

Chapter 4: Descriptors, Notifications and Indications

In this chapter you will learn about Bluetooth™ LE characteristic descriptors including how to set up the descriptor for notifications and indications. You will learn how to use the ModusToolbox™ Bluetooth® Configurator to enable notifications and indications, how to implement them in the client firmware, and how to test them using the AIROC™ Connect app.

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Document conventions

Convention	Usage	Example
Courier New	Displays code and text commands	CY_ISR_PROTO(MyISR) ; make build
<i>Italics</i>	Displays file names and paths	<i>sourcefile.hex</i>
[bracketed, bold]	Displays keyboard commands in procedures	[Enter] or [Ctrl] [C]
Menu > Selection	Represents menu paths	File > New Project > Clone
Bold	Displays GUI commands, menu paths and selections, and icon names in procedures	Click the Debugger icon, and then click Next .

4.1 Characteristic Descriptors and the CCCD

In the previous chapter, you learned that Bluetooth® LE Characteristics have at least two entries in the GATT database: the Characteristic declaration and the Characteristic Value declaration. In addition, there may be other entries that contain other data about the Characteristic. These other entries are called Characteristic Descriptors and are defined by the Bluetooth® SIG. A few of them are:

Name	Uniform Type Identifier	Assigned Number	Specification
Characteristic Aggregate Format	org.bluetooth.descriptor.gatt.characteristic_aggregate_format	0x2905	GSS
Characteristic Extended Properties	org.bluetooth.descriptor.gatt.characteristic_extended_properties	0x2900	GSS
Characteristic Presentation Format	org.bluetooth.descriptor.gatt.characteristic_presentation_format	0x2904	GSS
Characteristic User Description	org.bluetooth.descriptor.gatt.characteristic_user_description	0x2901	GSS
Client Characteristic Configuration	org.bluetooth.descriptor.gatt.client_characteristic_configuration	0x2902	GSS
Environmental Sensing Configuration	org.bluetooth.descriptor.es_configuration	0x290B	GSS
Environmental Sensing Measurement	org.bluetooth.descriptor.es_measurement	0x290C	GSS
Environmental Sensing Trigger Setting	org.bluetooth.descriptor.es_trigger_setting	0x290D	GSS
External Report Reference	org.bluetooth.descriptor.external_report_reference	0x2907	GSS
Number of Digitals	org.bluetooth.descriptor.number_of_digitals	0x2909	GSS
Report Reference	org.bluetooth.descriptor.report_reference	0x2908	GSS
Server Characteristic Configuration	org.bluetooth.descriptor.gatt.server_characteristic_configuration	0x2903	GSS
Time Trigger Setting	org.bluetooth.descriptor.time_trigger_setting	0x290E	GSS
Valid Range	org.bluetooth.descriptor.valid_range	0x2906	GSS
Value Trigger Setting	org.bluetooth.descriptor.value_trigger_setting	0x290A	GSS

A commonly used Characteristic Descriptor is the Characteristic User Description which is just a text string that describes, in human-readable format, the Characteristic Type. Many GATT Database Browsers (e.g. Light Blue and AIROC™ Connect) will display this information when you are looking at the GATT Database. As you will see later, you can use the Bluetooth® Configurator to easily add and set up Characteristic Descriptors.

4.1.1 Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor (CCCD)

One of the descriptors listed above is the Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor. It is used to specify that a Characteristic should support Notifications or Indications. You will see the details of how this works in the next section.

4.2 Notifications and Indications

In the previous chapter, you saw how the GATT Client can Read and Write the GATT Database running on the GATT Server. However, there are cases where you might want the Server to initiate communication. For example, if your Server is a Peripheral device, you might want to send the Client an update each time the state of a button changes. That leaves us with the obvious questions of how does the Server initiate communication to the Client, and how does the Server know if the Client wants those messages?

The answer to the first question is that the Server can notify the Client that one of the values in the GATT Database has changed by sending a Notification or Indication message. That message has the Handle of the Characteristic that has changed and a new value for that Characteristic. Notification messages are not responded to by the Client, and as such are not reliable. If you need a reliable message, you can instead send an Indication which the Client must respond to.

