BLE Wireless Power Transmitter and Receiver 1.0

Features

- BLE Wireless Power Transfer Profile in Power Receiver Unit and Power Transmitter Unit role
- Wireless Power Transfer Service
- Deep Sleep mode support
- LED status indication

Development Kit Configuration

1. Default CY8CKIT-042 BLE Pioneer Kit configuration (including BLE Dongle).
2. Connect J2 pin P3[0] to J3 pin VREF.
3. Make sure J16 is set to 3.3V

General Description

This example project demonstrates the Wireless Power Transfer Profile operation of the BLE PSoC Creator Component. The example project requires CY8CKIT-042-BLE Pioneer Kit.
The example consists of two projects: Wireless Power Transmitter (GATT Client) and Wireless Power Receiver (GATT Server).
This example demonstrates communication between Power Receiver Unit (PRU) and Power Transmitter Unit (PTU) in the Wireless Power Transfer systems. PTU central device supports time multiplexing connection with up to 8 PRU peripheral devices. PRU simulates power receiver data and reports the simulated data to a PTU using the Wireless Power Transfer Service (WPTS).

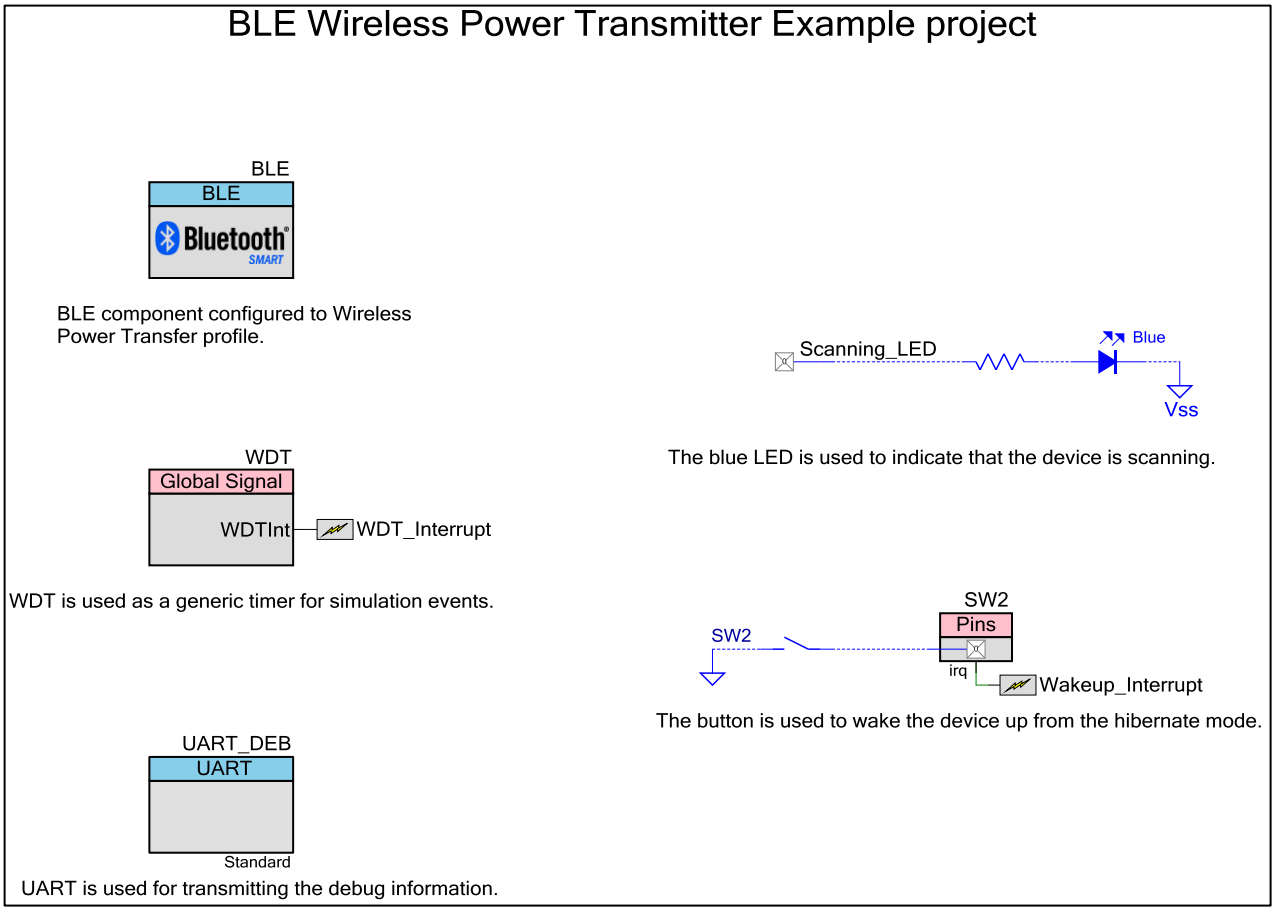
BLE Wireless Power Transmitter Project Configuration

The transmitter example project consists of the following components:

- Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)
- UART
- Watchdog timer (WDT) that is used as a general timer

The top design schematic is shown in Figure **1**.

Figure 1. Top design schematic



The output pins are used to reflect the line signal output on the LED. The input pin is configured to the resistive pull up mode and is used to wake device from low power hibernate mode.

UART

This component is used for printing debug information and scan commands from terminal.

Watch Dog Timer (WDT)

The Global Signal Reference and WDT_Interrupt component is used for the ISR configuration from Watch Dog Timer. This timer works over low power Deep Sleep mode, therefore used as a general timer for LED indication and simulation purpose.

Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)

The BLE component is configured as Wireless Power Transfer Profile in Power Transmitter Unit role operation.

