcars$mpg)
```

```
print(paste("The average of Mile Per Gallon from this data set is 20.091 with variance 36.324 and standard deviation 6.027"))
```

```
## [1] "The average of Mile Per Gallon from this data set is 20.091 with variance 36.324 and standard deviation 6.027"
```

- d. Create two tables to summarize 1) average mpg for each cylinder class and 2) the standard deviation of mpg for each gear class.

```
# Enter your code here!
```

```
aggregate(mpg ~ cyl, data=mtcars, mean)
```

```
##    cyl      mpg
## 1    4 26.66364
## 2    6 19.74286
## 3    8 15.10000
```

```
aggregate(mpg ~ gear, data=mtcars, sd)
```

```
##    gear      mpg
## 1    3 3.371618
## 2    4 5.276764
## 3    5 6.658979
```

- e. Create a crosstab that shows the number of observations belong to each cylinder and gear class combinations. The table should show how many observations given the car has 4 cylinders with 3 gears, 4 cylinders with 4 gears, etc. Report which combination is recorded in this data set and how many observations for this type of car.

```
# Enter your code here!
xtabs(~cyl+gear, data=mtcars)
```

```
##      gear
## cyl  3  4  5
##   4  1  8  2
##   6  2  4  1
##   8 12  0  2
```

```
print("The most common car type in this data set is car with 8 cylinders and 3 gears. There are total o
```

```
## [1] "The most common car type in this data set is car with 8 cylinders and 3 gears. There are total o
```

## Question 2

Use different visualization tools to summarize the data sets in this question.

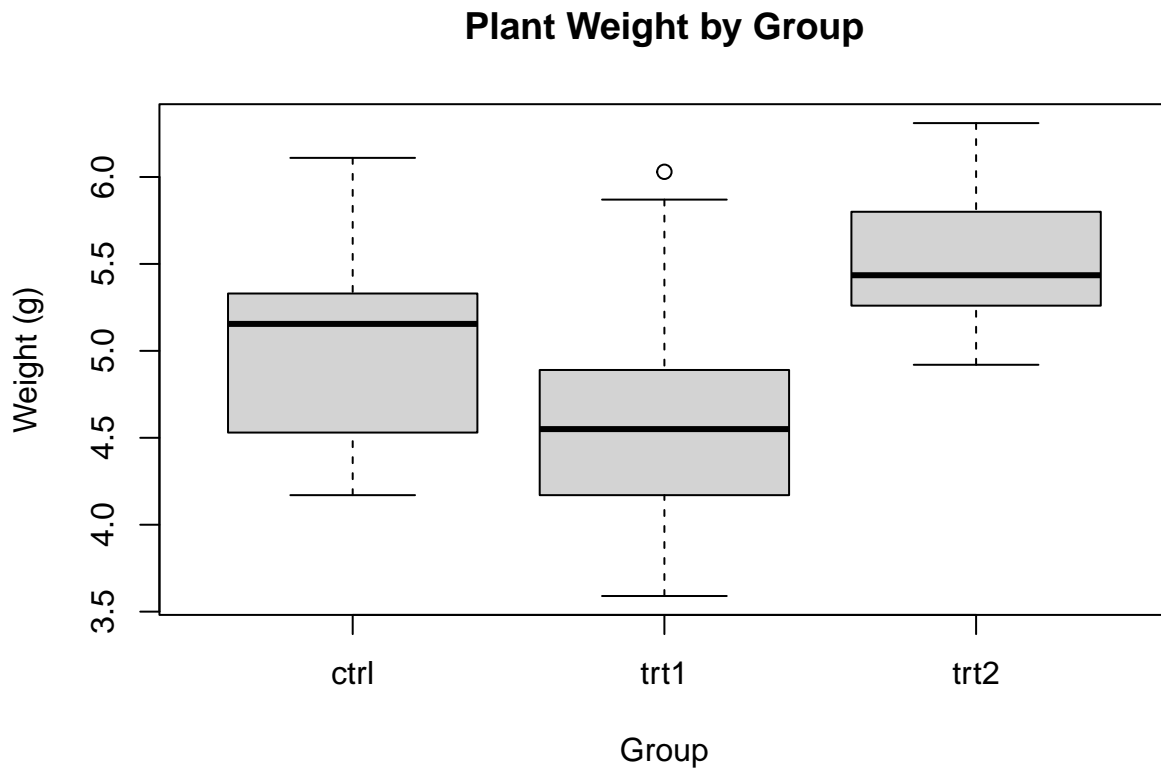
- a. Using the **PlantGrowth** data set, visualize and compare the weight of the plant in the three separated group. Give labels to the title, x-axis, and y-axis on the graph. Write a paragraph to summarize your findings.

