

Inland Revenue

Build Pack: Bank API

Date: 11/06/2024

Contents

1 Overview.....	3
1.1 This solution	3
1.2 Intended audience.....	3
1.3 Related services	3
1.3.1 Identity and Access Services (required)	3
2 Solution design	4
2.1 Architecture.....	4
2.1.1 Dependencies between the customer service APIs	5
2.2 Messaging	6
2.2.1 Create / Add.....	6
2.2.1.1 Request payload	6
2.2.2 Delete	7
2.2.2.1 Request payload	7
2.3 Security	7
2.3.1 Information classification	7
2.3.2 Transport layer security and certificates	7
2.3.3 Ciphers	7
2.3.4 Authentication options	7
2.3.4.1 OAuth.....	7
2.3.4.2 JWT.....	8
2.3.4.2.1. startLogon	8
2.3.4.2.2. sub	8
3 Additional development resources	9
3.1 End points.....	9
3.2 OpenAPI specifications	9
4 Change log	10

1 Overview

1.1 This solution

Inland Revenue has a suite of digital services available for consumption by our service providers that supports efficient, electronic business interactions with Inland Revenue. The application programming interface (API) described in this build pack document is used to update the bank account number as held by Inland Revenue.

Before continuing, please consult
www.ird.govt.nz/digital-service-providers/services-catalogue
for business-level context, use cases and links to relevant policy.
The information available here explains how to integrate with Inland
Revenue's services.

1.2 Intended audience

Access to the API end point is open to any software provider that has been on-boarded to the API (referred to throughout the remainder of this document as 'Digital Service Providers'). Access to the account data is open to any logon that currently has access to these resources on eServices. This includes tax intermediaries (such as tax agents and bookkeepers) and to customers using software on their own behalf.

1.3 Related services

The following application programming interfaces (APIs) complement this Gateway Service. Instructions on where to find the build packs for these APIs can be found in [section 3](#) of this document.

1.3.1 Identity and Access Services (required)

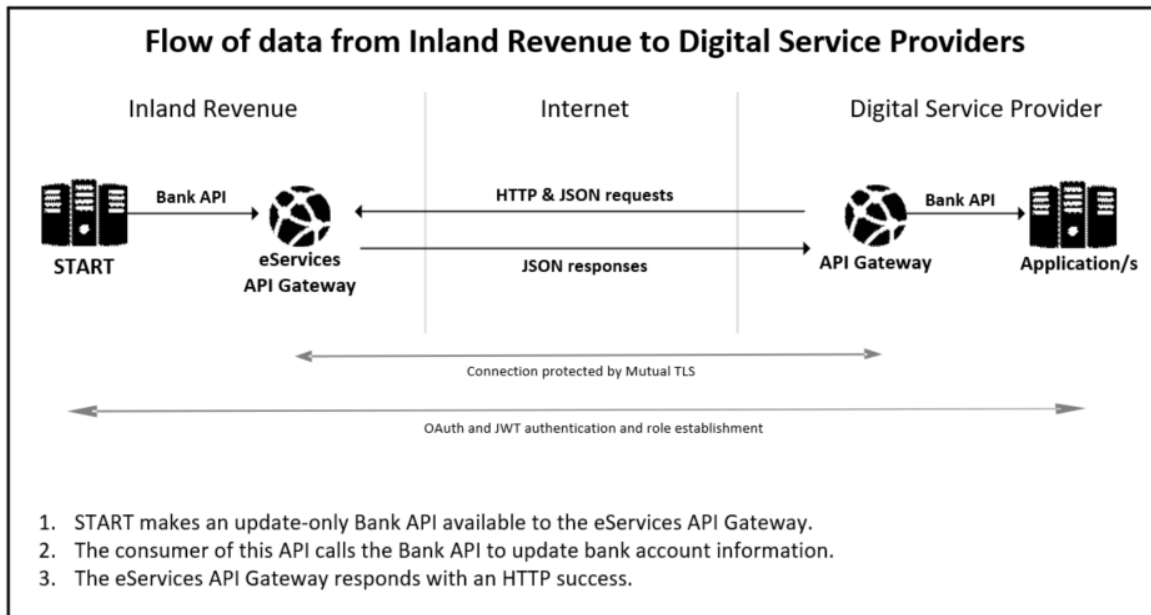
The Identity and Access Services (IAS) are used to authenticate access. Authentication tokens will need to be retrieved via IAS prior to making calls to this API.

