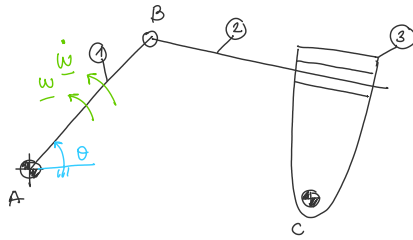


Esercitazione: Glifo oscillante

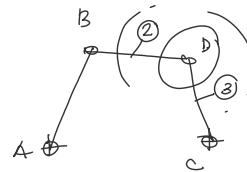
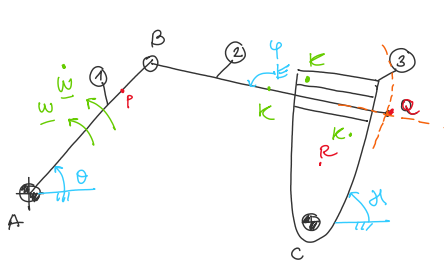
martedì 26 novembre 2024 10:35



Nota: moto manovella $\omega = \dot{\theta} \mathbf{k}$
 $\dot{\omega} = \ddot{\theta} \mathbf{k}$

Trovare: moto ② e ③
 \rightarrow risolvere graf. $\begin{cases} \vec{v} \\ \vec{a} \end{cases}$
 \rightarrow C. ASSOLUTE

•) CALCOLO GDL: $n_{gdl} \geq 9 - 2 \times 3 - 2 \times 1 = 9 - 8 = 1$ (✓)
 3 CERNI. A, B, C COPPIA-FREI. ②-③



•) $\vec{v}_{P①} = \vec{v}_A + \omega \wedge \vec{AP} = \dot{\theta} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{AP}$ noto

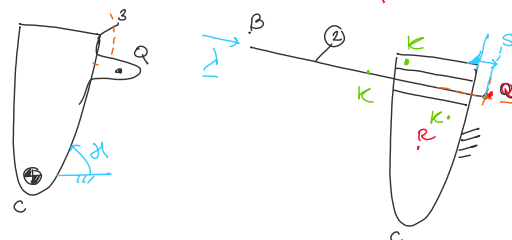
$$\vec{v}_B = \vec{v}_A + \omega \wedge \vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{v}_{Q②} = \vec{v}_B + \omega_2 \wedge \vec{BQ} = \dot{\theta} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{AB} + \dot{\phi} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{BQ} \quad (1)$$

$$\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_A + \dot{\omega} \wedge \vec{AB} - \omega^2 \vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{v}_{R③} = \vec{v}_C + \omega_3 \wedge \vec{CR} = \dot{\phi} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{CR}$$

$\sum_{③} \text{ T.C.V} \quad \vec{v}_{Q②} = \vec{v}_Q + \vec{v}_Q = \dot{\phi} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{CQ} + \dot{\phi} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{CQ} \quad (2)$



Ep^{ve} CHIUSURA (1) = (2)

$$\vec{v}_{Q②} = \vec{v}_{Q②}$$

FFC T.C.V

$$\dot{\theta} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{AB} + \dot{\phi} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{BQ} = \dot{\phi} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{CQ} + \dot{\phi} \mathbf{k} \wedge \vec{CQ}$$

\Rightarrow 4 TERMINI

$\omega_2 = \omega_1 \rightarrow 2 \text{ INCOG. } \dot{\varphi} = \frac{\delta}{j}$

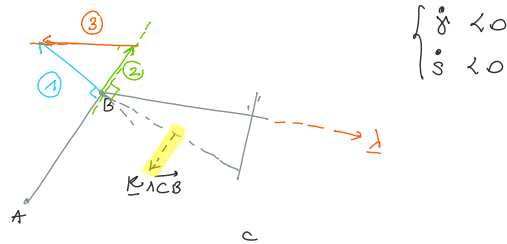
$$\Rightarrow \underline{\omega_2} = \underline{\omega_1}$$

$$\dot{\varphi} = \ddot{\gamma}$$

$$\dot{\varphi} = \ddot{\gamma}$$

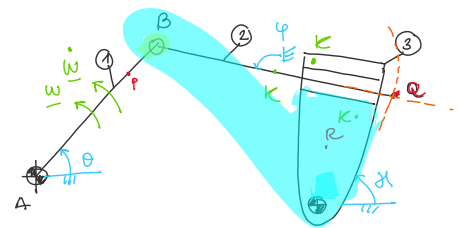
$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\vec{K}} \wedge \vec{AB} &= \underbrace{\dot{\vec{K}} \wedge \vec{BQ}}_{\dot{\vec{K}} \wedge \vec{QB}} + \dot{\vec{K}} \wedge \vec{CQ} + \dot{\vec{S}} \wedge \vec{AQ} \\ &= \dot{\vec{K}} \wedge (\vec{QB} + \vec{CQ}) + \dot{\vec{S}} \wedge \vec{AQ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \parallel \quad \vec{OK} \wedge \vec{AB} = \vec{OK} \wedge \vec{CB} + \vec{K} \wedge \vec{B} \quad \parallel$$