```
# Load the data set
data("PlantGrowth")

# Head of the data set
head(PlantGrowth)
```

```
##    weight group
## 1    4.17  ctrl
## 2    5.58  ctrl
## 3    5.18  ctrl
## 4    6.11  ctrl
## 5    4.50  ctrl
## 6    4.61  ctrl
```

```
# Enter your code here!
boxplot(weight ~ group, data=PlantGrowth,
        main="Plant Weight by Group",
        xlab="Group",
        ylab="Weight (g)")
```



Result:

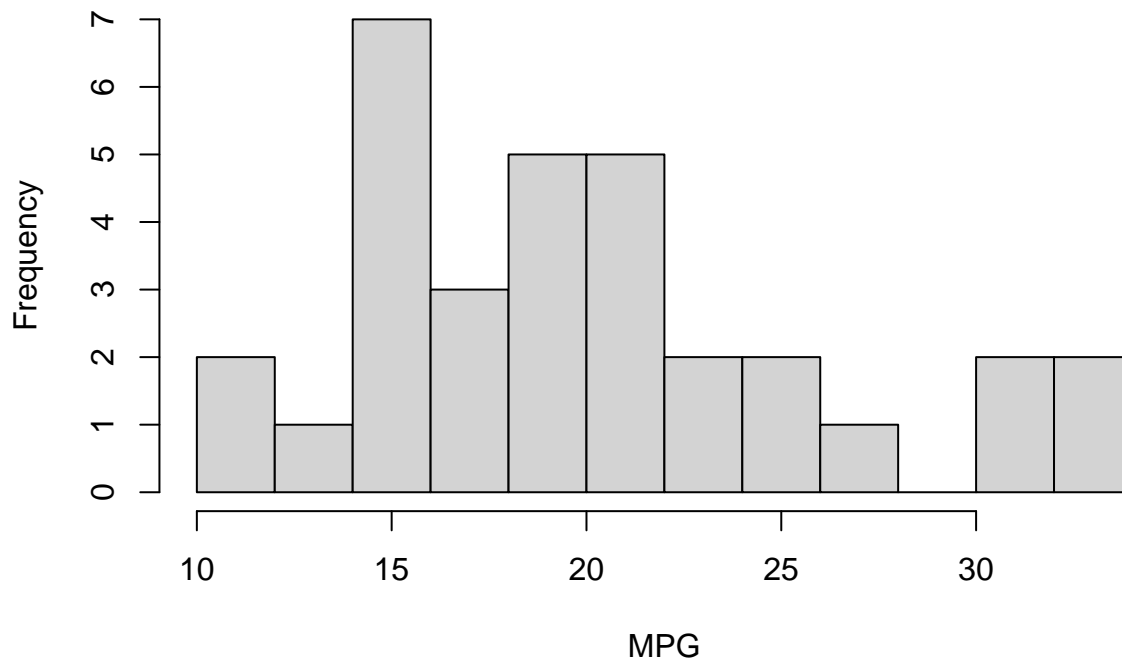
=> Report a paragraph to summarize your findings from the plot!

The control group is the middle ground between group 2 and 3. Group 3 is the heaviest while also having the least variation, while group 2 is the lightest only has slightly less variation than the control. Finally the control has the widest array of plant weights and takes up part of the space in both test groups.

- b. Using the **mtcars** data set, plot the histogram for the column **mpg** with 10 breaks. Give labels to the title, x-axis, and y-axis on the graph. Report the most observed mpg class from the data set.

```
hist(mtcars$mpg, breaks=10,
     main="Histogram of MPG",
     xlab="MPG",
     ylab="Frequency")
```

### Histogram of MPG



```
print("Most of the cars in this data set are in the class of 20 mile per gallon.")
```

```
## [1] "Most of the cars in this data set are in the class of 20 mile per gallon."
```

- c. Using the **USArrests** data set, create a pairs plot to display the correlations between the variables in the data set. Plot the scatter plot with **Murder** and **Assault**. Give labels to the title, x-axis, and y-axis on the graph. Write a paragraph to summarize your results from both plots.