2 Solution design

2.1 Architecture

Inland Revenue offers a suite of web applications in order to facilitate interactions via software packages. This API will be used by approved organisations to change bank account information held by Inland Revenue.

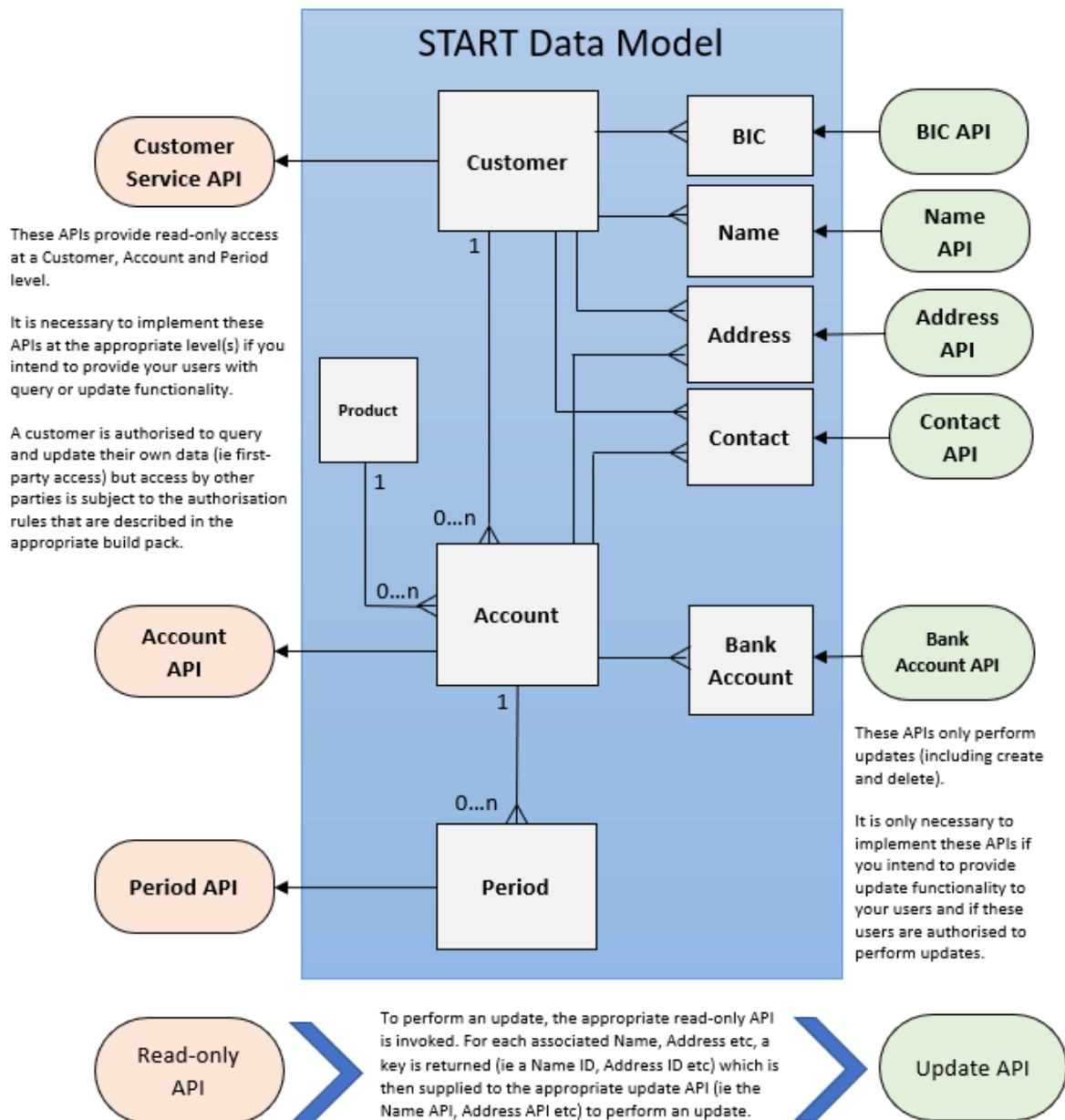
The diagram below illustrates the flow of data from Inland Revenue to the Digital Service Providers.



