

ALA and ALA4R

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ATLAS OF LIVING AUSTRALIA sharing biodiversity knowledge

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ALA — sharing biodiversity knowledge





>\$50 million investment

- \$8.2M NCRIS (2007-2011)
- \$30M SS EIF (2010-2012)
- \$2.8 M CRIS (2013-2015)
- \$5.7M NCRIS2013 (2013-2015)
- \$4.6M NCRIS 2015





A world-leading collaborative e-infrastructure integral to growing biodiversity knowledge



Partners – founding & beyond

- founding partners and contributors primarily biological collections and museums
- increased contribution & use by citizen science, government, industry-







>57 million records

- >1100 data sets
- >410 spatial layers
- >3.7 billion records downloaded
- >3.5 thousand users/day



National Research infrastructure

- NCRIS established in 2006
- Currently within Education Dept
- Related environmental infrastructures TERN (terrestrial ecological info/data capture) & IMOS (marine)





Data

- •specimens
- occurrence
- images, sounds
- •literature
- sequences
- •more coming......



Open source & open access

- ALA driving cultural shift regarding open access to data
- ALA at forefront of accessibility to public sector information



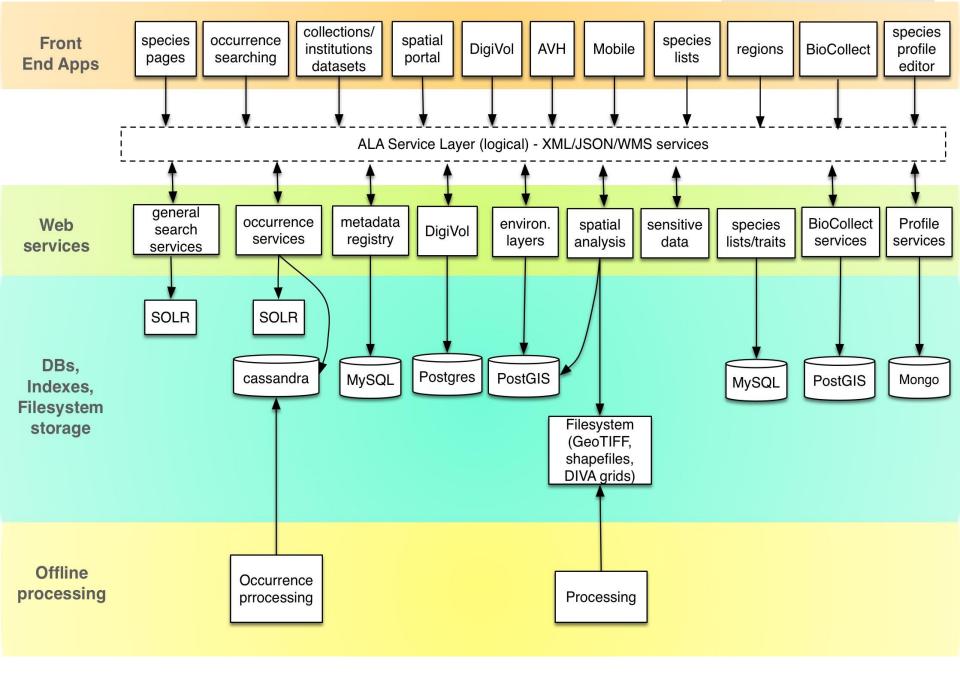
System

- data capture & aggregation
- data management
- data discovery
- data visualisation
- data analysis & reporting

Production installations



- Spain
- France
- ICMBio Brazil
- Costa Rica
- UK (Scotland)
- Argentina
- Portugal
- Sweden
- Australia



ALA4R



- motivation:
 - easy R access to ALA data and resources
 - support data-driven biodiversity science
 - also use compute-at-node where sensible
- subset of the full ALA API (http://api.ala.org.au/)
- first ALA4R release (github) 2014, CRAN release 2016
- reconfigurable: use with other national installations using ALA infrastructure

