Intro to R for Data Science

Beginner's workshop

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About Me

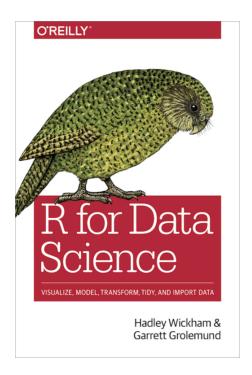
- Studied at
- Bengaluru R user group
- R Packages Developer (,

Disclaimer:

- This workshop is going to make you a Data Scientist
- The objective is to help you get a flavor of R and how it is used in Data Science
- Thus, get you ready to embark on your own journey to become a Data Scientist who uses R

Content:

This presentation's content is heavily borrowed from the book by and



About R

- R is a language and environment for statistical computing and graphics.
 (Ref:)
- R was created by Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman at the University of Auckland, New Zealand
- R is Free
- R can be extended (easily) via
- R is an interpreted language



R Interpreter / Console / GUI

Demo

About RStudio

• RStudio is a

for R, released by the company

- RStudio and its team regularly contribute to R community by releasing new packages, such as:
 - 0
 - 0
 - 0



RStudio

Demo

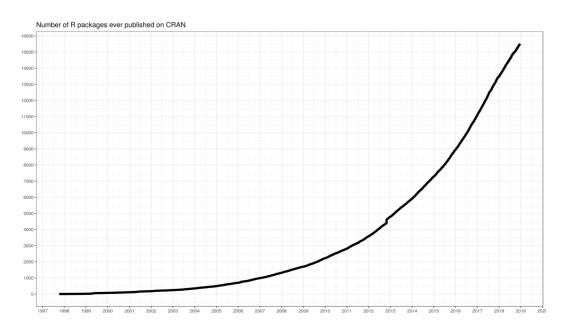
R Ecosystem

Like

, 's strength lies in its Ecosystem.

- R Packages

Growth



Source: @daroczig

Basics of R Programming

Hello, World!

The traditional first step -

Hello, World!

The traditional first step -

That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind

Neil Armstrong

Arithmetic Operations



Assignment Operators

Arrow (Less-than < and Minus -)

(Equal Sign)

Objects

• The entities R operates on are technically known as

Example: Vector of numeric

Vectors

- Atomic Vectors Homogeneous Data Type
 - logical
 - integer
 - double
 - character
 - 0
 - 0
- Lists (Recursive Vectors) Heterogeneous Data Type
- is used to represent absence of a vector

- Factors are built on top of integer vectors.
- Dates and date-times are built on top of numeric vectors.
- Data frames and tibbles are built on top of lists.

Numeric Vector		

Character Vector		

Logical Vector

Coersion

Typecasting - Explicit

Typecasting - Implicit

Vector - Accessing

Vector Manipulation

Appending

Vector - Arithmetic

Factors

- In R, factors are used to work with categorical variables, variables that have a fixed and known set of possible values.
- Useful with Characters where non-Alphabetical Ordering is required

List

Lists are a step up in complexity from atomic vectors: each element can be any type, not just vectors.

List Accessing

Matrix

Dataframe

Tabular Structure

- dimension
- row.names
- col.names

Dataframe Manipulation

Loops & Iterators

For Loop

```
As you move forward, Check the family of functions -
```

For advanced functional programming, refer package

Logical Operations

%in% operator

Logical Operators

Conditions

Functions

Types

```
Base-R functions ( , , )
Package functions ( , , )
User-defined functions ( )
```

Packages

Package Installation & Loading

From CRAN (usually Stable Version)

Loading

Help

using

using?

Help - Example

Packages Vignette

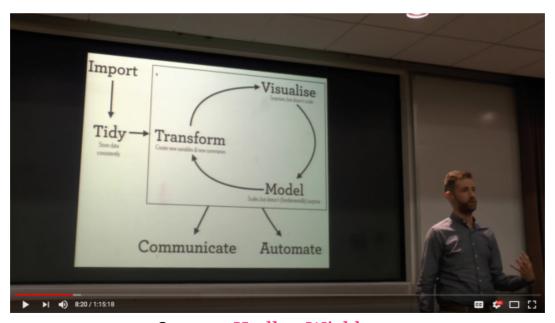
Data wrangling and Visualization using Tidyverse

Data Science Framework

There are now like, you know, a billion venn diagrams showing you what data science is. But to me I think the definition is pretty simple. Whenever you're struggling with data, trying to understand what's going on with data, whenever you're trying to turn that

. I think that's

" - Hadley Wickham



Source: Hadley Wickham

Tidyverse

- An opinionated collection of R packages designed for data science.
- All packages share an underlying design

.

tidyverse packages

Loading the Library

Input Data

Reading the dataset

Basic Stats

Dimension (Rows Column)

Dataset Overview

Demo on RStudio

Data Questions (Business Problem)

- What's the percentage of Male and Female respondents?
- What are the top 5 countries?

dyplr verbs

- - adds new variables that are functions of existing variables
- picks variables based on their names.
- picks cases based on their values.
- reduces multiple values down to a single summary.
- changes the ordering of the rows.