To answer the second question, the GATT Server will not send Notification or Indication messages unless they are turned on by the Client. There are four parts to this:

First, the Server must have a Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor (CCCD) for the Characteristic in question. The CCCD is simply a 16-bit mask field, where bit 0 represents the Notification flag, and bit 1 represents the Indication flag. In other words, the Client can write a 1 to bit 0 of the CCCD to tell the Server that it wants Notifications. This is easily done using the Bluetooth™ Configurator.

Second, you must change the Properties for the Characteristic to specify that the characteristic allows notifications or indications. This is also easily done in the Bluetooth™ Configurator.

Third, you need to save the CCCD value when it is written to you. This is already handled by the template code for the GATT write handler whenever the CCCD is written by the Client. That is, the Client writes to the CCCD Attribute just like any other Attribute.

Finally, when a value that has Notify and/or Indicate enabled changes in your system, you must send out a new value using the appropriate API function:

```
wiced_bt_gatt_server_send_notification(conn_id, handle, length, value)
wiced_bt_gatt_server_send_indication(conn_id, handle, length, value)
```

4.3 Creating an Application with Notifications

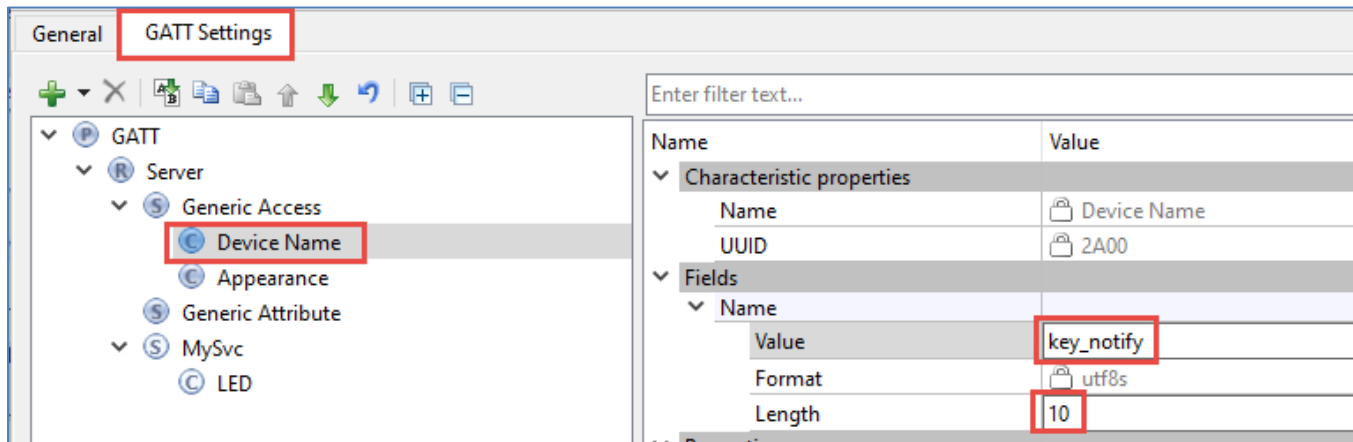
In this section, we will start with exercise 2 from the previous chapter and will add a new Characteristic that keeps track of how many times the user button on the kit has been pressed. We will enable Notifications on that Characteristic and update the firmware to send a Notification whenever the button is pressed, but only if the Client has enabled them.

You will get to try this yourself in the first exercise.