2.1.1 Dependencies between the customer service APIs

This API is one of eight 'customer service' APIs designed to be used together—Account, Address, Bank, BIC, Contact, Customer, Name and Period. It is important to understand the dependencies between these when deciding which ones to implement, how to correctly sequence their adoption, how authorisation rules impact access, and how to use them in general.

These APIs align to START's data model as depicted below:



2.2 Messaging

This service supports the POST and DELETE methods. This service has two operations that use these HTTP methods:

- **CREATE:** POST—Adds a refund bank account for a given account.
- **DELETE:** DELETE—Removes the refund bank account for a given account.

2.2.1 Create / Add

This operation is used by the consumer to add a refund bank account to a specific account. This includes the use case of updating the refund bank account for a specific account, by overwriting it with a new refund bank account. A successful addition will return an HTTP 200 status with no response payload.

Note: A list of valid countries can be found in the accompanying YAML file, and any countries not included in this list must be added through other channels like myIR.

Note: To update the name on a bank account without updating the bank account number, the bank account must be removed through myIR, and then can be added as a new bank account.

2.2.1.1 Request payload

Field	Description
AccountID	ID of the account for which the refund bank account should be added
AccountIDType	Type of ID provided
NameOnAccount	The name on the refund bank account
NewZealand.Bank	The first two digits of the New Zealand bank account
NewZealand.Branch	The next four digits of the New Zealand bank account
NewZealand.Account	The middle eight digits of the New Zealand bank account
NewZealand.Suffix	The last four digits of the New Zealand bank account
NewZealand.Reference	The reference number, must be included for a credit union or building society account, must be excluded for all other New Zealand bank accounts
International.RoutingNumber	The routing number of the international bank account
International.AccountNumber	The account number of the international bank account
International.BankAccountType	The type of bank account—chequing or savings
International.BankName	The name of the bank for the bank account
International.Country	The country in which the bank account was opened

2.2.2 Delete

This operation is used to remove the current refund bank account for a given account. A successful deletion will return an HTTP 200 status with no response payload.

2.2.2.1 Request payload

Field	Description
AccountID	ID of the account for which the refund bank account should be removed
AccountIDType	Type of ID provided

2.3 Security

2.3.1 Information classification

The information exchanged via this API has an information classification of "**IN CONFIDENCE**". The following security standards therefore apply.

2.3.2 Transport layer security and certificates

Mutual Transport Layer Security (TLS) is implemented for this service. This requires the use of a publicly-issued X.509 certificate from one of the trusted certificate authorities. Please refer to the [Identity and Access Services](#) build pack for more details.

2.3.3 Ciphers

Inland Revenue currently supports TLS1.2 and TLS1.3. Please refer to [Identity and Access Services](#) build pack for supported ciphers.

2.3.4 Authentication options

This design will use JSON Web Tokens (JWT) or OAuth2.0 tokens and protocol to establish the calling party's identity. The OAuth2.0 method requires a myIR user to logon, while JWT is a machine-to-machine credential.

This API will require a unique identifier in order to establish the calling party's identity and to allow the access model to authenticate.

Refer to the Identity and Access Services build pack for more information.

2.3.4.1 OAuth

When using OAuth, the interaction with Inland Revenue is transacted under the identity of a myIR user. OAuth requires the presence of a myIR user, as this person must be available to supply their user ID, password and consent at run-time in order to be authenticated. OAuth is especially suited to cloud-based applications where the transacting parties are application users rather than providers.