ALA4R



- core functionality
 - name searching
 - names lookup, partial matching, fulltext searching
 - species information
 - taxonomy, species profiles, images
 - occurrences
 - with environmental/contextual data
 - "offline" mode for large downloads
 - species lists
 - species by site matrices
 - environmental
 - environmental/contextual data

ALA4R examples



- some examples: see R script
- also

```
vignette("ALA4R")
```

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Other examples: soundscape

- Ebbe Nielsen challenge round 1 winner, 2015
- https://peterneish.github.io/gbif-soundscape/
- overview:
 - get species list in region of interest
 - download sound recordings and images of those species
 - play back to produce a soundscape of the region
- R source

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- More info and R source
- ALA4R::species_info returns an information profile that includes descriptive text
- for plants, e.g.
 - "tree up to 90 metres"
 - "grows to 15 metres"
 - "may reach 30 40 metres in height"
 - "growing to a maximum height of 4 metres"
- can we use this as a source of trait (height) information?



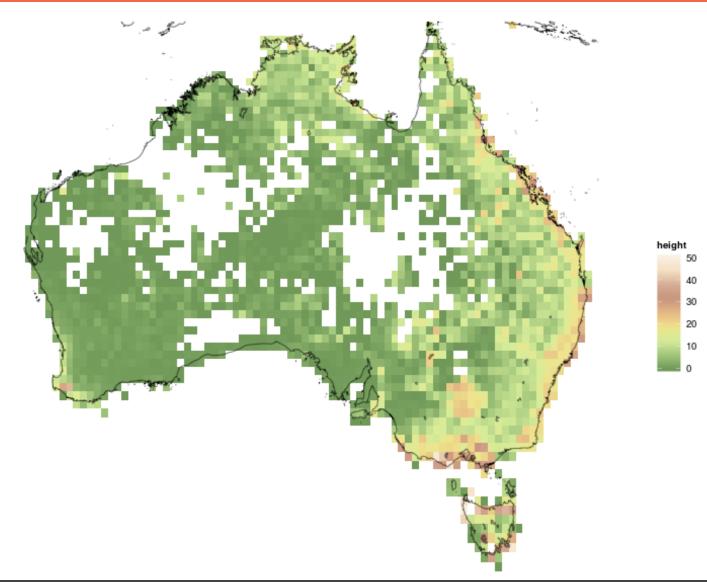
Other examples: Eucalypt height

download gridded eucalypt data:

```
ss <- sites_by_species("genus:Eucalyptus", ...)</pre>
```

- for each species, run the species_info function and extract height information
- given heights of species, and species within grid cells, map height across grid cells

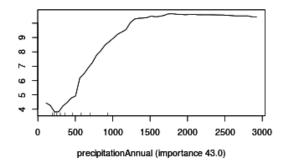


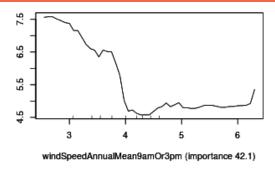


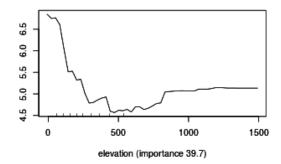
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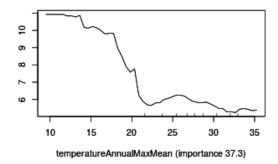
- using a random forest, model height as function of environmental variables
 - precipitation
 - solar radiation
 - elevation
 - maximum temperauture
 - wind speed

