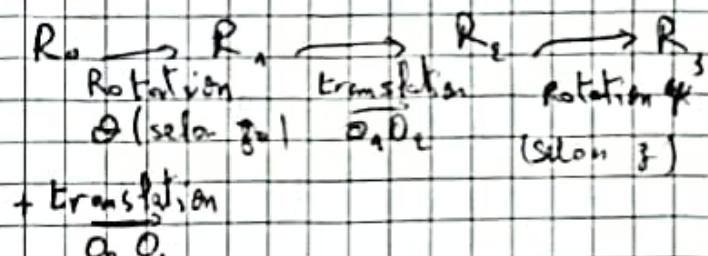


## Series N°3 : Kinematics

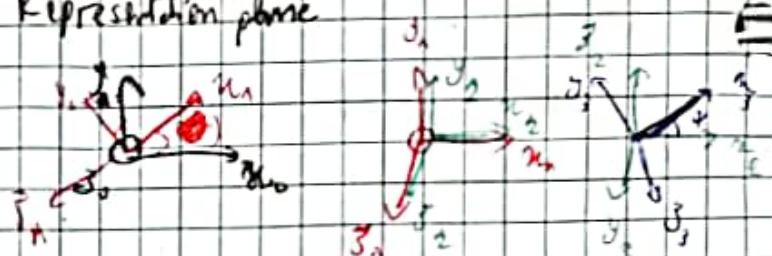
Ex 1:



$$\begin{matrix} \vec{\omega}_0 = (\dot{\theta}) \\ \vec{R}_0 = \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \vec{\omega}_1 = (\dot{\alpha}) \\ \vec{R}_1 = (\alpha) \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \vec{\omega}_2 = (\dot{\beta}) \\ \vec{R}_2 = (\beta) \end{matrix}$$

Matrix de passe

Représentation plane



$$P_{0 \rightarrow 1} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_{1 \rightarrow 2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_{2 \rightarrow 3} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & \sin \phi & 0 \\ -\sin \phi & \cos \phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

1) The angular velocity:

$$\omega_R$$

expressed

$$\vec{\Omega}_2 = \vec{\Omega}_n + \vec{\Omega}_{R_n}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow -P_n \rightarrow_2 \vec{\Omega}_{n/R_n} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \end{pmatrix}$$

b)  $\vec{V}(O_n)/R_n = \frac{d^a O_n}{dt} / R_n$  base  
Méthode

$$= \frac{d^a O_n}{dt} / R_n + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge O_n / R_n$$

$$\vec{O_n O_n} / R_n = \begin{cases} d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{cases}, \quad \vec{\Omega}_n = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V(O_n)/R_n = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \begin{cases} d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{cases} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \end{pmatrix} \right) \wedge \begin{pmatrix} d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

c)  $\vec{V}(O_n) = \frac{d^a O_n}{dt} / R_n$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{cases} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{h}(t) \end{cases} \quad \text{avec } \vec{O_n O_n} / R_n = \begin{cases} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{h}(t) \end{cases}$$

1) b)  $\vec{V}(M) / R_n = \frac{d^a O_n M}{dt} / R_n$

$$= \frac{d^a O_n M}{dt} / R_n + \vec{\Omega}_n / R_n \wedge O_n M / R_n$$

$$\vec{O_n M} / R_n = \vec{O_n O_n} / R_n + \vec{O_n O_2} / R_n + \vec{O_2 M} / R_n$$

$$\begin{cases} d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{cases} + \begin{cases} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{h}(t) \end{cases} + \begin{cases} r \cos \psi \\ r \sin \psi \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{O_2 M} / R_n = \begin{cases} r \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{cases} / R_n$$

$$\vec{O_2 M} / R_n = P_n \rightarrow_2 \vec{O_2 M} / R_n$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \psi & -\sin \psi & 0 \\ \sin \psi & \cos \psi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} r \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} r \cos \psi \\ r \sin \psi \\ 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \vec{O_2 M} / R_n = P_n \rightarrow_1 \vec{O_2 M} / R_n$$

$$= \begin{cases} d + r \cos \psi \\ r \sin \psi \\ h(t) \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{V}(M) / R_n = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{cases} d + r \cos \psi \\ r \sin \psi \\ h(t) \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 0 \\ r \cos \psi \\ \dot{h}(t) \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} -r \dot{\psi} \sin \psi \\ r \dot{\psi} \cos \psi \\ \dot{h}(t) \end{cases} + \begin{cases} -\dot{\theta} r \sin \psi \\ \dot{\theta} r \cos \psi \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

