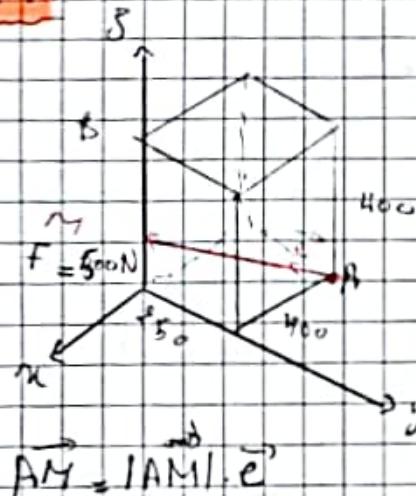


Ex1:

$$A(-400, 250, 0)$$

$$M(0, 0, 200)$$

$$\overrightarrow{AM} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 200 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -400 \\ 250 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 400 \\ -250 \\ 200 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|AM| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(400)^2 + (-250)^2 + (200)^2} = 512,35$$

$$\vec{e} = \frac{\overrightarrow{AM}}{|AM|} = \begin{pmatrix} 400/512,35 \\ -250/512,35 \\ 200/512,35 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{e} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,78 \\ -0,48 \\ 0,39 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{F} = 500 \vec{e} \quad [N]$$

$$= 500 \begin{pmatrix} 0,78 \\ -0,48 \\ 0,39 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{F} = 390 \vec{i} - 240 \vec{j} + 195 \vec{k}$$

Ex2:

$$A(1, 2, -1)$$

$$B(0, 3, 1)$$

$$C(-2, 2, 1)$$

Determine the coordinates of point D(x, y, z) such as a vector \vec{CD}

is the unit vector of \vec{AB}

$$\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\vec{AB}| = \sqrt{1+1+2^2} = \sqrt{27} = 5,19$$

$$\vec{e}_{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -1/\sqrt{27} \\ 1/\sqrt{27} \\ 2/\sqrt{27} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -0,192 \\ 0,192 \\ 0,962 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{CD} = \begin{pmatrix} x & -2 \\ y & 2 \\ z & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -0,192 \\ 0,192 \\ 0,962 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Ex3: \quad \vec{u} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, \vec{v} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ y \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

are perpendicular, for that determine

$$\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ y \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} = 6 - 3y - 10 = 0$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3} = -1,33$$

$$Ex4: \quad \vec{A}(0, 3, 1) \quad \vec{B}(0, 1, 2)$$

calculate $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$ and deduce θ

$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = 0 + 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$|\vec{A}| = \sqrt{10} \quad |\vec{B}| = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = |\vec{A}| \cdot |\vec{B}| \cos \theta = \sqrt{10} \sqrt{5} \cos \theta$$

$$\theta = 45^\circ$$

$$\vec{C} = \vec{A} \wedge \vec{B} = \begin{pmatrix} u_A \\ v_A \\ w_A \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} u_B \\ v_B \\ w_B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (v_A w_B - v_B w_A)$$