Figure 2. GATT settings

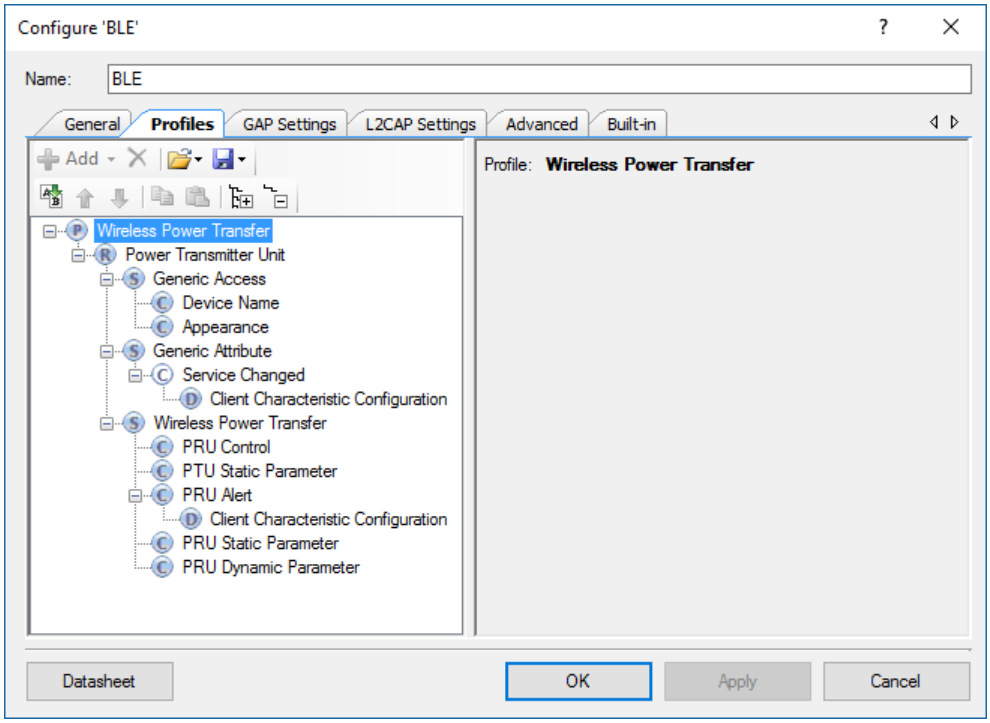


Figure 3. GAP settings

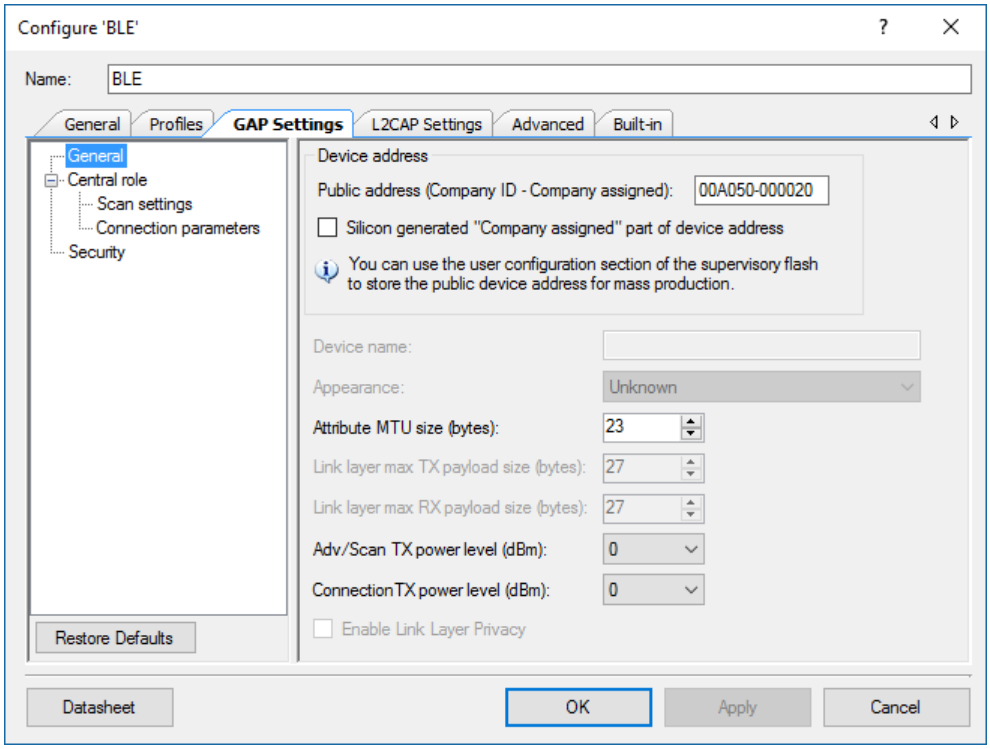


Figure 4. GAP settings -> Scan settings

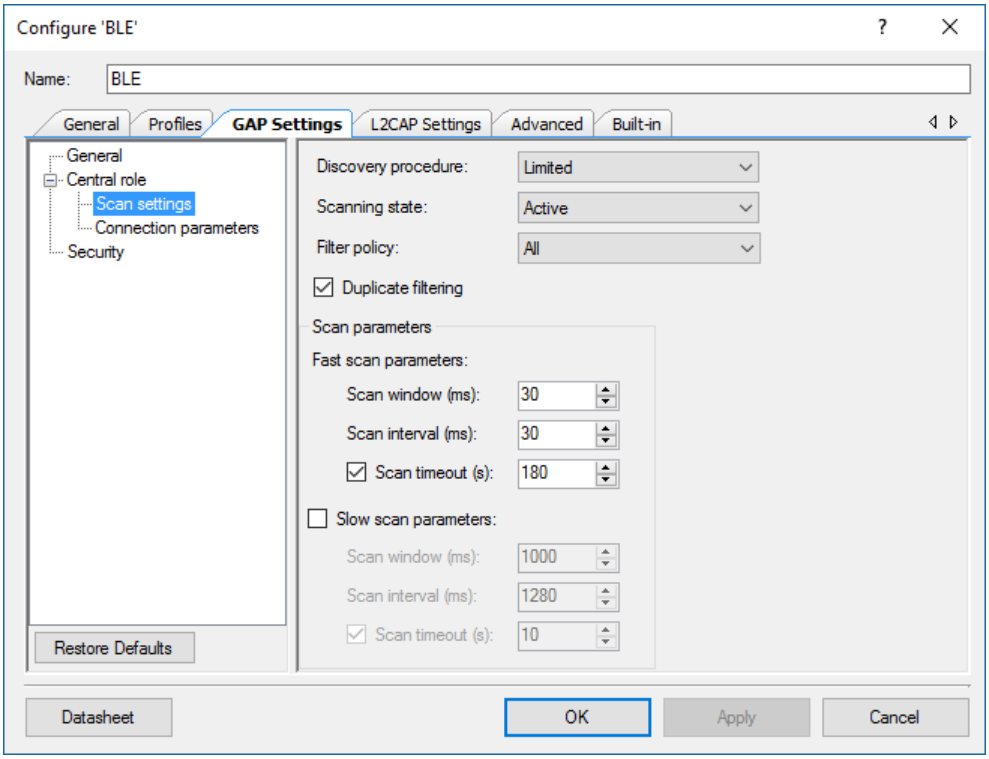
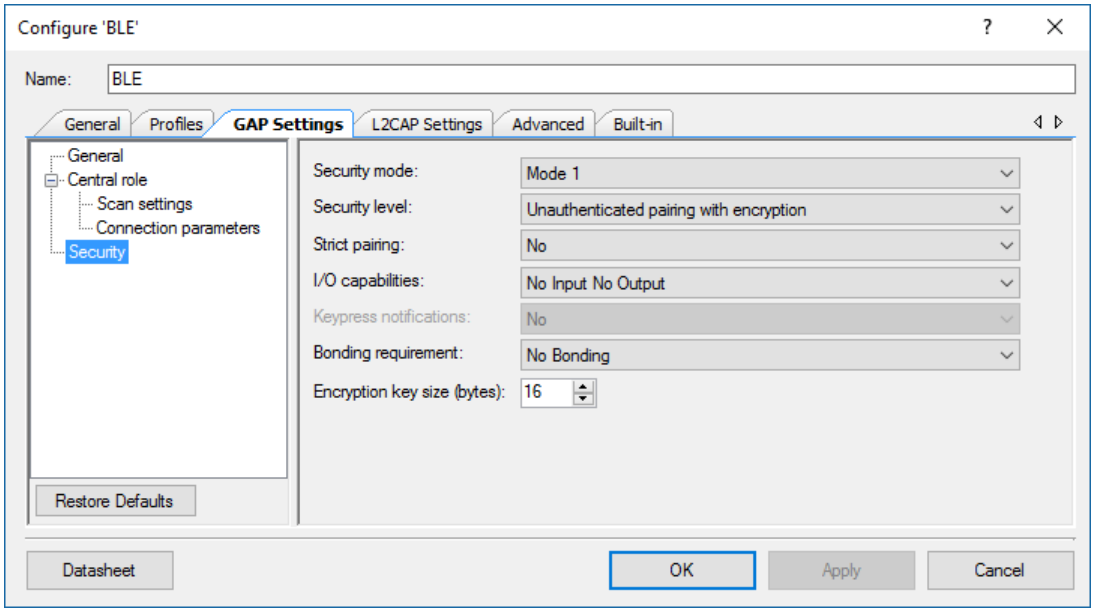