```
# Load the data set
data("USArrests")

# Head of the data set
head(USArrests)
```

```
##      Murder  Assault  UrbanPop  Rape
## Alabama    13.2    236      58  21.2
## Alaska     10.0    263      48  44.5
## Arizona      8.1    294      80  31.0
## Arkansas     8.8    190      50  19.5
## California    9.0    276      91  40.6
## Colorado     7.9    204      78  38.7
```

```
# Enter your code here!
plot(USArrests$Murder, USArrests$Assault,
     xlab = "Murder", ylab = "Assault",
     main = "Murder vs. Assault")
```



Result:

=> Report a paragraph to summarize your findings from the plot!

The number of assaults has a direct correlation to the amount of murders. While murders are far outnumbered by assaults it is a noticeably small trend that as the assaults rise, so do the number of murders based solely on the plot data generated.

### Question 3

Download the housing data set from [www.jaredlander.com](http://www.jaredlander.com) and find out what explains the housing prices in New York City.

Note: Check your working directory to make sure that you can download the data into the data folder.

- a. Create your own descriptive statistics and aggregation tables to summarize the data set and find any meaningful results between different variables in the data set.

```
# Head of the cleaned data set
head(housingData)
```

```
##      Neighborhood Market.Value.per.SqFt      Boro Year.Built
## 1      FINANCIAL          200.00 Manhattan      1920
## 2      FINANCIAL          242.76 Manhattan      1985
## 4      FINANCIAL          271.23 Manhattan      1930
## 5      TRIBECA           247.48 Manhattan      1985
## 6      TRIBECA           191.37 Manhattan      1986
## 7      TRIBECA           211.53 Manhattan      1985
```

```
# Enter your code here!
aggregate(Market.Value.per.SqFt ~ Neighborhood, data = housingData, mean)
```

