# Introduction to Linear Regression

GR 5205 / GU 4205 Section 2/ Section 3 Columbia University Xiaofei Shi

#### Course setup

#### **Basic administrative details:**

Course website https://innerpeas.github.io/LRM\_index.html

- Instructor: Xiaofei Shi xs2427@columbia.edu OH: Tuesday 1:30 2:30
- TA: Navid Ardeshir <a href="mailto:na2844@columbia.edu">na2844@columbia.edu</a> OH: Monday 11:00 12:00

Daran Xu dx2207@columbia.edu OH: Monday 3:00 - 4:00

Office hours are on Zoom: 969 8687 3013

- Textbook: Kutner, Nachtsheim, Neter: Applied Linear Regression Models
- We will use Courseworks to post lecture notes and homework
- We will use Piazza for announcements and discussions:

GU 5205/GU 4205 Linear Regression Models

#### **Tentative Evaluation Plan**

20% Final + 30% Midterm + 50% max{homework average, exam average}

Homework: 5 homework in total;

Midterm: October 27th & November 29th, in class;

Final: See school schedule;

Participation: Piazza, recitations, class survey.

### Class participation

- In person class only, but subject to changes
- According to the current return to school procedure, all class will be in person. In order to protect everyone in the classroom while provide the education we promised you,
  - Please wear a facial mask that covers your nose and mouth
  - Please keep 6-feet social distance
  - Follow the gateway testing

#### **Prerequisites**

#### Assume working knowledge of/proficiency with:

- Probability
- Linear Algebra
- Statistics
- Programming (Python, R or Matlab)
- Formal mathematical thinking

If you fall short on any one of these things, it's certainly possible to catch up; but don't hesitate to talk to us.

#### Goal of this course

- Data analysis
- R, Python, Matlab, Mathematica output of linear regression models
- Aggregated with probability and (statistical) inference

# Probability Review: A (scalar) random variable X

• Distribution: Discrete type v.s. Continuous type

More details will be covered in Probability class.

# Probability Review: A (scalar) random variable X

In this course, we mainly focus on random variables with probability density functions (pdf)

$$ullet$$
 Distribution  $\mathbb{P}[X \leq x] = \int_{-\infty}^x p(y) dy$ 

• Expectation 
$$\mathbb{E}[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x p(x) dx$$

$$ullet$$
 Variance  $Var[X] = \mathbb{E}[(X - \mathbb{E}[X])^2] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (x - \mathbb{E}[X])^2 p(x) dx$ 

# Probability Review: Random vector (X,Y)

$$\mathbb{P}[X \leq x, Y \leq y] = \int_{-\infty}^{x} \int_{-\infty}^{y} p_{X,Y}(x,y) dy dx$$

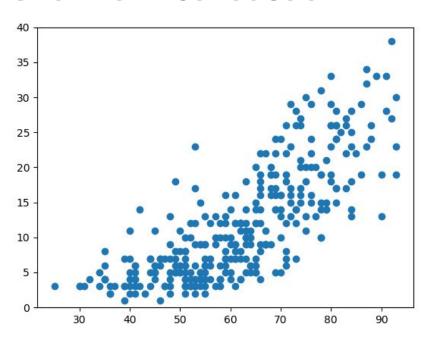
$$p_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_{X,Y}(x,y) dy$$

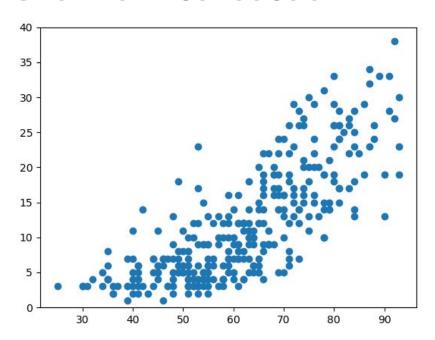
$$p_{Y|X}(y|x) = rac{p_{X,Y}(x,y)}{p_{Y}(x)}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[Y|X=x] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y \ p_{Y|X}(y|x) dy$$

$$Var[Y|X=x]=\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}(y-\mathbb{E}[Y|X=x])^2\;p_{Y|X}(y|x)dy$$

Notice that the conditional expectation and variance are both depend on the value of x. It is generally reasonable to assume that the conditional mean and variance functions are continuous.



