

## Unit 2, Lesson 3: What are they wearing

### 1. Vocabulary and expressions

look, appearance	color	long / short sleeve
stunning (令人驚嘆的)	black, gray (grey), white	sleeveless
fashionable (時尚的, 時髦的)	red, pink, purple	short sleeve
sharp look (敏銳, 聰明, 正)	navy blue, blue, cyan (青色)	long sleeve
trendy (時尚的, 時髦的)	dark green, green	
elegant (優雅的)	orange, yellow, khaki (卡其色)	
style	pattern	size
tight-fitting (緊身的)	striped	extra large
baggy (寬鬆的)	flowered	large
formal	plain (素色)	medium
casual	checkered, plaid (方格)	small
colorful	floral	extra small

### 2. English Basics

#### A. Present continuous

Subject	Be verb	Verb + ing	Example sentence
I We	am are	wearing wearing	I am wearing a sweater right now. We are wearing sweaters right now.
You You	are are	wearing wearing	You are wearing shoes. You are wearing shoes.
He / She They	is are	wearing wearing	He / She is wearing sunglasses today They are wearing sunglasses today.

#### B. Direct Object (直接受詞) and Indirect Object (間接受詞)

句型	例句
Subject (主詞) + Verb (動詞)	I smile.
Subject (主詞) + Verb (動詞) + Object (受詞)	Frank kicks the ball.

Subject (主詞) + Verb (動詞) + Indirect Object (間接受詞) + Direct Object (直接受詞)	Pam gave her sister a bike.
Subject (主詞) + Verb (動詞) + Direct Object (直接受詞) + Preposition (介系詞) + Indirect Object (間接受詞)	We sold the house to a friend.

\*\* 直接受詞 (物) \* 間接受詞 (人)

### 3. Common sentences about clothing

1. She is a good dresser.
2. He is all dressed up.
3. He dressed up.
4. She dressed down.
5. That outfit looks good on you.
6. The new employee dresses well.
7. I like the way you dress.
8. My best friend has good taste in clothes.
9. She looks fantastic (gorgeous, fabulous, amazing)!
10. The colors don't match.
11. This suit is out of style.
12. This is so stylish.
13. They don't fit you.
14. The style is fashionable.

### 4. Textbook exercises

#### A. Complete the sentences about the Nguyen brothers' clothes (textbook page 44).

1. So is wearing an \_\_\_\_\_ (特大號), \_\_\_\_\_ (藍色), \_\_\_\_\_ (條紋) shirt and \_\_\_\_\_ (黑色長褲).
2. Duong is wearing a \_\_\_\_\_ (大號), \_\_\_\_\_ (橘色), \_\_\_\_\_ (素色) shirt and \_\_\_\_\_ (牛仔褲).

3. Tan is wearing a \_\_\_\_\_ (中號), \_\_\_\_\_ (橘色與白色) shirt and \_\_\_\_\_ (白色長褲).
4. Diem is wearing a \_\_\_\_\_ (小號), \_\_\_\_\_ (綠色花) shirt and \_\_\_\_\_ (墨綠色長褲).

**B. Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of wear (textbook page 45)**

1. He \_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_ (花色襯衫), and he \_\_\_\_\_ (sees / looks) \_\_\_\_\_ (時尚).
2. The woman \_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_ (紫色洋裝), and she \_\_\_\_\_ (is / are) so \_\_\_\_\_ (令人驚嘆的).
3. They \_\_\_\_\_ (新衣服), and they (say / are) happy.
4. Alan and I \_\_\_\_\_ sunglasses, and we (am / is / are) going to the \_\_\_\_\_ (海灘).
5. You \_\_\_\_\_ a flowered blouse. You are really \_\_\_\_\_ (時髦).
6. I \_\_\_\_\_ a striped shirt. I don't really \_\_\_\_\_ (喜歡) it.

**G. Use the ad in Exercise F to make new conversations (textbook page 46).**

1. Look at the first picture. Describe their appearances.

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2. Look at the second picture. Do you like their school clothes? Do they look cute?