3)  $\vec{V}(M) / R_n = \frac{d^a \vec{O_n M}}{dt} / R_n$  avec  $\vec{O_n M} = \begin{cases} r \cos \psi \\ r \sin \psi \\ h(t) \end{cases}$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{cases} r \cos \psi \\ r \sin \psi \\ h(t) \end{cases} = \begin{cases} -r \dot{\psi} \sin \psi \\ r \dot{\psi} \cos \psi \\ \dot{h}(t) \end{cases}$$

b)  $\vec{V}(M) / R_n = P_n \rightarrow_2 \vec{V}(M) / R_n$

c)  $\vec{V}_n(M) / R_n = P_n \rightarrow_0 \vec{V}(M) / R_n$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} -r \dot{\psi} \sin \psi \\ r \dot{\psi} \cos \psi \\ \dot{h}(t) \end{cases}$$

$$4) \quad \vec{\gamma}(M)_{R_n} = \frac{d \vec{v}(M)_{R_n}}{dt}_{R_n}$$

$$= \frac{d^* \vec{v}(M)_{R_n}}{dt}_{R_n} + \vec{\omega}_n \wedge \vec{v}(M)_{R_n}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \left\{ -(\dot{\theta} + \dot{\psi}) r \sin \psi \right. \\ \left. d\theta + (\dot{\psi} + \dot{\theta}) r \cos \psi \right\}_{R_n}$$

$$\vec{\omega}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \\ \dot{\psi} \end{pmatrix}$$

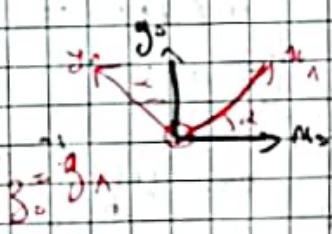
$$( \dot{\psi} + \dot{\theta} ) r \cos \psi = g'g + g'g$$

Ex 2:  
part A:

$R_n$  is the projection frame  $\rightarrow$  expressed

1)  $R_0 \xrightarrow{\text{Rotation } \alpha} R_1 \xrightarrow{\text{Rotation } \beta} R_2$

 $\vec{\omega}_{R_0 R_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} / R_0 R_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\beta} \end{pmatrix}$



$$P_{0 \rightarrow 1} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha & 0 \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_{1 \rightarrow 2} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & \sin \beta & 0 \\ -\sin \beta & \cos \beta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2) a)  $\vec{v}(A)_{R_n} = \frac{d \vec{O}_n A}{dt}_{R_n}$

$$= \frac{d^* \vec{O}_n A}{dt}_{R_n} + \vec{\omega}_n \wedge \vec{O}_n A_{R_n}$$

$$\vec{O}_n A_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d \vec{O}_n A}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix}$$

b)  $\vec{v}(A)_{R_n} = \frac{d^* \vec{v}(A)_{R_n}}{dt}_{R_n}$

$$= \frac{d^* \vec{v}(A)_{R_n}}{dt}_{R_n} + \vec{\omega}_n \wedge \vec{v}(A)_{R_n}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \ddot{\alpha} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -\dot{\alpha}^2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}(A)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} -\dot{\alpha}^2 \\ \dot{\alpha} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

2) b)  $\vec{v}(B)_{R_n} = \vec{v}(A)_{R_n} + \vec{\omega}_n \wedge \vec{AB}_{R_n}$

Relative object solid

$$\vec{\omega}_n = \vec{\omega}_1 + \vec{\omega}_2_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{AB}_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} b \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{AB}_{R_n} = P_{2 \rightarrow n} \cdot \vec{AB}_{R_2}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & \sin \beta & 0 \\ -\sin \beta & \cos \beta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} b \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b \cos \beta \\ b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}(B)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} b \cos \beta \\ b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) \cos \beta \\ \ddot{\alpha} a + (\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \vec{v}^*(B)_{/R_n} = \frac{d \vec{O}_n B}{dt / R_n}$$

$$= \frac{d^* \vec{O}_n B}{dt / R_n} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{O}_n B / R_n$$

$$\vec{O}_n B = \vec{O}_A + \vec{AB}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} b \cos \beta \\ b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a + b \cos \beta \\ b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}^*(B)_{/R_n} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} a + b \cos \beta \\ b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} a + b \cos \beta \\ b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -b \dot{\beta} \sin \beta \\ b \dot{\beta} \cos \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -\dot{\alpha} b \sin \beta \\ \dot{\alpha} (a + b \cos \beta) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

