

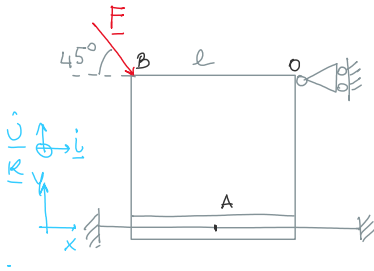
# Principio di sovrapposizione degli effetti

venerdì 25 ottobre 2024 10:46

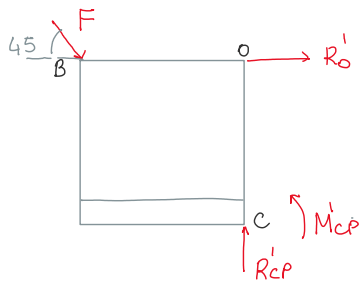
PSE

CASO I

⇒ Valutare DCL definitivo



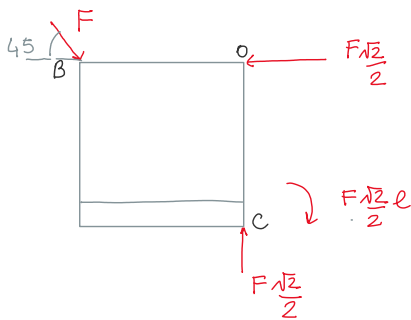
DCL PRELIM.



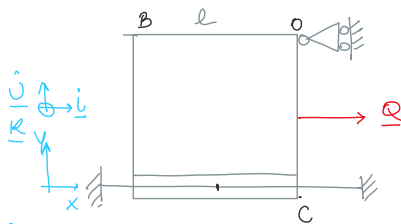
$$\begin{cases} x: F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + R'_0 = 0 \\ y: -F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + R'_{CP} = 0 \\ o \curvearrowright F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} l + M'_{CP} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} R'_0 = -F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} < 0 \\ R'_{CP} = F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ M'_{CP} = -F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} l \end{cases}$$

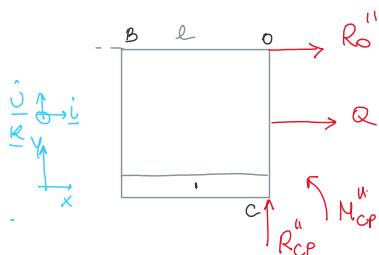
DCL DGF



CASO II



DCL . PREL

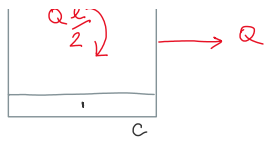


REAZIONI VINCOLARI  
- STESSO VERSO  
- STESSO POLO RIDUZIONE

$$\begin{cases} x: R''_0 + Q = 0 \\ y: R''_{CP} = 0 \\ o \curvearrowright Q \frac{l}{2} + M''_{CP} = 0 \end{cases}$$

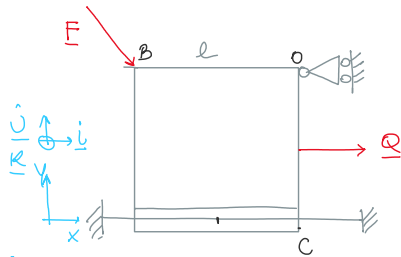
$$\begin{cases} R''_0 = -Q < 0 \\ R''_{CP} = 0 \end{cases}$$



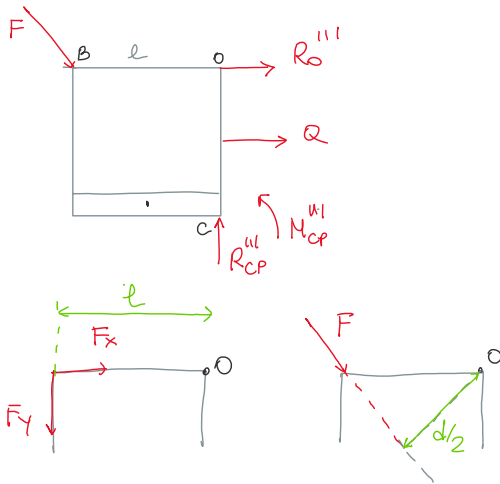


$$M_{cp}'' = -Q \frac{l}{2} < 0$$

CASO III



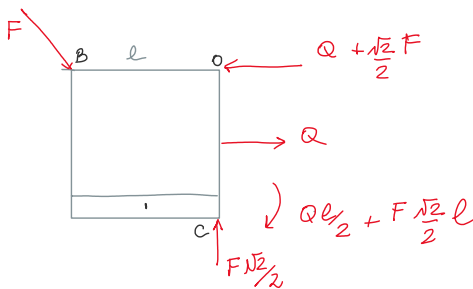
DCL PREL.



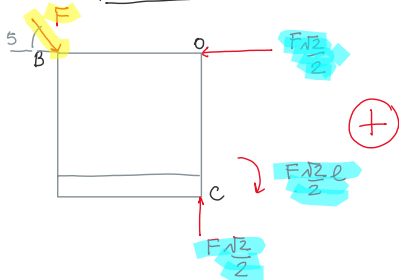
$$\begin{cases} x: F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + R_o''' + Q = 0 \\ y: -F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + R_{cp}''' = 0 \\ o: F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} l + Q \frac{l}{2} + M_{cp}''' = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} R_o''' = -Q - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} F < 0 \\ R_{cp}''' = F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ M_{cp}''' = -Q \frac{l}{2} - F \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} l < 0 \end{cases}$$

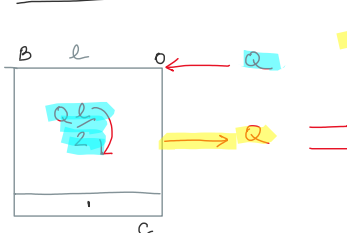
DCL DEF.



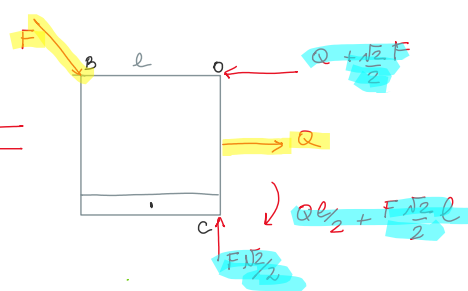
CASO I



CASO II



CASO III



PSE  $\Rightarrow$  Le  $E_p^{ni}$  CS sono lineari rispetto ai carichi  
 $\Downarrow$   
 Invece momenti ATTIVI e REATTIVI

