

# DMOPC '18 Contest 4 P4 - Dr. Henri and Lab Data

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Dr. Henri is working on a new method of analyzing lab data! He has collected  $N$  data points:  $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots, A_N$ , and has defined the  $k$  — **interest** of a subarray as the sum of all numbers greater than or equal to  $k$  minus the sum of all numbers less than  $k$ .

For example, the 5 — interest of the array  $[4, 2, 6, 5, 1]$  is  $(6 + 5) - (4 + 2 + 1) = 4$ .

Dr. Henri knows that some of the data might be outliers, so he asks you  $Q$  queries of the form `l r k`, asking you to compute the  $k$  — interest of the subarray  $A_l, A_{l+1}, \dots, A_{r-1}, A_r$ .

Can you write a program to help Dr. Henri?

## Constraints

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### Subtask 1 [10%]

$$1 \leq N, Q \leq 4\,000$$
$$1 \leq A_i \leq 10^9$$

### Subtask 2 [60%]

$$1 \leq N, Q \leq 200\,000$$
$$1 \leq A_i \leq 200\,000$$

### Subtask 3 [30%]

$$1 \leq N, Q \leq 200\,000$$
$$1 \leq A_i \leq 10^9$$

## Input Specification

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The first line of input will contain two space-separated integers,  $N$  and  $Q$ .

The second line of input will contain  $N$  space-separated integers,  $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots, A_N$ .

The next  $Q$  lines will each contain three space-separated integers,  $l_i, r_i$ , and  $k_i$ . It is guaranteed that  $1 \leq l_i \leq r_i \leq N$  and  $1 \leq k_i \leq 10^9$ .

## Output Specification

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$Q$  lines, where the  $i^{\text{th}}$  line is the answer to the  $i^{\text{th}}$  query.

## Sample Input 1

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```
3 6
5 10 15
1 2 1
1 3 16
2 2 10
2 2 11
1 3 6
1 1 9
```

## Sample Output 1

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```
15
-30
10
-10
20
-5
```

## Sample Input 2

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```
10 10
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
2 7 4
4 10 1
9 9 10
1 5 2
1 5 8
3 6 5
4 8 999
2 3 1
6 8 1
5 7 5
```

## Sample Output 2

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17  
49  
-9  
13  
-15  
4  
-30  
5  
21  
18