```
##      Neighborhood Market.Value.per.SqFt
## 1      ALPHABET CITY          148.35500
## 2      ARROCHAR-SHORE ACRES          57.75000
## 3      ASTORIA              91.48167
## 4      BATH BEACH           70.34000
## 5      BAY RIDGE            68.03500
## 6      BAYSIDE              71.42111
## 7      BEDFORD PARK/NORWOOD          38.24500
## 8      BEDFORD STUYVESANT          83.24172
## 9      BELMONT              56.45000
## 10     BENSONHURST           71.70429
## 11     BERGEN BEACH          73.27000
## 12     BOERUM HILL          96.57600
## 13     BOROUGH PARK          64.10857
## 14     BRIARWOOD            75.36250
## 15     BRIGHTON BEACH          81.91429
## 16     BRONX-UNKNOWN          32.06500
## 17     BRONXDALE            28.94333
## 18     BROOKLYN HEIGHTS        114.11778
## 19     BUSH TERMINAL          60.95000
## 20     BUSHWICK              76.13500
## 21     CANARSIE              46.58000
## 22     CARROLL GARDENS          93.40556
## 23     CHELSEA              215.94932
## 24     CHINATOWN            154.17952
## 25     CITY ISLAND           40.83000
## 26     CIVIC CENTER          174.06696
## 27     CLINTON              176.70032
## 28     CLINTON HILL           88.97385
## 29     COBBLE HILL          120.69800
## 30     COBBLE HILL-WEST          85.71125
## 31     COLLEGE POINT          65.05000
## 32     CONEY ISLAND          55.05750
## 33     CORONA                94.20706
## 34     CROWN HEIGHTS          64.26286
## 35     DOWNTOWN-FULTON FERRY        103.26857
## 36     DOWNTOWN-FULTON MALL        132.42500
## 37     DOWNTOWN-METROTECH        122.48000
## 38     DYKER HEIGHTS          68.36000
```

## 39	EAST NEW YORK	36.99167
## 40	EAST TREMONT	72.33333
## 41	EAST VILLAGE	207.46115
## 42	ELMHURST	69.80564
## 43	FAR ROCKAWAY	74.88500
## 44	FASHION	194.81067
## 45	FINANCIAL	199.30917
## 46	FLATBUSH-CENTRAL	65.71167
## 47	FLATBUSH-LEFFERTS GARDEN	46.27000
## 48	FLATBUSH-NORTH	54.00000
## 49	FLATIRON	223.30311
## 50	FLUSHING MEADOW PARK	58.59000
## 51	FLUSHING-NORTH	80.16992
## 52	FLUSHING-SOUTH	89.62750
## 53	FOREST HILLS	70.20706
## 54	FORT GREENE	81.76900
## 55	GLENDALE	57.39667
## 56	GOWANUS	82.45333
## 57	GRAMERCY	188.68471
## 58	GRANT CITY	47.60000
## 59	GRAVESEND	75.63526
## 60	GREAT KILLS	33.74000
## 61	GREENPOINT	86.18053
## 62	GREENWICH VILLAGE-CENTRAL	142.57767
## 63	GREENWICH VILLAGE-WEST	202.13667
## 64	GRYMES HILL	50.09000
## 65	HAMMELS	139.07200
## 66	HARLEM-CENTRAL	102.79106
## 67	HARLEM-EAST	139.93972
## 68	HARLEM-UPPER	79.25667
## 69	HARLEM-WEST	95.20500
## 70	HIGHBRIDGE/MORRIS HEIGHTS	61.82000
## 71	HILLCREST	53.95000
## 72	HOLLIS	109.56000
## 73	HOWARD BEACH	55.06000
## 74	INWOOD	62.05500
## 75	JACKSON HEIGHTS	47.79238
## 76	JAMAICA	104.76600
## 77	JAMAICA ESTATES	79.69500
## 78	JAVITS CENTER	125.09000
## 79	KENSINGTON	56.87500
## 80	KEW GARDENS	69.64300
## 81	KINGSBRIDGE HTS/UNIV HTS	23.86000
## 82	KINGSBRIDGE/JEROME PARK	58.37800
## 83	KIPS BAY	191.31769
## 84	LITTLE ITALY	142.52308
## 85	LITTLE NECK	65.85000
## 86	LONG ISLAND CITY	108.16667
## 87	LOWER EAST SIDE	173.56262
## 88	MADISON	71.26000
## 89	MANHATTAN VALLEY	111.30043
## 90	MASPETH	53.32750
## 91	MIDDLE VILLAGE	78.35857
## 92	MIDTOWN CBD	234.36154



## 93	MIDTOWN EAST	211.04750
## 94	MIDTOWN WEST	222.06489
## 95	MIDWOOD	79.50273
## 96	MORNINGSIDE HEIGHTS	74.63000
## 97	MORRIS PARK/VAN NEST	26.90000
## 98	MORRISANIA/LONGWOOD	44.21250
## 99	MOTT HAVEN/PORT MORRIS	30.96000
## 100	MURRAY HILL	206.26795
## 101	NEW BRIGHTON	41.47667
## 102	NEW BRIGHTON-ST. GEORGE	41.06000
## 103	NEW SPRINGVILLE	40.47000
## 104	OAKLAND GARDENS	66.94000
## 105	OCEAN HILL	37.92900
## 106	OCEAN PARKWAY-NORTH	76.51111
## 107	OCEAN PARKWAY-SOUTH	75.08000
## 108	OZONE PARK	54.10000
## 109	PARK SLOPE	88.01774
## 110	PARK SLOPE SOUTH	95.84200
## 111	PARKCHESTER	32.67500
## 112	PELHAM PARKWAY SOUTH	30.55000
## 113	PROSPECT HEIGHTS	79.16200
## 114	REGO PARK	62.13630
## 115	RIDGEWOOD	64.28667
## 116	RIVERDALE	57.10176
## 117	ROCKAWAY PARK	88.13600
## 118	SCHUYLERVILLE/PELHAM BAY	49.68000
## 119	SHEEPSHEAD BAY	79.79704
## 120	SILVER LAKE	35.80500
## 121	SOHO	162.72473
## 122	SOUNDVIEW	43.40333
## 123	SOUTH OZONE PARK	40.78000
## 124	SOUTHBRIDGE	159.53333
## 125	SUNNYSIDE	61.61818
## 126	SUNSET PARK	80.58348
## 127	THROGS NECK	53.70667
## 128	TOMPKINSVILLE	35.81000
## 129	TRIBECA	180.18473
## 130	UPPER EAST SIDE (59-79)	216.83715
## 131	UPPER EAST SIDE (79-96)	202.45179
## 132	UPPER EAST SIDE (96-110)	167.41600
## 133	UPPER WEST SIDE (59-79)	200.24391
## 134	UPPER WEST SIDE (79-96)	171.84515
## 135	UPPER WEST SIDE (96-116)	134.09353
## 136	WASHINGTON HEIGHTS LOWER	65.29600
## 137	WASHINGTON HEIGHTS UPPER	93.50833
## 138	WEST NEW BRIGHTON	39.69000
## 139	WHITESTONE	72.90000
## 140	WILLIAMSBRIDGE	42.46000
## 141	WILLIAMSBURG-CENTRAL	79.97017
## 142	WILLIAMSBURG-EAST	84.32605
## 143	WILLIAMSBURG-NORTH	84.10577
## 144	WILLIAMSBURG-SOUTH	82.27618
## 145	WINDSOR TERRACE	70.21200
## 146	WOODHAVEN	38.61000

## 147	WOODSIDE	80.52625
## 148	WYCKOFF HEIGHTS	84.93000