b)  $\vec{\gamma}^*(B)_{/R_n} = \vec{\gamma}^*(A)_{/R_n} + \frac{d \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt / R_n} \wedge \vec{AB}_{/R_n}$   
 $+ \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge (\vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{AB}_{/R_n})$

$$\vec{\gamma}^*(A)_{/R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} -\dot{\alpha} a \\ \dot{\alpha} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d^* \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt / R_n} = \frac{d^* \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt / R_n} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{\Omega}_n$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\Omega}_n \wedge (\vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{AB}_{/R_n}) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} -(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \sin \beta \\ (\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \cos \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = -(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta})^2 b \cos \beta$$

$$\frac{d^* \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt / R_n} \wedge \vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} -(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \sin \beta \\ (\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \cos \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{cases} -(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \sin \beta \\ (\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \cos \beta \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{\gamma}^*(B)_{/R_n} = \begin{cases} -\dot{\alpha}^2 a - (\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \sin \beta - (\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta})^2 b \cos \beta \\ \dot{\alpha} a + (\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) b \cos \beta - (\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta})^2 b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

Part 2:

$$\vec{v}^*(B)_{/R_0} = P_{A \rightarrow \infty} \vec{v}^*(B)_{/R_n}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha & 0 \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -b(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) \sin \beta \\ \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

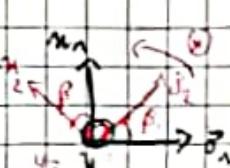
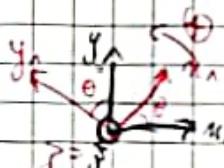
$$\vec{v}^*(B)_{/R_0} = \begin{bmatrix} -b(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) \sin \beta \cos \alpha - [a + b(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) \sin \beta] \sin \alpha \\ -b(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) \sin \beta \sin \alpha + [a + b(\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\beta}) \cos \beta] \cos \alpha \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Ex 3:

$$R_0 \xrightarrow{\text{rotation}} R_n \xrightarrow{\text{rotation}} R_2$$

$$\vec{\Omega}_n /_{R_0, R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \omega_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\Omega}_2 /_{R_n, R_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \omega_2 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$P_{0 \rightarrow n} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad P_{n \rightarrow 2} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a) \vec{V}(A)_{R_n} = \frac{d\vec{O}_n}{dt} / R_n$$

$$= \frac{d^2 \vec{CA}}{dt^2 / R_n} + \vec{\omega}_n / R_n \wedge \vec{CA} / R_n$$

$$\vec{CA} = \vec{CB} + \vec{BA} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ d \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} r \cos \beta \\ 0 \\ -r \sin \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{BA}_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} r \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \vec{BA} / R_n = \begin{pmatrix} r \cos \beta \\ 0 \\ -r \sin \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{V}(A)_{R_n} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} r \cos \beta \\ 0 \\ -r \sin \beta \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \omega_n \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} r \cos \beta \\ 0 \\ -r \sin \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_n d \\ \omega_n r \cos(\omega_n t) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

acceleration:

$$\vec{\alpha}(A)_{R_n} = \frac{d^2 \vec{V}(A)_{R_n}}{dt^2 / R_n}$$

$$= \cancel{\frac{d^2 \vec{V}(A)_{R_n}}{dt^2 / R_n}} + \vec{\omega}_n / R_n \wedge \vec{V}(A)_{R_n}$$

$$+ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \omega_n \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} \omega_n d \\ \omega_n r \cos \omega_n t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_n^2 r \cos \omega_n t \\ -\omega_n^2 d \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b) \vec{V}(B)_{R_n} = \frac{d \vec{O} \cdot \vec{B}}{dt / R_n}$$

$$= \frac{d \vec{CB}}{dt / R_n} + \vec{\omega}_n / R_n \wedge \vec{CB} / R_n$$

$$\vec{CB} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ d \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{O} \cdot \vec{A} = C \vec{A}$$

$$\vec{V}(B)_{R_n} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \omega_n \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_n d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -600 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}(B)_{R_n} = \frac{d^2 \vec{V}(B)_{R_n}}{dt^2 / R_n} = \frac{d^2 \vec{V}(B)_{R_n}}{dt^2 / R_n}$$

