

Paper Title (18 Bold)

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Abstract: (11 Bold) Analgesia

Key Word: (11 Bold) Intrathecal

Diabetes is now common high rates of dyslipidemia among percentage of deaths among controlled trials have documented nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) have documented efficacy in diabetes patients by examining efficacy. This prospective, comparative, randomised, controlled trial was conducted at Mahonah Lohia Combined Hospital, Mumbai. Study Design: Prospective observational study. Duration: November 2014 to January 2015. Sample size: 300 patients. The sample size was calculated using the formula: $n = \frac{Z^2 \cdot p \cdot q}{d^2}$ where Z = 1.96, p = 0.5, q = 0.5, d = 0.05. The sample size was rounded up to 300 patients. Inclusion criteria: (10) 1. Diabetic patients (fasting blood

2. Age 18 years and above
4. Patients have a total cholesterol < 200 mg/dl and fasting triglycerides < 150 mg/dl and second year intervals. (10)
- Exclusion criteria: (10 Bold)
2. Pregnant women
4. Patients with other chronic disorders
4. Patients on other painkillers
6. Patients with hepatic dysfunction
8. Patients with renal dysfunction
9. Patients taking any other analgesic
10. Patients with a history of drug