HTTP headers intended for OAuth access services will be have the JWT prefixed with "Bearer ":

HTTP header	Example value
Authorization	Bearer {JWTAccessToken}

2.3.4.2 *JWT*

The alternative to OAuth is JWT, which does not require the presence of a myIR user. Authentication is based on the verification of a digital signature that (provably) belongs to a customer. In order to digitally sign their messages, the customer must acquire a digital certificate from a trusted certificate authority, or generate a self-signed certificate, and supply it to Inland Revenue during the on-boarding process. JWT is therefore appropriate when the following conditions apply:

- The interaction with Inland Revenue is conducted under the identity of an organisation, as opposed to a person AND
- The organisation has the technical and operational capability to securely obtain and manage digital certificates AND
- The organisation's interactions with Inland Revenue can occur in the absence of specific people due to staffing issues such as out-of-hours non-availability, staff turnover and absence from work.

These factors tend to limit the use JWT to larger corporations and public sector organisations. It is not suitable for cloud-based applications as it requires all application users to have their own digital certificates—this is administratively burdensome and requires these users to lodge their private keys with their application provider, which is insecure.

Gateway Services will use this token in the HTTP header of a message in the same manner that an OAuth token has been used, namely:

HTTP header	Example value
Authorization	{JWTAccessToken}

2.3.4.2.1. *startLogon*

A myIR logon can be provided in order to use the myIR delegation model for identifying accounts for whom the bank account can be modified. If the myIR logon is provided, then bank accounts can only be modified for accounts the logon can access. If a myIR logon is not used, the field should be included with a value of null, and the subject will determine the bank accounts that can be modified.

2.3.4.2.2. *sub*

A subject must be provided, which is the thumbprint of the signing certificate, and can be used to determine which bank account can be modified. The subject will always be used to validate the signature of the JWT but will only be used for determining which bank accounts can be modified when a value for **startLogon** is not provided. The subject can be used for access when the subject is a tax preparer—the bank account can be modified returned for accounts currently linked to the tax preparer.

3 Additional development resources

3.1 End points

Current environment information for this service—including the end points for each environment—is available within the relevant Software Development Kit (SDK).

To access the SDK, do one of the following:

- Go to <https://github.com/InlandRevenue> and select this service
- Go to <https://developerportal.ird.govt.nz> and click the link to the SDK within the Gateway Service documentation (please register first).

3.2 OpenAPI specifications

An OpenAPI file allows for the description of the entire API, end points, operations on each end point, and operation parameters. The included .yaml file can be used along with an OpenAPI editor such as editor.swagger.io to view technical specifications for this operation and generate example client code.

To access the latest OpenAPI definition for this service, please do the following:

- Login to the developer portal at <https://developerportal.ird.govt.nz> (register first)
- Download and view the OpenAPI definition within the Gateway Service documentation.

4 Change log

This table lists all material changes that have been made to this build pack document since the release of V1 (most recent changes listed first). It does not encompass non-material changes, such as to formatting etc.

Date of change	Document section	Description
11/06/2024	2.3.2, 2.3.3	Removed details of supported certificate and ciphers from this document and replaced with the link to latest Identity and Access services build pack for the most current details
17/09/21		October 2021 release changes
		New YAML file issued
	2.1.1	List and diagram of customer service APIs expanded to include new BIC API
	2.2.1	'Bank account: Add' heading changed to 'Create / Add'
	2.2.2	'Bank account: Delete' heading changed to 'Delete'
	1.3	'Prerequisites' section removed and absorbed into new 'Security' section (2.3)
		'Related services' section added to build pack
	1.3.1	'Mutual Transport Layer security and certificates' section updated and moved into section 2.3.2
	1.3.2	'Authentication options' section modified and moved into section 2.3.4
	2.1	Diagram updated to include JWT
	2.1.1	'Dependencies between the customer services APIs' section moved here
	2.3	Security section upgraded: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'Information classification' section added 'Transport layer security and certificates' updated 'Ciphers' section added 'Authentication options' section modified
	3	'End points and OpenAPI specifications' section renamed 'Additional development resources'
	4	Glossary removed
30/09/20		V1 released