Figure 5. Security settings



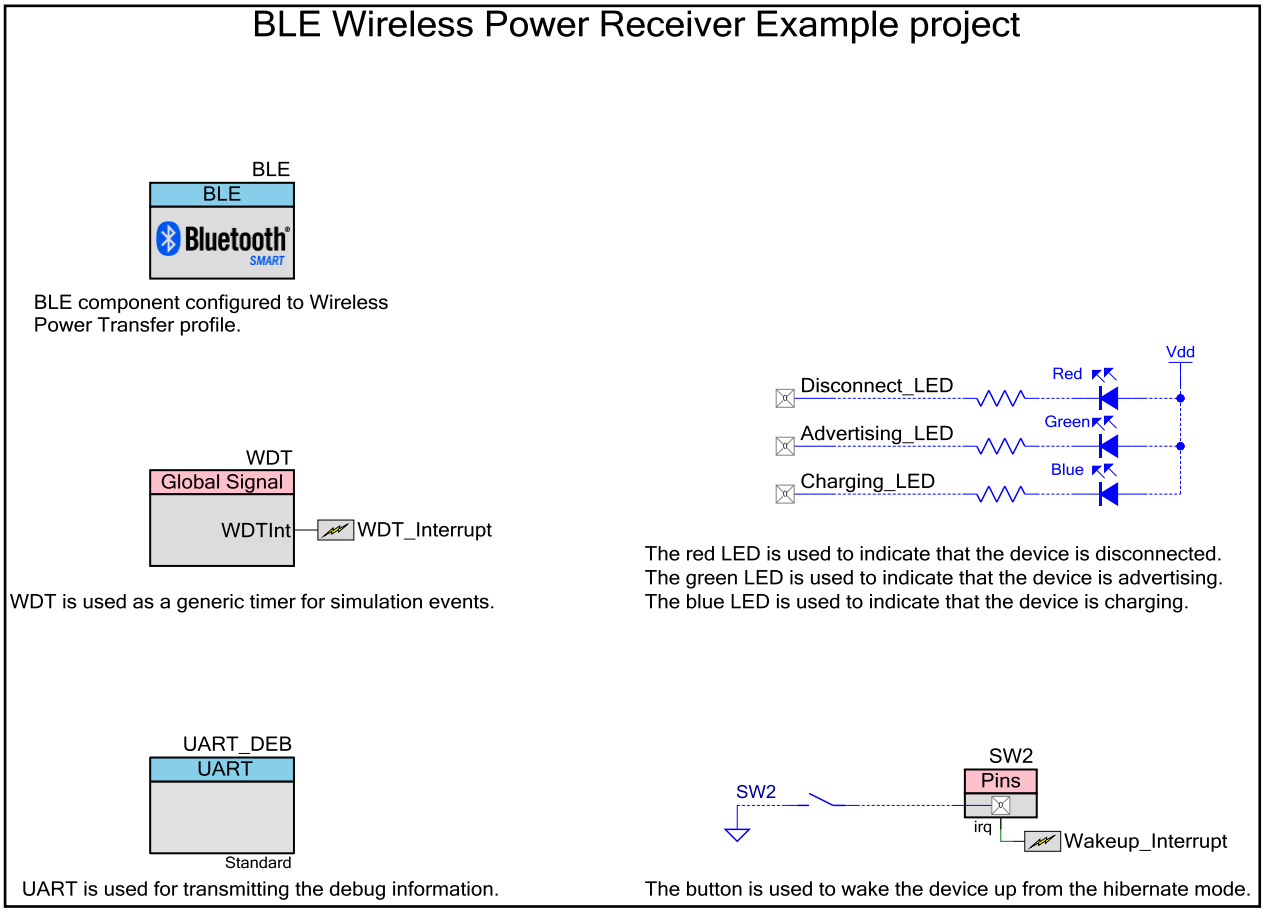
BLE Wireless Power Receiver Project Configuration

The receiver example project consists of the following components:

- Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)
- UART
- Watchdog timer (WDT) that is used as general timer
- Sequencing SAR ADC, Opamp, DieTemp

The top design schematic is shown in Figure **6** and Figure **7**.

Figure 6. WPRU tab of top design schematic



The output pins are used to reflect the line signal output on the LED. The input pin is configured to the resistive pull up mode and is used to wake device from low power hibernate mode.