```
aggregate(Market.Value.per.SqFt ~ Year.Built, data = housingData, mean)
```

##	Year.Built	Market.Value.per.SqFt
## 1	1825	76.36000
## 2	1836	273.77000
## 3	1853	152.79000
## 4	1860	159.64500
## 5	1874	111.17000
## 6	1875	166.05000
## 7	1879	194.52000
## 8	1881	109.70500
## 9	1883	172.10000
## 10	1890	113.28750
## 11	1891	72.83000
## 12	1892	95.21000
## 13	1893	168.85000
## 14	1894	110.62000
## 15	1895	151.77500
## 16	1896	117.26500
## 17	1897	40.83000
## 18	1898	83.25000
## 19	1899	108.16000
## 20	1900	137.55908
## 21	1901	172.36778
## 22	1902	167.62167
## 23	1903	147.97000
## 24	1904	123.09333
## 25	1905	187.76583
## 26	1906	169.03364
## 27	1907	173.80000
## 28	1908	150.35000
## 29	1909	135.23667
## 30	1910	147.36257
## 31	1911	179.76067
## 32	1912	159.51636
## 33	1913	175.93500
## 34	1914	160.29286
## 35	1915	147.08673
## 36	1916	128.20714
## 37	1917	73.87000
## 38	1918	181.84000
## 39	1919	63.11000
## 40	1920	145.30862
## 41	1921	122.39125
## 42	1922	118.33250
## 43	1923	115.47625
## 44	1924	165.94091
## 45	1925	147.51316
## 46	1926	148.36423
## 47	1927	131.63357
## 48	1928	153.68375

## 49	1929	106.32121
## 50	1930	142.28936
## 51	1931	129.51731
## 52	1932	91.74333
## 53	1933	40.97000
## 54	1934	203.80000
## 55	1935	176.23000
## 56	1936	46.04333
## 57	1937	51.77250
## 58	1938	99.23857
## 59	1939	93.65083
## 60	1940	154.89857
## 61	1941	111.83733
## 62	1942	128.38600
## 63	1947	113.13500
## 64	1948	186.25000
## 65	1949	44.98000
## 66	1950	141.96182
## 67	1951	132.98833
## 68	1952	97.95143
## 69	1954	81.56500
## 70	1955	130.17538
## 71	1956	178.42786
## 72	1957	127.24091
## 73	1958	159.77000
## 74	1959	108.62692
## 75	1960	104.91200
## 76	1961	106.63000
## 77	1962	129.26294
## 78	1963	152.82937
## 79	1964	103.15000
## 80	1965	121.01313
## 81	1966	79.94375
## 82	1967	91.94000
## 83	1968	126.76000
## 84	1969	157.28000
## 85	1970	214.59000
## 86	1971	57.60000
## 87	1972	185.72000
## 88	1973	196.75500
## 89	1974	124.42500
## 90	1975	201.26667
## 91	1977	161.32250
## 92	1978	254.69000
## 93	1979	155.71333
## 94	1980	161.74500
## 95	1981	175.96800
## 96	1982	151.30364
## 97	1983	114.79917
## 98	1984	179.48333
## 99	1985	182.66868
## 100	1986	157.62328
## 101	1987	142.14055
## 102	1988	126.43686

