INSIDE



Querying EA's Database

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By Thomas Kilian

Inside Enterprise Architect

Querying EA's Database

Thomas Kilian

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Preface

Enterprise Architect¹ (EA) offers a wealth of API functions to support automated manipulation of UML models. However, quite a number of tasks require actions not directly supported by the API. Here the fact comes handy that EA is based on a database model which has proven to be very stable with respect to its structure. The last major change was introduced with audit functionality which added a couple of new tables but left the structure of the existing tables untouched. So you can assume that your add-ins will run in future versions of EA if you follow a few rules.

The contents of this book is the essence of a continuous work with EA since end 2003. It surely lacks prose but likely you won't need that anyway. I'd call it a hacker's guide into EA².

Special thanks to Peter Doomen who inspired me to write this book. You likely might be interested in his book Fifty Enterprise Architect Tricks³. Also I like to thank Helmut Ortmann for supplying me with most of the query examples and a couple of hints which had passed my attention. Probably I should mention a couple of other guys⁴ but I'm not going to bother you with my family history.

This book starts with a short introduction on how to query EA's database. This is followed by a concise list of all available tables and details for the most important ones. The details contain cross references into more details as well as screen shots of the GUI where the appropriate elements appear. Vice versa the screen shots point to the according table columns. The final sections conclude with a practical approach to using SQL in Enterprise Architect.

¹The EA version used to create this book was actually 9.3 (build 930). However, most of the references are also valid for earlier versions of

²Not all tables/columns are clear in their meaning (to me). A ?! mark is placed where this is the case. Comments about clarification of their meaning are welcome! Just send me a mail to thomas.kilian@me.com.

³http://leanpub.com/entarch

⁴Cheers to Paolo, all the supporters at Sparx and not to forget bruce (blast in peace).

Copyright and Disclaimer

Also all of the information in this book has been tested by me in many circumstances I can not hold any liability for use of the here presented information⁵. However, I'd be glad to receive any kind of feedback to correct future updates of this book which you will receive for free in turn. Having said this, all information presented here is subject to change without notice.

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Important note: this book is about **querying** EA's database. You might think that updating the database is easy with an UPDATE statement. Sure. But that's playing with a loaded and unsecured weapon! You might shoot yourself in your knee or even in the middle of your heart. If you are going to change your repository: use the API.

⁵I really loathe writing such legal blurb since it should be obvious. By the way: German Law applies! (Does that change anything?)

The lowest layer in EA is that of its database. When you first start with EA you will most likely deal with EAP files. A simple though not official fact is: EAP is MS Access. So if you want to play around just open one of those EAP files and see what MS Access is telling you. If you are using a Corporate license you will most likely use a more advanced SQL server. Be it MS SQL Server, Oracle, MySQL or whatever. In that case you need some client software to perform manipulations.

Before doing so you should get familiar with the database in a more simple way.

1.1 Inspecting EA's Tables

The most simple way is to open the respective EA repository with EA itself.



Access seems to be picky with some columns and suppresses them. So preferably you use EA like explained here to actually inspect the database.

Use the EAExample.EAP which comes with your EA installation. Now press Ctrl-F to open the search window. Click the Builder button and select the SQL tab. Type the text

SELECT * FROM t_

and press Ctrl-Blank. You should now be presented with the following:



Search Window

As you can see this is a list of tables which reside in EA's database. For a start let's choose one of the important tables: t_object. After pressing the Run button or the little triangle top left you will get a list of all elements present in the repository. Obviously the column Object_Type is the type of an element and Name its name. Simple! You might go on with t_package to see details of all packages in the repository.

1

1.2 Ways to Query Tables

The clean way to query the tables is the API. This is recommended for most cases. However, there's also a demand to be able to access these data where the API is simply too slow. EA is kind of object oriented in how it queries its database. That means for a global change (like changing the status) it will issue single UPDATEs instead of a compound. Of course you can query the database much faster with an intelligent query than any iterative API calls.

Anticipating a simple structure element of the table containing the elements (t_object) the best way to retrieve an element is by

```
elem = Repository.GetElementByID(4711);
which yields the 'same' element as

SELECT * FROM t_object WHERE Object_ID = 4711
```

where just the API object data are cooked while those of the SQL are raw. So that's no wizardry. But imagine you need all elements with a certain stereotype. While in the API this would need quite some programming effort, the SQL is simple:

```
SELECT * FROM t_object WHERE stereotype = "stereo"
```

Now it's upon your imagination what you can do by joining different tables in SQL. A few sample can be found in this chapter at the end of this book.

Note:

1

1

This window accepts only *SELECT* statements. Any other SQL (like e.g. *UPDATE*) is silently ignored!

1.3 A List of All Tables

Name	Description
t_attribute	Attributes defined for elements
t_attributeconstraints	Constraints for attributes
t_attributetag	Tagged values for attributes
t_authors	List of authors defined with Settings/Project
t_cardinality	Types/People/Project Author(s) List of cardinalities defined with Settings/UML
t_category	Types/Cardinality Value Legacy ?!
t_clients	List of authors defined with Settings/Project
t_complexitytypes	Types/People/Project Clients Legacy ?!

Name	Description
t_connector	Connectors between elements
t_connectorconstraint	Constraints for [connectors
t_connectortag	Tagged values for connectors
t_connectortypes	The documentation refers to this table, but the
_	code likely does not
t_constants	Various key/value pairs in misc. dialogues
t_constrainttypes	List of constraint types defined with
t_datatypes	Settings/Project Types/General/Constraint Definitions from Settings/Code Datatypes
t_diagram	Diagram properties
t_diagramlinks	Non-standrad links appearing in diagrams
t_diagramobjects	Diagram elements
t_diagramtypes	Legacy ?!
t_document	Contents of linked documents, baselines and
t_ecf	more List of complexity factors defined with
	Settings/Project Types/Estimation
t_efforttypes	Factors/Environment List of effort factors defined with
	Settings/Project Types/Project
t_files	<pre>Indicators/Effort ?!</pre>
t_genopt	Various options
t_glossary	The system glossary
t_html	Some HTLM strings for the doc generation
t_image	The alternate pictures defined with
t_implement	Settings/Images Legacy ?!
t issues	The system issues defined with View/More
t lists	Project Tools/Project Information/Issues Status Types defined with various
_	Settings/Project Types/General Types/
	tabs
t_mainttypes	?!
t_method	Legacy ?!
t_metrictypes	List of metric factors defined with
	Settings/Project Types/Project
t_object	Indicators/Metric Basic UML elements
t_objectconstraint	Constraints for elements
t_objecteffort	Something related to project estimation
t_objectfiles	The files linked in the properties/files for
t_objectmetrics	elements Something related to project estimation
t_objectproblems	?!
t_objectproperties	Tagged values
t_objectrequires	The internal requirements defined for elements
t_objectresource	Something related to project estimation
t_objectrisks	Something related to project estimation
t_objectscenarios	The use case scenarios

Name	Description
t_objecttests	Tests defined for elements
t_objecttrx	Auto counters defined with Setting/Auto
-	Names and Counters
t_objecttypes	EA internal rendering support
t_ocf	Something related to project estimation
t_operation	Operations for elements
t_operationparams	Parameters for operations
t_operationposts	Postconditions for operations
t_operationpres	Preconditions for operations
t_operationtag	Tagged values for operations
t_package(#primary-package)	Package container
t_palette	Legacy ?!
t_paletteitem	Legacy ?!
t_phase	Legacy ?!
t_primitives	Code primitive types
t_problemtypes	Problem types defined with Settings/Project
t_projectroles	Types/Maintenance/Problem Types Values from Settings/People/Project Roles
t_propertytypes	Predefined tagged values
t_requiretypes	List of requirement types defined with
	Settings/Project
t_resources	Types/General/Requirements List of resource defined with Settings/Project
	Types/People/Resources
t_risktypes	List of risk factors defined with
	Settings/Project Types/Project
t_roleconstraint	Indicators/Risk Legacy ?!
t_rtf	EA internal doc generation settings
t_rtfreport	Some doc generation settings
t_rules	Related to model validation ?!
t_scenariotypes	List of scenario types defined with
A	Settings/Project Types/General/Scenario
t_script(#primary-script)	Local scripts
t_secgroup	Security groups
t_secgrouppermission t_seclocks	Security group permissions Security locks
-	?!
t_secpermission t_secpolicies	
t_secuser	Security settings Security users
t_secusergroup	Security user/group assignments
t_secuserpermission	Security user permissions
t_snapshot	Audit log
t_statustypes	List of status types defined with
i_statustypes	Settings/Project Types/General/Status
t_stereotypes	Stereotypes
t_taggedvalue	Smorgasbord for WSDL model elements. These
	are NOT the tagged values. Instead use t_objectproperties
	i_objecthrohernes

Name	Description
t_tasks	The system tasks
t_tcf	List of complexity factors defined with
	Settings/Project Types/Estimation
t_template	Factors/Technical RTF templates ?!
t_testclass	?!
t_testplans	This table is not currently used by EA ¹
t_testtypes	List of test factors defined with
	Settings/Project Types/Maintenance/Test
t_trxtypes	Types Matrix Profiles
t_umlpattern	UML patterns imported via View/More Project
t_version	Tools/Project Resources/UML Patterns ?!
t_xref	This and that
t_xrefsystem	Various profiles
t_xrefuser	?!
usys_system	Key-value pairs for repository wide settings
usystables	A list of all the tables above along with the version where they were introduced. Probably
	legacy.
usysoldtables	I have not the faintest idea ?!
usysqueries	I have not the faintest idea ?!

¹As of EA version 9.3

In this chapter we are going into quite some details of the most important tables. Namely these are that for elements, packages, diagrams, diagram objects, connectors and tagged values. Those are the ones you most likely need to retrieve often.

The single columns have a short description of what I think is their meaning. Some are obvious, some are just smoke signals. A reference to the GUI screen shots is placed where this is possible.

To improve readability and reference the properties were either split into several sub-tables or the table has an *indicator* on top of a logical section. Each sub-table is sorted alphabetically according to the name in Column.

2.1 More things than you find in the Project Browser: t_object

As you already know, this table holds all elements stored in the repository. That is any element you can see in the project browser plus those not shown like notes, boundaries and a couple of other elements. Please note that the Package element is a pendant¹ to the Package itself. Part of the information in both is redundant and both link to each other.

The following table lists the most important properties also to be found in the General properties window. The remaining properties are listed subsequently in logical groups.

Column	Description
Alias	Alias property
Author	Author property
Complexity	Complexity property
	Valid values are: 1 for Easy, 2 for Medium, 3 for Difficult
GenType	Language property String value. Note that this value does not
	appear unless it is defined as Product in the Language Datatypes
Name	Name property
Notes	Notes property
PDATA5	Keywords property
Phase	Phase property String value
Scope	Scope property String value
Status	Status property corresponds to values in t_statustypes
Stereotype	Stereotype property
Version	Version property

¹I have detailed this in my book Scripting EA.



In order to retrieve the Notes column with EA's SQL Search you need to name the column like this:

SELECT t_object.Notes AS Notes, * FROM t_object

The Notes column will not appear in the * nor when selected unnamed.

2.1.1 Key links

Column	Description
Diagram_ID	Only for Text elements; reference to primary key of the
ea_guid	diagram A global UID shown here
	Use Repository.GetElementByGUID (ea_guid) to retrieve this
Object_ID	element Primary, unique key for the element
	Use Repository.GetElementByID (Object_ID) to retrieve this
Package_ID	element Primary key of the package where the element is located
Parent_ID	Only for nested elements: primary key of the object
Classifier_guid	Redundant GUID for the Classifier property

2.1.2 Details

Column	Description
Abstract	Abstract property
Cardinality	Cardinality property String value
Concurrency	String equivalent of the Concurrency property for class
IsActive	elements Boolean values for the Is* properties
IsLeaf	ditto
IsSpecification	ditto
IsRoot	ditto
Persistence	Persistence property String value

2.1.3 Dock

Column	Description
CreatedDate	Created property
GenFile	Filename property String value
ModifiedDate	Modified property
Multiplicity	Multiplicity property String value

2.1.4 Appearance

Column	Description
Backcolor	Background Color property RGB ² values in decimal
Bordercolor	Border Color property RGB values in decimal
BorderStyle	For frame-like elements (boundaries etc.).
	Corresponds to the style (03) where $3 =$ solid line
BoderWidth	Border Width property
Fontcolor	Font Color property RGB values in decimal
StyleEx	The individual font settings ³

2.1.5 Misc

Column	Description
Classifier	NULL or θ where not defined. If > θ then it is the
	primary key of the element which classifies the element
Effort	Always 0 ?!
EventFlags	semi-colon separated list of attributes with links into the
GenOptions	Risk/Metrics/etc. tables Some very nasty semi-colon separated list of attributes (used for
0 1:1	code generation?!)
GenLinks	String value of the class which this one is specialized from
	Usually only set where classes are reverse engineered and the
Header1/2	general class is missing Used for code generation
NType	8: When the element is composite. The meaning of the other
JI	numbers is unclear 0,1: plain elements
	2: Event, Class, Constraint
	3: Class, StateNode
	4: InteractionFragmen, StateNode, MessageEndpoint
	5: InteractionFragmen, Object
	9: InteractionFragment
	10,11,12,13,14,100,101: StateNode
	18: special Text
	1001: pseudo-port boundary
Object_Type	String value
PDATA1	For Package elements: primary key of the package
	For Elements: Same as the Status column
	For UseCase: #EXP#= <ep>; semi-colon separated list of Extension</ep>
	Points < <i>ep</i> >
	For Notes: linked element feature name
	For Text displaying as hyperlink: t_diagram.Diagram_ID
	For Parts: some strange UID ?!
	For Parts: some strange UID ?!

 $^{^2 \}mbox{See}$ my book Scripting EA about RGB color calculation in EA.

³Actually there are a some more options used likeLocked, ShowBeh, MDoc, EScrpt and LinkOpen which seemed to be too exotic to be explained here (currently).

Column	Description
	For Requirements: Status property
	For UMLDiagrams: Diagram_ID of the underlying diagram;
	here NType == 0 means Frame and 1 Reference
PDATA2	For Elements: Same as the Priority column
	For Notes: Object_ID of the linked feature element
	For Requirements: Priority property
PDATA3	For Elements: Same as the Difficulty column
	For Notes: Reference name into the linked feature element
	For Parts: some strange UID ?!
	For State: some strange number ?!
	For Requirements: Difficulty property
PDATA4	For Note elements: "Yes" if the note is linked to an element
	feature an <i>idref=<val></val></i> ; list where <i><val></val></i> is the primary key of the
	connector(s)
	to which the note is linked
	For elements: If > 0 this is the primary key of the connector
	for which this element is defines as association class
RunState	For objects a list of run state variables
Style	A semi-colon separated list of attribute assignments.
	Besides others indicates a linked document if = <i>MDoc=1</i> ;
TPos	Tree order of the element in the project browser



Another peculiarity happens with the column Object_Type where EA seems to mangle the display value. In particular this happens with a BPMN2.0 StartEvent. Other cases may exist. If you have a model with such a StartEvent the Object_Type contains Event but the SQL result is displayed as StartEvent. You can verify this:

```
SELECT count(*),object_type FROM t_object GROUP BY object_type
will show that actually there are Object_Type = 'Event' rows. Now

SELECT * FROM t_object where object_type = 'Event'
will find that row(s) but display StartEvent instead of Event!
```

2.1.6 Unknown or heritage

Column	Description
Tagged	Likely heritage ?!
Visibility	Always NULL ?!
StateFlags	Always NULL ?!
PackageFlags	Always NULL ?!
ActionFlags	Always NULL ?!

2.2 The Repository Structure: t_package

This table holds property information for packages. As packages hold some extra properties different to those in the t_object this extra table is needed.

Column	Description
ea_guid	A global UID shown here
· ·	Use Repository.GetPackageByGUID (ea_guid) to retrieve this
	package
Package_ID	Primary, unique key of the package
	Use Repository.GetPackageByID (Package_ID) to retrieve this
	package
	— Links
Parent_ID	Package_ID of the parent package
	— General
BatchSave	Batch Export property
BatchLoad	Batch Import property
CodePath	Code path from where this package has been imported
CreatedDate	Created property
IsControlled	Control Package property
LastLoadDate	Last Load Date property
LastSaveDate	Last Save Date property
LogXML	Log Import/Export property
ModifiedDate	Modified property
Name	Name property value
Namespace	1 if this package is defined as Code Engineering/Set as
	Namespace Root
Notes	A mirror of the Notes property of the Element with Parent_ID
D 1 D1	== Package_ID
PackageFlags	Mixed information detailed here
PkgOwner	Owner property
Protected	Always FALSE (?!)
TPos	A mirror of the TPos property of the Element with Parent_ID
UMLVersion	== Package_ID Version ID property
	± ± •
4 C1 31011	
XMLPath	XMI Filename property
UseDTD Version XMLPath	Use DTD property A mirror of the Version property of the Element with Parent_ID == Package_ID This value is only set when explicitly changed XMI Filename property

2.3 The Diagram Frame: t_diagram

This table contains the properties for all diagrams. The objects you see in the diagram itself are stored in t_diagramobjects.