$$= \frac{d^2 \vec{V}(B)_{R_n}}{dt^2 / R_n} + \vec{\omega}_n / R_n \wedge \vec{V}(B)_{R_n}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_n d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \omega_n \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_n d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}(B)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \omega_n^2 d \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3000 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c) \vec{V}(A)_{R_n} = \vec{V}(B)_{R_n} + \vec{\omega}_n / R_n \wedge \vec{BA}_{R_n}$$

$$\vec{\omega}_n = \vec{\omega}_n + \vec{\omega}_n = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \omega_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}_n = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \omega_2 \\ \omega_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -\omega_1 d \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \omega_2 \\ \omega_1 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} r \cos \omega_2 t \\ 0 \\ -r \sin \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_1 d - \omega_2 r \sin(\omega_2 t) \\ \omega_2 r \cos(\omega_2 t) \\ -r \omega_2 \cos(\omega_2 t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\alpha}(A) = \frac{d}{dt} \vec{V}(A) + \vec{\omega}_n \wedge \vec{V}(A)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_2 r \sin(\omega_2 t) - \omega_1 d \\ \omega_2 r \cos(\omega_2 t) \\ -r \omega_2 \cos(\omega_2 t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \omega_n \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_2 r \sin(\omega_2 t) - \omega_1 d \\ \omega_2 r \cos(\omega_2 t) \\ -r \omega_2 \cos(\omega_2 t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\omega_2^2 r \cos \omega_2 t \\ -\omega_1 \omega_2 r \sin(\omega_2 t) + \omega_2^2 r \cos \omega_2 t \\ -r \omega_2^2 \sin \omega_2 t - \omega_1 \omega_2 r \sin(\omega_2 t) - \omega_2^2 d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{cases} -(w_1 + w_2)^2 r \cos w_2 t \\ -2 w_1 w_2 r \sin w_2 t - w_1^2 d \\ r w_2^2 \sin w_2 t \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{\omega}(B) = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} -w_1 d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -w_1 d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -w_1^2 d \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}(B)_{R_A} = \vec{\omega}(B)_{R_A} + \frac{d^0 \vec{\omega}_2}{dt/R_A} \wedge \vec{BA}_{R_A}$$

$$+ \vec{\omega}_2 \wedge (\vec{\omega}_2 \wedge \vec{BA})_{R_A}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -w_1^2 d \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -w_1 w_2 r \sin(w_2 t) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{pmatrix} -r(w_1^2 + w_2^2) \cos(w_2 t) \\ -w_1 w_2 r \sin(w_2 t) \\ w_2^2 r \sin(w_2 t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d^0 \vec{\omega}_2}{dt/R_A} = \frac{d^0 \vec{\omega}_2}{dt/R_A} + \vec{\omega}_2 \wedge \vec{\omega}_2$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ w_2 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ w_2 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -w_2^2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d^0 \vec{\omega}_2 \wedge \vec{BA}}{dt/R_A} = \begin{pmatrix} -w_1 w_2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} r \cos(w_2 t) \\ 0 \\ r \sin(w_2 t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -w_1 w_2 r \sin(w_2 t) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}_2 \wedge (\vec{\omega}_2 \wedge \vec{BA}) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ w_2 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} -r^2 r \sin(w_2 t) \\ w_1 r \cos(w_2 t) \\ -r w_2 \cos(w_2 t) \end{pmatrix}$$

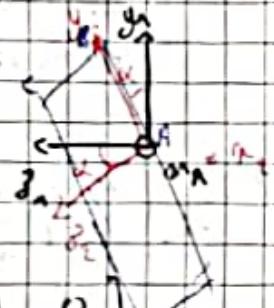
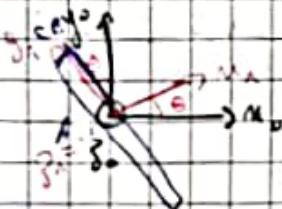
$$= \begin{pmatrix} -r w_2^2 \cos(w_2 t) - r w_1 \cos(w_2 t) \\ -w_1 w_2 r \sin(w_2 t) \\ w_2^2 + \sin(w_2 t) \end{pmatrix}$$