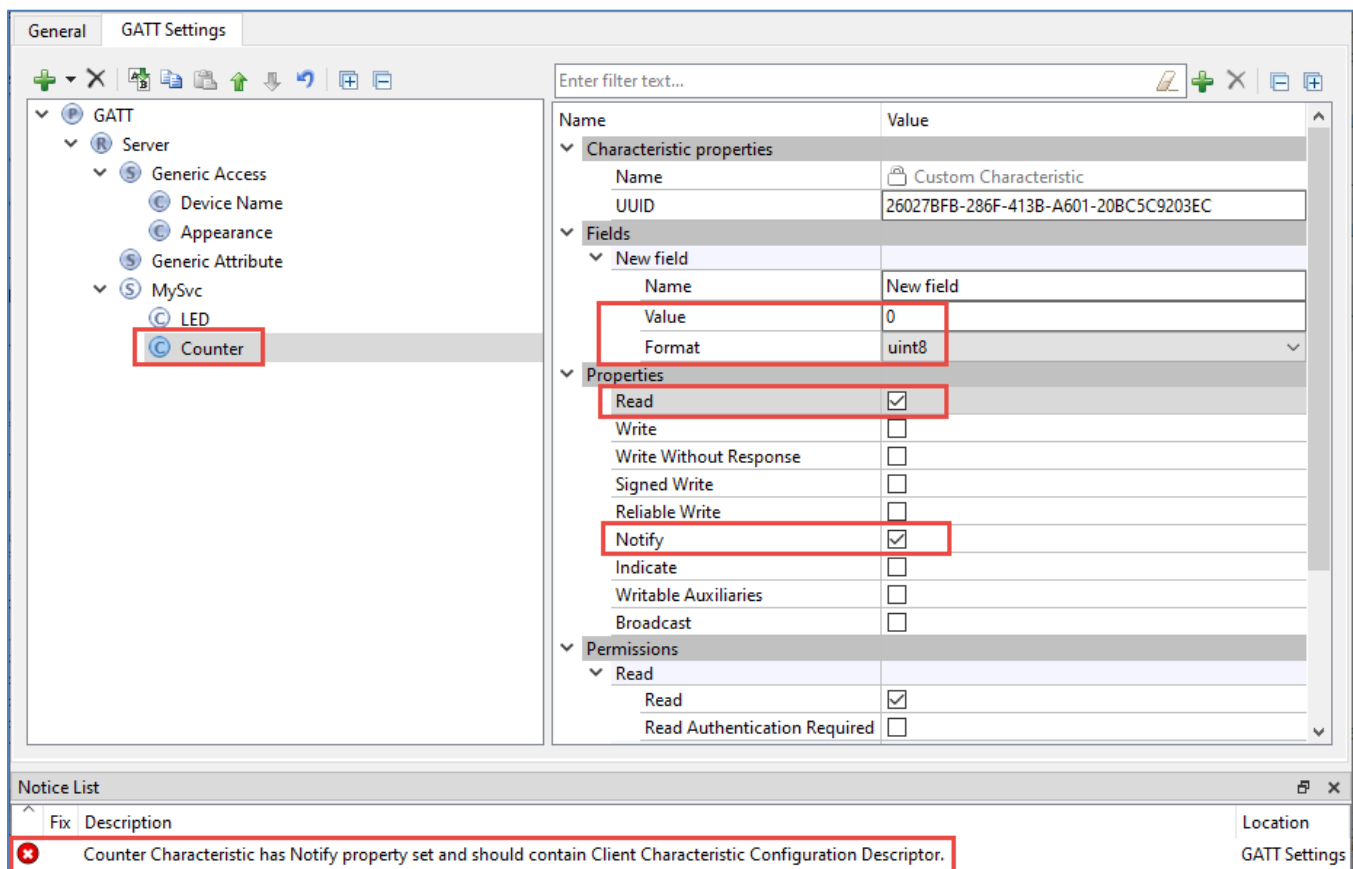
4.3.1 Configurator

You will use this in [Exercise 1](#):

Once the application is created using the prior completed exercise as the template, the next step is to run the Bluetooth® Configurator. Open the **GAP Settings** tab, and change the device name to <init>_notify.