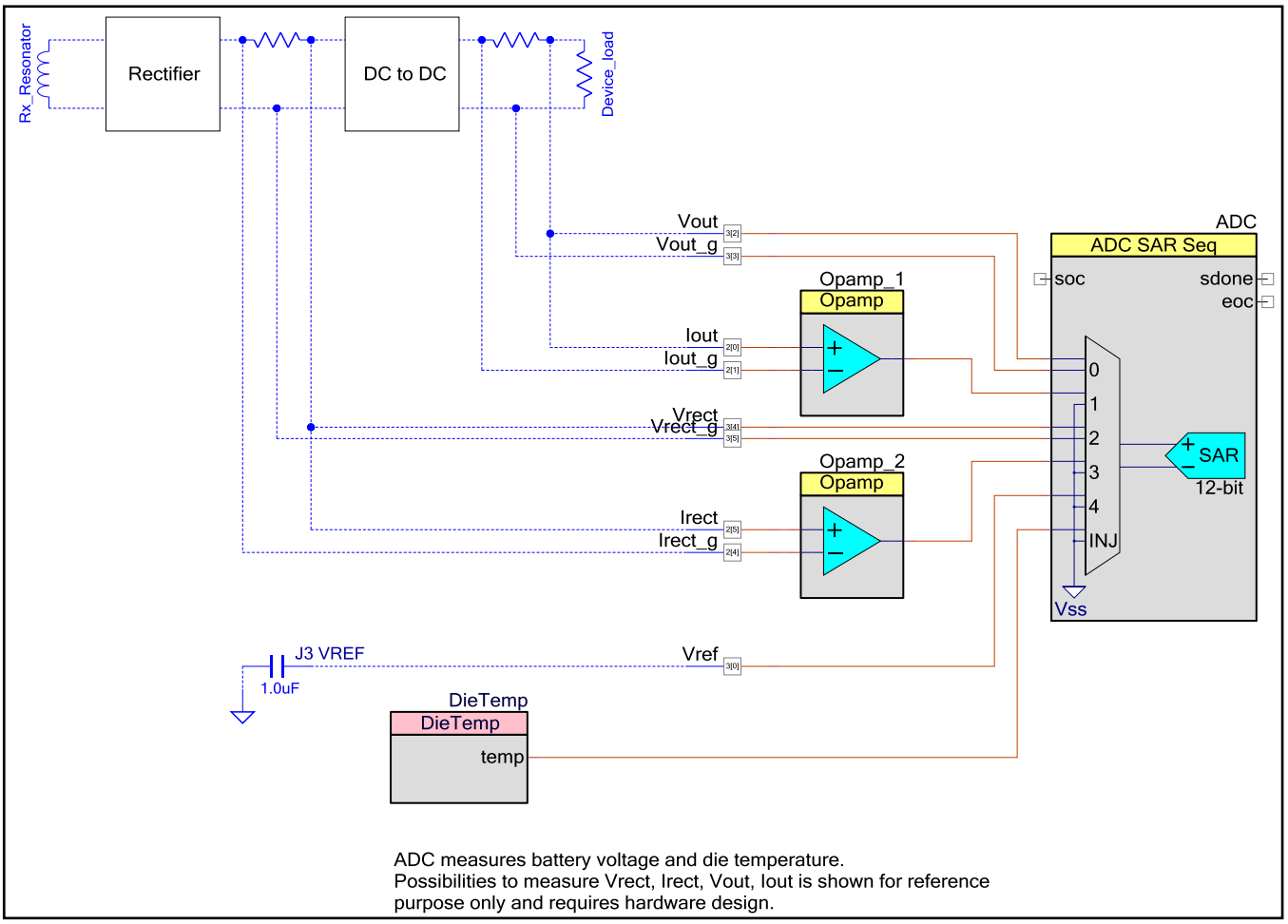
UART

This component is used for printing debug information.

Watch Dog Timer (WDT)

The Global Signal Reference and WDT_Interrupt component is used for the ISR configuration from Watch Dog Timer. This timer works over low power Deep Sleep mode, therefore used as a general timer for LED indication and simulation purpose.

Figure 7. Measure tab of top design schematic



Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)

The BLE component is configured as Wireless Power Transfer Profile in Power Receiver Unit role operation with the additional Battery Service (BAS). The purpose of the BAS service is to demonstrate battery level measurement possibilities along with measurement of other parameters for wireless power transfer system.

PRU Advertisement packet is configured to connectable undirected advertising type with WPTS specific-service data. Scan response packet includes a complete local name.