```
## 103      1989      109.25390
## 104      1990      99.31500
## 105      1991     145.76105
## 106      1992      83.92333
## 107      1993      55.45000
## 108      1994      73.13500
## 109      1995      75.77375
## 110      1996     152.36750
## 111      1997     137.41364
## 112      1998     138.25125
## 113      1999     145.93217
## 114      2000     165.47296
## 115      2001     124.74295
## 116      2002     117.92442
## 117      2003     121.56193
## 118      2004     113.79702
## 119      2005     122.70817
## 120      2006     119.73598
## 121      2007     134.12665
## 122      2008     144.34935
## 123      2009      96.52619
## 124      2010      90.36667
```

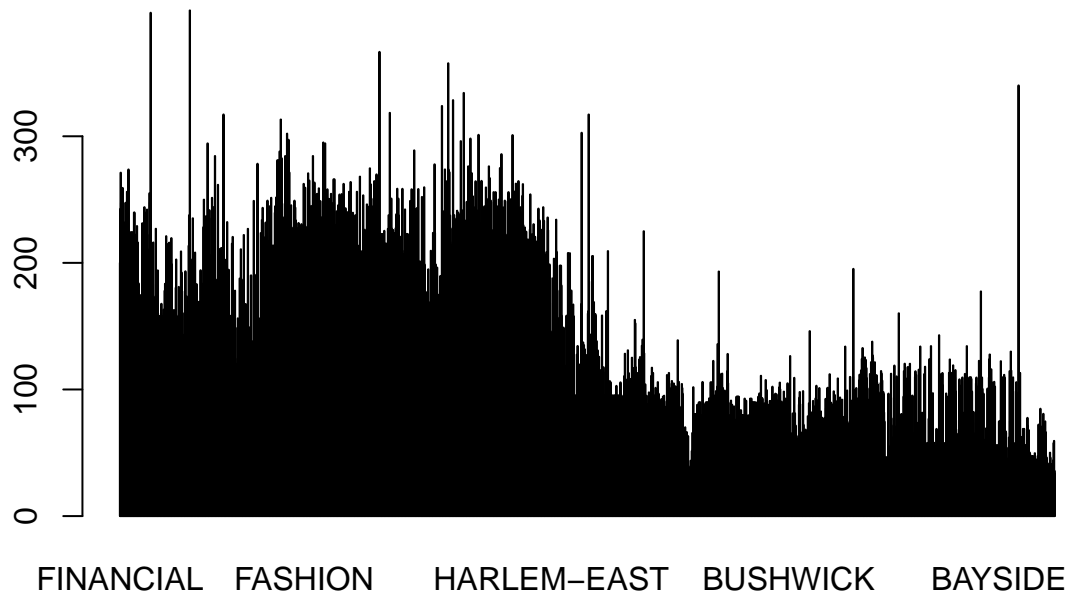
```
aggregate(Market.Value.per.SqFt ~ Boro, data = housingData, mean)
```