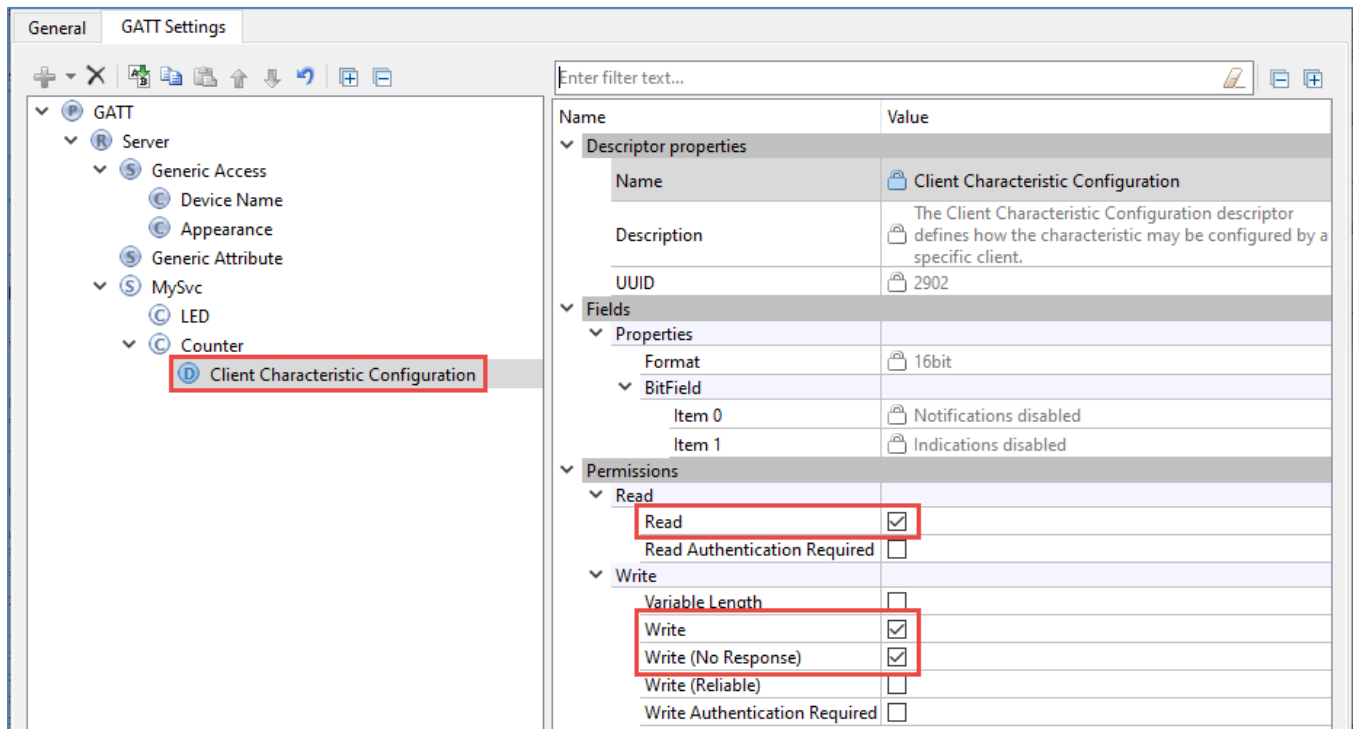


Next, right-click on the MySvc Service and add a new custom Characteristic. Rename the new Characteristic to "Counter". Set the format to `uint8` and set the initial value to 0. In this case, it doesn't make sense to write to this characteristic since it is counting mechanical button presses, so we will set it to read and enable notifications.



Notice the error message that says you need a Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor. We will add that next.

Right-click on the Counter Characteristic and select **Add Descriptor > Client Characteristic Configuration**. In the permissions, check the box for **Write (No Response)** to allow the Client to write the CCCD value either with or without a response. **Read** is also checked by default so the Client will be able to see if Notifications are enabled or not.



That's all we need to do in the configurator so save and close.

4.3.2 Firmware

You will use this in [Exercise 1](#):

The changes required in the firmware are straightforward to add the Notification functionality.