Introducing %>% Pipe Operator

- The pipe, , comes from the magrittr package by Stefan Milton Bache
- is given as the

Example

Although doesn't make much sense to use the function.

in this context, Hope it explains

Percentage of Male and Female

• Column name -

Pseudo-code

• the dataframe on column

• the values

• calculate value from the

% of Male and Female - Group By & Count - Method 1

% of Male and Female - Group By & Count - Method 2

% of Male and Female - Group By & Count - Sorted

% of Male and Female - Percentage

% of Male and Female - Nice_Looking_Table

Female	4010	0.17
Male	19430	0.81
Prefer not to say	340	0.01
Prefer to self-describe	79	0.00

But, Wait!!!

Go Back and See

If you have only

and

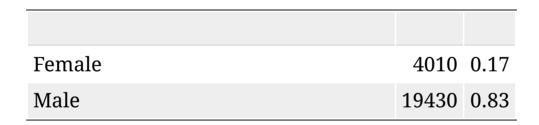
?

Time for some cleaning

In the form of

ing

% of Male and Female - Filtered_Nice



An Awkward column name, isn't it??!

% of Male and Female - All_Nice_Table

Top 5 Countries

• Column name -

Pseudo-code

- number of respondents from each country
- countries in descending order based on their count value
- in the list is the output

Top 5 Countries - Code

United States of America	4716
India	4417
China	1644
Other	1036
Russia	879

Is a country name????

Top 5 Countries

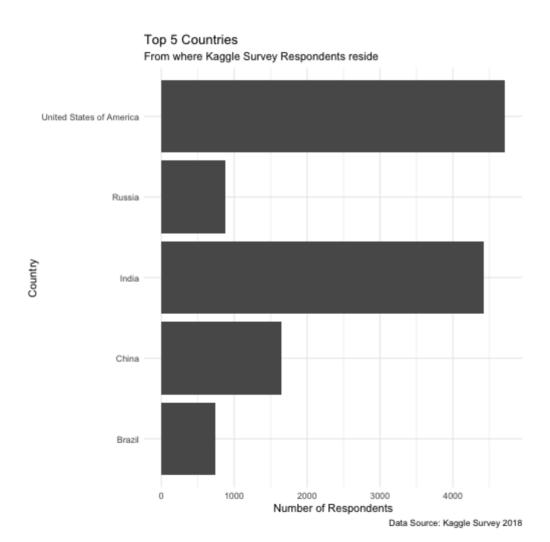
United States of America	4716
India	4417
China	1644
Russia	879
Brazil	736

Table is nice, but a visually appealing plot is Nicer

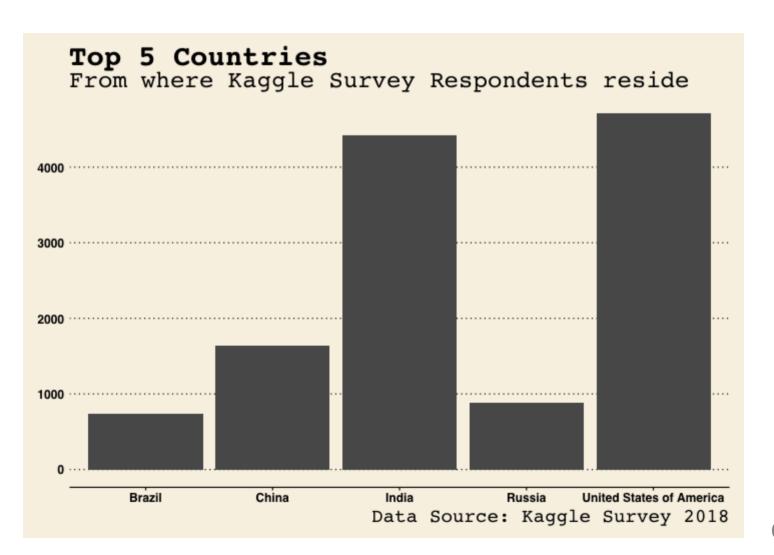


Top 5 Countries - Plot #1

Top 5 Countries - Plot #2



Top 5 Countries - Plot #3 Themed



Documentation and Reporting using R Markdown

Demo

Project Demo

Object Detection in 3 Lines of R Code

using Tiny YOLO

-Project Demo-

References

- R for Data Science
- R-Bloggers

Thanks!

Slides created via the R package

The chakra comes from remark.js, , and R Markdown.