Figure 8. GATT settings

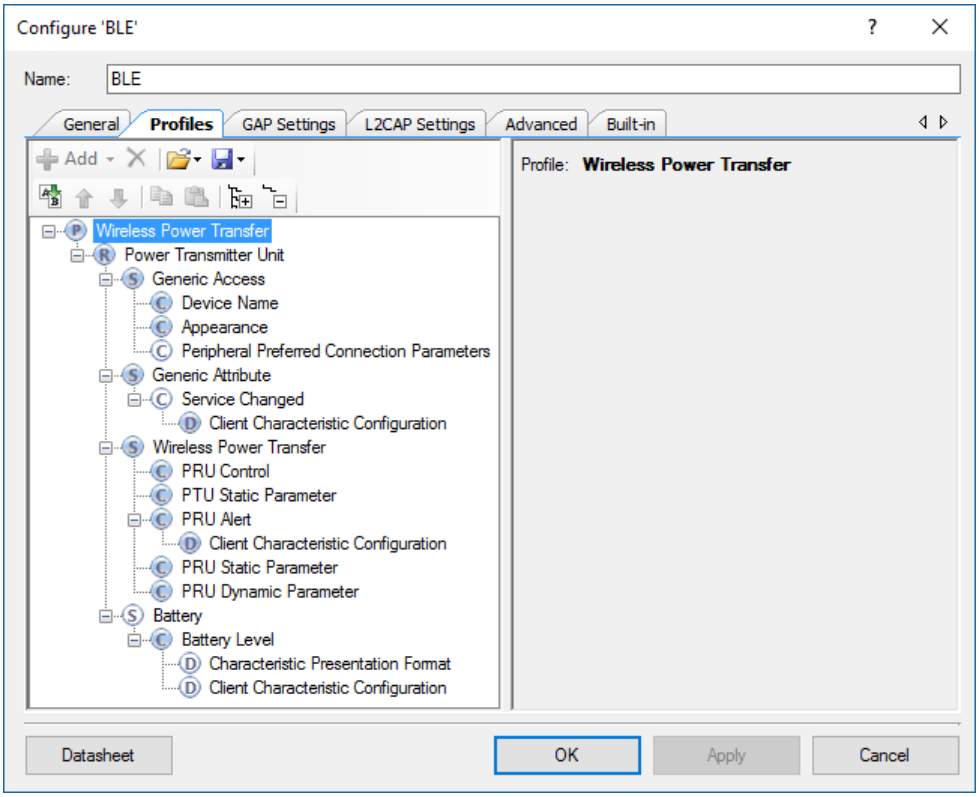


Figure 9. GAP settings

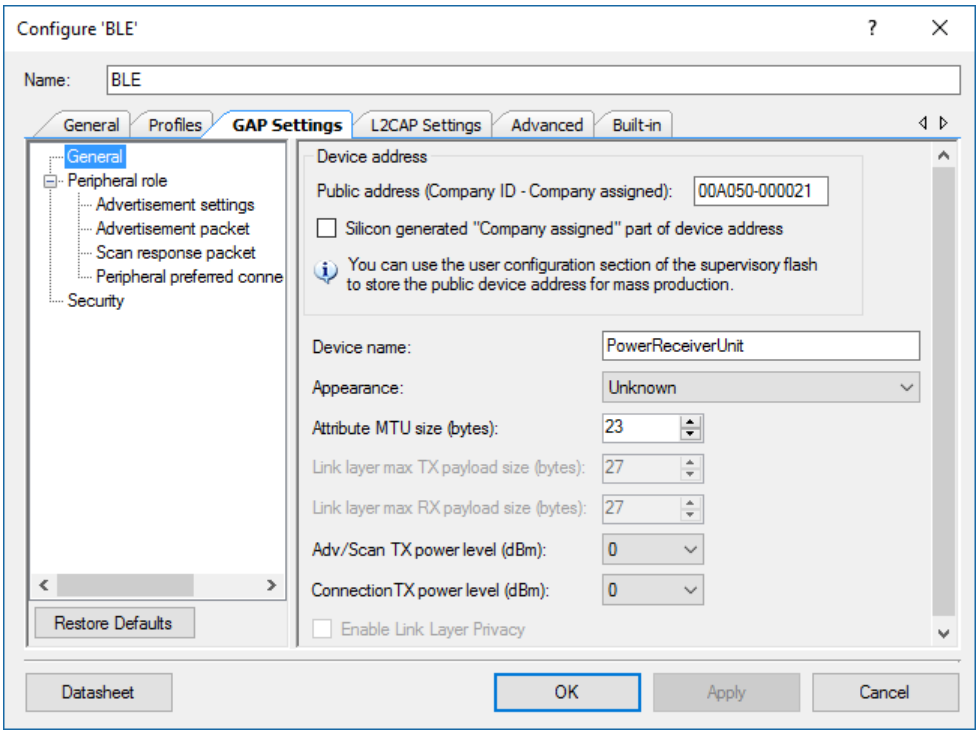


Figure 10. GAP settings -> Advertisement settings

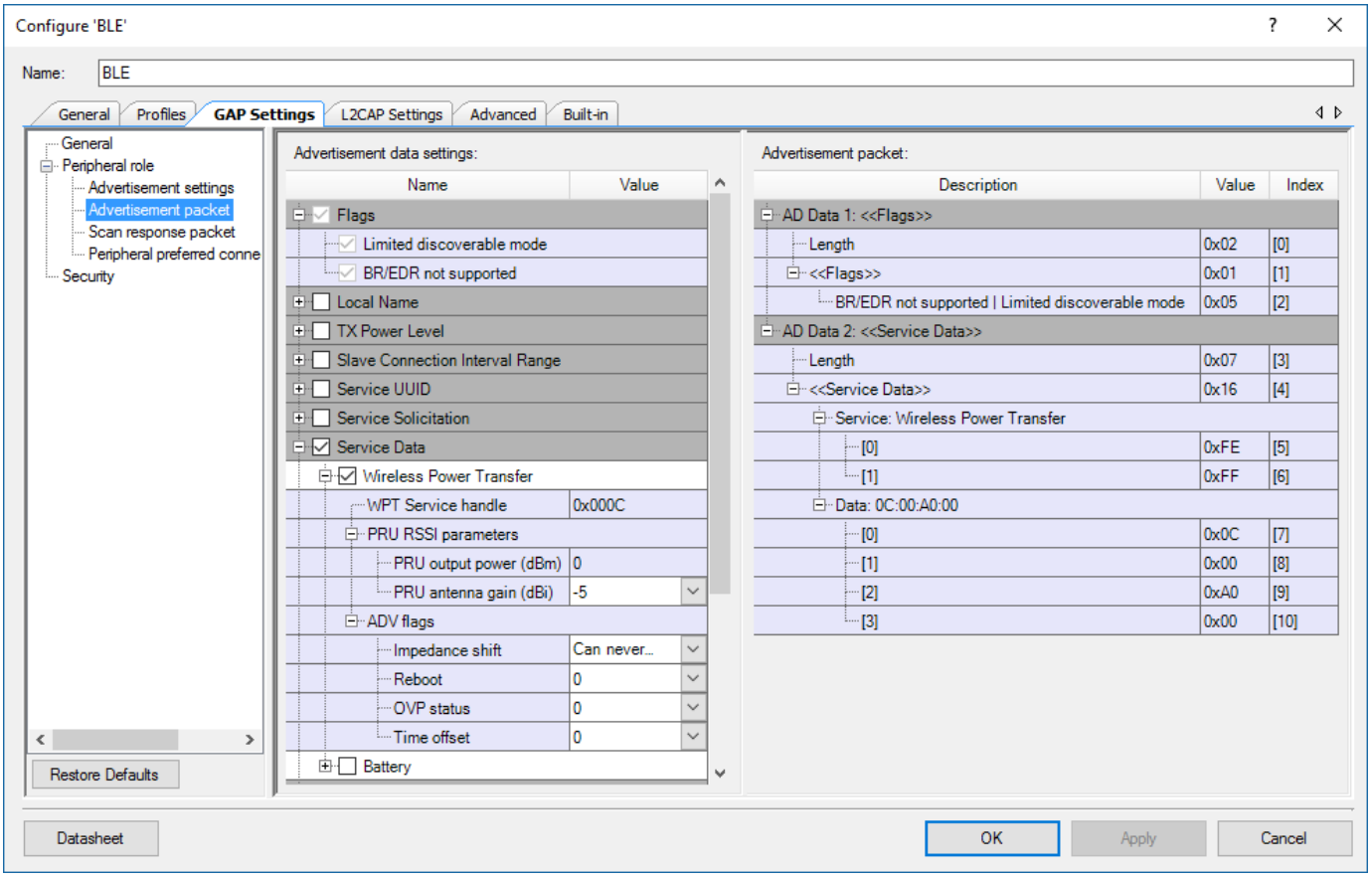
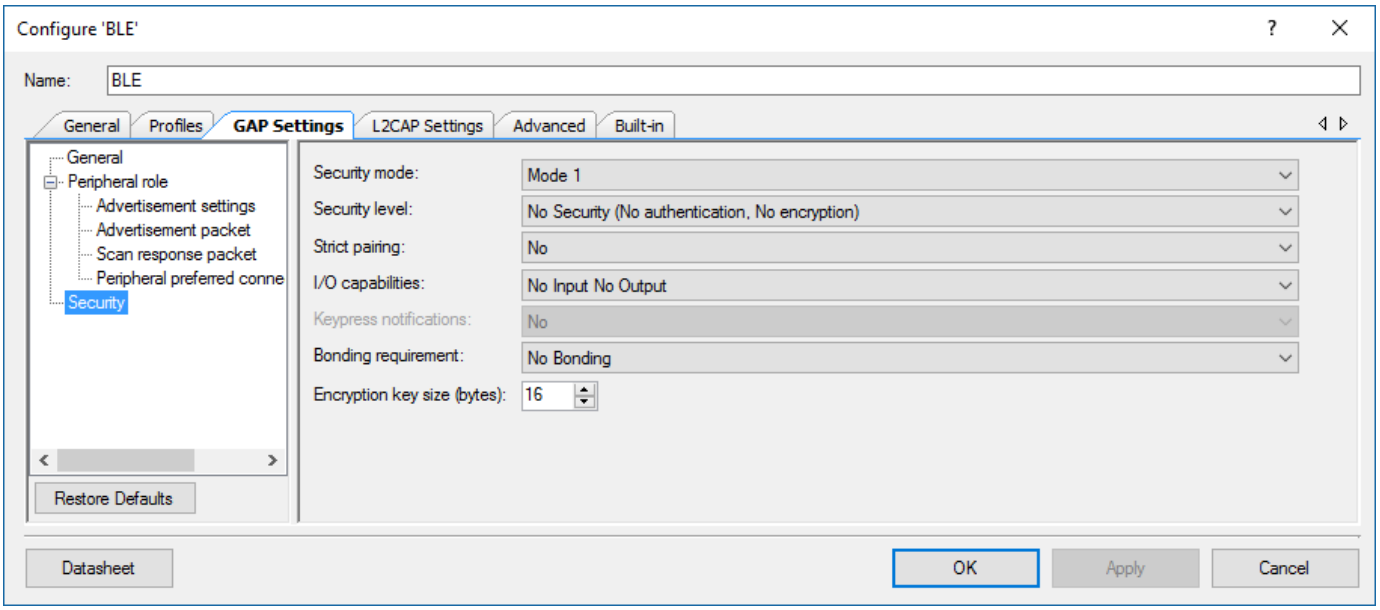


Figure 11. Security settings



Sequencing SAR ADC

ADC is configured with five sequenced channels and injection channel measurement. Clock frequency is configured to the maximum possible (9 MHz) with Vref equal to VDDA. Acquisition time for injection channel is configured to 50 clks to have required at least 5 µs temperature sensor settling time.