1. Configure the pin with the user button called `USER_BUTTON1` to have a falling edge interrupt. This will be done in the `BTM_ENABLED_EVT` callback event.

```
/* Configure the button to trigger an interrupt when pressed */
wiced_hal_gpio_configure_pin( USER_BUTTON1,
    ( GPIO_INPUT_ENABLE | GPIO_PULL_UP | GPIO_EN_INT_FALLING_EDGE ),
    GPIO_PIN_OUTPUT_HIGH );
wiced_hal_gpio_register_pin_for_interrupt( USER_BUTTON1, button_cback, 0 );
```

2. Create the button callback function. In the callback we will increment the Button Characteristic value, and then send a notification if we have a connection and the notification is enabled.

The button callback function will look like this:

```
void button_cback( void *data, uint8_t port_pin )
{
    app_mysvc_counter[0]++;

    if( connection_id )
    {
        if( app_mysvc_counter_client_char_config[0]
            & GATT_CLIENT_CONFIG_NOTIFICATION )
        {
            WICED_BT_TRACE( "Sending counter change notification (%d)\r\n",
                app_mysvc_counter[0] );
            wiced_bt_gatt_send_notification(
                connection_id,
                HDLC_MYSVC_COUNTER_VALUE,
                app_mysvc_counter_len,
                app_mysvc_counter );
        }
    }

    /* Clear the GPIO interrupt */
    wiced_hal_gpio_clear_pin_interrupt_status( USER_BUTTON1 );
}
```

Note: The definition for `GATT_CLIENT_CONFIG_NOTIFICATION` can be found in `mtb_shared/wiced_btsdk/dev-kit/baselib/<device>/<version>/COMPONENT_<device>/include/wiced_bt_gatt.h`.

Note: The name for the Counter Characteristic value handle is created by the configurator so it can be found in the application in `GeneratedSource/cycfg_gatt_db.h`. Make sure you use the handle for the Characteristic's value, not the handle for the Characteristic declaration.

Note: The names for the Counter Characteristic value array and its length can be found in the application in `GeneratedSource/cycfg_gatt_db.c`.

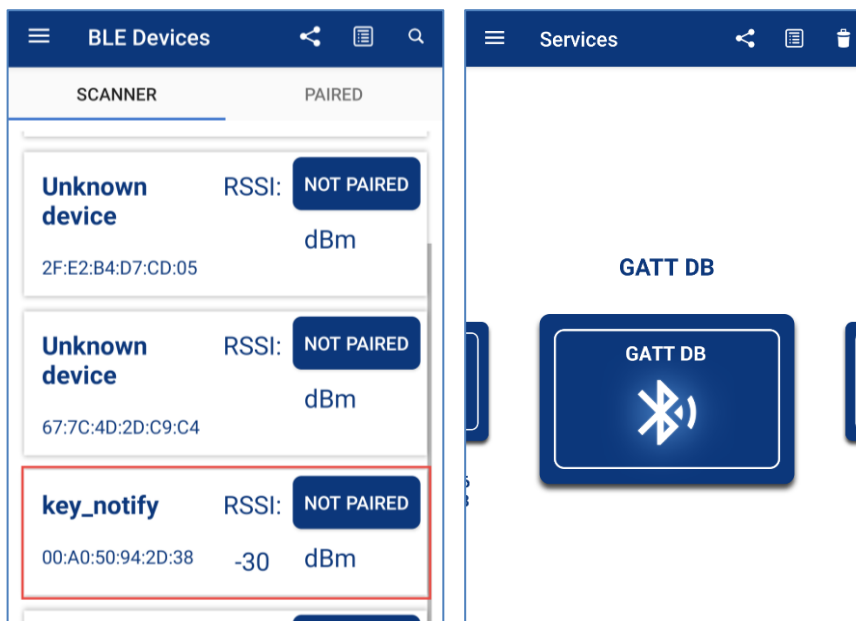
3. Add a debug message in `app_gatt_set_value` so you know when notifications get enabled/disabled. Note that the switch statement is already there and it has a case for the LED Characteristic but you need to add a new case for the Counter Characteristic's CCCD value:

```
case HDLD_MYSVC_COUNTER_CLIENT_CHAR_CONFIG:
    WICED_BT_TRACE( "Setting notify (0x%02x, 0x%02x)\r\n",
                    p_val[0], p_val[1] );
    break;
```