```
##      Boro Market.Value.per.SqFt
## 1      Bronx      47.93232
## 2    Brooklyn      80.13439
## 3    Manhattan     180.59265
## 4      Queens      77.38137
## 5 Staten Island     41.26958
```

- b. Create multiple plots to demonstrates the correlations between different variables. Remember to label all axes and give title to each graph.

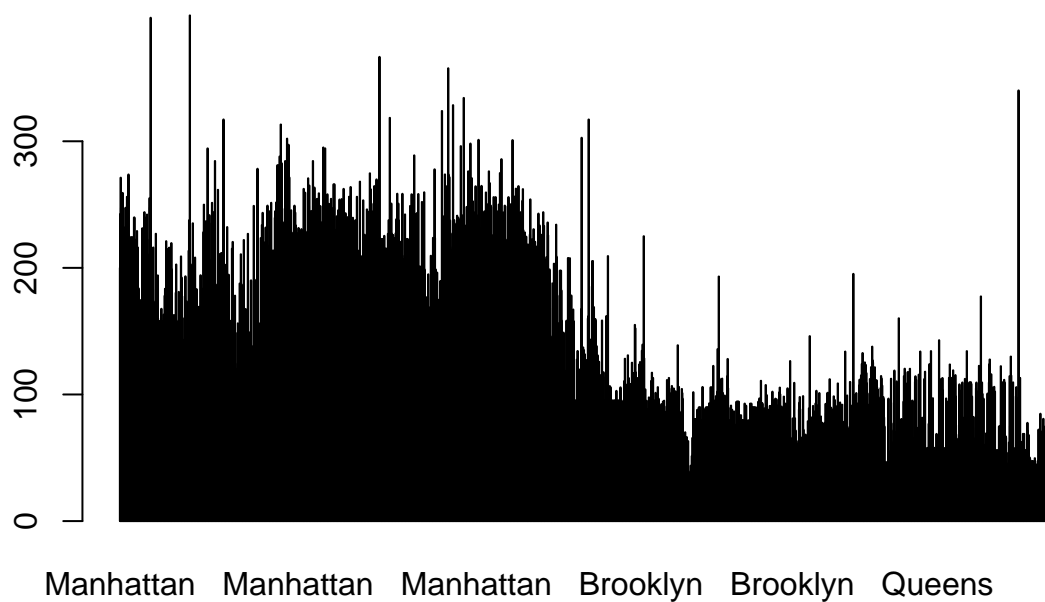
```
# Enter your code here!
barplot(housingData$Market.Value.per.SqFt,
        names.arg = housingData$Neighborhood)
title("Market Value per Square Foot by Neighborhood")
```

## Market Value per Square Foot by Neighborhood



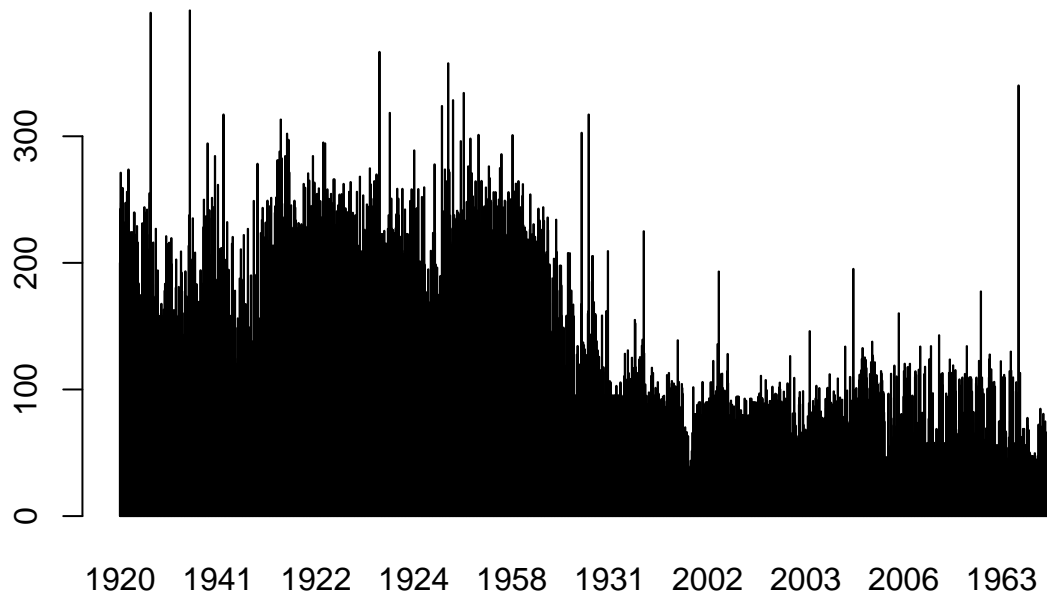
```
barplot(housingData$Market.Value.per.SqFt,  
        names.arg = housingData$Boro)  
title("Market Value per Square Foot by Boro")
```

## Market Value per Square Foot by Boro



```
barplot(housingData$Market.Value.per.SqFt,  
        names.arg = housingData$Year.Built)  
title("Market Value per Square Foot by Year Built")
```

### Market Value per Square Foot by Year Built



c. Write a summary about your findings from this exercise.

=> Enter your answer here!

For the first graph it seems that the more established districts which means usually wealthier, the market value per square foot is higher than those in poorer areas. Also it appears that in general the prices are land per square feet are higher in Manhattan than anywhere else in New York. Finally There is a noticeable trend that the older the area and structures built, the higher the price per square foot is.