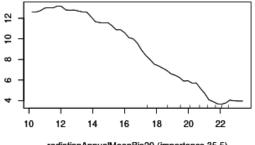




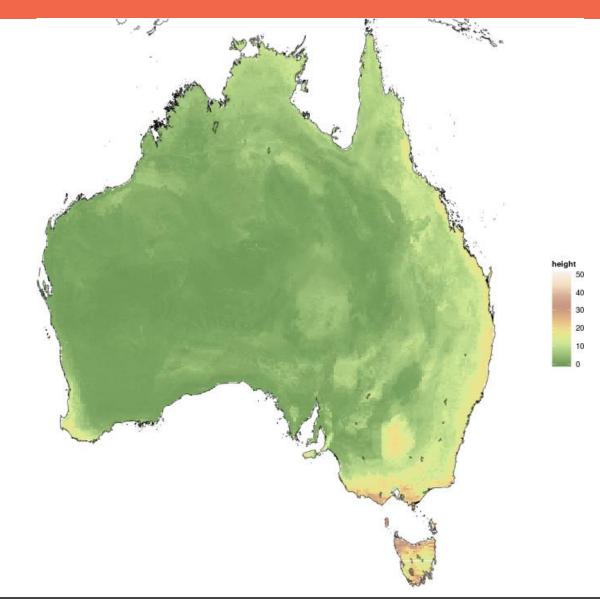












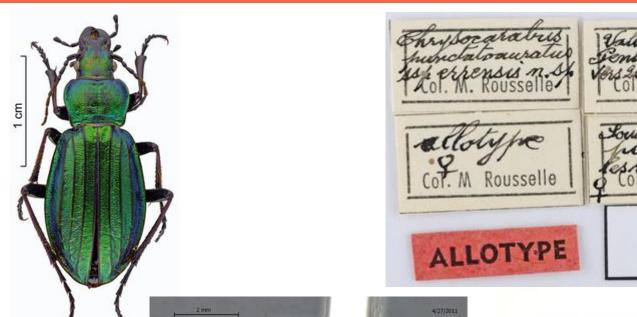
Colours from images



- More info including R source
- many sources of species photographs
- can we extract colour information from photos?
 - evolution of colour traits
 - colour variation with taxonomy
 - link with occurrence records to reconstruct spatial variations in colour
 - environmental drivers of colour variation

Typical beetle images







EC1064

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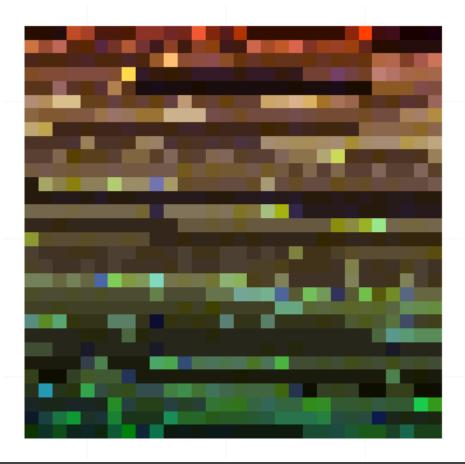
Colours from images: processing

- list of species in the family Carabidae (ground beetles)
- find up to 10 images per species
 - look for PRESERVED_SPECIMEN as the basisOfRecord attribute
- manual filtering of unsuitable images
 - for simplicity, use only images with near-white backgrounds
 - discard near-white colours



Colours from images: palette

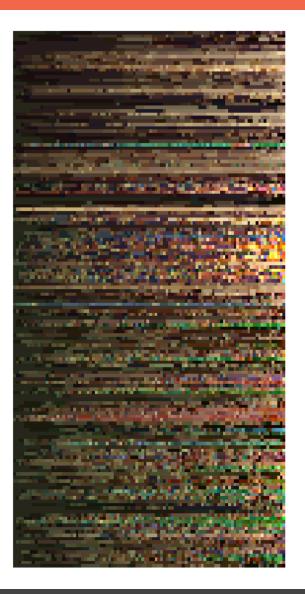
 build a global colour palette (i.e. a matrix of all of the colours present in all images)