4.3.3 Testing the Application

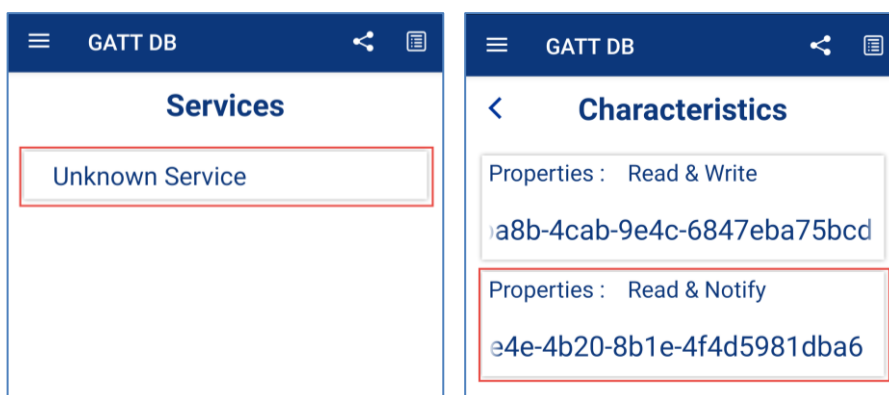
You will use this in [Exercise 1](#):

Start up a UART terminal connected to the kit's PUART port and then program the kit. Run AIROC™ Connect on your phone. When you see the "<inits>_notify" device, tap on it. The app will connect to the device and will show the GATT browser widget.

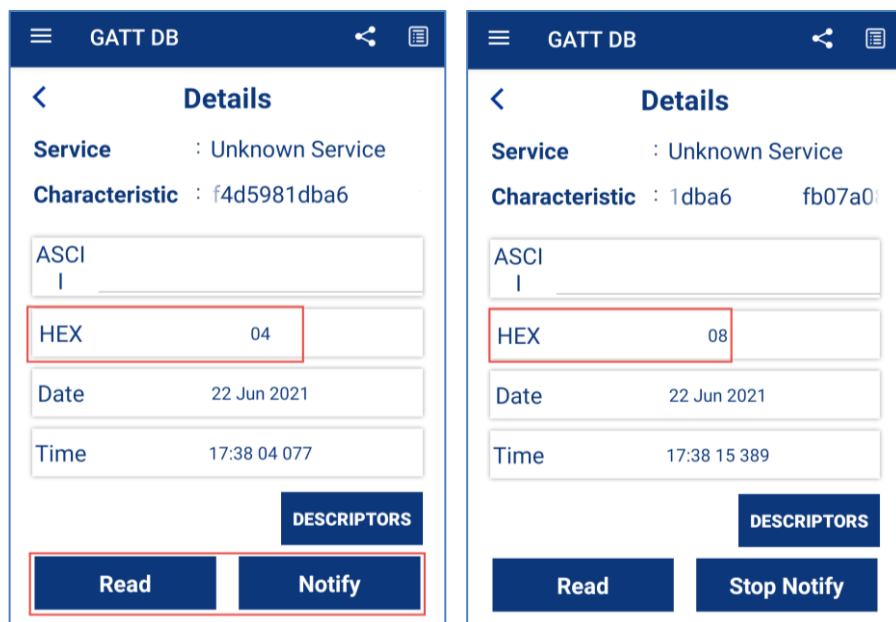


Note: If there are too many devices listed, you can use the search button to find your device quickly.

Tap on the GATT DB widget to open the browser. Then tap on the Unknown Service (which we know is MYSVC) and then on the Characteristic with Read and Notify Properties (which we know is Counter).



Tap the **Read** button to read the value. Press the button on the kit a few times and then **Read** again to see the incremented value. Then tap the **Notify** button to enable notifications. Press the button on the kit a few more times and notice that each time you press the button the value is updated automatically.



