Regression

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score, KFold
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder, LabelEncoder
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
```

In [2]: df=pd.read_csv('Student_Performance.csv')
 df.head()

Out[2]:		Hours Studied	Previous Scores	Extracurricular Activities	Sleep Hours	Sample Question Papers Practiced	Performance Index
	0	7	99	Yes	9	1	91.0
	1	4	82	No	4	2	65.0
	2	8	51	Yes	7	2	45.0
	3	5	52	Yes	5	2	36.0
	4	7	75	No	8	5	66.0

Preprocessing

```
In [3]: df.isnull().sum()
                                              0
        Hours Studied
Out[3]:
        Previous Scores
                                              0
        Extracurricular Activities
                                              0
        Sleep Hours
                                              0
        Sample Question Papers Practiced
                                              0
        Performance Index
        dtype: int64
In [4]:
         df.duplicated().sum()
        127
Out[4]:
In [5]:
         df.dtypes
        Hours Studied
                                                int64
Out[5]:
        Previous Scores
                                                int64
        Extracurricular Activities
                                               object
        Sleep Hours
                                                int64
        Sample Question Papers Practiced
                                                int64
        Performance Index
                                              float64
        dtype: object
In [6]: df['Extracurricular Activities'].unique()
        array(['Yes', 'No'], dtype=object)
Out[6]:
```

```
ohe = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False, drop='first')
In [7]:
         encoded=ohe.fit_transform(df[['Extracurricular Activities']])
         ohe.categories_
         [array(['No', 'Yes'], dtype=object)]
Out[7]:
         encoded
In [8]:
         array([[1.],
Out[8]:
                [0.],
                [1.],
                . . . ,
                [1.],
                [1.],
                [0.]])
```

Out[9]: Extracurricular Activities_Yes 0 1.0 1 0.0 2 1.0 3 1.0 4 0.0

concatenation

```
In [10]: df = pd.concat([df, encoded_df], axis=1)
    df.head()
```

Out[10]:		Hours Studied	Previous Scores	Extracurricular Activities	Sleep Hours	Sample Question Papers Practiced	Performance Index	Extracurricular Activities_Yes
	0	7	99	Yes	9	1	91.0	1.0
	1	4	82	No	4	2	65.0	0.0
	2	8	51	Yes	7	2	45.0	1.0
	3	5	52	Yes	5	2	36.0	1.0
	4	7	75	No	8	5	66.0	0.0

```
df.drop('Extracurricular Activities',axis=1,inplace=True)
In [11]:
         df.isnull().sum()
         Hours Studied
                                              0
Out[11]:
         Previous Scores
                                              0
         Sleep Hours
                                              0
         Sample Question Papers Practiced
                                              0
         Performance Index
                                              0
         Extracurricular Activities_Yes
                                              0
         dtype: int64
```

```
In [12]: df.describe()
```

Out[12]:

	Hours Studied	Previous Scores	Sleep Hours	Sample Question Papers Practiced	Performance Index	Extracurricular Activities_Yes
count	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	4.992900	69.445700	6.530600	4.583300	55.224800	0.494800
std	2.589309	17.343152	1.695863	2.867348	19.212558	0.499998
min	1.000000	40.000000	4.000000	0.000000	10.000000	0.000000
25%	3.000000	54.000000	5.000000	2.000000	40.000000	0.000000
50%	5.000000	69.000000	7.000000	5.000000	55.000000	0.000000
75%	7.000000	85.000000	8.000000	7.000000	71.000000	1.000000
max	9.000000	99.000000	9.000000	9.000000	100.000000	1.000000

correlation

