COCI '07 Contest 1 #4 Zapis

Time Limit: 1.0s **Memory Limit:** 32M

A regular bracket-sequence is a string of characters consisting only of opening and closing brackets, and satisfying the following conditions:

- An empty string is a regular bracket-sequence.
- If A is a regular bracket-sequence, then (A), [A] and $\{A\}$ are also regular bracket-sequences.
- If A and B are regular bracket-sequences, then AB is also a regular bracket-sequence. For example, the sequences $[(\{\})], []()\{\}$ and $[\{\}]()[\{\}]$ are regular, but the sequences $[(\{\{([,[](\{\})\} \text{ and } [\{\}])([\{\}] \text{ are not.})])]$

Ivica has found a string which looks like it could be a regular bracket-sequence. Some of the characters have become smudged and illegible, and could have been any character.

Write a program that calculates how many ways the illegible characters in the string can be replaced by brackets so that the result is a regular bracket-sequence. This number can be very large, so output only its last 5 digits.

Input Specification

The first line contains an even integer N ($2 \le N \le 200$), the length of the string.

The second line contains the string. Illegible characters are represented by the ? character.

Output Specification

Output the number of regular bracket-sequences the string could have read.

Sample Input 1

6 ()()()

Sample Output 1

1

Sample Input 2

10 (?([?)]?}?

Sample Output 2

3

Explanation for Sample Output 2

In the second example, the three matching regular bracket-sequences are $(\{([()])\}), ()([()]\{\})$ and $([([])]\{\})$.

Sample Input 3

16 ???[??????]????

Sample Output 3

92202