Ex 4:

$$R_0 \xrightarrow{\text{Rotation}} R_A \xrightarrow{\text{Rotation } \alpha \Rightarrow \dot{\alpha}} R_B$$

$$\vec{\omega}_A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}_B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$P_{0 \rightarrow A} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(w_2 t) & \sin(w_2 t) & 0 \\ -\sin(w_2 t) & \cos(w_2 t) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_{A \rightarrow B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos w_2 t & \sin w_2 t \\ 0 & -\sin w_2 t & \cos w_2 t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V(B)_{R_A} = \frac{d^0 \vec{\omega}_B}{dt/R_A} = \frac{d^0 \vec{AB}}{dt/R_A} = \frac{d^0 \vec{AB}}{dt/R_A}$$

$$= \frac{d^0 \vec{AB}}{dt/R_A} + \vec{\omega}_2 \wedge \vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 135 \cos(w_2 t) \\ 135 \sin(w_2 t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega}_B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 135 \cos(w_2 t) \\ 135 \sin(w_2 t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 135 \cos(w_2 t) \\ 135 \sin(w_2 t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -135 w_2 \sin(w_2 t) \\ 135 w_2 \cos(w_2 t) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -w_1 135 \cos(w_2 t) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{V}(B)_{R_A} = \begin{cases} 135 w_2 \cos(w_2 t) \\ -135 w_2 \sin(w_2 t) \\ 135 w_2 \cos(w_2 t) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\gamma}^o(B)_{R_n} &= \frac{d \vec{v}(B)}{dt}_{R_n} = \frac{d^o v(B)}{dt} \vec{R}_n + \vec{R}_n \wedge \vec{v}(B) \\ &= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} -135\omega_1 \cos \omega_2 t \\ -135\omega_2 \sin \omega_2 t \\ 135\omega_2 \cos \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -135\omega_1 \cos \omega_2 t \\ 0 & -135\omega_2 \sin \omega_2 t \\ \omega_1 & 135\omega_2 \cos \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 135\omega_1 \omega_2 \sin \omega_2 t \\ -135\omega_2^2 \cos \omega_2 t \\ -135\omega_1^2 \sin \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 135\omega_1 \omega_2 \sin \omega_2 t \\ -135\omega_2^2 \cos \omega_2 t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\gamma}^o(c)_{R_n} &= \vec{\gamma}^o(B)_{R_n} + \frac{d \vec{\Omega}_c}{dt} \wedge \vec{R}_n \\ &\quad + \vec{\Omega}_c \wedge (\vec{\Omega}_c \wedge \vec{BC}) \\ \frac{d \vec{\Omega}_c}{dt}_{R_n} &= \frac{d^o \vec{\Omega}_c}{dt} \vec{R}_n + \vec{\Omega}_c \wedge \vec{\Omega}_c \\ &= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} \omega_1 \\ 0 \\ \omega_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \omega_1 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} \omega_2 \\ 0 \\ \omega_1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\gamma}^o(B) &= \frac{d^o 135\omega_1 \omega_2 \sin \omega_2 t}{dt} \\ R_n &\begin{pmatrix} -135(\omega_1^2 + \omega_2^2) \cos \omega_2 t \\ -135\omega_2^2 \sin \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{v}^o(c)_{R_n} = \vec{v}(B)_{R_n} + \vec{\Omega}_c \wedge \vec{BC}_{R_n}$$

$$\vec{\Omega}_c = \vec{\Omega}_1 + \vec{\Omega}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \omega_2 \\ \omega_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{BC}_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 90 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{BC}_{R_n} = P_{z \rightarrow n} \vec{DE}_{R_3}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \omega_2 t & -\sin \omega_2 t \\ 0 & \sin(\omega_2 t) & \cos \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 90 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{BC}_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -90 \sin \omega_2 t \\ 90 \cos \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}^o(c)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 135\omega_1 \cos \omega_2 t \\ -135\omega_2 \sin \omega_2 t \\ 135\omega_2^2 \cos \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \omega_1 \\ 0 \\ \omega_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -90 \sin \omega_2 t \\ 90 \cos \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{pmatrix} 90\omega_1 \sin \omega_2 t \\ -90\omega_2 \cos \omega_2 t \\ 90\omega_2 \sin \omega_2 t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}^o(M)_{R_n} = \vec{v}^o(M)_{R_n} + \vec{v}^o(O_n)_{R_n} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{O_n M}_{R_n}$$