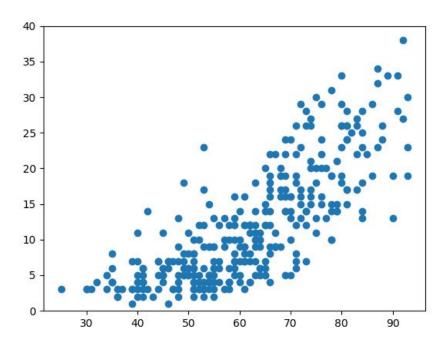


We are most interested in the conditional distribution of Y given X.

- Typical question: what is the distribution
   of Y|X=50 compare to Y|X=70?
- Life gets easier if we can justify further assuming the linear relationship

$$E[Y|X=x]=eta_0+eta_1 x$$

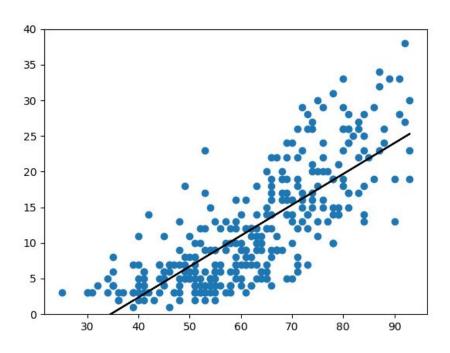
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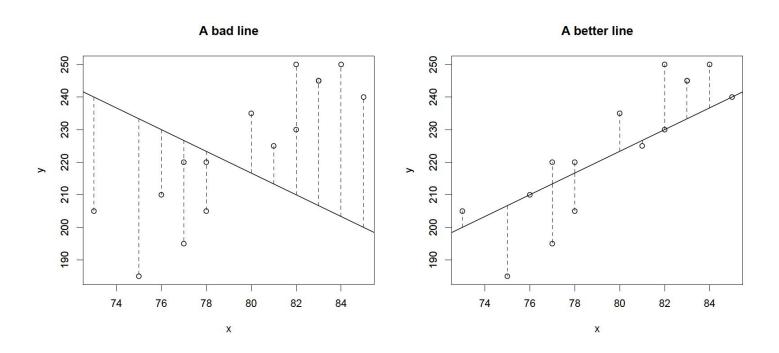
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# In other words... The Simple Linear Regression Model

- Let  $(X_1,Y_1),(X_2,Y_2),\ldots,(X_n,Y_n)$  be samples from (X,Y)
- ullet If the SLR model holds, we write  $\,Y_i=eta_0+X_ieta_1+\epsilon_i\,,\,$
- ullet Here,  $\epsilon_i$  satisfies  $\mathbb{E}[\epsilon_i]=0$  and  $\mathbb{E}[\epsilon_i\epsilon_j]=\sigma^2\delta_{ij}$
- Model parameters:  $\beta_0, \beta_1, \sigma^2$

#### How to fit the model?



### Mean Squared Error (MSE)

How to fit the model? Mean Squared Error minimizer!

$$\min_{eta_0,eta_1}\mathbb{E}\left[(Y-eta_0-eta_1X)^2
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$$\min_{eta_0,eta_1} Q := \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - eta_0 - eta_1 x_i)^2$$

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• Matrix form:

$$\min_{eta_0,eta_1}Q:=\|y-eta_0-eta_1x\|^2$$

#### Can also be found in...

Ridge Regression

$$\min_{eta_0,eta_1}\|y-eta_0-eta_1x\|^2+\lambda|eta_1|^2$$

Lasso

$$\min_{eta_0,eta_1}\|y-eta_0-eta_1x\|^2+\lambda|eta_1|$$

Autoregression(AR) model

$$\min_{eta_0,eta_1} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (x_{i+1} - eta_0 - eta_1 x_i)^2$$

And a lot of other topics in convex optimization... e.g. fused lasso/trend filtering

#### References and further reading

- Kutner, Nachtsheim, Neter: Applied Linear Regression Models Chapter 1 &
   Appendix 1
- Agresti: Foundations of Linear and Generalized Linear Models Chapter 1