Figure 12. ADC General settings

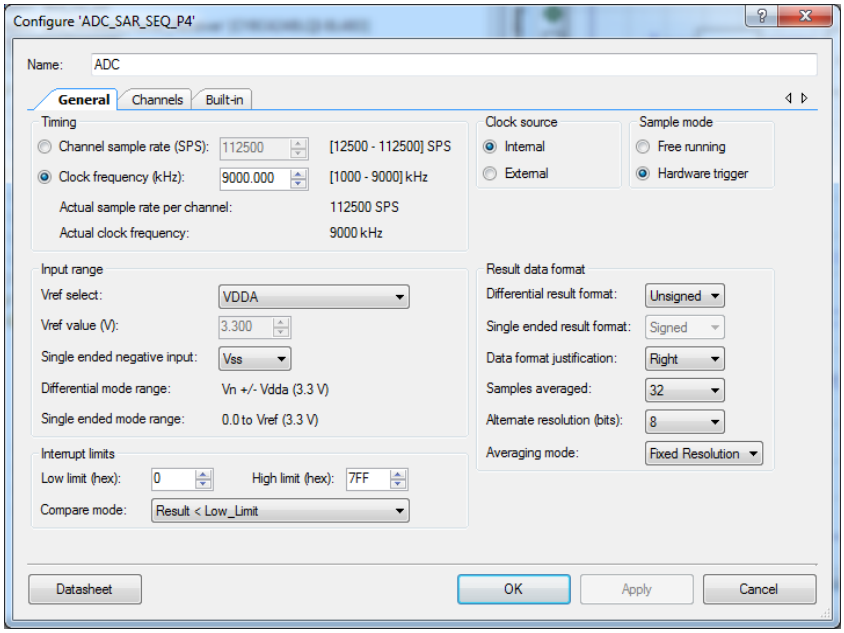
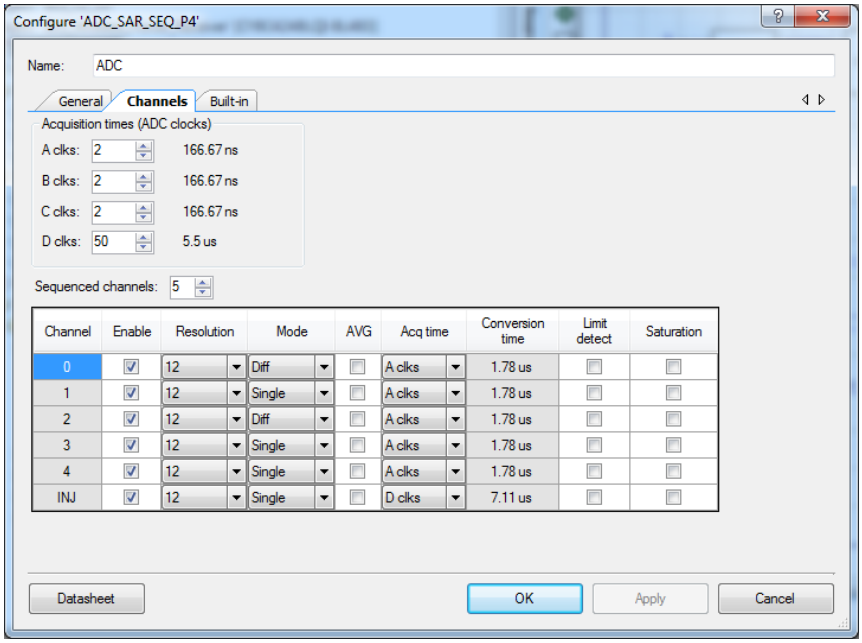


Figure 13. ADC channels settings



BLE Wireless Power Transmitter Project Description

The project demonstrates the BLE component functionality configured as PTU.
For operation the example project uses two callback functions - AppCallBack() and WptsCallBack(). One callback function (AppCallBack()) is required for receiving the generic events from the BLE Stack and the second (WptsCallBack()) is required for receiving the events from the WPTS Service.

To start the example project operation, build it and program into development kit BLE Dongle. Right after the startup, the BLE, UART, and ISR components are initialized. After the initialization the BLE component begins its operation that can be seen on the user LED which starts blinking with a blue color. This indicates that the device has started scanning. After 180 seconds timeout, if no peripheral device has been connected, the PTU stops scanning. User LED is turned off indicating the disconnection state and the system enters into the hibernate mode. Press the user button on BLE Dongle (SW2) to wake up the system and start re-scanning.

Advertising packets, received during scanning procedure from peripheral devices, are parsed and filtered. Only packets with WPT service-specific data are handled and showed in the debug terminal with the device sequence number as a candidate to connect.

The example project uses UART component for displaying debug information and also for sending commands through the Terminal emulator app. Commands are the procedures which a user can perform. The list of the commands is shown below:

Command	Description
'z'+'#'	Select specific peer device, where '#' – sequence number from advertising packet (0-7). Default value: 0.
'c'	Send connect request to selected peer device.
'd'	Send disconnect request to peer device.
'v'	Cancel connection request.
's'	Start discovery procedure.
'1'	Enable notifications for Alert characteristic.
'2'	Enable indications for Alert characteristic.
'3'	Disable notifications and indications for Alert characteristic.
'4'	Send Read request for PRU Static Parameter characteristic.
'5'	Send Read request for PRU Dynamic Parameter characteristic.
'6'	Send "Enable Charging" command to PRU control characteristic.
'7'	Send "Disable Charging" command to PRU control characteristic.
'8'	Enable sequential read of PRU Dynamic Parameter characteristic.
'9'	Disable sequential read of PRU Dynamic Parameter characteristic.

The above list is prompted to Terminal emulator when 'h' is entered in the app.

To connect to the PRU device, select a specific device by pressing 'z' + device number listed along with the advertising report in the terminal and send a connection request to the device ('c') when the device is advertising.
PTU uses WPT service handle from advertising packet for quick PRU discovery instead of the classic device discovery procedure.

When connection is established, PTU automatically initiates a basic information exchange procedure, i.e. sends a read request to PRU static parameter characteristic, write request to PTU static parameter characteristic and enables notification of Alert characteristic. Each second a read request to PRU Dynamic Parameter characteristic is sent. User LED is turned on indicating the connection state.
Use ‘6’ and ‘7’ commands to send Enable and Disable Charging commands to the PRU control characteristic. PRU device will indicate charging with a blue led.

BLE Wireless Power Receiver Project Description

The project demonstrates the BLE component functionality configured as PRU.
For operation the example project uses two callback functions: AppCallBack() and WptsCallBack(). One callback function (AppCallBack()) is required to receive generic events from BLE Stack. CyBle_GappStartAdvertisement() API is called after CYBLE_EVT_STACK_ON event to start advertising with the packet shown in **Figure 10**. WptsCallBack() callback is required for receiving the events from the WPTS Service.
To start the example project operation, build it and program into baseboard of development kit. Right after the startup, the BLE, ADC, UART, and ISR components are initialized. After the initialization the BLE component begins its operation that can be seen on the RGB LED which starts blinking with a green color (blinking with blue of white color when charging is enabled). This indicates that the device has started advertising. After 180 seconds timeout, if no central device has been connected and charging is not enabled by PTU, the PRU stops advertising, a red LED is turned on indicating the disconnection state and the system enters into the hibernate mode. Press the mechanical button on CY8CKIT-042 BLE (SW2) to wake up the system and start re-advertising.
When a Client has connected successfully, both red and green LEDs are turned off. When a Client enables charging, a blue LED turns on. Blinking blue LED indicates charging with parallel advertising in the disconnected state.