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3. Look at the third picture. Describe the young man and woman's clothes. Where are they going?

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4. Look at the fourth picture. Can you describe the man and the woman's clothes? What are their jobs?

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## 5. Conversation practice

- A. What are you wearing now?

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- B. What will you wear if you are going to a high school reunion next week?

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- C. What will you wear if you are going to a job fair next month?

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- D. What will you wear if you are going to receive an award on TV?

### E. Bonus vs. new clothes

You just completed a large sale for your company. You expected to receive a bonus. However, your boss wanted to use his store gift certificate to buy clothes for you.

Now, you both are standing inside the clothing shop. Your boss is shopping for you, but you want to make sure that you get the bonus and not new clothes. You need to be diplomatic. Fill in the blanks, and share your conversation with the class.

**Your boss:** What do you like? Let's look around.

**You:** \_\_\_\_\_

**You boss:** Check this out. This \_\_\_\_\_ will \_\_\_\_\_ (look / see)  
good \_\_\_\_\_ (on / in / at) you.

**You:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Your boss:** Do you want to try this \_\_\_\_\_ (on / in / from)?

**You:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Your boss:** How about this \_\_\_\_\_? I am sure they have your size.

**You:** \_\_\_\_\_

**You boss:** Well, we have spent five hours in the store now. Why don't you just keep the gift certificate and come back later by yourself?

**You:** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 2, Lesson 4: Advertisements

### 1. Vocabulary and expressions

sale coupon (優惠券)	valid (有效的)	regular price	unit price
sale price	total price	slogan (口號)	

### 2. English Basics

#### A. Complement (補語)

句型	例句
Subject (主詞) + Verb (動詞) + Complement (補語)	Michael is a French teacher. Judy seems happy with her new job.

#### B. Prepositions: *in*, *on*, and *at*

	<b>in</b>	<b>on</b>	<b>at</b>
time	in the morning in the afternoon in the evening  in January in 2023 in the 1800s in the 21 <sup>st</sup> century	on the Christmas Day on Monday on Fourth of July on January 1, 2023	at noon at midnight at 10 a.m. at 5 p.m.
place	in Da'an District in Taipei in Taiwan in the United States in a car	on Zhongxiao East Road on Hawaiian islands on a train, bus, ship on the surface	at 1600 Pennsylvania Ave. at home

### 3. Famous advertising slogans

1. Nike: Just Do It.
2. L'Oréal: Because You're Worth It.
3. McDonald's: I'm Lovin' It.

4. Toyota: Let's Go Places.
5. Apple: Think Different.
6. Disney: The Happiest Place on Earth.
7. Sony PlayStation: Live in Your World. Play in Ours.

#### 4. Textbook exercises

##### A. Complete the sentences about the advertisement (see textbook page 47).

- a. Sam's Uniform Company has items \_\_\_\_\_ (on sale / on sales) now. Let's go there.
- b. That \_\_\_\_\_ (sounds / shows) good. I have a \_\_\_\_\_ (優惠券) that I \_\_\_\_\_ (下載) from their \_\_\_\_\_ (網站).
- a. Is it still \_\_\_\_\_ (有效的)?
- b. Yes, but we can only use it on \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. I need a pair of \_\_\_\_\_ (運動鞋). You should buy a \_\_\_\_\_ (棒球帽).
- b. They are \$4.00 \_\_\_\_\_ (on / out / off) with the coupon. The sale price for sneakers is \_\_\_\_\_, and the sale price for baseball caps is \_\_\_\_\_.

##### B. Read (and explain) the following sections with your team. Share with the class.

Exercise C (textbook page 47)	Exercise E (textbook page 48)
Exercise D (textbook page 48)	Exercise F (textbook page 49)

**5. With your team, create an ad for clothing. Include a slogan. You will share the ad with the class.**

**6. Homework: Translate the English words into Chinese**

English	Chinese	English	Chinese
ask for assistance		damaged	
salesperson		return	
assortment		receipt	
prefer		exchange	
umbrella		purple	
socks		total price	