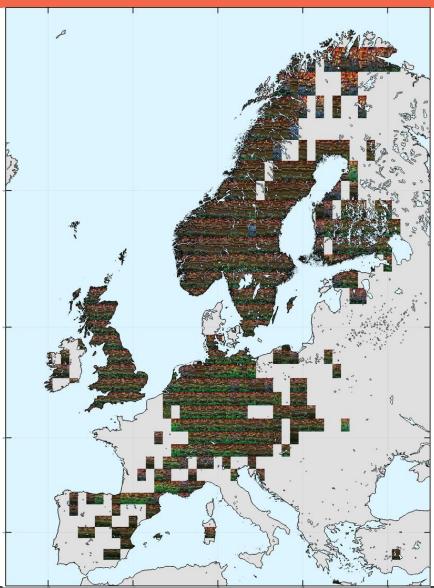








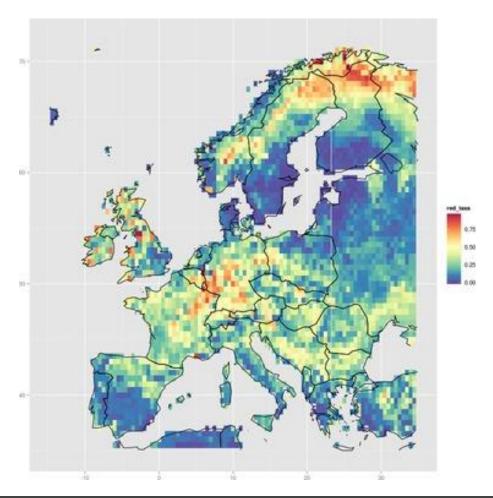




Colours as function of environment



probability of red colouration



Other image sources

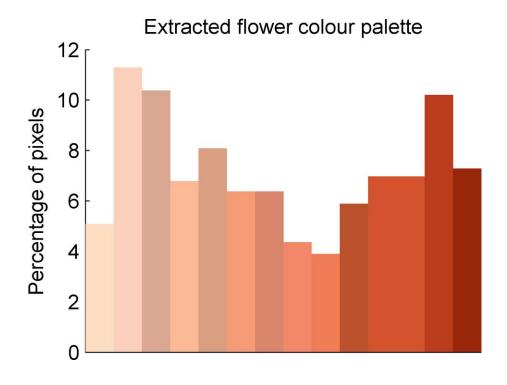


- colours of Grevillea flowers
- images from ALA/other species information pages
- typically photos of live plants, not specimens