The project measures DC voltage and current at the output of the rectifier, voltage and current at charge/battery port, die temperature and writes the result to the PRU Dynamic Parameter characteristic. Possibilities to measure Vrect, Irect, Vout, Iout are shown for reference purpose only and require hardware design. Meanwhile these inputs could be connected to resistive dividers to simulate charging hardware. White LED color indicates Over Voltage (when Vrect is greater than PRU_VRECT_MAX), Over Current (when Irect is greater than PRU_IRECT_MAX) or Over Temperature (when measured temperature is greater than PRU_OVER_TEMP_LEVEL) alert condition.

The measurement interval value is set to 1 second for voltage and currents. Temperature is measured rarely.

Additionally, this project implements Battery Service. For battery level measurements J2 pin P3[0] should be connected to J3 pin VREF. For measurements details and instructions on how to use this service, refer to BLE_Battery_Level example project datasheet.

Expected Results

The BLE Wireless Power Transmitter project is intended to work in pair with BLE Wireless Power Receiver. Two projects send log messages through UART. After starting, the PTU project logs Advertising and Scan response reports from PRU, for example:

Advertisement report: eventType = 0, peerAddrType - 0, peerBdAddr - #0: 00a050000021, rssi - -58 dBm, data - 02 01 05 07 16 fe ff 0c 00 00 00

where #0 is a sequence number of the PRU device. Use this number after 'z' command to select required PRU if multiple PRU devices are available. Press 'c' to connect to PRU. Observe initialization procedure. Press '6' to start charging. Blue LED on PRU indicates charging. After 100 sec PRU sends simulated Alert Notification with Complete Charge status and switches off the blue LED.

The example log is shown below:

```
BLE Wireless Power Transmitter Example Project
Bluetooth On
CYBLE_EVT_GAPC_SCAN_START_STOP, state: 3
Advertisement report: eventType = 0, peerAddrType - 0, peerBdAddr - #0: 00a050000021, rssi - -55 dBm,
 data - 02 01 05 07 16 fe ff 0c 00 00 00
Advertisement report: eventType = 4, peerAddrType - 0, peerBdAddr - #0: 00a050000021, rssi - -55 dBm,
 data - 12 09 50 6f 77 65 72 52 65 63 65 69 76 65 72 55 6e 69 74 07 16 fe ff 0c 00 00 00
CYBLE_EVT_GAPC_SCAN_START_STOP, state: 5
GAPC_END_SCANNING
CYBLE_EVT_GATT_CONNECT_IND: 0, 4
CYBLE_EVT_GAP_DEVICE_CONNECTED: 0, 67(128 ms), 0, 64
WPTS c: Char 0=e, CCCD=0 Char 1=10, CCCD=0 Char 2=12, CCCD=13 Char 3=15, CCCD=0 Char 4=17,
CCCD=0
Get PRU Static Parameter char value, apiResult: 0
PRU_STATIC_PARAMETER: flags: 80, protocol rev: 0, category: Category 1 , information: 0 , hardware rev: 42
, firmware rev: 32 Prect_max: 500 mW, Vrect_min_static: 3000 mV, Vrect_high_static: 5000 mV, Vrect_set:
4000 mV, deltaR1: 1.00 ohms
Set PTU Static Parameter char value, apiResult: 0
CYBLE_EVT_WPTSC_WRITE_CHAR_RESPONSE: charIndex =1
Enable Alert Notification, apiResult: 0
CYBLE_EVT_WPTSC_WRITE_DESCR_RESPONSE charIndex =2
Get PRU Dynamic Parameter char value, apiResult: 0
PRU_DYNAMIC_PARAMETER: flags: fc,Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA, Temp: 27 C,
  VrectMinDyn: 3000 mV, VrectSetDyn: 4000 mV, VrectHighDyn: 5000 mV, Alert: 0.
Get PRU Dynamic Parameter char value, apiResult: 0
PRU_DYNAMIC_PARAMETER: flags: fc,Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA, Temp: 27 C,
  VrectMinDyn: 3000 mV, VrectSetDyn: 4000 mV, VrectHighDyn: 5000 mV, Alert: 0.
Get PRU Dynamic Parameter char value, apiResult: 0
PRU_DYNAMIC_PARAMETER: flags: fc,Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA, Temp: 27 C,
  VrectMinDyn: 3000 mV, VrectSetDyn: 4000 mV, VrectHighDyn: 5000 mV, Alert: 0.
Get PRU Dynamic Parameter char value, apiResult: 0
```

```
BLE Wireless Power Receiver Example Project
Bluetooth On, StartAdvertisement with addr: 00a050000021
CYBLE_EVT_GAPP_ADVERTISEMENT_START_STOP, state: 3
EVT_GATT_CONNECT_IND: 0, 4
CYBLE_EVT_GAP_DEVICE_CONNECTED:  0, 67(128 ms), 0, 64
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA, Temperature: 27 C
PTU_STATIC_PARAMETER: flags: c0, power: 22.0 watts, maxLoadResistance: 50 ohms, supported
devices number: 8 , class: Class4 , hardware rev: 1, firmware rev: 32, protocol rev: 0
EVT_WPTS_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED: char: 2
EVT_WPTS_INDICATION_DISABLED: char: 2
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA, Temperature: 27 C
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
Measure Vrect: 0 mV, Irect: 13 mA, Vout: 0 mV, Iout: 13 mA
```

You can use CySmart app on a Windows PC, Android or iOS BLE-compatible device as Client for connection to PRU.

To use CySmart Windows application as Client:

- Connect the CySmart BLE dongle to a USB port on the PC.
- Launch CySmart app and select connected dongle in dialog window.
- Reset development kit to start advertising by pressing SW1 button.
- Click **Start Scan** button to discover available devices.
- Select **PowerReceiverUnit** in the list of available devices and connect to it.
- Click **Discover All Attributes**, then **Enable All Notifications,** and finally **Read All Characteristics**. Observe received characteristic values.
- Select **PRU Dynamic Parameter** characteristic and press **Read Value** to observe measured values. Refer to A4WP Wireless Power Transfer System Baseline System Specification for details on characteristic structure.