```
In [13]: df.corr()
```

Out[13]:

	Hours Studied	Previous Scores	Sleep Hours	Sample Question Papers Practiced	Performance Index	Extracurricular Activities_Yes
Hours Studied	1.000000	-0.012390	0.001245	0.017463	0.373730	0.003873
Previous Scores	-0.012390	1.000000	0.005944	0.007888	0.915189	0.008369
Sleep Hours	0.001245	0.005944	1.000000	0.003990	0.048106	-0.023284
Sample Question Papers Practiced	0.017463	0.007888	0.003990	1.000000	0.043268	0.013103
Performance Index	0.373730	0.915189	0.048106	0.043268	1.000000	0.024525
Extracurricular Activities_Yes	0.003873	0.008369	-0.023284	0.013103	0.024525	1.000000

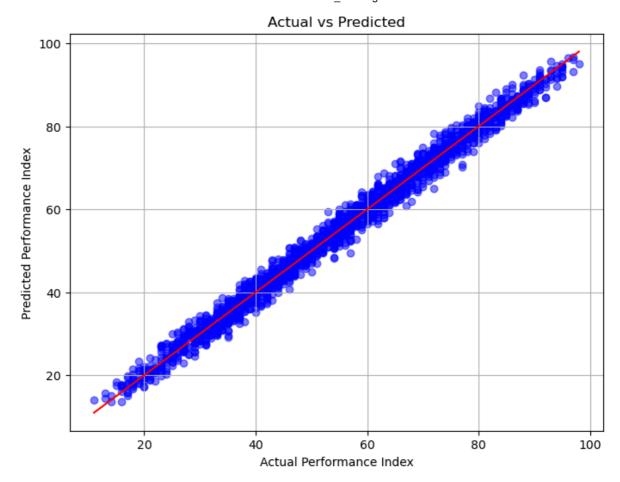
linear regression model

```
In [14]: X = df.drop('Performance Index',axis=1)
    y = df['Performance Index']
    X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=1)

In [15]: model= LinearRegression()
    model.fit(X_train,y_train)

Out[15]: v LinearRegression
    LinearRegression()
```

```
# Perform 5-fold cross-validation
In [16]:
          kf = KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=42)
          cv_mse = -cross_val_score(model, X, y, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error', cv=kf)
          cv_r2 = cross_val_score(model, X, y, scoring='r2', cv=kf)
         mse & r2
In [17]: y_predict = model.predict(X_test)
         mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_predict)
          r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_predict)
         mse, r2
         (4.224022760753756, 0.9884855999665682)
Out[17]:
         accuracy score
In [18]: r2Score=r2_score(y_test,y_predict)
          mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_predict)
          print("Accuracy_R\u00b2 : ",r2Score)
          print("Accuracy_MSE : ",mse)
         Accuracy_R<sup>2</sup> : 0.9884855999665682
         Accuracy_MSE : 4.224022760753756
         regression plot
In [19]:
         plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
          plt.scatter(y_test, y_predict,marker='o' ,color='blue', alpha=0.5)
          plt.plot([min(y_test), max(y_test)], [min(y_test), max(y_test)], color='red', lines
          plt.title('Actual vs Predicted')
          plt.xlabel('Actual Performance Index')
          plt.ylabel('Predicted Performance Index')
          plt.grid(True)
          plt.show()
```



Classification

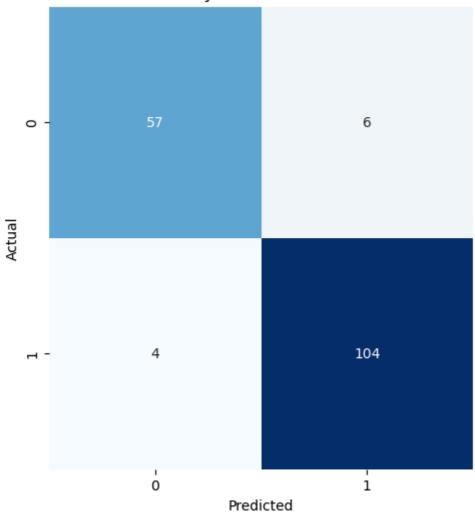
```
In [39]: # Importing the required libraries
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.datasets import load breast cancer
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score, KFold
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score
         from sklearn import svm
         from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
         from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
         import seaborn as sns
         cancer = load_breast_cancer()
In [40]:
         X_cancer, y_cancer = cancer.data, cancer.target
In [44]: #Split the dataset into training and test sets
         X_train_cancer, X_test_cancer, y_train_cancer, y_test_cancer = train_test_split(X_c
         #implementing naive bayes
In [46]:
         nb= GaussianNB()
         nb.fit(X_train_cancer, y_train_cancer)
Out[46]:
         ▼ GaussianNB
         GaussianNB()
In [47]:
         # print the accuracy
         gnb_pred= nb.predict(X_test_cancer)
         print("Accuracy of Gaussian Naive Bayes: ",
```