$$\vec{v}^o(M)_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{O_n M}}{dt}_{R_n} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} r \cos \varphi \\ r \sin \varphi \\ h(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -r \dot{\varphi} \sin \varphi \\ r \dot{\varphi} \cos \varphi \\ \ddot{h}(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}^o(O_n)_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{O_n O_n}}{dt}_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{O_n O_n}}{dt} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{O_n O_n}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{O_n M}_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} r \cos \varphi \\ r \sin \varphi \\ h(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ r \dot{\theta} \cos \varphi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}^o(M)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} -r(\dot{\theta} + \dot{\varphi}) \sin \varphi \\ r(\dot{\theta} + \dot{\varphi}) \cos \varphi + \ddot{\theta} d \\ \ddot{h}(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\gamma}^o(M)_{R_j} &= \vec{\gamma}^o(M)_{R_j} + \left[ \vec{\gamma}^o(O_j) + \frac{d^o \vec{\Omega}_j}{dt} \right] \\ &\quad \wedge \vec{O_j M} + \vec{\Omega}_j \wedge (\vec{\Omega}_j \wedge \vec{O_j M}) + 2 \vec{\Omega}_j \wedge \vec{v}(M) \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{\gamma}(M)_{R_n} = \vec{\gamma}^A(M)_{R_n} + (\vec{\gamma}(O_n))_{R_n} + \frac{d^o \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt} \wedge \vec{\Omega}_n$$

Ex 2:

$$\vec{OM} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge (\vec{r}_n \cdot \vec{AO})_{R_n} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{V}^A(M)_{R_n}$$

$$\vec{\gamma}^o(M)_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{V}^A(M)_{R_n}}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} -r \dot{\psi} \sin \psi \\ r \dot{\psi} \cos \psi \\ \vec{r}(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\gamma}^o(O_n)_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{V}(O_n)_{R_n}}{dt} = \frac{d^o \vec{V}^A(O_n)_{R_n}}{dt}$$

$$+ \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{V}^o(O_n)_{R_n} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} \dot{\theta} d \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d^o \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt} = \frac{d^o \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt/R_n} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{\Omega}_n = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d^o \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt} \wedge \vec{OM} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\Omega}_n \wedge (\vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{OM}) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} -r \dot{\theta} \sin \psi \\ r \dot{\theta} \cos \psi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -r \dot{\theta}^2 \cos \psi \\ -r \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \psi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{V}^o(M)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\theta} \dot{\psi} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} -r \dot{\psi} \sin \psi \\ r \dot{\psi} \cos \psi \\ \vec{r}(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -2r \dot{\theta} \dot{\psi} \cos \psi \\ -2r \dot{\theta} \dot{\psi} \sin \psi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\gamma}^o(M)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} -r(\dot{\psi}^2 + \dot{\theta}^2) \cos \psi & -2r\dot{\theta}\dot{\psi} \cos \psi - \dot{\theta}^2 d \\ -r(\dot{\psi}^2 + \dot{\theta}^2) \sin \psi & -2r\dot{\theta}\dot{\psi} \sin \psi \end{pmatrix}_{R_n}$$

$$\vec{V}^o(B)_{R_n} = \vec{V}^A(B)_{R_n} + \vec{V}^o(A)_{R_n} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{V}^A(B)_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{AB}}{dt/R_n} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} b \cos \beta \\ b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -b \ddot{\beta} \sin \beta \\ b \ddot{\beta} \cos \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{V}^o(A)_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{OA}}{dt/R_n} = \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{OA} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{V}^o(A)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} b \cos \beta \\ b \sin \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{\alpha} b \sin \beta \\ \dot{\alpha} b \cos \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{V}^o(B)_{R_n} = \begin{pmatrix} b(-\dot{\alpha} \sin \beta - \ddot{\beta} \sin \beta) \\ b(\dot{\alpha} \cos \beta + \ddot{\beta} \cos \beta) + \dot{\alpha} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\gamma}^o(B)_{R_n} = \vec{\gamma}^A(B)_{R_n} + \left( \vec{\gamma}^o(A)_{R_n} + \frac{d^o \vec{\Omega}_n}{dt/R_n} \wedge \vec{AB} \right)$$

$$+ \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge (\vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{AB})_{R_n} \right) + \left( 2 \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{V}^o(B)_{R_n} \right)$$

$$\vec{\gamma}^o(B)_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{V}(B)_{R_n}}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} -b \ddot{\beta} \sin \beta \\ b \ddot{\beta} \cos \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} b \ddot{\beta} \cos \beta - b \ddot{\beta} \sin \beta \\ b \ddot{\beta} \sin \beta + b \ddot{\beta} \cos \beta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{V}^o(A)_{R_n} = \frac{d^o \vec{V}(A)_{R_n}}{dt} = \frac{d^o \vec{V}^o(A)}{dt} + \vec{\Omega}_n \wedge \vec{VA}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} a \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \dot{\alpha} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\dot{\alpha}^2 a \\ \dot{\alpha}^2 a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$