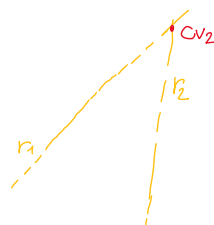
$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{\nu}_B \textcircled{1} \\ | \\ \text{FFC} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \underline{\nu}_B \textcircled{2} \\ | \\ \Sigma \textcircled{3} \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{TCV}} \begin{array}{c} \underline{\nu}_B \textcircled{3} \\ | \\ \text{FFC} \end{array}$$

$$\| \dot{\theta} \underline{K} \wedge \overrightarrow{AB} = \dot{s} \underline{\lambda} + \dot{\gamma} \underline{K} \wedge \overrightarrow{CB} \|$$



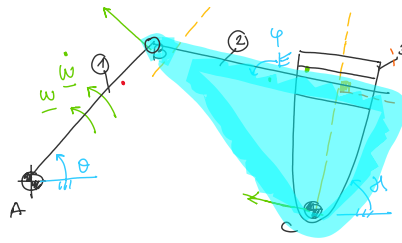
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{PC} \\ \text{PC} \end{array} \Rightarrow \text{PC} = \frac{\text{PC}}{\text{PC}} \rightarrow \frac{\text{PC}}{\text{PC}} = \frac{\text{PC}}{\text{PC}} \left. \vphantom{\frac{\text{PC}}{\text{PC}}} \right\}$$

$\Rightarrow C_{V1} = A$
 $C_{V2} \longrightarrow \text{CHANGES}$



$$\omega_3 = \dot{\varphi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_{B(2)} &\Rightarrow r_1 \\ \vec{v}_{C(2)} &= \vec{v}_C + \omega_2 \times \vec{r}_{C/B} \\ &= \dot{\lambda} \vec{e}_1 + \dot{\varphi} \vec{e}_2 \\ &= \dot{\lambda} \vec{e}_1 \quad r_2 \end{aligned}$$



ACCELERAZIONI

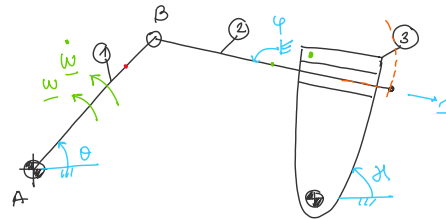
$$\vec{a}_{P(2)} = \vec{a}_A + \dot{\omega}_2 \times \vec{r}_{AP} - \omega_2^2 \vec{r}_{AP}$$

$$\vec{a}_{B(2)} = \vec{a}_B + \ddot{\varphi} \vec{e}_2 \times \vec{r}_{AB} - \dot{\varphi}^2 \vec{r}_{AB} = \ddot{\theta} \vec{e}_1 \times \vec{r}_{AB} - \dot{\theta}^2 \vec{r}_{AB} + \ddot{\varphi} \vec{e}_2 \times \vec{r}_{AB} - \dot{\varphi}^2 \vec{r}_{AB}$$

$$\vec{a}_{C(2)} = \vec{a}_C + \ddot{\lambda} \vec{e}_1 \times \vec{r}_{CB} - \dot{\lambda}^2 \vec{r}_{CB}$$

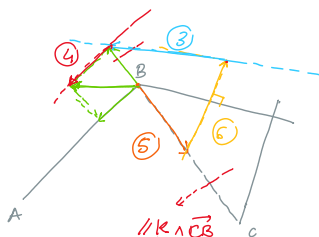
$$\ddot{\varphi} = \ddot{\varphi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a}_{B(2)} &= \vec{a}_{B(2)} \\ \text{TR} & \quad \text{TCV} \\ \vec{a}_{B(2)} &= \vec{a}_{B(1)} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a}_{B(2)} &= \vec{a}_B^{\text{rel}} + \vec{a}_B^{\text{tr}} + \vec{a}_B^{\text{cor}} \\ &= \ddot{\lambda} \vec{e}_1 + \ddot{\varphi} \vec{e}_2 \times \vec{r}_{CB} - \dot{\varphi}^2 \vec{r}_{CB} + 2 \dot{\omega}_2 \times \vec{r}_{CB} = 2 \dot{\varphi} \vec{e}_2 \times \dot{\lambda} \vec{e}_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{\theta} \vec{e}_1 \times \vec{r}_{AB} - \dot{\theta}^2 \vec{r}_{AB} &= \ddot{\theta} \vec{e}_1 + \ddot{\varphi} \vec{e}_2 \times \vec{r}_{CB} - \dot{\varphi}^2 \vec{r}_{CB} + 2 \dot{\varphi} \vec{e}_2 \times \dot{\lambda} \vec{e}_1 \\ \text{(1)} \quad \text{(2)} \quad \text{(3)} \quad \text{(4)} \quad \text{(5)} \quad \text{(6)} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{cases} \ddot{\theta} < 0 \\ \ddot{\varphi} > 0 \end{cases}$$