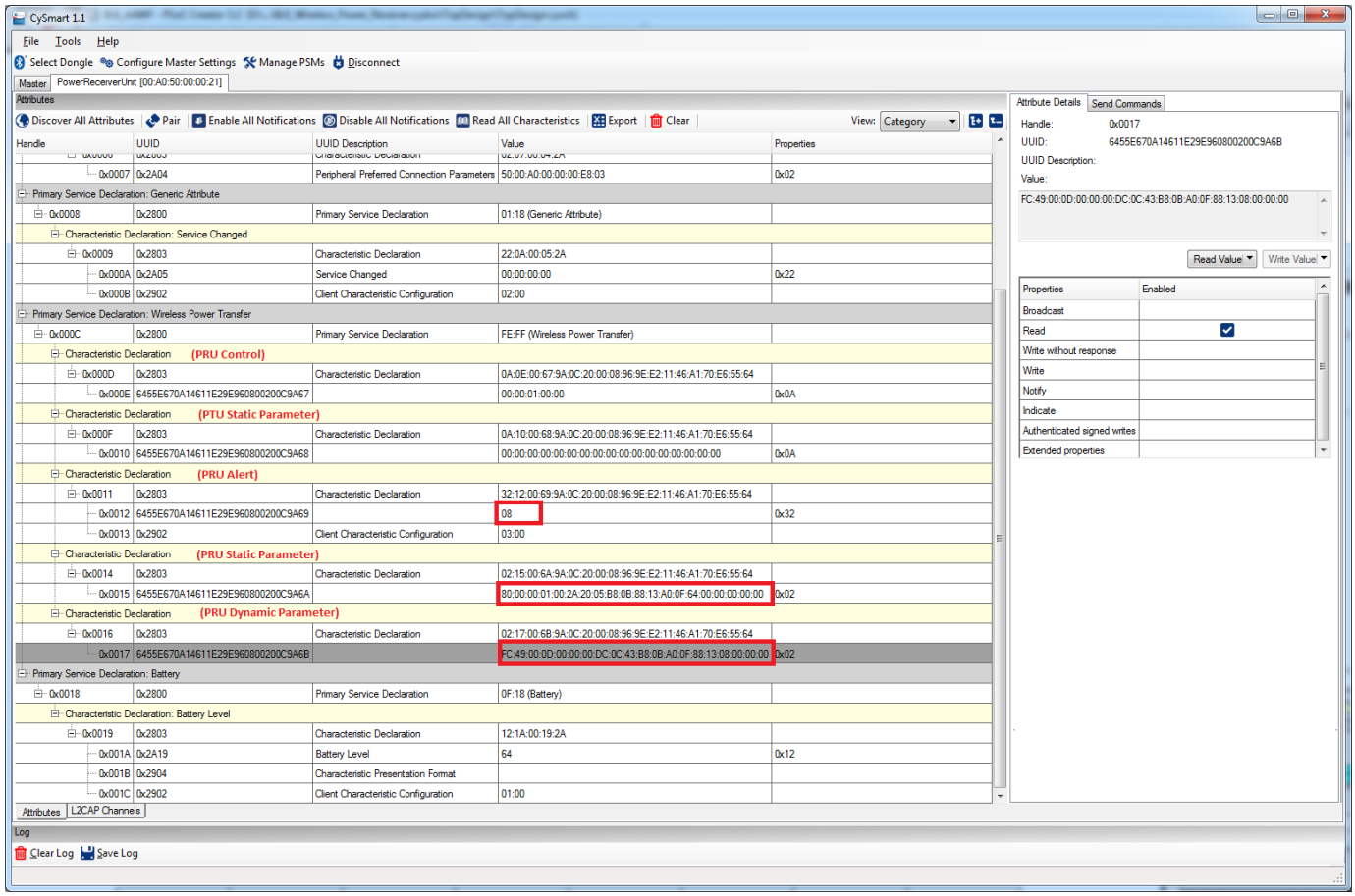


Figure 14. CySmart Windows app

- Select **PRU Control** characteristic, write 0x40 value (charge enable) to the first byte and press **Write Byte**. Observe that a blue LED indicates that the command is received in PRU device.
- After 100 sec observe Notification of **Alert** characteristic received with a value 0x08 (Charge Complete). Read **PRU Dynamic Parameter** characteristic and observe the same value in **PRU Alert** position (17th byte):

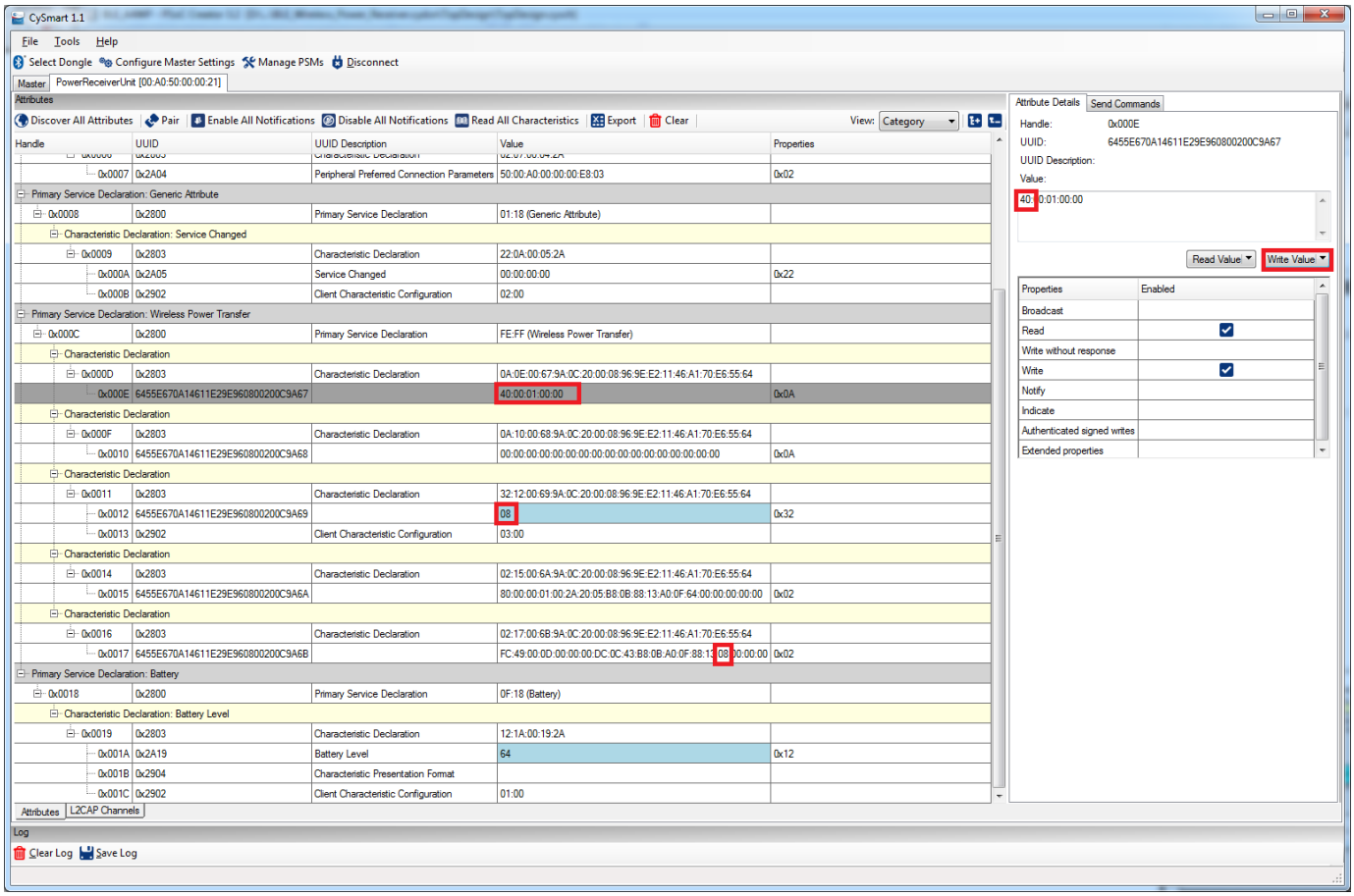


Figure 15. CySmart Windows app

If you have problems with usage of CySmart app, refer to CySmart User Guide.

CySmart mobile app does not have WPTS service imlementation, but it still could be used in the GATT DB mode.

- Launch CySmart mobile app (Android/iOS), and swipe down to refresh the list of found BLE devices.
- Connect to “PowerReceiverUnit” device and open Unknown Service in GATT DB.
- Read the last unknown characteristic (**PRU Dynamic Parameter**) and notice the measured values.

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