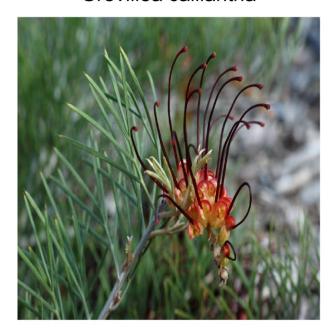
Grevillea aneura

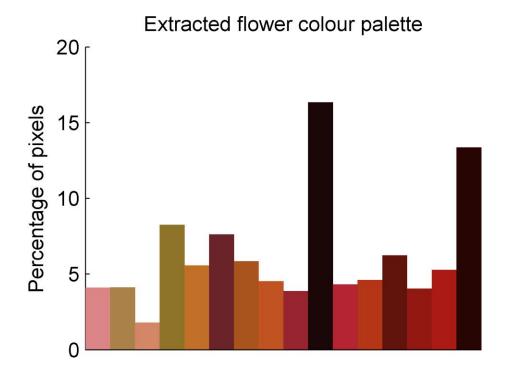






Grevillea calliantha

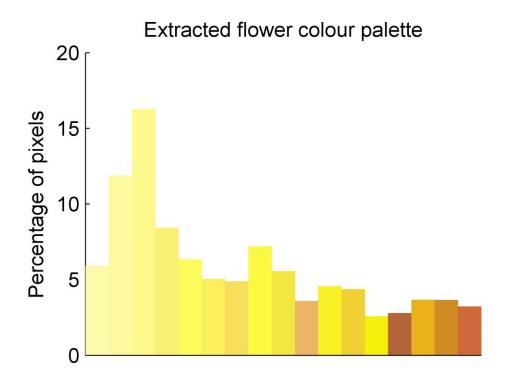






Grevillea tenuiloba







Grevillea erythroclada

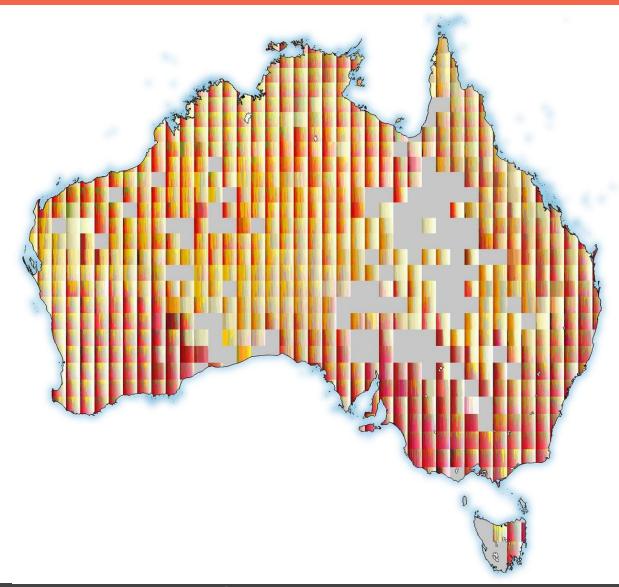


Grevillea striata



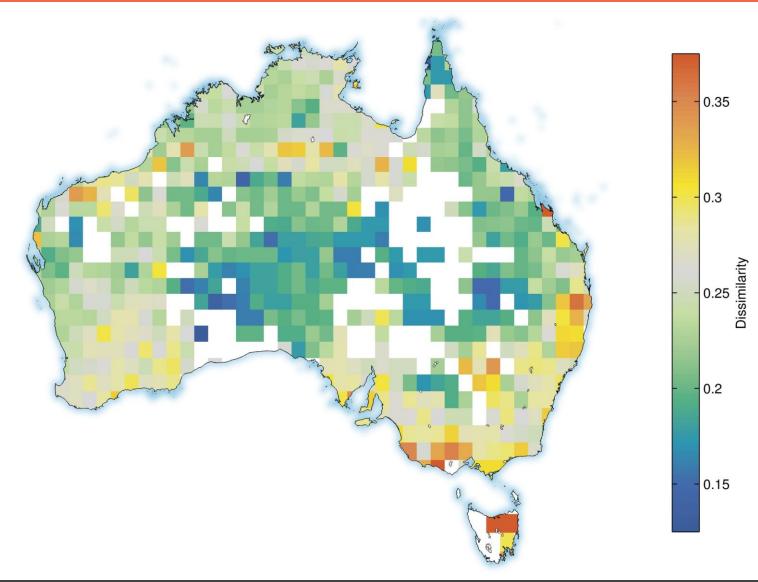
Results: Grevillea flowers







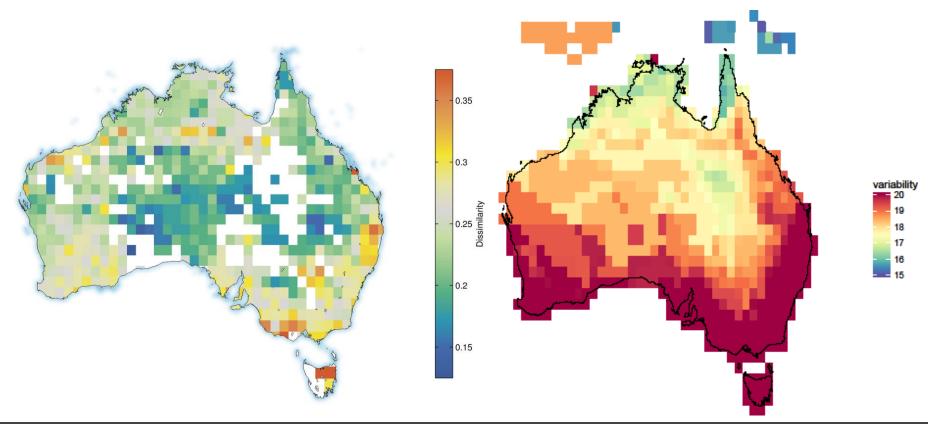
Within-species colour variability





Large-scale processes?

 within-species colour variability in Grevillea (left) and honeyeaters (right)



Colour processing



- manual processing of images is tedious
- deep learning methods for image processing
- open-source network for image segmentation: https://github.com/torrvision/crfasrnn

Colour processing



• not fully automatic, but promising ...

















And we're done!



Thanks!

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