While using AIROC™ Connect you will see messages like this in the UART terminal window:

```
**** App Start ****
Bluetooth Management Event: 0x15 BTM_LOCAL_IDENTITY_KEYS_REQUEST_EVT
Bluetooth Management Event: 0x0 BTM_ENABLED_EVT
Local Bluetooth Device Address: [20 83 5b 1c 75 ed ]
Bluetooth Management Event: 0x17 BTM_BLE_ADVERT_STATE_CHANGED_EVT
Advertisement State Change: BTM_BLE_ADVERT_UNDIRECTED_HIGH
GATT connect to: BDA 40 fa 88 1d 97 c6 , Connection ID 1
Bluetooth Management Event: 0x17 BTM_BLE_ADVERT_STATE_CHANGED_EVT
Advertisement State Change: BTM_BLE_ADVERT_OFF
Bluetooth Management Event: 0x1f BTM_BLE_CONNECTION_PARAM_UPDATE
Bluetooth Management Event: 0x1f BTM_BLE_CONNECTION_PARAM_UPDATE
Setting notify (0x01, 0x00)
Sending counter change notification (3)
Sending counter change notification (4)
Sending counter change notification (5)
Sending counter change notification (6)
```

4.4 Indication Responses

Indications behave just like Notifications except that the Client is required to send a response back to the Server when it has received the notification.

The changes to the GATT database are pretty obvious – just enable Indicate instead of Notify in the Characteristic's Properties. The CCCD is exactly the same. In the firmware, use the function `wiced_bt_gatt_server_send_indication` to send the indication. In this case you will check the CCCD for `GATT_CLIENT_CONFIG_INDICATION` to decide if the Client wants an indication to be sent.

Once a response is received from the Client the stack generates a `GATT_ATTRIBUTE_REQUEST_EVENT` with an opcode of `GATT_HANDLE_VALUE_CONF`.

4.5 Exercises

Exercise 1: Notifications

For this exercise, you will recreate the application described earlier in this chapter and will test it with AIROC™ Connect. As a reminder, it will have a Characteristic called BUTTON_COUNT that counts button presses and will send notifications if the Client has asked for them.



1. Create a new ModusToolbox™ application for the CYW920835M2EVB-01 BSP.

On the application template page, use the **Browse** button to start from the completed application for exercise 2 from the previous chapter. If you did not complete that exercise, the solution can be found in *Projects/key_ch03_ex02_status*.

Name the new application **ch04_ex01_notify**.



2. Follow the instructions in section 4.3.1 to modify the Bluetooth™ configuration to add a new Characteristic that supports notifications.

Note: If you previously reduced the advertising timeouts you may want to increase them again so that you have more time to connect to the device.



3. Open *app.c* and follow the instructions in section 4.3.2 to complete the necessary changes in the code.



4. Build the application and program your kit.



5. Follow the instructions in section 4.3.3 to test your application.

Exercise 2: Indications

In this exercise, you will start from the previous exercise and will change the Notifications to Indications. You will print a message to the UART when an Indication response is received from the Client.



1. Create a new ModusToolbox™ application for the CYW920835M2EVB-01 BSP.

On the application template page, use the **Browse** button to start from the completed application for exercise 1. If you did not complete exercise 1, the solution can be found in *Projects/key_ch04_ex01_notify*. Name the new application **ch04_ex02_indicate**.



2. Open the Bluetooth® Configurator and set the device name to **<inits>_indicate**.



3. Change the properties on the Counter Characteristic to enable Indications instead of Notifications.



4. Save changes and close the configurator.



5. Open *app.c*.



6. Modify the code to send indications instead of notifications

Note: There are 2 changes required – you must change the if statement that checks the value of the CCCD to look for indications instead of notifications and you must call a different API function to send an Indication.

Note: Optional: You may want to change the name of the WICED_BT_TRACE message to be more consistent with Indications instead of Notifications.



7. Print a message when a confirmation is received from the Client.

Note: In the GATT_ATTRIBUTE_REQUEST_EVT, you will want to add a new case for GATTS_REQ_TYPE_CONF to print the message.



8. Build the application and program your kit.



9. Test the application the same way you tested the prior exercise.

Notice the message in the UART when an Indication response is received from the Client.

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