| 1. | Transformation operations can happen at the instance level or be applied to the entire dataset. Which one is an instance-level transformation? | 1 / 1 punto |
|----|---|-------------|
| | O Standard Scaling | |
| | ○ Minmax | |
| | Bucketizing | |
| | Feature Cross | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 2. | In a pre-processing training dataset, all transformations that are carried out in the training set must also be done in the serving set: | 1 / 1 punto |
| | ○ False | |
| | True | |
| | Correcto Perfect! Also, this is considered a con, as it can produce slower iterations being less efficient than in the training. | |
| | | |
| 3. | What statement is true about TensorFlow Transform? | 1 / 1 punto |
| | TF Transform Analyzers are run during training and serving time | |
| | TF Transform eliminates the risk of introducing training-serving skew | |
| | TF Transform requires specifying preprocessing steps at serving time | |
| | O In a TFX pipeline, this component is usually placed after TF trainer | |
| | Correcto Good call! TF Transform uses the same code path for both training and serving. | |
| | | |