Column	Description
Diagram_ID	Primary, unique key of the diagram
	Use Repository.GetDiagramByID (Diagram_ID) to
	retrieve this diagram
ea_guid	A global UID
	Use Repository.GetElementByGUID (ea_guid) to
	retrieve this diagram
Dagleaga ID	- Links
Package_ID Parent ID	Primary key of the package Only for diagrams nested inside an elements: primary
ratent_iD	key of the object
	— General
AttPub	Public property
AttPri	Private property
AttPro	Protected property
Author	Author property
CreatedDate	Created property
cx	Number of pixels in X-direction used at maximum
cy	Number of pixels in Y-direction used at maximum
Diagram_Type	See the t_diagramtables table for valid values
	appearing here
HTMLPath	?!
Locked	Diagram has been locked via security. Can also be set
M - 1:C - 1D - 4 -	without security
ModifiedDate	Modified property
Name Notes	Name property
Orientation	Notes property Diagram/Advanced/Page Setup/Orientation first char
Orientation	(P or L)
PDATA	All the gory details about other diagram properties
Scale	Scaling in percent. Manipulated with the magnification
	glass icons
ShowBorder	Show Page Border (Current) property
ShowDetails	Show Diagram Details property
ShowForeign	Show Namespace property
ShowPackageContents	Package Contents check mark
Stereotype	Stereotype property
StyleEx	Even more details describing the style of diagram,
	like whether swim lanes are active and so on
Swimlanes	Details defined with Swimlanes and Matrix
TPos	context menu Tree order of the diagram in the project browser
Version	Version property
, 0101011	related property

2.4 Elements Inside Diagrams: t_diagramobjects

Each rendering in a diagram is that of a respective Element⁴. This table refers those elements and stores their position and style in the respective diagram.

Column	Description
Instance_ID	Primary, unique key of the diagram object
	- Links
Diagram_ID	Primary key of the diagram
Object_ID	Primary key of the element which is rendered
	— General
ObjectStyle	Single elements on a diagram can be rendered individually
	overriding
	the Style of Element
RectTop	Top Y-coordinate of the element. 0 is the top and any negative
	value is the y-value (below the top)
RectLeft	Leftmost X-coordinate starting from 0 being the leftmost position
RectRight	Rightmost X-coordinate of the object. This is a greater value than
Rectivigiti	Rect.l eft.
RectBottom	Bottom Y-coordinate of the element. This is a smaller (more
	negative) value than RectTop
Sequence	Layer of the object. All elements will be drawn in the order of the
	Sequence

2.5 Non-Standard Connectors: t_diagramlinks

EA renders connectors between elements in any diagram with a default (straight connector). Unless the user tells to use something else. In this and only this case EA creates an entry in t_diagramlinks where it stores the settings for this connector. These settings are valid for the very single diagram which is specified along with the record. That means that if you want a certain connector to appear differently you need to specify this for each single diagram.

Column	Description
DiagramID	Primary key of the diagram
ConnectorID	Primary key of the connector
Geometry	A CSV list. See below
Style	A CSV list. See below
Hidden	Boolean which is true if the connector shall be hidden
Path	A semi-colon separated list of X:Y coordinates. At each
Instance_ID	coordinate EA will render a bend. Primary, unique key of the diagram link

The Geometry keeps information about start and ending point of a connector. It is a CSV list where the single tags have the following meaning:

⁴Note that for the relations the table t_diagramlinks is used. This table will be detailed in a future release of this book.

Tag	Description
SX	Relative start X coordinate from the starting object (t_connector.Start_Object_ID). The value
	ranges ±width/2 of the start object
SY	Relative start Y coordinate from the starting object (t_connector.Start_Object_ID). The value
	ranges ±height/2 of the start object
EX	Relative start X coordinate from the starting object (t_connector.End_Object_ID). The value
	ranges ±width/2 of the end object
EY	Relative start Y coordinate from the starting object (t_connector.End_Object_ID). The value
	ranges ±height/2 of the end object
EDGE	Specifies the edge from where the connector starts at the start object: 1=bottom; 2=left;
	3=top; 4=right
\$LLB	?!
LLT	Top (start) label description (see below)
LMT	Mid label description (see below)
LMB	Bottom (end) label description (see below)
LRT	?!
IRHS	?!
ILHS	?!

For each label to be rendered EA creates a colon (":") separate list of tags describing the rendering. Heaven knows why the Geometry holds values which actually are Style. The tags have the following meaning:

Tag	Description	
CX	Width of the label box	
CY	Height of the label box	
OX	X-offset from the default position	
OY	Y-offset from the default position	
HDN	0=label is visible; 1=label is hidden	
BLD	Set to 1 if the Bold option is set via the GUI. The label does not render	
	bold, however	
ITA	Obviously reserved for future use. Label will not render in italics	
UND	Obviously reserved for future use. Label will not render underlined	
CLR	RGB value of the label color1 is the default color	
ALN	Alignment of the label. 0=left; 1=center; 2=right	
ROT	Rotation of the label. 0=none; 1=clockwise; -1=anti-clockwise	
DIR	-1=to source; 1=to destination; 0 or not present=no indicator	

The Style specifies the appearance of a connector:

Tag	Description
MODE	The Style corresponding to the drop down: 1=Direct; 2=Auto Route;
	3=Custom. In case this value is 3 then the TREE style tag may appear
	specifying the values below Custom in the drop down.
EOID	Some EA internal GUID you can ignore
SOID	Some EA internal GUID you can ignore
COLOR	Some RGB value where "-1" means the default color.
LWidth	The width of the connector, where "0" is the default, "1" the thinest
	and "5" the thickest

Tag	Description
TREE	"OR"=Orthogonal Rounded; "OS"=Orthogonal Rounded;
	"LH"=Lateral - Horizontal; "LV"=Lateral - Vertical; "V"=Tree
	(Vertical); "H"=Tree (Horizontal)

2.6 Connecting Elements: t_connector

Any relation between different elements is stored in this table. A connector refers to two Elements being source/start and destination/end. If source and target are the same this is a self reference.

Column	Description
Connector_ID	Primary, unique key of the connector
ea_guid	A global UID
	Use Repository.GetConnectorByGUID (ea_guid) to retrieve
	this connector — <i>Links</i>
End_Object_ID	Target of the connector (with name Target)
DiagramID	Primary key of the diagram
	Applies to Sequence connectors only
Start_Object_ID	Source of the connector (with name Source)
	— General
Connector_Type	See the t_connectortypes table for valid values appearing
	here Appears as window title of the properties window
Direction	String equivalent of the Direction property
Name	Name property
Notes	Notes property
PDATA1	For StateFlow connectors: Trigger name
	For Collaboration and Sequence connectors: Message/Synch
	property
PDATA2	For Collaboration: Message/Return Value property
	For ControlFlow: Constraints/Guard property
PDATA3	For Sequence connectors: Message/Control Flow Type/Kind
	property
~~.	For StateFlow connectors: Effect property
PDATA4	For Collaboration connectors: rendered sequence number of
	the message
	For Realisation connectors: the first constraint
	For Sequence connectors: Message/Control Flow Type/Is
	Return property
	For Association Class connectors: t_object.Object_ID of the
PDATA5	Association Class Advanced style information
SeqNo	Only for Connector_Type == Sequence. The order of the
	message
StateFlags	For Collaboration connectors: <i>isReturn=true/false</i> ; reflecting
	the

Column	Description
	Message/Control Flow Type/Is Return property Advanced settings for Sequence connectors
Stereotype	Stereotype property
StyleEx	Advanced properties
SubType	A categorization of some connectors
	— Formatting
IsBold LineColor	Line thickness. <i>0</i> is default. <i>13</i> bold steps <i>-1</i> for default color. RGB value else

2.6.1 Connector source/target

Column	Description
SourceAccess	Access property
SourceCard	Multiplicity property
SourceContainment	Containment property
SourceConstraint	For Association connectors: Target Role/Constraint(s)
	property
	For Sequence connectors: Sequence
	Expression/Constraint property
SourceElement	Member Type property
SourceIsAggregate	Aggregation property. 0=none, 1=shared, 2=composite
SourceIsNavigable	TRUE if Source Role/Navigability == Navigable
SourceIsOrdered	Multiplicity/Ordered property
SourceQualifier	Qualifiers property. A semi-colon separated list
SourceRole	Source Role/Role property
SourceRoleNote	Role Notes property
SourceStereotype	Source Role/Stereotype property
SourceStyle	Likely some redundant information like the following:
•	Union=0;Derived=0;AllowDuplicates=0;Owned=0;
	Navigable=Non-Navigable;alias=alias;
	-

Target properties are analogous and have a *Dest* prefix instead of *Source*.

2.6.2 Connector labels

Column	Description
Btm_End_Label	Rendered source multiplicity
Btm_Mid_Label	Rendered Stereotype property
Btm_Start_Label	Rendered source role display where public is '+' and so on
End_Edge	Only for qualified properties
PtEndX	Dimension of the qualifier (for associations) or object life
	(for messages) box
PtEndY	ditto
PtStartX	ditto
PtStartY	ditto
Start_Edge	Only for qualified properties
Top_End_Label	Rendered target multiplicity
Top_Mid_Label	Rendered Name property
Top_Start_Label	Rendered target role display where public is '+' and so on

2.6.3 Connector unknown

Column	Description
ActionFlags	Always NULL ?!
DispatchAction	Always NULL ?!
DestChangeable	Always none ?!
DestRoleType	?!
DestTS	Always instance ?!
EventFlags	Always NULL ?!
HeadStyle	?!
IsRoot	Always FALSE ?!
IsLeaf	Always FALSE ?!
IsSignal	Always FALSE ?!
IsSpec	Always FALSE ?!
IsStimulus	Always FALSE ?!
LineStyle	?! The line style is actually encoded in the
*. 1.4	t_diagramlinks.Style
LinkAccess	Always NULL ?!
RouteStyle	?!
SourceChangeable	Always none ?!
SourceRoleType	?!
SourceTS	Always instance ?!
Target2	Always NULL ?!
VirtualInheritance	Always 0 ?!

3 Element Feature Tables

Mainly the element features comprise attributes and methods. Both are stored in the tables detailed below.

3.1 Attributes: t_attribute

This table holds property information for attributes. It is noticeable that the attributes property dialogue appears as column - and here in different variants.

Column	Description	
ea_guid	A global UID shown here	
_0	Use Repository.GetAttributeByGUID (ea_guid) to retrieve	
ID	this attribute Primary, unique key of the attribute	
	Use Repository.GetAttributeByID (ID) to retrieve this	
	attribute — <i>Links</i>	
Object_ID	Element for which the attribute is defined	
	— General	
AllowDuplicates	Allow Duplicates property value	
Const	Const property value	
Classifier	Element from which the attribute is classified	
Container	Container type property value	
Containment	Containment property value	
Default	Initial property value	
Derived	Derived property value	
GenOption	?! Sometimes contains <i>SourceClass=<guid></guid></i> ; or similar stuff	
	<pre>PROPERTY=<name>; where <name> = Property property</name></name></pre>	
T-C+-+:-	value	
IsStatic	Static property value	
IsCollection	Attribute is a Collection property value	
IsOrdered	Ordered Multiplicity property value	
Length	Length property value	
LowerBound	Lower bound property value	
Name	Name property value	
Notes	Notes property value	
Pos	Ordering position starting from 0	
Precision	Precision property value	
Scale	Scale property value	
Scope	Scope property value	
Stereotype	Stereotype property value	
Style	Alias property value	
StyleEx	?! contains sometimes values like <i>volatile=<n>;Literal=<n></n></n></i> ;	

Element Feature Tables 18

Column	Description
	where $\langle n \rangle$ is either 0 or 1
Type	Type property value
UpperBound	Upper bound property value

3.2 Operations: t_operation

Like for attributes the operations for elements are stored in their own table.

Column	Description
ea_guid	A global UID shown here
-	Use Repository.GetOperationByGUID (ea_guid) to retrieve this
	operation
OperationID	Primary, unique key of the operation
	Use Repository.GetOperationByID (OperationID) to retrieve this
	operation
	- Links
Object_ID	Element for which the attribute is defined
Classifier	Element from which the operation return value is classified via
	Return Type property value
	- General
Abstract	Abstract property value
Behavior	Behavior property value
Code	Code property value
Concurrency	Concurrency property value
Const	Const property value
GenOption	?! Sometimes contains <i>SourceClass=<guid></guid></i> ; or similar stuff
IsQuery	Is Query property value
IsStatic	Static property value
Name	Name property value
Notes	Notes property value
Pos	Ordering position starting from 0
Pure	Pure property value
ReturnArray	Return Array property value
Scope	Scope property value
Stereotype	Stereotype property value
Style	Alias property value
StyleEx	Show Behavior in Diagram property value
Camalananina d	ShowBeh=1; if property is checked
Synchronized	Synchronized property value
Type	Return Type property value — Unknown
IsRoot	?! Always <i>FALSE</i>
IsLeaf	?! Always <i>FALSE</i>
StateFlags	?! Always empty
Throws	?! Always empty
	V 1 V

4 Tagged Value Tables

Tagged values are not stored in t_taggedvalue but a couple of different tables.

4.1 Element Tagged Values: t_objectproperties

Any tagged value for an Elements is stored in this table. There is not much notable about this table except the following:

- The Property column is not unique for a single element. Thus multiple tagged values of the same name can appear for a single element. If you have not set Show Duplicate Tags in the options you will be presented with that one having the lowest PropertyID.
- Operations, Attributes and Relations have their own t_<...>properties tables storing the appropriate tags.
- If Value contains the text <memo> the tagged value is of memo-type. That is, it appears with an ellipsis right to the <memo> text in the tagged values window.
- If Notes contains something like two line with *Values: <semi-colon separated list>* and *Default: <element from list>* this tag will appear as drop-down.

Column	Description
ea_guid	A global UID
PropertyID	Primary, unique key of the tagged value
	— Links
Object_ID	The element for which the tag applies
	— General
Notes	The notes for the tag
Property	The name of the tagged value
Value	The value for the tag

4.2 Attribute Tagged Values: t_attributetag

This table holds the tagged values for attributes. It looks exactly the same as that for elements except for one column:

Tagged Value Tables 20

Column	Description
ea_guid	A global UID
PropertyID	Primary, unique key of the tagged value
	— Links
ElementID	The attribute for which the tag applies
	— General
Notes	The notes for the tag
Property	The name of the tagged value
Value	The value for the tag

4.3 Operation Tagged Values: t_operationtag

This table holds the tagged values for operations. It looks exactly the same as that for elements except for one column:

Column	Description
ea_guid	A global UID
PropertyID	Primary, unique key of the tagged value
	— Links
ElementID	The operation for which the tag applies
	— General
Notes	The notes for the tag
Property	The name of the tagged value
Value	The value for the tag

4.4 Connector Tagged Values: t_connectortag

This table holds the tagged values for connectors. It looks exactly the same as that for elements except for one column:

Column	Description
ea_guid	A global UID
PropertyID	Primary, unique key of the tagged value
	— Links
ElementID	The connector for which the tag applies
	— General
Notes	The notes for the tag
Property	The name of the tagged value
Value	The value for the tag

5 Security Related Tables

The following tables are only relevant if user security has been turned on. In order to check whether security is turned on in the repository the t_secpolicies table must be queried.

5.1 Settings: t_secpolicies

This table stores the settings for security as key-value pairs.

Column	Description	
Property	Name of the property	
Value	Value of the property	

The following properties are defined:

Property	Value	Comment
UserSecurity	Enabled	Property is only present if the user has performed
		Project/Security/Enable
RequireLock	1	Property is only present if the user has performed
		Project/Security/Require
	0	Require User Lock to Edit has been turned off

5.2 Users: t_secuser

The list of users allowed in the system. UserLogin/Password are prompted during login.

Column	Description
UserID	GUID to identify a user
Department FirstName	Department entered in the user description First name
Password	Encrypted password. Does not contain the user name as part of the encryption
Surname UserLogin	Surname User name to be typed in the prompt

Security Related Tables 22

5.3 Groups: t_secgroup

The list of groups allowed in the system. All users can be assigned to an arbitrary number of groups.

Column	Description
GroupID	GUID to identify a group
GroupName	Name and
Description	description of the group entered in the properties

5.4 Assignment of users to groups: t_secusergroup

The list of groups allowed in the system. All users can be assigned to an arbitrary number of groups.

Column	Description	
UserID	GUID of the user table	
GroupID	GUID of the group table	

5.5 Group permissions: t_secgrouppermission

Currently there are 38 different permission defines (0..37). Each number represents one permission in the group permission settings. A few are detailed below. If you need to know specific numbers just define a test group, assign a single permission and see what number it creates.

Column	Description	
GroupID	GUID of the group table	
PermissionID	35:Admin Workflow5: Administer Database30: Audit Settings	
	 27: View Locks	

Security Related Tables 23

5.6 User permissions: t_secuserpermission

Similar to the group permission the single users can be assigned individual permissions.

Column	Description
UserID	GUID of the user table
PermissionID	same as in group permission

5.7 Locks: t_seclocks

These are the individual locks for packages, diagrams and elements.

Column	Description
UserID	GUID of the user table
GroupID	GUID of the group table if the lock was applied to that group
EntityType	Element, Diagram, Package
EntityID	GUID to identify the lock
LockType	?!
Timestamp	Time stamp when the lock was set

Here you will find some details about tables which are not of major importance. However, from time to time you will also need to deal with them. Note that this section is going to be populated with more information during the next near future.

6.1 Stereotypes: t_stereotypes

This table stores the definitions of stereotypes as found under Settings/UML Types/Stereotypes.

ea_guid A global UID used as primary key AppliesTo The Base Class property Description The Notes property Metafile NULL MFEnabled The Metafile property MFPath The path to the metafile assigned with the Assign button Stereotype The Name property Style An XML-like string holding all the other attributes	Column	Description
Description The Notes property Metafile NULL MFEnabled The Metafile property MFPath The path to the metafile assigned with the Assign button Stereotype The Name property Style An XML-like string holding all the other attributes	ea_guid	A global UID used as primary key
visualiype inull	Description Metafile MFEnabled MFPath Stereotype	The Notes property NULL The Metafile property The path to the metafile assigned with the Assign button The Name property

The Style column has the format

```
<STYLE fill="<color>"text="<color>"border="<color>"groupname="<group>"type="<type>"/>
```

Here <code><color></code> is a decimal RGB color value. <code><group></code> is the Group Name property. <code><type></code> is either <code>none</code>, <code>metafile</code> or <code>script</code> according to the properties. Some kind of duplicate definition with MFEnabled but that's what we already know from EA.

In case <type> == script the Style string is appended with

```
<SHAPE file="<contents>" type="EAShapeScript 1.0" enabled="1"/>
```

Here the *<contents>* is the HTML-escaped string representing the shape script.

6.2 Not the Tagged Values: t_taggedvalue

As indicated in the introduction this is kind of a smorgasbord. Actually these are the tags for methods, parameters and partially connectors. Interesting that these were put in one table but the other tags were moved to separate tables although all share the same column information. As far as I discovered the values in this table are used with WSDL and (as a reader found out) generally for connector source and target tagged values. Most likely this information here is still incomplete. But it will help you to find out the 'unknown' whenever you have close encounters of the 3rd kind.

Column	Description	
PropertyID	Primary, unique key of the tagged value	
	— Links	
ElementID	A global UID referring the ea_guid of BaseClass	
	— General	
BaseClass	String literal describing the table where ElementID was taken from	
	OPERATION_PARAMETER -> t_operationparams	
	PACKAGE -> t_package	
	ASSOCIATION_SOURCE -> t_connector	
	ASSOCIATION_TARGET -> t_connector	
Notes	Context dependent note ¹	
TagValue	Context dependent value	

To go backwards from the entries in this table

- get the table name from BaseClass and
- search the ea_guid matching ElementID.

There you are. Now for what these values are actually used is a bit harder to find out. Here's what I have so far: For the BaseClass column containing

- OPERATION_PARAMETER: holds the Details for the WSDL Operation Binding Parameters. The Notes column takes the property name (e.g. use or encondingStyle) while TagValue holds the parameter itself (e.g. literal for a use).
- *PACKAGE*: for WSDL packages. TagValue holds *LastImportFileDate* with Notes being either that date or empty.
- ASSOCIATION_SOURCE: For WSDL TagValue has the value position and Notes the decimal position value². For general connector sources the TagValue is the name and Notes holds the value. Notes for the tagged value are appended to the Notes with \$ea_value=<notes> where <notes> is the text you entered in the Tagged Value Note window. If you assign a text like val\$ea_notes=notes then EA will assign val to the tag value and notes to its notes. EAUI!
- ASSOCIATION TARGET: Is equivalent for connector target tagged values.

¹It appears that this column is only generated when needed.

²Too long ago to dig into this deeper. But I guess those being concerned will know what is meant.



I once had a model with the additional columns s_Generation, s_GUID, s_Lineage, Gen_Notes and Gen_TagValue where TagValue contained <code>LastImportFileDate</code> and s_Lineage some base64 encoded crap. I have no idea how that was produced. None of the GUIDs showing up in that row was used elsewhere. Also (almost 100% sure) I had not tinkered with WSDL in that or any other model for 2 years. Maybe you have an idea about it?

6.3 Linked Documents and Baselines: t document

The main purpose of this table is to store baselines for packages and linked documents for elements. However, over time its use has been extended for a variety of other purposes³.

Column	Description
DocID	A global UID used as primary key
	— Links
ElementID	ea_guid of the containing element
	— General
Author	Context dependent for forum entries
BinContent	Packed data
DocDate	Date when the record was created
DocName	Name of the containing element
DocType	Baseline, ModelDocument ⁴
ElementType	Package, ModelDocument, ELEMENTSCRIPT
IsActive	A strange number ?!
Notes	Context dependent for forum entries
Sequence	NULL
StrContent	The string value for certain DocTypes
Style	Context dependent
Version	NULL

The value definition of the single columns depend on the contents of ElementType:

Baseline -

the record stores a single baseline record. Besides the baseline creation properties ElementType contains Package, Style contains Zip=1; and BinContent the packed xml of the baseline.

ModelDocument -

the record stores a linked document. DocName contains the string a::<name> where <name> is the name of the element which holds the linked document information. ElementID is the guid of this element. Style is empty and the BinContent contains the packed str.dat which holds the RTF formatted linked document.

³More than the documentation below will be detailed in a future release of this book.

⁴Other values appearing here are DTree_RuleSet, Forum_Category, Forum_Subject, Forum_Thread, Model_Forum, SSDOCSTYLE, SSMOD-ELDOCSTYLE and event_calendar which control the meaning of the other columns.

ELEMENTSCRIPT -

the record stores a script created for SysML element scripts. DocName contains the name of the element and ElementIDits guid. ElementType contains something like

```
1 Lang=JScript; Type=ElementScript;
```

and BinContent contains the packed file str.dat which holds the script text.

GAPMATRIXPROFILE -

the record stores a profile saved from View/Gap Analysis Matrix. DocName contains the name of the profile. The column StrContent hold the XML-formatted values for the profile.

6.4 Alternate Images: t_image

Column	Description
ImageID	Primary, unique key of the image
Image Name Type	The packed image in the format described in Type The 'Name' column from Settings/Images The 'File Type' column from Settings/Images Bitmap or Metafile

Actually you can save the binary data always as .PNG and they will be displayed correctly. I have no real knowledge about image formats, but Bitmap seems to be "real" .png while Metafile is .emf format. Obviously the Windoze viewer does not rely on the suffix but looks into the file to detect the magic strings.

6.5 User Defined Scripts: t_script

This table holds the groups and scripts you define locally via the Scripting window.

Warning: Not suitable for database designers with heart insufficiency!

Column	Description
ScriptID	Primary, unique key of the script/group
Notes	An XML string describing the group/script **CFOUP Type=" <type>"Notes=""/> for groups. See below for <type>. **Script Name="<name>" Type="Internal" Language="<lang>"/> for scripts. **<name> is the name of the script. See below for the values of <lang>.</lang></name></lang></name></type></type>
Script	For groups this is the name of the group. For scripts this is the plain script contents.
ScriptAuthor	Wow! This is the value of <i>ScriptName</i> for the group entry for scripts
ScriptCategory	A value to distinguish between group and script. It looks like a GUID but it has no "{}" 3955A83E-9E54-4810-8053-FACC68CD4782 = group

Column	Description
	605A62F7-BCD0-4845-A8D0-7DC45B4D2E3F = script ⁵
ScriptName	Don't get confused. This is a GUID which identifies the entry

<type> from the Notes can take one of the following values: NORMAL, PROJBROWSER, DIAGRAM, WORKFLOW, SEARCH and MODELSEARCH which corresponds to the group types available from the group creation menu.

<lang> can take the following values: VBScript, JScript and JavaScript which also obviously corresponds to the values from the script creation menu.

If you feel like having a large cold beer now: go ahead. You deserved it.

6.6 Scenarios for (mainly) Use Cases: t_objectscenarios

Column	Description
ea_guid	The ea_guid of the related element
	— Links
Object_ID	t_object.ObjectID of the containing element
	— General
EValue	A float formatted string. Used for ?!
Notes	Description property
Scenario	Notes property
ScenarioType	Type property
XMLContent	The xml- formatted Structured Specification property

The XMLContent is rather trivial, e.g.:

The step property appears for each defined step resulting in a single row in the Structured Specification property. The name attribute represents the Action column, used attribute is Uses, result is Results, state is State and level is the Step column⁶.

 $^{^{5}}$ I have not the faintest idea why this is such a large string where a simple boolean would suffice.

⁶This is not the full story yet. The rest will come in a later book release.

6.7 Mixed option: t_genopt

Model global settings are stored in this table. Most of them stem from Tools/Options but a there are a couple of other places where such settings can be applied. Further it is not indicated whether an entry in Tools/Options is meant globally (stored in t_genopt) or locally (stored in the user registry).

Column	Description
AppliesTo Option	Name of the option group A semi-colon separated list list of options as NAME or NAME=VAL
Option	entries

The following table lists some of the keywords to be found in AppliesTo along with a description of the according Option contents.

AppliesTo	Option
CMACRO	Language macros defined with Settings/Language Macros as
class	NAME entries Encoded options from Tools/Options/Source Code Engineering
	These appear as <i>NAME=VAL</i> entries and will not be detailed here
	Some are obvious but others need a little experimenting to find out
scenario	their use usesManagedList=0;
	?! No idea where is defined/used
auditing	Encoded options from Audit Settings
	These appear as <i>NAME=VAL</i> entries and are quite obvious

There might be more values in AppliesTo ?!

6.8 Relationship Matrix Profiles: t_trxtypes

Any profile defined under View/Relationship Matrix is stored in this table.

Column	Description
Description	MXProfile
NumericWeight	1
Notes	The settings applied to the profile
	A semi-colon separated list list of options as NAME=VAL
TRX TRX ID	entries The name of the profile The primary key
_	
Style	Always NULL

Like many other EA tables this one looks like it could store also different information. However, I only found the profiles to be stored here.

6.9 Status Types: t_lists

This table contains the values defined with various Settings/Project Types/General Types/... tabs.

Column	Description
ListID	A global UID used as primary key
Category	Defines the tab where Name is defined
Name	The name as shown in the GUI
NVal	Numeric order of the single Category entries
Notes	NULL

Initially only Category with the value *ConstStatusType* is found in this table. Other values only appear if individual names are entered via the according Settings/Project Types/General Types/... tabs. The following table lists the tab names that correspond to Category.

Category	Tab	
ConstStatusType	Constraint Status	
DifficultyType	Difficulty	
PriorityType	Priority	
TestStatusType	Test Status	

The columns NVal and Notes are not supplied from the GUI.

6.10 Maintenance: t_objectproblems

This table contains the maintenance entries defined with View/More Element Tools/Maintenance dialogue.

Column	Description
Object_ID	t_object.ObjectID of the referred element
Problem	Name property of the Defect/Change/Issue/Task
ProblemType	Defects//Tasks tab
DateReported	Reported property
Status	Status property
ProblemNotes	Description property
ReportedBy	Reported by property
ResolvedBy	Resolved by property
DateResolved	Resolved property
Version	Version property
ResolverNotes	History property
Priority	Priority property
Severity	NULL

6.11 Various Profiles: t_xrefsystem

This table is used for multiple profile settings. Accordingly some columns have common meaning while others depend on the value stored in the column Type. Here are the common columns:

Column	Description
XrefID	A global UID used as primary key
ToolID	NULL
Name	Name of the profile as shown in the GUI
Type	Type of the profile (see below)
Visibility	NULL
Namespace	see below
Requirement	NULL ?!
Constraint	NULL ?!
Behavior	NULL ?!
Partition	NULL ?!
Description	see below
Client	see below
Supplier	see below
Link	see below

Valid values for Type are:

Type	Value
PView	Model views defined with View/Model Views
DFilter	Diagram filters defined with View/Diagram Filters

6.11.1 Model Views

For Type having the value *PView* the other columns in t_xrefsystem mean:

Namespace	A sequence number. Primary key ?!
Description	The search parameters defined (if any) as semi-colon separated list
Client	Always 0
Supplier	<i>ModelRoot</i> for the top view
	Else the t_xrefsystem.XrefID of the parent view
Link	NULL

6.11.2 Diagram Filters

For Type having the value *DFilter* the other columns in t_xrefsystem mean:

Namespace NULL
Description The XML formatted search
Client The name of the Author (as shown in the GUI)
Supplier empty
Link empty

6.11.3 Model Views

As stated above the entries with Type=='PView' describe model views. Other columns in this context have the following meaning:

Type	Value
Name	Name of the View
Namespace	Decimal from 1 to 10 corresponding to the Model View icon
Description	For packages (Namespace=3): sType=Package;
	For diagrams (Namespace=2): sType=Custom;
	For searches (Namespace=9):
	<pre>srchID=<guid>;AutoRefresh=<0/1>;Notify=<0/1>;RefreshSeconds=<tnum></tnum></guid></pre>
Supplier	For the root (Namespace=8): ModelRoot
	Else the GUID of the parent
Link	ea_guid of the relevant package/diagram/element

6.12 RTF: t_rtf

This table contains various user defined options defined in the Project/Documentation/Generate Documentation window.

Column	Description
Type	A keyword description the type of options
Template	A semi-colon separated list list of options as NAME or NAME=VAL
	entries

Valid entries in Type are

Type	Description
ProjectOpts	Entries from the Project Constants tab
LangOpts	Entries from the Word Substitution tab
LangTags	Entries from the Codepagetab

6.13 Respository Settings: usys_system

This table contains a lot of Property/Value pairs. And honestly I don't know what they are used for in most cases. Only a few seem obvious like LastUpdate and ProjectGUID. Interestingly

VersionDate states Jan-31 2004. IIRC that time the 3.x release was replaced by 4.0 and from then on the database was not really changed.

Geert posted one useful property: TemplatePkg holds the t_package.Package_ID of the package which was set to be the Templage package (Settings/Project Template Package...).

This chapter might be the start of a new book. Or maybe it will stay thin because the treasures inside the t_xref table are too secret to be uncovered. We will see.

However, here are the bits from this marvelous table. Currently they are about stereotypes and MDG profiles but there's a lot more hidden.

7.1 A simple table: t_xref

Column	Description
XrefID	A GUID which identifies the record uniquely
	— Links
Behavior	NULL, a GUID or any from the list below or
	generalizationSet for Generalization connectors having
	defined a generalization set
Client	The ea_guid column of the referenced element
Description	see details below
Link	NULL or the ea_guid column of another related element
Supplier	NULL or the ea_guid column of a related element
	— General
Constraint	NULL
Name	The context description for the entry. In conjunction with Type
Namespace	NULL or any from the list below
Partition	NULL or a numeric value
Requirement	NULL or <i>back=-1</i> ;
Type	See possible values in the table below
Visibility	NULL or <i>Public</i>

Here are the possible values for some of above columns. All values are context dependent and will be explained as discovered in the following sections. There might be more values, but that's the truth so far, starting with the Name-Type tuple:

Name	Type
Stereotypes	attribute property
Stereotypes	element property
Stereotypes	operation property
CustomProperties	connector property
MOFProps	connector property
OwnedMembers	connector property
Stereotypes	connector property
CustomProperties	connectorDestEnd property
CustomProperties	connectorSrcEnd property

Name	Туре
CustomProperties	element property
DefaultDiagram	element property
MOFProps	element property
OwnedMembers	element property
Partitions	element property
MOFProps	ownedelement property
Analysis	swimlane
Business Model	swimlane
Deployment	swimlane
Design	swimlane
Requirements	swimlane
Use Cases	swimlane
Class	Transformation
EJBDeploymentDescriptor	Transformation
EJBEntityBean	Transformation
EJBHomeInterface	Transformation
EJBKeyClass	Transformation
EJBRemoteInterface	Transformation
EJBSessionBean	Transformation
LinkTable	Transformation
Table	Transformation

Name

Analysis, Business Model, Class, CustomProperties, DefaultDiagram, Deployment, Design, EJBDeploymentDescriptor, EJBEntityBean, EJBHomeInterface, EJBKeyClass, EJBRemoteInterface, EJBSessionBean, LinkTable, MOFProps, OwnedMembers, Partitions, Requirements, Stereotypes, Table, Use Cases or XSDClass

Type

attribute property, connector property, connectorDestEnd property, connectorSrcEnd property, element property, operation property, ownedelement property, swimlane or Transformation

Namespace

C#, DDL, EJB Entity, EJB Session, ERD to Data Modeling, Java or XSD

Behavior

actual, argument, event, formal, result, specification, target or trigger

Description

```
This either a GUID or a semi-colon separated list. The latter appears as RefGUID = \langle guid \rangle; RefName = \langle name \rangle; or OE0 = \langle guid \rangle; OE1 = \langle guid \rangle; OE2 = ... or
```

@<tag>;<list>@END<tag>;

where <tag> is one of ELEMENT, PAR, PROP or STEREO and <list> is a semi-colon separated list. This entry can appear itself as list, e.g. for multiple stereotypes.

7.2 Definition of Multi-Stereotypes

Here's one aspect of t_xref which is related to storing stereotypes derived from MDG profiles. In the beginning the world was just like a big ball with nothing remarkable on it. But the stereotypes started their evolution. First there was not only one stereotype but multiple that could apply to a single element. Then MDG profile appeared and made it even more complicated. So Sparx decided: there must be reference and it created t_xref.

Honestly I can't remember whether t_xref existed in the early version of EA but my stomach tells me: no. However, one reason for t_xref is to sort out stereotypes. As you recall t_object. Stereotype holds just one single stereotype for an element. But since quite a while EA has this ellipsis button near the stereotype so you can define more than one stereotype. The 'primary' stereotype is still placed in the Stereotype column. But the complete list goes into a single t_xref record

Here is the format of such a record. The equal sign means that the contents is that of the table description above:

Column	Value
XrefID	=
Behavior	NULL
Client	=
Description	see below
Link	NULL
Supplier	NULL
Constraint	NULL
Name	Stereotypes
Namespace	NULL
Partition	0
Requirement	NULL
Type	element property
Visibility	Public

For each of the multiple stereotypes a string like the following is appended to the Description:

```
@STEREO;Name=<stereo>;GUID=<guid>;@ENDSTEREO;
```

Here *<stereo>* is the name of the applied stereotype. A good idea, not to place a semi-colon in one of those multi-stereotypes. Just see what happens if you add one. (Would you call this a bug?)

The *<guid>* is the t_stereotypes.ea_guid of the according stereotype.

7.3 Default Composite Diagrams

Whenever you check the Advanced/Make Composite flag for elements EA associates the first diagram inside the element with the element (if there is no diagram present, EA creates one). This connection is persistent even if you move the diagram to somewhere else. While the element composite flag is identified via

the according diagram reference is stored in t_xref:

Value
=
NULL
=
"@STEREO" see above
t_object.ea_guid
t_diagram.ea_guid
NULL
DefaultDiagram
NULL
0
NULL
element property
Public

Activity and InteractionOccurrence elements are an exception (it's EA!). Here the t_diagram.Diagram_ID is stored in t_object.PDATA1 instead of t_xref.

8 API Cross References

This chapter contains a cross reference from table columns to object properties in the API¹.

The references are presented for both directions. As you will notice not all columns map to an API property and vice versa. The table also omits EaCollections as those are a result of a query itself and not a simple column.

I have currently only included the two most important table t_package and t_object.

8.1 t_package — EaPackage

t_package	EaPackage	EaPackage	t_package
BatchLoad	BatchLoad	Alias	t_object.Alias
BatchSave	BatchSave	BatchLoad	BatchLoad
CodePath	-	BatchSave	BatchSave
CreatedDate	Created	Connectors	-
ea_guid	PackageGUID	Created	CreatedDate
Gen_Notes	-	Diagrams	-
IsControlled	IsControlled	Element	-
LastLoadDate	LastLoadDate	Elements	-
LastSaveDate	LastSaveDate	Flags	PackageFlags
LogXML	LogXML	IsControlled	IsControlled
ModifiedDate	Modified	IsModel	-
Name	Name	IsNamepace	Namespace
Namespace	IsNamepace	IsProtected	Protected
Notes	Notes	IsVersionControlled	-
Package_ID	PackageID	LastLoadDate	LastLoadDate
PackageFlags	Flags	LastSaveDate	LastSaveDate
Parent_ID	ParentID	LogXML	LogXML
PkgOwner	Owner	Modified	ModifiedDate
Protected	IsProtected	Name	Name
TPos	TreePos	Notes	Notes
UMLVersion	UMLVersion	ObjectType	fixed 5
UseDTD	UseDTD	Owner	PkgOwner
Version	Version	PackageGUID	ea_guid
XMLPath	XMLPath	PackageID	Package_ID
		Packages	-
		ParentID	Parent_ID
		TreePos	TPos
		UMLVersion	UMLVersion
		UseDTD	UseDTD

 $^{^1\!\}text{To}$ find out more about the API have a look in my book Scripting EA.

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t_package	EaPackage	EaPackage	t_package
		Version	Version
		XMLPath	XMLPath

8.2 t_object — EaElement

t_object	EaElement	EaElement	t_object
Abstract	Abstract	Abstract	Abstract
ActionFlags	ActionFlags	ActionFlags	ActionFlags
Alias	Alias	Alias	Alias
Author	Author	AssociationClassCo	nnectorID
Backcolor	see below:	Author	Author
BoderWidth	SetAppearance see below:	ClassifierID	Classifier
Bordercolor	SetAppearance see below:	ClassifierName	- via Classifier
BorderStyle	SetAppearance see below:	Complexity	Complexity
Cardinality	SetAppearance	CompositeDiagram	- via t vref
Classifier	ClassifierID	Created	CreatedDate
Classifier_guid	-	Difficulty	PDATA3
Complexity	Complexity	ElementGUID	ea_guid
Concurrency	-	ElementID	Object_ID
CreatedDate	Created	EventFlags	EventFlags
Diagram_ID	-	ExtensionPoints	- via PDATA1
Diagraiii_1D	-	Latension onits	#EXP# entries
ea_guid	ElementGUID	GenFile	GenFile
Effort	-	GenLinks	GenLinks
EventFlags	EventFlags	GenType	GenType
Fontcolor	see below:	Header1/2	Header1/2
	SetAppearance		
GenFile	GenFile	IsActive	IsActive
GenLinks	GenLinks	IsComposite	- via NType == 8
GenOptions	-	IsLeaf	IsLeaf
GenType	GenType	IsSpecification	IsSpecification
Header1/2	Header1/2	Locked	via t_seclocks
IsActive	IsActive	Metatype	-
IsLeaf	IsLeaf	MiscData(0)	PDATA1
IsRoot	-	MiscData(1)	PDATA2
IsSpecification	IsSpecification	MiscData(2)	PDATA3
ModifiedDate	Modified	MiscData(3)	PDATA4
Multiplicity	Multiplicity	MiscData(4)	PDATA5
Name	Name	Modified	ModifiedDate
NType	IsComposite if	Multiplicity	Multiplicity
	NType == 8		
Object_ID	ElementID	Name	Name
Object_Type	Type	ObjectType	via Object_Type

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t_object	EaElement	EaElement	t_object
Package_ID	PackageID	PackageID	Package_ID
PackageFlags	-	ParentID	Parent_ID
Parent_ID	ParentID	Persistence	Persistence
PDATA1	MiscData(0);	Phase	Phase
	Status for	Priority	PDATA2
	Requirements		
PDATA2	MiscData(1);	PropertyType	- via PDATA1
	D.:: t f	D C4-4-	GUID
	Priority for	RunState	RunState
PDATA3	Requirements MiscData(2);	Status	Status (and
IDAIAS	MiscData(2),	Status	PDATA1)
	Difficulty for	Stereotype	Stereotype
	Requirements	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
PDATA4	MiscData(3)	StereotypeEx	- via t_xref
PDATA5	MiscData(4); Tag	StyleEx	StyleEx
Persistence	Persistence	SubType	- via
	·		NType/Object
			Type
Phase	Phase	Tablespace	-
RunState	RunState	TreePos	TPos
Scope	Visibility	Type	Object_Type
StateFlags	-	Version	Version
Status	Status	Visibility	Scope
Stereotype	Stereotype		
Style	-		
StyleEx	StyleEx		
Tagged	-		
TPos	TreePos		
Version	Version		
Visibility	-		

${\tt SetAppearance} \ -$

The marked columns appear to be not readable from the API. However, you can set them via the SetAppearance method.

This section contains a couple of details for selected columns from where they are referenced. A back reference is included at the end of each chapter. Note that most of the following descriptions do not detail the contents but give a sample of the contents only. For those having dug that far it will be obvious how to decode the contents.

9.1 CSV Lists

A number of columns contain semi-colon separated lists in the format <key>=<value>; where these pairs can appear more than once thus forming a list of key-value pairs. Usually <key> is alphanumeric including '_' (underscore). Value itself can contain any chars except '=' and ';'.

I found that EA often does not check this constraint and if people enter e.g. a semi-colon in a name it will simply confuse EA in it's later behavior but will not croak¹ that an illegal char is used. Well, it's EA.

9.2 Object Types



This string value should correspond to one of the values in t_objecttypes.Object_Type.



The API returns this value a EAElement. Type while EAElement. Object Type is a numeric value with different semantic.

Action EntryPoint Package
ActionPin Enumeration Parameter
Activity Event Part
ActivityParameter ExceptionHandler Port

ActivityPartition ExecutionEnvironment PrimitiveType

ActivityRegion ExitPoint ProtocolStateMachine Actor ExpansionNode ProvidedInterface

Artifact ExpansionRegion Region
Association Feature Report

Boundary GUIElement RequiredInterface CentralBufferNode InformationItem Requirement

¹Just try this with a stereotype. Enter "abc;def" as stereotype. Save, close and re-open the element. Now it shows just "abc". However, using the ellipsis will show "abc;def" as possible (but unchecked) stereotype. I already reported that as bug years ago...

Change Interaction Risk
Class InteractionFragment Screen
Collaboration InteractionOccurrence Sequence
CollaborationOccurrence InteractionState Signal
Comment Interface State

ComponentInterruptibleActivityRegionStateMachineConditionalNodeIssueStateNodeConstraintLabelSynchronization

DataStore LoopNode Task DataType MergeNode Text TimeLine Decision MessageEndpoint DeploymentSpecification Node Trigger Device Note **UMLDiagram** DiagramFrame Object UseCase Entity ObjectNode User

From t object. Object Type

9.3 Concurrency

A string value to specify a concurrency parameter for single elements.

Sequential Active Guarded Synchronous

From t_object.Concurrency

9.4 GUID

A Globally Unique IDentifier which is used to identify elements throughout many repositories.

where XX is a hex code with upper case chars and xx one with lower case. There's a bit of magic in some GUID especially with that of tagged values.

From t_object.ea_guid, t_package.ea_guid, t_diagram.ea_guid, t_connector.ea_guid, t_attribute.ea_guid, t_operation.ea_guid, t_stereotypes.ea_guid, t_objectproperties.ea_guid, t_connectortag.ea_guid, t_xref various, t_secuser.UserID, t_secuserpermission.UserID, t_secusergroup various, t_secgroup.GroupID, t_secgrouppermission.GroupID, t_seclocks various, t_script various

9.4.1 GUID in tagged values

As mentioned above there's some magic with GUIDs for tagged values that come from a MDG profile. These look exactly like 'normal' GUIDS:

Here the a and b hex codes are not completely random. Only the b part is completely random, but the a part is a hash code computed individually per profile. The hash algorithm is internal to EA and unfortunately not known.

E.g. if you look at the tagged value atomic of the Process metaclass in the Archimate profile



you will find that it looks like

That means that you can not create tagged values for metatypes out of a MDG profile unless you know the a-part of the GUID. The only way to do that is by creating all possible elements and tagged values and then make a static cross reference.

9.5 Object Run State Property

Appears in diagrams for objects. Can be set via Advanced/Set Run State... from the object's context menu.

@VAR;Variable=<name>;Value=<val>;Note=<note>;Op=<op>;@ENDVAR

where the tuple Variable/Value/Note/Op appears consecutive for all defined run states of an object. The Note attribute is omitted if the note is empty.

From t object.RunState

9.6 TPos Property

A numeric value which is part of the sort order for elements and package elements in the project browser. All elements of a package with the same TPos are sorted alphabetically. These groups appear in ascending order of TPos. Additionally EA groups elements according to their type. E.g. Diagram appear always first before any Packages and then elements grouped by type. EA does not set TPos for all elements of a level below a package but only those being moved with the hand icons. You may force your ordering by giving any arbitrary numbering order. This does not override the element type grouping though.

From t_object.TPos, t_package.TPos, t_diagram.TPos

9.7 Object StyleEx Property

Stores an individual font for an element.

```
font=ARIAL;fontsz=80;bold=0;italic=0;ul=0;charset=0;pitch=0;
```

font:

Font property

fontsz:

Size property multiplied by ten

bold:

Font Style property. 1 if bold, else 0

italic:

Font Style property. 1 if italic, else 0

ul: Underline property

charset, pitch:

These values are fixed as shown above. It is possible to modify *charset* and it is rendered correctly in the Sample but not in the diagram. Also when saving the properties manually these values are forced to the above defaults.

From t_object.StyleEx

9.8 Package Flags Property

For a view package this contains the string

```
isModel=1;VICON=<vi>;CRC=<numeric>;
```

where it is unknown what the CRC means. Anyway it is not recommended to change these values! The *<vi>i>* is a numerical value according to the chosen View icon (a number between 0 and 5; see context menu Set View Icon).

For version controlled packages you will find something like

```
Recurse=0;VCCFG=<VC>;
```

where *<VC>* is the unique ID of the appropriate Version Control provider. The complement to that can be found in the text file

```
%APPDATA%\Sparx Systems\EA\paths.txt
```

If you have chosen to in-/exclude a package via the context menu Documentation/Generated Report Options you will also encounter

```
RTF=<bool>;
```

where *<bool>*; is either *T* or *F* for true or false.

From t_package.PackageFlags

9.9 Diagram PDATA Property

A semi-colon separated list like this one:

HideRel=0;ShowTags=0;ShowReqs=0;ShowCons=0;OpParams=1;ShowSN=0;ScalePI=0; PPgs.cx=1;PPgs.cy=1;PSize=9;ShowIcons=1;SuppCN=0;HideProps=0;HideParents=0; UseAlias=0;HideAtts=0;HideOps=0;HideStereo=0;HideEStereo=0;FormName=;

Here are some decoded values:

Value	Diagram/Diagram property
UseAlias	Use Alias if Available
HideParents	not Show Additional Parents
ShowSN	Show Sequence Notes

Value	Diagram/Element property	
ShowCons	Show Compartments/Constraints	
ShowIcons	Use Stereotype Icons	
ShowReqs	Show Compartments/Requirements	
ShowTags	Show Compartments/Tags	
Advanced Element Properties The Matthew Matt	ops not Show Element Property String	
<i>HideAtts</i>	<pre>not Show Compartments/Attributes</pre>	
HideEStereo	not Show Element Stereotypes	
HideOps	<pre>not Show Compartments/Operations</pre>	
Value OpParams HideProps HideStereo	Diagram/Feature property Show Parameter Detail not Property Methods not Show Stereotypes	
Value	Diagram/Connector property	
HideRel	<pre>not Show Relatiosnships</pre>	
SuppCN	<pre>not Show Collaboration Numbers</pre>	
HideStereo	not Show Stereotypes	
HideProps	<pre>not Property Methods</pre>	

The **not** indicates that switch and value are contrary to each other.

From t_diagram.PDATA

9.10 Diagram Swimlanes Property

Something like this one:

locked=false; orientation=1; width=0; inbar=false; names=true; color=0; bold=false; fcol=0;; cls=0; SW1=330; SW2=343; SW3=116;

Probably not too difficult to decode this but definitely not important enough to be detailed here.

From t_diagram.Swimlanes

9.11 Diagram StyleEx Property

Again something like this:

SaveTag=63BF5A5A;ExcludeRTF=0;DocAll=0;HideQuals=0;AttPkg=1;ShowTests=0; ShowMaint=0;SuppressFOC=1;MatrixActive=0;SwimlanesActive=1;MatrixLineWidth=1; MatrixLocked=0;TConnectorNotation=UML 2.1;TExplicitNavigability=0; AdvancedElementProps=1;AdvancedFeatureProps=1;AdvancedConnectorProps=1;

ProfileData=;MDGDgm=;DefaultLang=Java;STBLDgm=;ShowNotes=0; VisibleAttributeDetail=0;ShowOpRetType=1;SuppressBrackets=0; SuppConnectorLabels=0;PrintPageHeadFoot=0;ShowAsList=0;

Here are some decoded values:

Value	Diagram/Diagram property
ShowFQN	Fully Qualified Namespace
HandDraw	Hand Drawn
White board	Whiteboard Mode
PrintPageHeadFoot	Print Page Header and Page Footer
ExcludeRTF	Exclude image from RTF Documents
DocAll	Document each contained element in RTF
Show Diagram In Pages	Divide Diagram into Multiple Pages
RotateImages	Rotate Images

Diagram Layout property *Layout* holds a colon-separated list like this:

Layout=l=20:c=20:d=0:cr=0:la=2:i=1:it=4:a=0:

Tag	Meaning	Tag	Meaning
cr	Cycle Remove property	it	Iterations
	Greedy= 0	a	Aggressive
	Depth= 1	l	Layer Spacing
la	Layering Options property	c	Column Spacing
	Longest Path Sink= 0	d	Direction
	Longest Path Source= 1		Up = 0
	Optimal Link Length= 2		Down = 1
i	Initialize Options		Left = 2
	Optimal Link Length= 2		Right = 3
	Naïve = 0		
	Depth First Search Outward = 1		
	Depth First Search Inward = 2		
Value	Diagram/Element property		
	Language		
DefaultLang_			
_ ShowMaint_	Show Compartments/Maintenance		
_ ShowNotes_	Show Compartments/Notes		
_ ShowTests_	Show Compartments/Testing		

Diagram/Feature property	
Show Property String	
Package	
Always Show Limked Features	
Show Operation Return Type	
Suppress Brackets for Operation without	
Parameters Show Attribute Detail not Show Qualifiers and Visibility Indicatore	

Value	Diagram/Connector property
TExplicitNavigability	Show Non-Navigable Ends
$Advanced {\it Connector Props}$	not Show Connector Property String
Supp Connector Labels	Suppress All Connector Labels
Hide Conn Stereotype	not Show Stereotype Labels
TC on nector Notation	Connector Notation
HideQuals	$not \; Show \; Qualifiers \; and \; Visibility \; Indicatore$
Advanced Feature Props	Show Property String
ShowOpRetType	Show Operation Return Type
SuppressBrackets	Suppress Brackets for Operation without
OverrideLinkedF	Parameters Always Show Limked Features
<i>AttPkg</i>	Package
Visible Attribute Detail	"Name and Type" = 0, "Name Only" = 1

The **not** indicates that switch and value are contrary to each other.

From t_diagram.StyleEx

9.12 DiagramObject StyleEx Property

Even more semi-colon stuff:

Dockable=on; DUID=BA09D7A8; VPartition=1; LCol=0; BCol=14938876; BFol=0; font=ARIAL; fontsz=80; bold=0; italic=0; ul=0; charset=0; pitch=0;

A part of these are detailed in Sparx' automation object reference.

From t_diagramobject.StyleEx

9.13 Connector SubType Property

The following Values may appear for specific Connector_Types to detail specific connector attributes.

Connector_Type	Values
Aggregation	Weak -> Shared
	Strong -> Composite
Association	Sometimes Class?
Sequence	Message Lifecycle Property
	New
	Delete
Sequence	Timing Diagram Message
	Timing
UseCase	Association show as stereotyped dependency when it has
	non-null values: Extends
	Includes

From t_connector.SubType

9.14 Connector Direction Property

One of the following string values:

Unspecified
Bi-Directional
Source -> Destination
Destination -> Source

From t_connector.Direction

9.15 Connector PDATA5 Property

A semi-colon separated attribute list like that below. Parts of these are documented in EA's object reference.

```
SX=0;SY=0;EX=0;EY=0;SLLB=;LLT=; LMT=CX=134:CY=39:OX=106:OY=-32:HDN=0:BLD=0:ITA=0:UND=0:CLR=-1:ALN=0:DIR=0:ROT=0; LMB=;LRT=;LRB=;IRHS=;ILHS=;
```

The rest is up to the willing reader to decode.

From t_connector.PDATA5

9.16 Connector StateFlags Property

Something like the following:

Activation=0; Extend Activation Up=1; Initiate=0; Start Coregion Head=0; End Coregion Head=0; Start Coregion Tail=0; End Coregion Tail=0; Stop Activation=1; End Activation=

From t_connector.StateFlags

9.17 Connector StyleEx Property

For certain connector types the contents of the StyleEx property can take certain values.

Connector_Type	Values
Transition	alias= <alias property="">;</alias>
	The Alias property
Sequence	aliasparamsTO= <return>;</return>
	where <i>return</i> is the Return Value property
	paramvalues= <argument>;</argument>
	where _argument_is the Argument(s) property
	SEQDC= <val>; where <val> Duration Constraint</val></val>
	SEQDO= <val>; where <val> Duration Observation</val></val>
	SEQTC= <tval; <val="" where=""> Timing Constraint</tval;>
	SEQTO= <tval; <val="" where=""> Timing Observation</tval;>
	DCBM= <tval; <val="" where=""> Duration Constraint Between</tval;>
	Messages
	<i>DCBMGUID=<guid></guid></i> ; where <i><guid></guid></i> is the
	t_connector.ea_guid of the related connector
Association	<i>LF</i> < <i>dir</i> > <i>P</i> =< <i>guid</i> >< <i>pos</i> >; connector is attached to
	attribute/operation
	<pre><dir> = S or E meaning Start (source) or End (target)</dir></pre>
	<pre><guid> = ea_guid of t_attribute or t_operation</guid></pre>
	< pos > = R if < dir > == S or L if < dir > == E
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
	There can be one <i>LFSP</i> , one <i>LFEP</i> or both be present in one
	StyleEx property

From t_connector.StyleEx

9.18 Binary Data

Various columns contain binary data which are additionally zipped. If you want to access the contents you have to follow these steps:

- Decode the column using base64.
- Unzip the resulting binary blob.
- Extract the file str.dat from the unzipped data.

This file finally contains the data.

An exception is Image which yields the raw image data right after decoding it via base64.

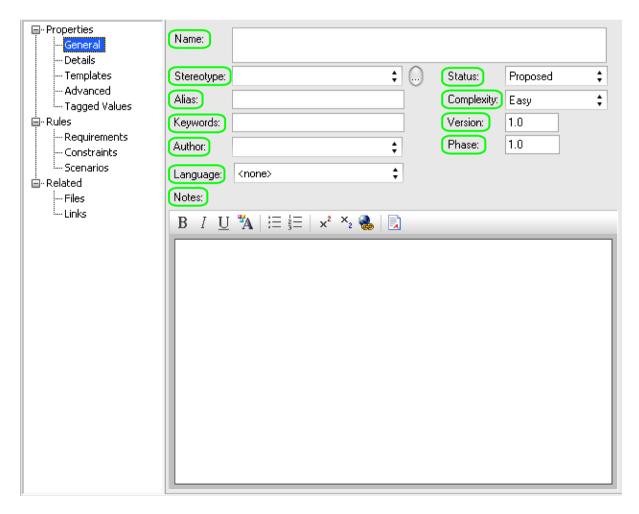
This section contains snapshots of various property windows. Many properties are highlighted with a red rectangle. For those a reference into the according table if given below the snapshot. In most cases the name of the property and the column name are identical. Some have just an additional blank for user readability. However, some properties differ from the column name. In that case the according user readable label is specified in parentheses right after the column name.

10.1 Element Dockable Properties Window

Name	
Scope	Public
Туре	Class
Stereotype	
Alias	
Complexity	Easy
Version	1.0
Phase	1.0
Language	<none></none>
Filename	
Project	
Package	
Author	
Status	Proposed
Created	14.03.2012 18:27:40
Modified	14.03.2012 22:17:50
Keywords	
GUID	{0FD81A2A-9DCD-4e9a-A53B-9BE379EFD
Advanced	
Abstract	False
Multiplicity	
Is Root	False
Is Leaf	False
Is Specification	False
Persistence	

Label	Column		
Name	t_object.Name	'Status'	t_object.Status
	t_package.Name	'Created'	t_object.CreatedDate
Scope	t_object.Scope		t_package.CreatedDate
Type	t_object.Object_Type	'Modified'	t_object.ModifiedDate
Stereotype	t_object.Stereotype		t_package.ModifiedDate
Alias	t_object.Alias	'Keywords'	t_object.PDATA5
'Complexity'	t_object.Complexity	'GUID'	t_object.ea_guid
'Version'	t_object.Version		t_package.ea_guid
'Phase'	t_object.Phase	'Abstract'	t_object.Abstract
Language	t_object.GenType	'Multiplicity'	t_object.Multiplicity
Filename	t_object.GenFile	'Is'*	t_object.Is*
'Author'	t_object.Author	'Persistence'	t_object.Persistence
Package	t_object.Name (Name of parent package)		

10.2 Element General Properties Window

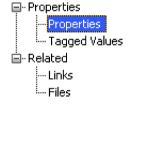


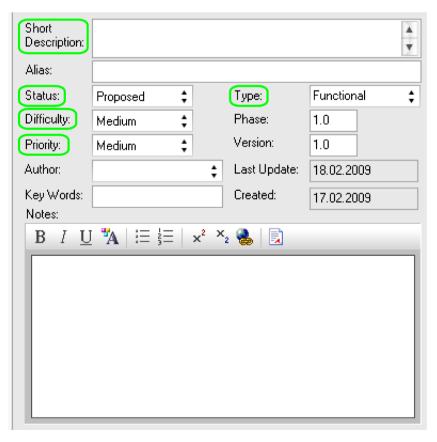
Label	Column
Name	t_object.Name / t_package.Name
Notes	t_object.Notes / t_package.Notes
Version	t_object.Version / t_package.Version
Alias	t_object.Alias
Author	t_object.Author
Version	t_object.Version
Stereotype	t_object.Stereotype
Keywords	t_object.PDATA5
Complexity	t_object.Complexity
Status	t_object.Status
GenType	t_object.GenType
Phase	t_object.Phase

Note that some properties are ambiguous as they appear in both t_object and t_package for package elements.

10.3 Element/Requirement Properties Window

The properties for requirement/issue elements appear almost identically to 'normal' element. But a few properties re mapped differently. All non-marked properties are the same as above.

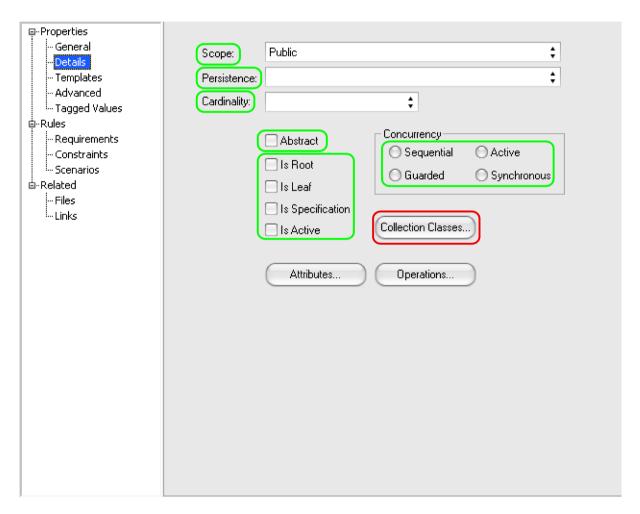




Label	Column
Short Description t_object.Name	
Status	t_object.PDATA1
	(appears duplicate in t_object.Status)
Difficulty	t_object.PDATA3
Priority	t_object.PDATA2
Туре	t_object.Stereotype

Other fields are identical to that in the Element General Properties Window.

10.4 Element/Details Properties Window



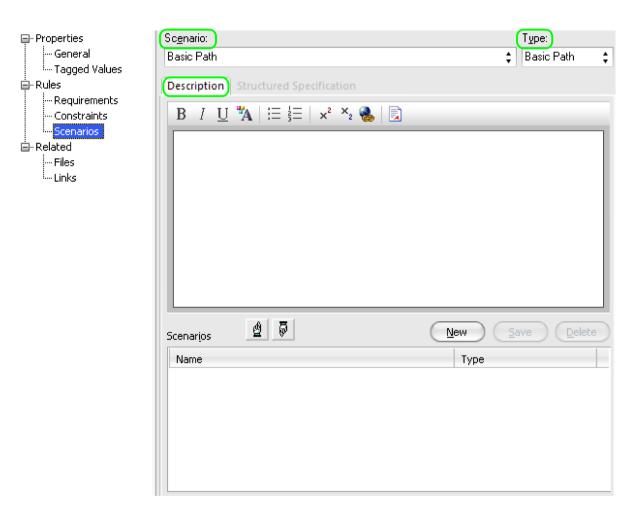
Label	Column
Scope	t_object.Scope
Persistence	t_object.Persistence
Cardinality	t_object.Cardinality
Abstract	t_object.Abstract
Is*	t_object.Is*

Label	Column	
Concurrency	t object.Concurrency	



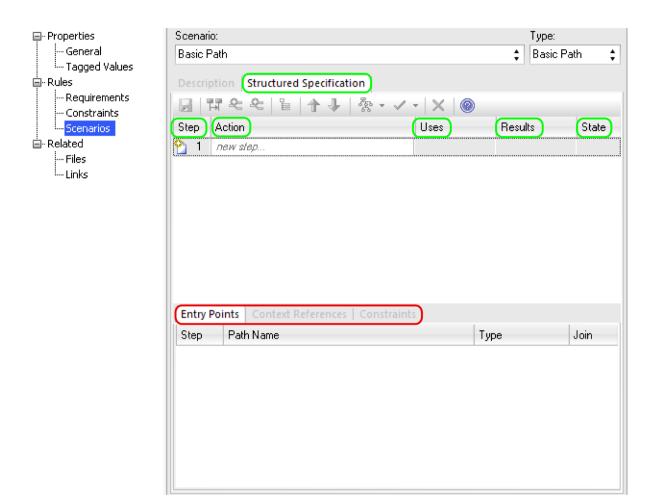
Collection Classes not yet decribed.

10.5 Element/Scenarios Properties Window



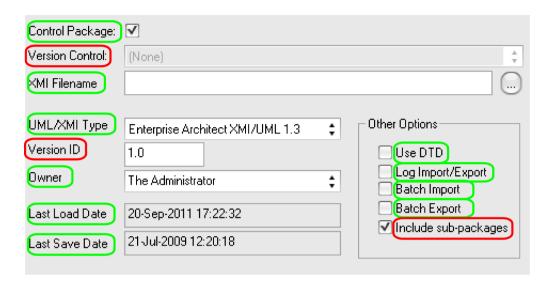
Label Column		
Scenario	t_objectscenarios	
Туре	t_objectscenarios	
Description	t_objectscenarios	

10.6 Element/Structured Scenarios Properties Window



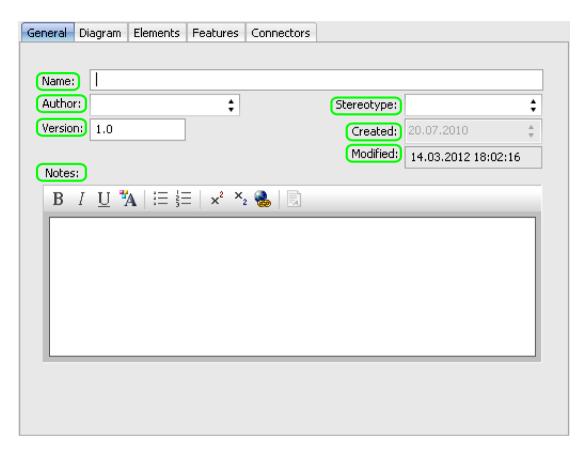
Label	Column
Structured Specification and others	t objectscenarios.XMLContent

10.7 Package Control Properties Window



Label	Column
Control Package	t_package.IsControlled
XMI Filename	t_package.XMLPath
UML/XMI Type	t_package.UMLVersion
Owner	t_package.PkgOwner,
Last Load Date	t_package.LastLoadDate
Last Save Date	t_package.LastSaveDate
Use DTD	t_object.UseDTD
Batch Export	t_object.BatchSave
Batch Import	t_object.BatchLoad
Log Import/Export	t_object.LogXML

10.8 Diagram General Properties Window



Label	Column
Name	t_diagram.Name
Author	t_diagram.Author
Version	t_diagram.Version
Notes	t_diagram.Notes
Stereotype	t_diagram.Stereotype
Created	t_diagram.CreatedDate
Modified	t_diagram.ModifiedDate

10.9 Diagram/Diagram Properties Window



Label	Column
Appearance/Show Page Border	t_diagram.ShowBorder
Appearance/Show Diagram Details	t_diagram.ShowDetails
Appearance/Show Namespace	t_diagram.ShowForeign

From t_diagram; for details see Diagram PDATA Property and Diagram StyleEx Property:

Label	Column	CSV Tag
Use Alias if Available	PDATA	UseAlias
Show Additional Parents	PDATA	not HideParents
Show Sequence Notes	PDATA	ShowSN
Fully Qualified Namespace	StyleEx	ShowFQN
Hand Drawn	StyleEx	HandDraw
Whiteboard Mode	StyleEx	Whiteboard
Disable fully scoped object names	StyleEx	NoFullScope
Print Page Header and Page Footer	StyleEx	PrintPageHeadFoot
Always Open as Element List	StyleEx	Show As List
Exclude image from RTF Documents	StyleEx	ExcludeRTF
Document each contained element in RTF	StyleEx	DocAll
Divide Diagram into Multiple Pages	StyleEx	Show Diagram In Pages

Label	Column	CSV Tag
Rotate Images	StyleEx	RotateImages

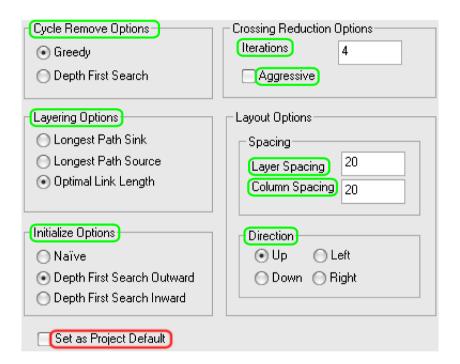


 $\label{thm:bage_bage} \mbox{Hide Page Border (All Diagrams) goes to the registry HKEY_USERSS of tware Sparx Systems EA400 EAOPTION SHIDEBORDERS. \\$



Always Open as Gantt somehow goes to the registry. If you really need this: good luck!

10.10 Diagram Layout Properties Window

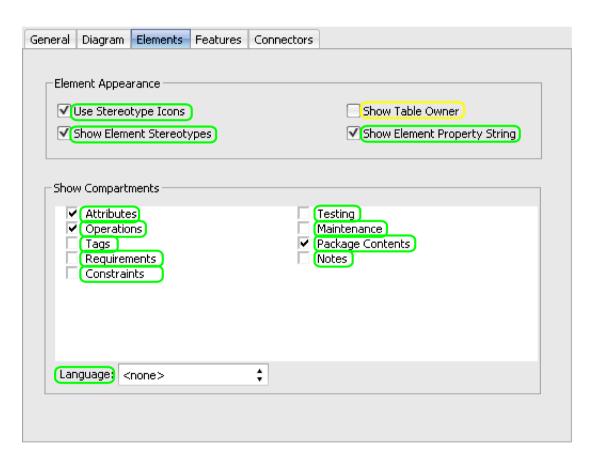


References: Values are stored in the *Layout* attribute of t_diagram.StyleEx.

Label	Tag
Cycle Remove Options	cr
	Greedy=0
	Depth=1
Layering Options	la
	Longest Path Sink= 0
	Longest Path Source= 1
	Optimal Link Length= 2
Initialize Options	i
	Naïve = 0
	Depth First Search Outward = 1

Label	Tag	
	Depth First Search Inward = 2	
Iterations	it	
Aggressive	a	0, 1
Layer Spacing	I	
Column Spacing	c	
Direction	d	
	Up = 0	
	Down = 1	
	Left = 2	
	Right = 3	

10.11 Diagram/Elements Properties Window



References: t_diagram.ShowPackageContents (Package Contents)

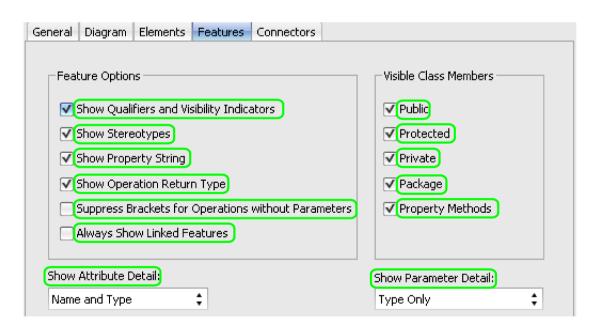
From t_diagram

Label	Column	CSV Tag
Use Stereotype Icons	PDATA	ShowIcons
Show Element Stereotypes	PDATA	not HideEStereo
Show Table Owner	?!	<u></u>
Show Element Property String	PDATA	${f not}\ Advanced {\it Element Props}$
Show Compartments/Attributes	PDATA	not HideAtts
Show Compartments/Operations	PDATA	not HideOps
Show Compartments/Tags	PDATA	ShowTags
Show Compartments/Requirements	PDATA	ShowReqs
Show Compartments/Constraints	PDATA	ShowCons
Show Compartments/Testing	StyleEx	ShowTests
Show Compartments/Maintenance	StyleEx	Show Maint
Show Compartments/Package Contents	ShowPackageContents	
Show Compartments/Notes	StyleEx	ShowNotes
Language	StyleEx	DefaultLang



Show Table Owner goes to the registry HKEY_USERSSoftwareSparx System-sEA400EAOPTIONSSHOW_TABLE_OWNER.

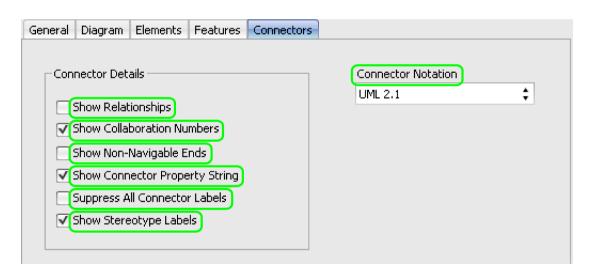
10.12 Diagram/Features Window



References: From t_diagram

Label	Column	CSV Tag
Show Qualifiers and	StyleEx	not HideQuals
Show Stereotypes	PDATA	not HideStereo
Show Property String	StyleEx	Advanced Feature Props
Show Operation Return Type	StyleEx	ShowOpRetType
Suppress Brackets for	StyleEx	SuppressBrackets
Always Show Limked Features	StyleEx	OverrideLinkedF
Public	AttPub	
Protected	AttPro	
Private	AttPri	
Package	StyleEx	<i>AttPkg</i>
Property Methods	PDATA	not HideProps
Show Attribute Detail	StyleEx	Visible Attribute Detail
		"Name and Type"=0
		"Name Only"=1
Show Parameter Detail	PDATA	<i>OpParams</i>
		"None"=0
		"Type Only"=1
		"Full Details"=2
		"Name Only"=3

10.13 Diagram/Connectors Window

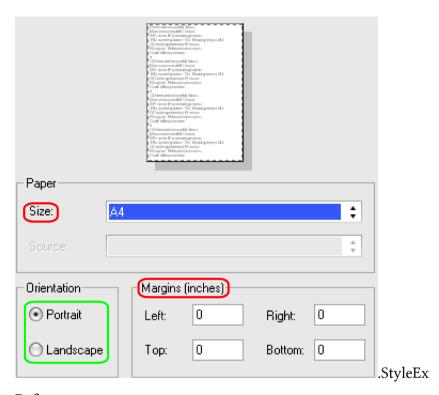


References: From t_diagram

Label	Column	CSV Tag
Show Relatiosnships	PDATA	not HideRel
Show Collaboration Numbers	PDATA	not SuppCN
Show Non-Navigable Ends	StyleEx	<i>TExplicitNavigability</i>
Show Connector Property String	StyleEx	${\bf not}\ Advanced Connector Props$
Suppress All Connector Labels	StyleEx	Supp Connector Labels
Show Stereotype Labels	StyleEx	${f not}\ Hide Conn Stereotype$

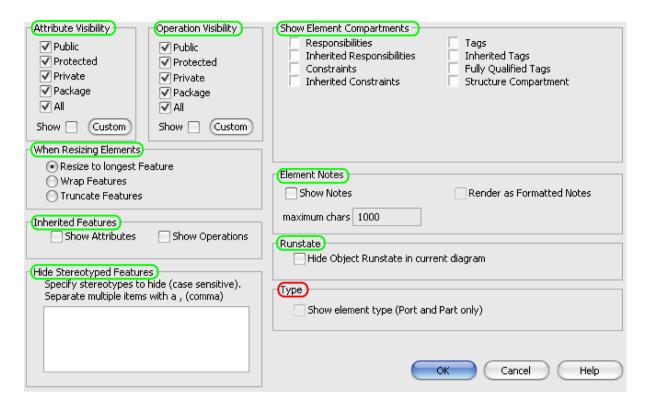
Label	Column	CSV Tag
Connector Notation	StyleEx	TConnectorNotation

10.14 Diagram/Page Setup Window



Label	Column
Orientation	t_diagram.Orientation

10.15 Diagram Element/Feature Visibility



References: From t_diagramobjects.ObjectStyle

Attribute Visibility	CSV Tag
Public	AttPub
Protected	AttPro
Private	AttPri
Package	AttPkg



The above are present in the format e.g. *AttPub=0*; if the Public is unchecked. When the checkmark is set the CSV tag does simply not appear in the list.

For the Custom button see next chapter.

Operation Visibility	CSV Tag
Public	ОрРиb
Protected	AOpro
Private	OpPri
Package	OpPkg



The Show checkmark is simply a GUI representation for the above four checkmarks.

For the Custom button see next chapter.

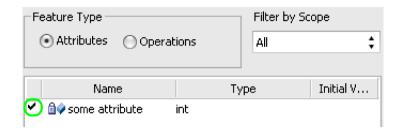
Show Element Compartment	CSV Tag
Responsibilities	Responsibility
Inherited Responsibilities	ResInh
Constraints	Constraint
Inherited Constraints	ConInh
Tags	Tag
Inherited Tgs	TagInh
Fully Qualified Tags	FQ
Structure Compartment	SC



The above are present in the format e.g. *Responsibility=1*; if the Responsibilities is checked. When the checkmark is not set the CSV tag does simply not appear in the list. This applies also for the following CSV tags.

When Resizing Elements	CSV Tag
Resize to longest Feature	RzO=1 (default if missing)
Warp Features	RzO=2
Truncate Features	RzO=3
Inherited Features	CSV Tag
Show Attributes	AttInh
Show Operations	OpInh
Element Notes	CSV Tag
Show Notes	Notes= <maximum chars=""></maximum>
Render as	Formatted
Runstate	CSV Tag
Hide	Runstate
Hide	Runstate
Hide Hide Stereottyped Features	Runstate CSV Tag

10.15.1 Diagram Element/Feature Visibility/Suppress Feature



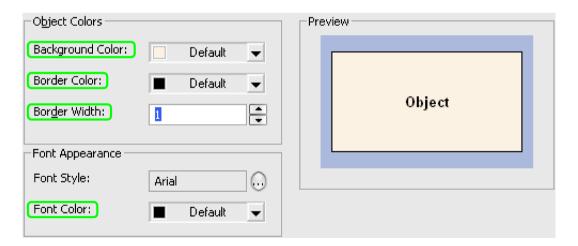
References: From t_diagram.StyleEx

For any attribute or operation you suppress via this dialog EA creates a CSV tag named SPL. The value of the tag is a colon (":") separated list of GUID-constructors. Those are build in the format S_<obj_sguid>=<feat_sguid> where <obj_sguid> are the first 6 chars of the according object GUID and <feat_guid> the first 6 GUID chars of the according attribute or operation. E.g. such an entry looks like SPL=S_566CE9=0F67F5:; for a single suppressed feature.



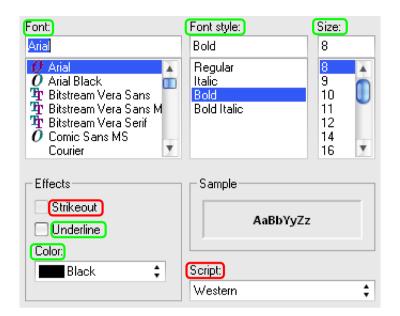
If you accidentally have two objects starting with the same chars in the GUID and features which are also not unique in the first 6 chars you will notice that the second object also suppresses one (or more) features (if more features are not unique within the first 6 chars). Well, it's quite unlikely so EA hazards the consequences.

10.16 Element/Default Appearance Window



Label	Column
Background Color	t_object.Backcolor
Border Color	t_object.Bordercolor
Boder Width	t_object.BoderWidth
Font Color	t_object.Fontcolor

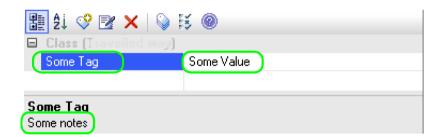
10.17 Default Appearance/Font Window



References: t_object.StyleEx

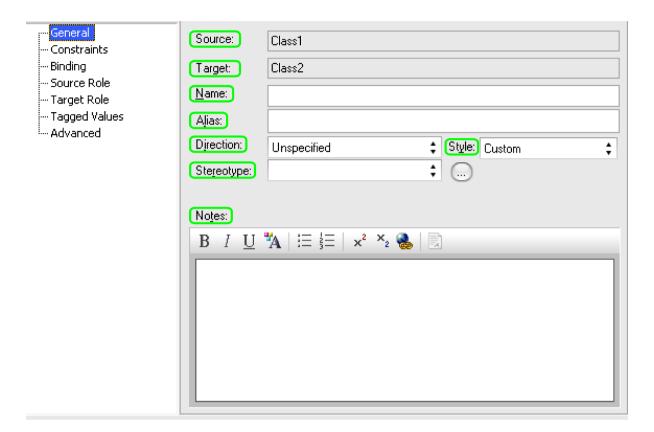
See StyleEx property attributes for details.

10.18 Tagged Values Docked Window



Label	Column
Name of the tag	t_objectproperties.Property
Value of the tag	t_objectproperties.Value
Notes of the tag	t_objectproperties.Notes

10.19 Connector/General Properties Window

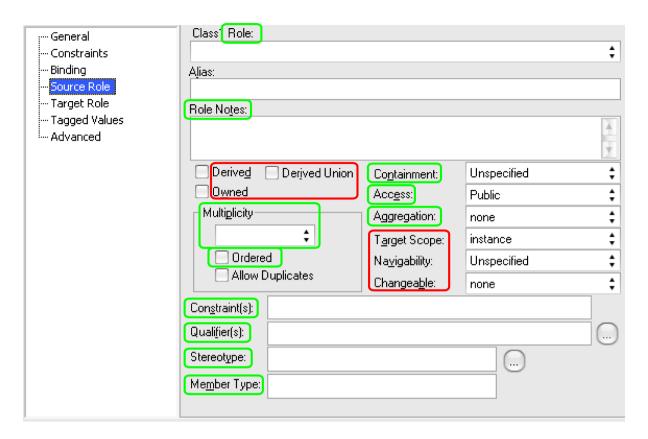


References:

Label	Column
Source	t_object.Name of t_connector.Start_Object_ID
Target	t_object.Name of t_connector.End_Object_ID
Name	t_connector.Name
Alias	t_connector.StyleEx
Direction	t_connector.Direction
Stereotype	t_connector.Stereotype
Notes	t_connector.Notes
Style	t_connector.LineStyle

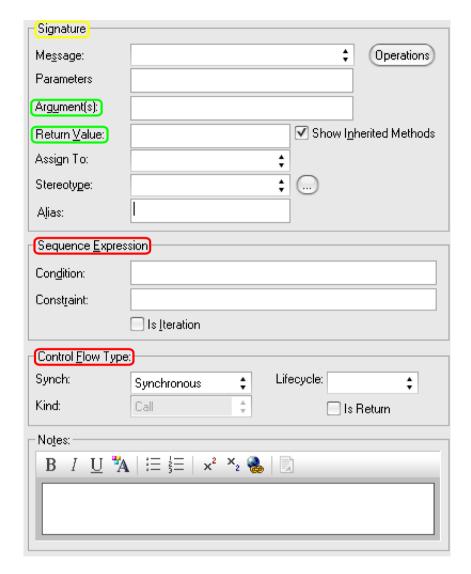
10.20 Connector/Source Properties Window

The Source Role windows looks identically to that for the Target Role. Thus all Source* references also apply to Target* pendants.



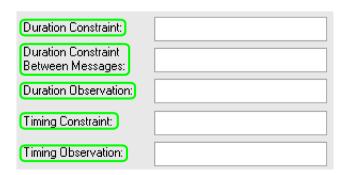
Label	Column
<class> Role</class>	t_connector.SourceRole
Role Notes	t_connector.SourceRoleNote
Multiplicity	t_connector.SourceCard
Ordered	t_connector.SourceIsOrdered
Constraint(s)	$t_connector.SourceConstraint$
Qualifier(s)	t_connector.SourceQualifier
Stereotype	t_connector.SourceStereotype
Member Type	t_connector.SourceElement
Containment	$t_connector.SourceContainment$
Access	t_connector.SourceAccess
Aggregation	$t_connector. Source Is Aggregate$

10.21 Message Properties Window



References: t_connector.StyleEx (Return Value, Arguments(s))

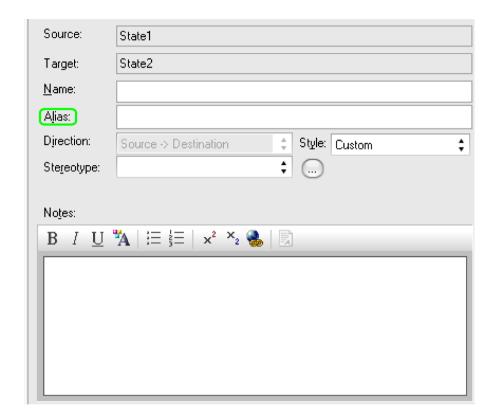
10.22 Timing Properties Window



References: t_connector.StyleEx (all properties)

10.23 Transition/General Properties Window



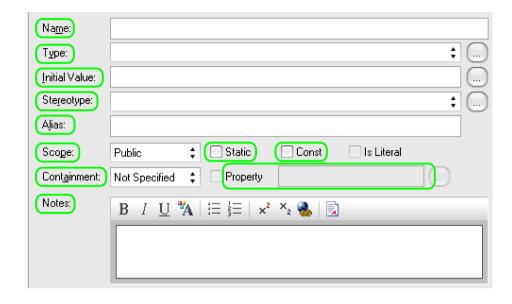


References: t_connector.StyleEx (Alias)

All other fields like in Connector/General Properties Window.

10.24 Attribute General Properties Window





Label	Column	
Name	t_attribute.Name	
Туре	t_attribute.Type	
Initial Value	t_attribute.Default	
Stereotype	t_attribute.Stereotype	
Alias	t_attribute.Style	
Scope	t_attribute.Scope	
Containment	t_attribute.Containment	
Notes	t_attribute.Notes	
Static	t_attribute.IsStatic	
Const	t_attribute.Const	
Property	t_attribute.GenOption	

10.25 Attribute Detail Properties Window





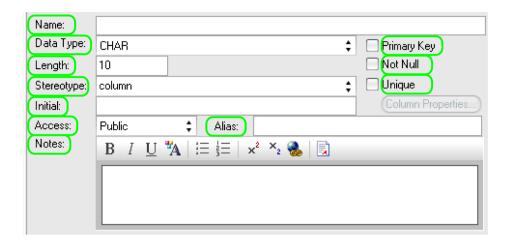
References:

Label	Column
LowerBound	t_attribute.LowerBound
UpperBound	t_attribute.UpperBound
AllowDuplicates	t_attribute.AllowDuplicates
Ordered Multiplicity	t_attribute.IsOrdered
Attribute is a Collection	t_attribute.IsCollection
Container Type	t_attribute.Container
Derived	t_attribute.Derived

10.26 Column General Properties Window

This special attribute property dialog appears only for <column> stereotyped attributes in a class.



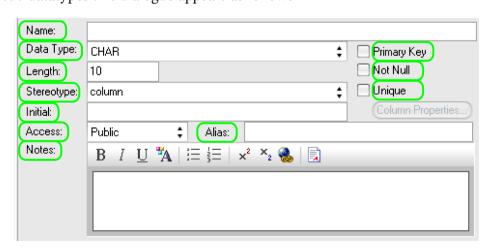


References:

Label	Column
Name	t_attribute.Name
Data Type	t_attribute.Type
Length	t_attribute.Length
Stereotype	t_attribute.Stereotype
Initial	t_attribute.Default
Access	t_attribute.Scope
Alias	t_attribute.Style
Notes	t_attribute.Notes
Primary Key	t_attribute.IsOrdered
Not Null	t_attribute.AllowDuplicates
Unique	t_attribute.IsStatic

Alternatively for Float datatypes this dialogue appears as follows:

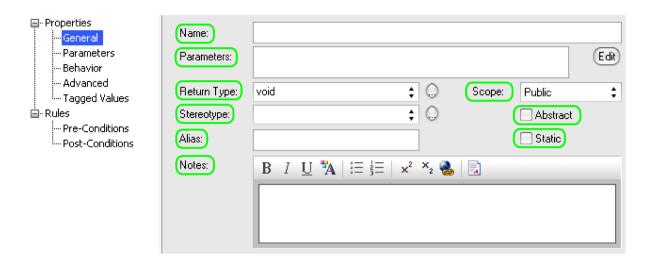




Label	Column	
Precision	t_attribute.Precision	
Scale	t_attribute.Scale	

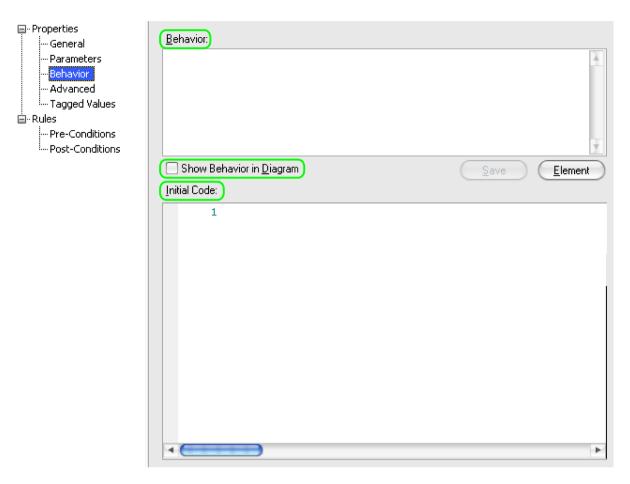
The rest is like above.

10.27 Operation General Properties Window



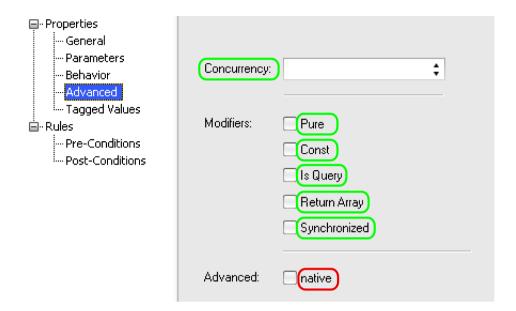
Label	Column
Name	t_operation.Name
Parameters	Edited data from t_operationparams
Return Type	t_operation.Type
Stereotype	t_operation.Stereotype
Alias	t_operation.Style
Notes	t_operation.Notes
Scope	t_operation.Scope
Abstract	t_operation.Abstract
Static	t_operation.IsStatic

10.28 Operation Behaviour Properties Window



Label	Column	
Behaviour	t_operation.Behaviour	
Show Behavior in Diagram	t_operation.StyleEx	
Initial Code	t_operation.Code	

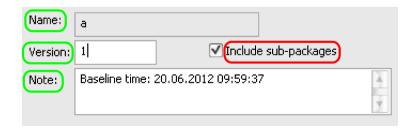
10.29 Operation Advanced Properties Window



References:

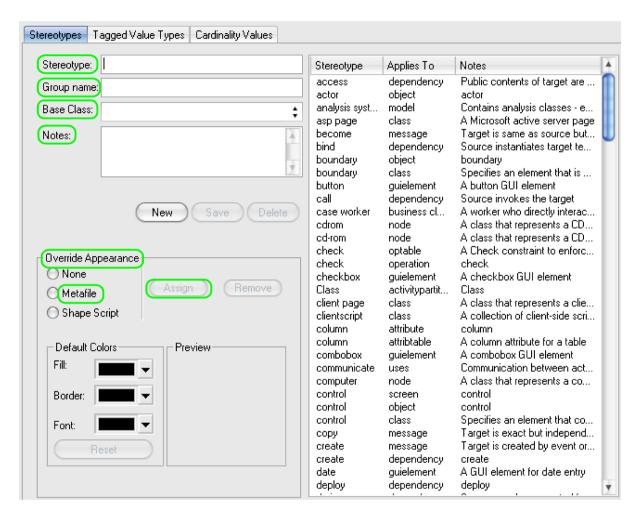
Label	Column
Concurrency	t_operation.Concurrency
Pure	t_operation.Pure
Const	t_operation.Const
IsQuery	t_operation.IsQuery
ReturnArray	t_operation.ReturnArray
Synchronized	$t_operation. Synchronized$

10.30 Baseline Creation Window



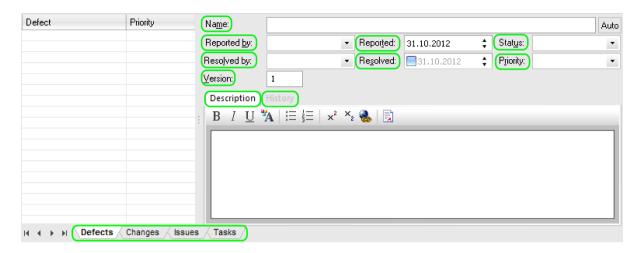
Label	Column	
Name	t_document.Docname	
Version	t_document.Version	
Note	t_document.Note	

10.31 Stereotypes Definition Window



Label	Column
Stereotype	t_stereotype.Name
Base Class	t_stereotype.AppliesTo
Notes	t_stereotype.Description
Metafile	t_stereotype.MFEnabled
via Assign	t_stereotype.MFPath
Override Appearance	t_stereotype.Style

10.32 Maintenance Window



Label	Column
Name	t_objectproblems.Problem
Defects//Tasks	t_objectproblems.ProblemType
Reported	t_objectproblems.DateReported
Status	t_objectproblems.Status
Description	t_objectproblems.ProblemNotes
ReportedBy	t_objectproblems.ReportedBy
ResolvedBy	t_objectproblems.ResolvedBy
Resolved	t_objectproblems.DateResolved
Version	t_objectproblems.Version
History	t_objectproblems.ResolverNotes
Priority	t_objectproblems.Priority

11 Query Caveats

Once you start using direct SQL you need to know:

All SQL are equal

But some SQL are more equal than others

And that's unfortunately true. A SQL for MS Access (EAP) is different to that of its 'big brother' MS SQL Server.

I can not go into detail since there are so many different SQL flavors out there and I'm not a DBA. But a few should be lined out below. Also note that entering SQL in the search builder is treated specially by EA. Some #-tags are interpreted due to exactly that reason. So EA supports you a bit when dealing with different SQL dialects.

- Wild Cards: EAP uses '*', most other SQL derivates use '%'. EA search translates #WC# into the appropriate wild card.
- Dates: EAP uses a #mm/dd/yyyy# format. Here the #-tags are not interpreted by EA. In most other SQL you can use a string "yyyy-mm-dd" to delimit a date search.
- Syntax in General: Ouch. The best advice is to stick to the most simple syntax possible. Of course you can do very fancy things with an ORACLE database which you even can't dream of in EAP. But then you're fixed with that database. For minor syntax differences the EA Search Builder offers the #DB=<db> tags.

When you use

```
res = Respository.SQLquery (sql);
```

you need to respect the database type in constructing the SQL. Rather than placing #DB= parentheses you need to individually construct the according SQL. Usually you need to distinguish between EAP (for user local use) and the SQL server of choice.

11.1 Debugging SQL

As already explained in the introduction you can use the embedded SQL editor. This is convenient in respect to the auto-completion. The drawback here is that you have only a single edit window. You might consider to additionally use a tool like Toad¹ or Navicat which have a load of features to support SQL development. Of course - if you have access - you can use the

¹Just google for "toad sql" or "navicat" and you will find the right source.

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DB maintenance tools that comes with the RDBMS you deploy. But then you would need two tools (MS Access for EAP and that for your RDBMS). So using Toad is preferable as it supports different RDBMS including MS Access with a single user interface.

Whenever you deploy your own SQL on EA and it comes to errors EA just passes the error message from the underlying system. This will usually show a popup window which eventually is closed too soon. In that case you can look into %APPDATA%\Sparx Systems\EA\DBError.txt. Here you will find a bit more information. A bit of intuition is needed to decode this error, though.

Once you worked out the previous chapters you are ready to provide your EA users with some fancy searches (available as download¹). You find the search builder when navigating from Ctrl-F/Builder and pressing the left New Search icon.

Now you have to name the search (e.g. Diagram by name) and select SQL Editor. Here you can enter any query that is supported by the database(s) you utilize.

12.1 Search Results

For most queries you are interested in elements, packages, diagrams, connectors, operations and attributes. Here the search builder interprets two result columns:

- CLASSGUID which must contain the respective ea_guid of the t_object, t_package, t_diagram, t_connector, t_operation or t_attribute tables. This column will not display in the results. Instead it is interpreted by EA in order to target the right element for a double click.
- CLASSTYPE depends on the result table. For t_object you can simply specify Object_Type AS CLASSTYPE and for t_diagram Diagram_Type AS CLASSTYPE. Like the previous column it will not appear textual in the results. Instead it is used to show an icon corresponding to its value. Other possibilities are
- 'Package' AS CLASSTYPE for t_package,
- 'Operation' AS CLASSTYPE for t_operation and
- 'Attribute' AS CLASSTYPE for t_attribute.

If you have specified the above two columns as part of the result set EA will render an according icon in front of each result line. Elements, Operations and Attributes can directly be opened via dbl-click in the result set. Diagrams and Packages however do not open directly. Instead you have to locate them in the project browser via Alt-G and open from there.

Another nice feature is the ability to copy/paste the result to a spreadsheet. Simply select the result lines and copy them into the paste buffer. You can paste them e.g. into OpenOffice Calc by selecting a semi-colon as separator. Here's a drop of bitterness, though: columns like t_diagram.StyleEx do contain semi-colons themselves. And EA does not escape these (that is putting quotes around the according column and doubling quotes inside). So currently you should not include these columns if you intend to use them for copy/paste.

Another way to export the results is the Export to CSV option hidden in the Options button (see here top right). You first have to select any rows you want to export or you will never see

¹https://www.dropbox.com/s/mqwzh590nhay1pn/query.zip

the file selection dialog for saving the csv. The output format is just the same as that you will get in the paste buffer.

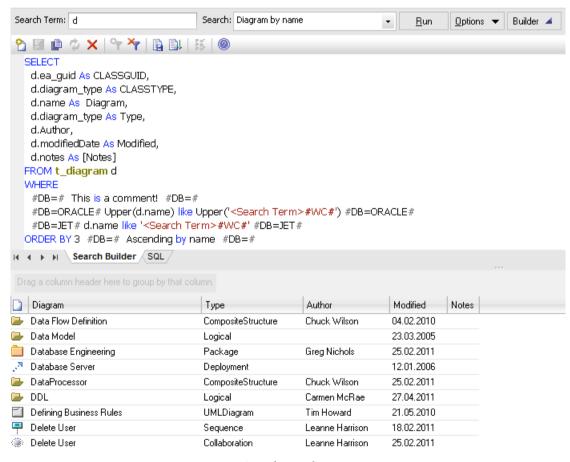
So guess why EA never includes the Notes in the export. If you need this column then specify something like

```
t_object.Note as note_
```

This again will put you in the bad situation that line breaks and field separators (semi-colon) are not escaped and the export is useless in most cases. You could write some tricky SQL which places double quotes around the notes and doubles all the double quotes inside, but I'm not sure if you really want to do that. Most likely you are better served with a little script that performs the query and writes the XML result to disk that comes directly from the Respository.SQLSearch()².

12.2 Search Tagging

Anticipating you have issued the Diagram by name search below you should see something like the following:



Search Window

²Don't ask me why this is not offered as option. It's obviously implemented and probably a candidate for a feature request.

While the SQL query window passes the SQL string directly to the underlying database the EA search processes the SQL string before executing it.

In this sample EA will replace the substring <code>Search Term></code> with whatever has been entered in the Search Term. The appropriate wild card is appended to the string so the comparison is matched against any name beginning with what had been entered in the Search Term. Since Oracle is case sensitive in its search and EAP is not, the comparison for the ORACLE DB is made to compare upper case strings. Therefore the <code>#DB=<db>#</code> parentheses are used.

The replacement tags are as follows³:

- <Search Term> quote-escaped contents of the Search Term input field (see example).
- #WC# the wild card for string comparison for the active database (see example).
- #Author# value from Tool/Options/General/Author
- #UserName# The Windows login or in case of enabled EA security the user from the EA login dialog.
- #DB=<db># where <db> is one of MYSQL, JET, ORACLE, SQLSVR, ASA, OPENEDGE or POSTGRES. The tags used in pairs with identical <db> specifier allow definition of database specific queries (see example). A bit strange but useful is the use of #DB=# parentheses. EA obviously does only expand those parentheses were the used database matches the specified one. And if you omit the <db> specification EA will always ignore the text inside the parentheses. So you can use the to comment your queries. The EA help specifies a list of <db> names. Currently it does not warn if you choose an invalid/empty string. You could also choose a <db> name which you do not use in your environment. Or simply use #DB=ORACLE# /* any comment */ #DB=ORACLE# as Oracle can process comments. Caveat: It seems that EA reacts strange to such comments appearing at the very beginning of a SQL. That means it does not issue any complaint but silently ignores anything. No error message, no result!
- #Package# holds the t_package.Package ID of the currently selected package.
- #Branch# yields a collection of t_package_ID of the current package and all its sub-packages (see example).

12.3 Some Sample Queries

As a warning please note that when pasting the queries EA often gets confused and does not execute any line. The result list stays silently empty. To be safe manually type the SELECT keyword and just paste the rest of the string. That seems to work always.

12.3.1 Diagram by name

Retrieve all diagrams which name start with a specific (case independent) string.



Only available in the SQL Query builder unless you strip off the *DB* tags according to your repository.

³Note that all tags are case sensitive!

```
SELECT
2
     d.ea_guid As CLASSGUID,
3
     d.diagram_type As CLASSTYPE,
4
     d.name As Diagram,
     d.diagram_type As Type,
5
6
     d.Author,
7
     d.modifiedDate As Modified,
     d.notes As [Notes]
8
9
   FROM t_diagram d
10
   WHERE
     #DB=# This is a comment! #DB=#
11
     #DB=ORACLE# Upper(d.name) like Upper('<Search Term>#WC#') #DB=ORACLE#
12
     #DB=JET# d.name like '<Search Term>#WC#' #DB=JET#
13
   ORDER BY 3 #DB=# Ascending by name #DB=#
```

12.3.2 Recursive elements in package

List all elements which are contained in a package along with all its sub-packages.



Only available in the SQL Query builder.

```
SELECT
1
      o.ea_guid As CLASSGUID, o.Object_type As CLASSTYPE,
2
3
      o.name, o.Object_type As Type, o.Stereotype, o.Author,
      o.modifiedDate As Modified, o.note As [Notes]
4
   FROM
5
6
      t_object o, t_package pkg
7
   WHERE
      pkg.Package_id in (#Branch#)
8
      AND o.Package_ID = pkg.package_id
9
      AND o.Object_Type NOT IN ('Package', 'Text')
10
      AND o.name <> ' '
11
      AND o.name not in ('target', 'Merge', 'ActivityFinal', 'ActivityInitial')
12
   ORDER BY 3,4
13
```

12.3.3 GUID

Find and list all elements/diagrams/attributes/operations which match a certain GUID. The result set is always one as GUIDs are unique over all kind of elements. This query is an alternative to what I described in my article⁴ on the Sparx Community site.

⁴http://community.sparxsystems.com/resources/scripts/create-hyperlink-ea-elements



Only available in the SQL Query builder unless you strip off the *DB* tags according to your repository.

```
SELECT
1
     o.ea_GUID AS CLASSGUID, o.Object_Type As CLASSTYPE,
2
     o.Name, o.Object_Type, o.stereotype, o.Author,
3
   #DB=ORACLE#
4
     Cast(o.ModifiedDate As Varchar(20)) As Modified,
5
     Cast(SubStr(o.note,1,200) As Varchar(200)) As Notes
6
   #DB=ORACLE#
   #DB=JET# o.ModifiedDate As Modified, Mid(o.note,1,200) As Notes #DB=JET#
8
   FROM
9
     t_object o
10
   WHERE
11
     o.ea_guid = '<Search Term>'
12
13
   UNION SELECT
14
     d.ea_GUID, d.Diagram_Type, d.Name,
15
     d.Diagram_Type, d.stereotype, d.Author,
16
   #DB=ORACLE#
17
     Cast(d.ModifiedDate As Varchar(20)) As Modified,
18
     Cast(SubStr(d.notes,1,200) As Varchar(200))
19
   #DB=ORACLE#
   #DB=JET# d.ModifiedDate As Modified, Mid(d.notes,1,200) #DB=JET#
22
   FROM
23
     t_diagram d
   WHERE
24
     d.ea_guid = '<Search Term>'
25
26
27
   UNION SELECT
                  'Attribute', a.Name, a.type, a.stereotype, '', '',
28
     a.ea_GUID,
     #DB=ORACLE# Cast(SubStr(a.notes,1,200) As Varchar(200)) #DB=ORACLE#
29
     #DB=JET# Mid(a.notes,1,200) #DB=JET#
30
   FROM
31
     t_attribute a
32
   WHERE
33
     a.ea_guid = '<Search Term>'
34
35
   UNION SELECT
36
                   'Operation', op.Name, 'Operation', op.stereotype, '', '',
37
     op.ea_GUID,
     #DB=ORACLE# Cast(SubStr(op.notes,1,200) As Varchar(200)) #DB=ORACLE#
38
     #DB=JET# Mid(op.notes,1,200) #DB=JET#
39
40
   FROM
41
      t_operation op
   WHERE
42
```

```
43      op.ea_guid = '<Search Term>'
```

12.3.4 Replace

If you really need this, here's a way to replace line-breaks with human readable text. You might also use this to replace semi-colons with commas. There's a good chance your Access version will not be able to do that as the Replace function is only available from Access 2000 on.



Only available in the SQL Query builder.

```
#DB=SQLSVR#
Replace(Replace(Cast(t_object.note As varchar(max)), ';',':'),
CHAR (13) + CHAR(10),'-->') As Notes,
#DB=SQLSVR#
```

12.3.5 Tags

This query finds all tagged values for all elements. The result set is obviously very large so you need to apply some WHERE clause to reduce it.

12.3.6 Methods

This rather complex query will find the usage of a method in all diagrams (like in sequence messages).



Only available in the SQL Query builder unless you strip off the ${\tt \#DB\#}$ tags according to your repository.

```
SELECT
     o.ea_guid As CLASSGUID, o.Object_type As CLASSTYPE,
2
3
     'Behaviour' As Usage, o.name As ElementName,
4
     o.Object_Type As ElementType, o.stereotype As ElementStereotype,
     '' As Diagram, o.ea_guid
5
  FROM t_operation op, t_object o
6
7
   WHERE
     op.EA GUID = '<Search Term>'
8
9
   #DB=JET# op.Behaviour = o.EA_GUID #DB=JET#
   #DB=ORACLE# Cast(op.Behaviour As Varchar2(38)) = o.EA_GUID #DB=ORACLE#
10
11
12 #DB=ORACLE#
13 /* --- Find State Operation from Class operation (do,entry,exit) --- */
   #DB=ORACLE#
15 UNION
16
   SELECT
17
     op.ea_guid, 'Operation', 'Operation Class<--> State', op.name,
     Type, op.stereotype, '', op.ea_guid
18
19 FROM t_operation op
20 WHERE
   #DB=JET# op.Behaviour = '<Search Term>' #DB=JET#
22 #DB=ORACLE#
     Cast(op.Behaviour As Varchar2(38)) = '<Search Term>'
2.3
24 #DB=ORACLE#
25
26 #DB=ORACLE#
27 /* --- Find Class Operation from State operation (do,entry,exit) --- */
   #DB=ORACLE#
28
29 UNION
   SELECT
30
    op.ea_guid, 'Operation', 'Operation Class<--> State', op.name,
31
     op. Type, op.stereotype, '', op.ea_guid
32
33 FROM t_operation opState, t_operation op
     opState.ea_guid = '<Search Term>' AND
35
   #DB=JET# opState.Behaviour = op.ea_guid #DB=JET#
36
37
   #DB=ORACLE# Cast(op.Behaviour As Varchar2(38)) = op.ea_guid #DB=ORACLE#
38
   #DB=SQLSVR#
39
   /* --- Find Call Action ----- */
   #DB=SQLSVR#
42
43 UNION
44
   SELECT
45
     o.ea_guid, o.Object_Type, 'Call Action', o.name,
     o.Object_Type, o.stereotype,'', o.ea_guid
46
```

```
FROM t_operation op, t_object o
48
   WHERE
49
   o.Classifier_GUID = '<Search Term>'
   AND o.Classifier_GUID = op.ea_GUID
50
51
   #DB=SQLSVR#
52
   /* --- Find return type of method----- */
53
   #DB=SOLSVR#
54
55 UNION
56 SELECT
57
     o.ea_guid, o.Object_Type, 'ReturnType', o.name,
     o.Object_Type, o.stereotype,'', o.ea_guid
58
59 FROM t_operation op, t_object o, t_object o1
   WHERE
60
       op.EA_GUID = '<Search Term>' AND
61
62
   #DB=JET# Format(o.Object_ID) = op.Classifier #DB=JET#
   #DB=ORACLE# o.Object_ID = op.Classifier #DB=ORACLE#
63
   #DB=SQLSRV# Usage in Sequence Diagram #DB=SQLSRV#
64
   AND op.object_id = o1.object_id
65
66
67
   UNION
68 SELECT
    c.ea_guid, c.connector_type, 'Sequence', c.name, 'Operation',
69
70
     o.stereotype,d.name, c.ea_guid
71 FROM
     t_connector c, t_object o, t_operation op,
72
73
     t_diagram d, t_diagramlinks dl
74
     c.end_object_id = o.object_id AND o.object_id = op.object_id AND
75
     '<Search Term>' = op.ea_guid AND dl.diagramID = d.diagram_ID AND
76
     dl.connectorID = c.connector_id
77
78
79 UNION
   SELECT
80
     c.ea_guid, c.connector_type, 'Sequence', c.name,
81
     'Operation', o.stereotype, d.name, c.ea_guid
82
83 FROM
84
     t_connector c, t_object o1, t_object o, t_operation op,
     t_diagram d, t_diagramlinks dl
85
   WHERE
86
     c.end_object_id = o1.object_id AND o1.object_id = o.object_id AND
87
     o.object_id = op.object_id AND '<Search Term>' = op.ea_guid AND
88
     dl.diagramID = d.diagram_ID AND dl.connectorID = c.connector_id
89
90
91
   Order By 3,4
```

12.4 Combine Script with Search

Here's an even more advanced way to use searches. That is, if you combine it with a script. I'm definitely not going into scripting details here as it would go beyond the scope of this book. However, here is a small sample. It starts with a SQL to list all elements conveyed by an information flow. As you will see this search requires the Connector_ID of the information flow in question. But this is not directly available to a user. So the only way to retrieve it is via a script. This script can retrieve any context element (here the information flow being selected in a diagram) and pass it to the search. In order to do this you have to create the script and the search once. Now you can select an information flow (conveying some classes) in a diagram and execute the script from the scripts window (see below).

12.4.1 Information Flow Conveyed Query



Only available in the SQL Query builder unless you strip off the *DB* tags according to your repository.

```
SELECT DISTINCT o.ea_guid as CLASSGUID, o.Object_Type as CLASSTYPE,
      o.name As Item, o.Object_Type As ItemType,
2
      o.stereotype As 'ItemStereotype', "Connector" As ConnectorType,
3
 4
      c.Name, c.Stereotype
5
    FROM t_object o, t_xref xCon, t_xref xFlow, t_connector c, t_connector flow
6
7
   WHERE
8
      c.connector_ID = <Search Term> AND c.ea_guid = xCon.Client AND
9
10
      flow.ea_guid = xFlow.client AND xCon.Behavior = 'abstraction' AND
      flow.ea_guid IN (
   #DB=SOLSVR#s
12
      substring(x.description,0,39),
13
      substring(xCon.description,39,39),
14
      substring(xCon.description,78,39),
15
      substring(xCon.description,117,39),
16
17
      substring(xCon.description,156,39),
18
      substring(xCon.description,195,39),
19
      substring(xCon.description,234,39),
      substring(xCon.description,273,39),
20
      substring(xCon.description,312,39),
21
      substring(xCon.description,351,39)
22
    #DB=SOLSVR#
23
24
    #DB=Other#
25
      left(xCon.description,38),
      mid(xCon.description, 40,38),
26
      mid(xCon.description, 79, 38),
27
      mid(xCon.description, 118, 38),
28
      mid(xCon.description, 157, 38),
29
      mid(xCon.description, 196, 38),
30
31
      mid(xCon.description, 235, 38),
      mid(xCon.description, 274, 38),
32
      mid(xCon.description,313,38),
33
      mid(xCon.description, 352, 38)
34
   #DB=Other#
35
    ) AND o.ea_guid IN (
36
    #DB=SQLSVR#s
37
38
      substring(x.description,0,39),
      substring(xCon.description,39,39),
39
```

```
40
      substring(xCon.description,78,39),
      substring(xCon.description,117,39),
41
42
      substring(xCon.description,156,39),
      substring(xCon.description,195,39),
43
      substring(xCon.description,234,39),
44
      substring(xCon.description,273,39),
45
46
      substring(xCon.description,312,39),
      substring(xCon.description,351,39)
47
48
    #DB=SQLSVR#
49
    #DB=Other#
50
      left(xCon.description,38),
      mid(xCon.description,40,38),
51
      mid(xCon.description,79,38),
52
53
      mid(xCon.description, 118, 38),
      mid(xCon.description, 157, 38),
54
55
      mid(xCon.description, 196, 38),
56
      mid(xCon.description, 235, 38),
      mid(xCon.description, 274, 38),
57
      mid(xCon.description, 313, 38),
58
      mid(xCon.description, 352, 38)
59
    #DB=Other#
60
    )
61
62
63
    UNION
64
    SELECT DISTINCT o.ea_guid , o.Object_Type ,
               o.Object_Type, o.stereotype, "Information Flow",
65
      o.name,
66
      c.Name, c.Stereotype
67
68
    FROM t_object o, t_xref x, t_connector c
69
   WHERE
70
      x.client = c.ea_guid AND
71
      x.Behavior = 'conveyed' .and
72
73
      c.connector ID = <Search Term> .and
      o.ea_guid IN (
74
75
    #DB=SQLSVR#s
76
      substring(x.description,0,39),
77
      substring(xCon.description, 39, 39),
      substring(xCon.description,78,39),
78
      substring(xCon.description,117,39),
79
80
      substring(xCon.description, 156, 39),
      substring(xCon.description,195,39),
81
      substring(xCon.description,234,39),
82
83
      substring(xCon.description, 273, 39),
      substring(xCon.description,312,39),
84
      substring(xCon.description, 351, 39)
85
```

```
#DB=SOLSVR#
 86
     #DB=Other#
 87
 88
       left(xCon.description,38),
       mid(xCon.description, 40, 38),
 89
       mid(xCon.description,79,38),
 90
       mid(xCon.description,118,38),
 91
       mid(xCon.description, 157, 38),
 92
       mid(xCon.description, 196, 38),
 93
 94
       mid(xCon.description, 235, 38),
 95
       mid(xCon.description, 274, 38),
       mid(xCon.description, 313, 38),
 96
       mid(xCon.description,352,38)
 97
     #DB=Other#
     )
 99
100
101
102
     order by 3,4,5
```

12.4.2 Information Flow Conveyed Script

To create the script follow these steps:

- Open the scripting window via View/Scripting.
- Create a new normal group (left icon) and name it e.g. 'Searches'.
- Add a new VB script (2nd icon) and name it e.g. 'Information Flow'.
- Double click the new entry to open the editor.
- Copy/Paste the following script into the editor and save the result (the famous diskette⁵ symbol).

Now when you select the appropriate connector in a diagram just click the run button (4th icon) to execute the script. This will open the search window with the listed resulting conveyed classes.

```
option explicit
1
   !INC Local Scripts.EAConstants-VBScript
3
4
   sub main()
5
     dim selectedConnector as EA.Connector
6
      set selectedConnector = Repository.GetContextObject()
7
8
      if selectedConnector is nothing OR
9
10
         selectedConnector.ObjectType <> otConnector then
        Session.Prompt "You must select an Information Flow", promptOK
11
```

⁵Yes, most of those diskettes were blue. And you could store more than one million bytes on it! Interestingly they still live on as icons.

```
exit sub
end if
dim id

id = CStr(selectedConnector.ConnectorID)
Repository.RunModelSearch "Elements on Flow", id, "", ""
end sub
main()
```

13 Further Reading

Finally I would like to add a few links where you will get further help.

13.1 Feedback

Any questions you have are important. So you should ask them. Feedback is important for you, me and of course all the other readers. So you are encouraged to send these to one of the below links:

http://www.sparxsystems.com/cgi-bin/yabb/YaBB.cgi?num=1334748693

This thread on Sparx' forum is a good place to ask questions of common interest. E.g. if you are missing certain information or you don't understand something in this book which might be explained in more detail.

http://leanpub.com/InsideEA

The page where you bought the book has a small discussion forum enabled. Here you can also post.

thomas.kilian@me.com

You can mail me directly if you have specific questions. Or maybe you have information regarding the ?! markers.

13.2 Scripting Enterprise Architect

I have not touched scripting much in this book. Basically because it would simply break the scope of this book. However, you might be interested in EA's automation interface. My book **Scripting Enterprise Architect** which is available at http://leanpub.com/ScriptingEA will introduce you in that matter. Even if you are already firm with the API its references and a couple of not well known hints will make this a valuable guide for you.

13.3 Sparx Forum

Probably not necessary to name this source, but anyway:

http://www.sparxsystems.com/cgi-bin/yabb/YaBB.cgi

When you post your questions here you should select the right forum and only post once. Getting help here is most likely the fastest lane you can find. I also post regularly.

Further Reading 98

13.4 Sparx Community

A not so well known source as Sparx itself does not link this on its forum pages:

http://community.sparxsystems.com

Here you will find a variety of articles and resources around EA.

13.5 SQL in General

Of course: Google is your friend. But sometimes it's nice to have a direct link:

http://www.1keydata.com/sql/sql-commands.html

This is nice place to get a quick reference to most of SQL. This info is available in different languages if you enter via the main site.

http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_syntax.asp

is a bit more responsive and condensed.

I once downloaded a compact HTML page with all information in it, but that site has ceased. So to get something similar see my remark above...

13.6 Geert Bellekens

Geert has become a kind of institution at Sparx' forum. He is a regular poster. But beyond that he also has an excellent blog dealing with ULM in general and Enterprise Architect in particular. Check it out:

http://geertbellekens.wordpress.com

There's are some entries dedicated to SQL usage in EA

http://geertbellekens.wordpress.com/tag/sql/

where you will find some more advanced SQL stuff.