```
accuracy_score(y_test_cancer, gnb_pred))
         # print other performance metrics
         print("Precision of Gaussian Naive Bayes: ",
               precision_score(y_test_cancer, gnb_pred, average='weighted'))
         print("Recall of Gaussian Naive Bayes: ",
               recall_score(y_test_cancer, gnb_pred, average='weighted'))
         print("F1-Score of Gaussian Naive Bayes: ",
               f1_score(y_test_cancer, gnb_pred, average='weighted'))
         Accuracy of Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.9415204678362573
         Precision of Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.941391481684838
         Recall of Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.9415204678362573
         F1-Score of Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.9413171134406007
         # DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER
In [48]:
         dt= DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=0)
         # train the model
         dt.fit(X_train_cancer, y_train_cancer)
         # make predictions
         dt_pred= dt.predict(X_test_cancer)
In [49]: # print the accuracy
         print("Accuracy of Decision Tree Classifier: ",
               accuracy_score(y_test_cancer, dt_pred))
         # print other performance metrics
         print("Precision of Decision Tree Classifier: ",
               precision_score(y_test_cancer, dt_pred, average='weighted'))
         print("Recall of Decision Tree Classifier: ",
               recall_score(y_test_cancer, dt_pred, average='weighted'))
         print("F1-Score of Decision Tree Classifier: ",
               f1 score(y test cancer, dt pred, average='weighted'))
         Accuracy of Decision Tree Classifier: 0.9239766081871345
         Precision of Decision Tree Classifier: 0.928608650338718
         Recall of Decision Tree Classifier: 0.9239766081871345
         F1-Score of Decision Tree Classifier: 0.9247041047595065
In [50]:
         # Perform 5-fold cross-validation
         kf = KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=42)
         cv_mse = -cross_val_score(model, X_cancer, y_cancer, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error
         cv_r2 = cross_val_score(model, X_cancer, y_cancer, scoring='r2', cv=kf)
In [51]: # Evaluation metrics
         gnb_conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test_cancer, gnb_pred)
         dt_conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test_cancer, dt_pred)
In [52]:
         def evaluate_classification(y_true, y_pred):
             cm= confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
             tn = cm[0, 0]
             fp = cm[0, 1]
             fn= cm[1, 0]
             tp= cm[1, 1]
             accuracy= accuracy_score(y_true, y_pred)
             specificity= tn/(tn+fp) if (tn+fp)>0 else 0
             error rate= 1-accuracy
             print("Confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
             print(f"Error Rate: {error_rate:.4f}")
             print(f"Specificity: {specificity:.4f}")
             print(f"True Positives (TP): {tp}")
             print(f"True Negatives (TN): {tn}")
             print(f"False Positives (FP): {fp}")
             print(f"False Negatives (FN): {fn}")
```

```
print("\nNaive byes Evaluation:")
In [53]:
         evaluate_classification(y_test_cancer, gnb_pred)
         Naive byes Evaluation:
         Confusion Matrix:
          [[ 57 6]
          [ 4 104]]
         Error Rate: 0.0585
         Specificity: 0.9048
         True Positives (TP): 104
         True Negatives (TN): 57
         False Positives (FP): 6
         False Negatives (FN): 4
In [54]: # Visualize Confusion Matrices
         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         sns.heatmap(gnb_conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False)
         plt.title("naive byes Confusion Matrix")
         plt.xlabel("Predicted")
         plt.ylabel("Actual")
```

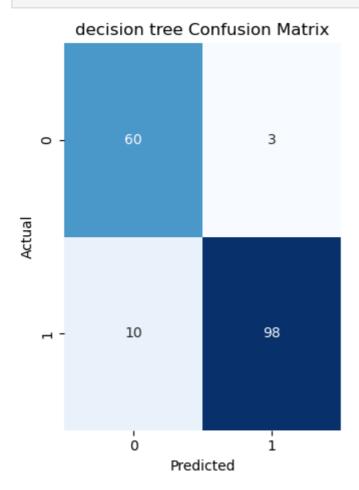
Out[54]: Text(120.72222222221, 0.5, 'Actual')

naive byes Confusion Matrix



```
In [55]:
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
    sns.heatmap(dt_conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False)
    plt.title("decision tree Confusion Matrix")
    plt.xlabel("Predicted")
    plt.ylabel("Actual")
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



In [56]: # Importing the required libraries for plotting the decision tree
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree

Plotting the decision tree
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 8))
plot_tree(dt, filled=True)
plt.title("Simplified Decision Tree for Breast cancer Dataset (Max Depth = 3)")
plt.show()

| x[21] <= 16.83 | x|20| <= 16.83 | x|20

Simplified Decision Tree for Breast cancer Dataset (Max Depth = 3)

In []: