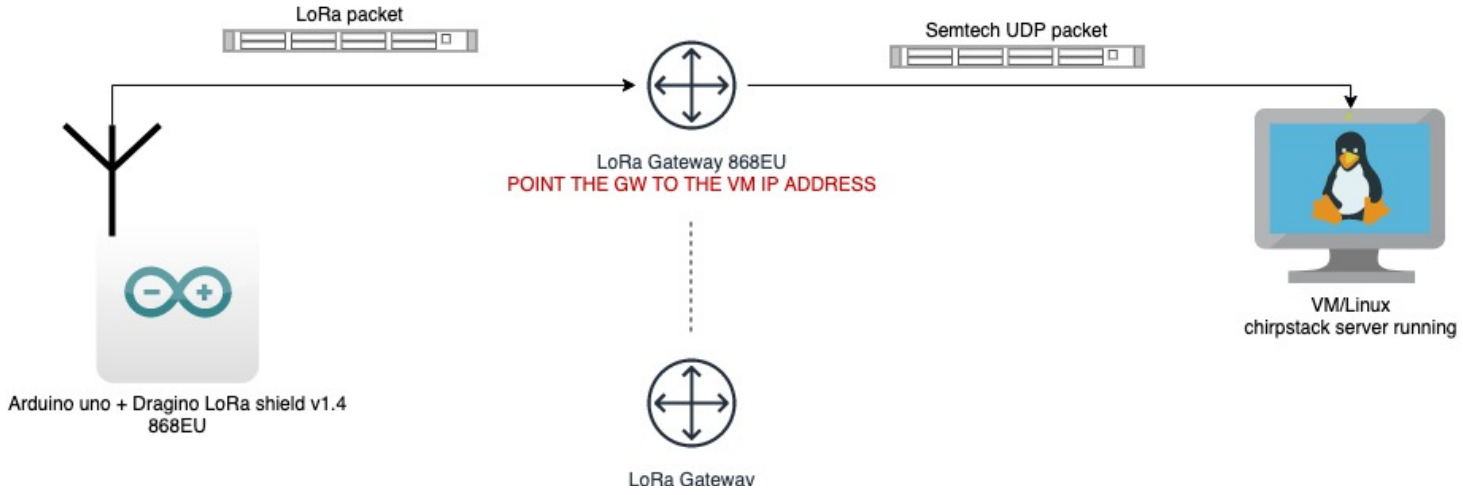
End node setup

Arduino based end-node sending data over LoRa to LoRaWAN network with ABP (Activation by Personalization)

This sketch is based on scenario 1, which assumes that the end nodes are within reach of the LoRa Gateways as the figure below explains:



SCENARIO.1 ABP

A. General overview

This sketch reads sensor data (Grove Temperature and Humidity sensor[1]) and sends it to chirpstack-application-server installed on a virtual machine (PC). For more info on how to install the chirpstack-server packages on Linux/Ubuntu check the installation document. After you make sure that your server is running without errors. It is time to setup the end nodes

B. Configuration

To start, you need to download this Arduino library[2]. Open Arduino IDE and select Sketch/ include library/Add Zip library to add the downloaded zip library.
Now Open the library folder,
(on Windows it is Documents**Arduino\libraries**\)
(on Mac it is Documents**Arduino\libraries**\ )
(on Linux ubuntu v.20.+ it is Home/snap/arduino/41/Arduino/libraries)

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[1] https://wiki.seeedstudio.com/Grove-TemptureAndHumidity_Sensor-High-Accuracy_AndMini-v1.0/

[2] https://github.com/dragino/Arduino-Profile-Examples/tree/master/libraries/Dragino/examples/IoTServer/Cayenne%20and%20TTN/arduino-lmic

Locate the file arduino-lmic-master/src/lmic/config.h and chose your radio type. This example uses EU868.
The pin mapping between the dragino LoRa shield and the UNO is handled in the sketch, so just use the one from this repository. So , go back to Arduino IDE and create a new sketch and paste the code from the example.

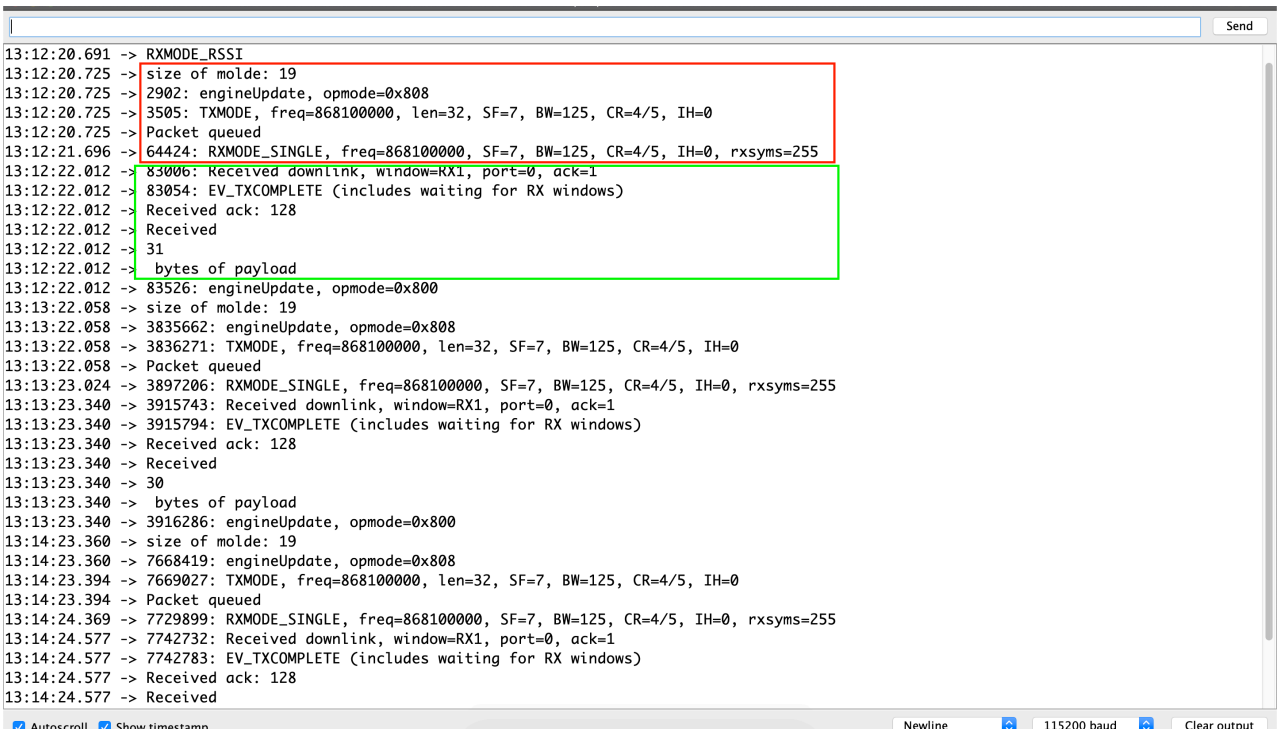
The grove sensor pins are very simple, it uses i2c interface. So simply connect pin SDA and SCL to the Arduino SCL and SDA pins(last 2 digital pins). For better accuracy use 5v. If not you can use 3.3v. both work fine.

This sketch uses ABP method to connect to the chirpstack server. To do so , we need 3 keys from the chirpstack-application-server:
- NWSKEY Network Session Key. In MSB <Most Significant Bit>
- APPSKEY APPLICATION KEY. In MSB <Most Significant Bit>
- DEVADDR Device Address. In MSB <Most Significant Bit>

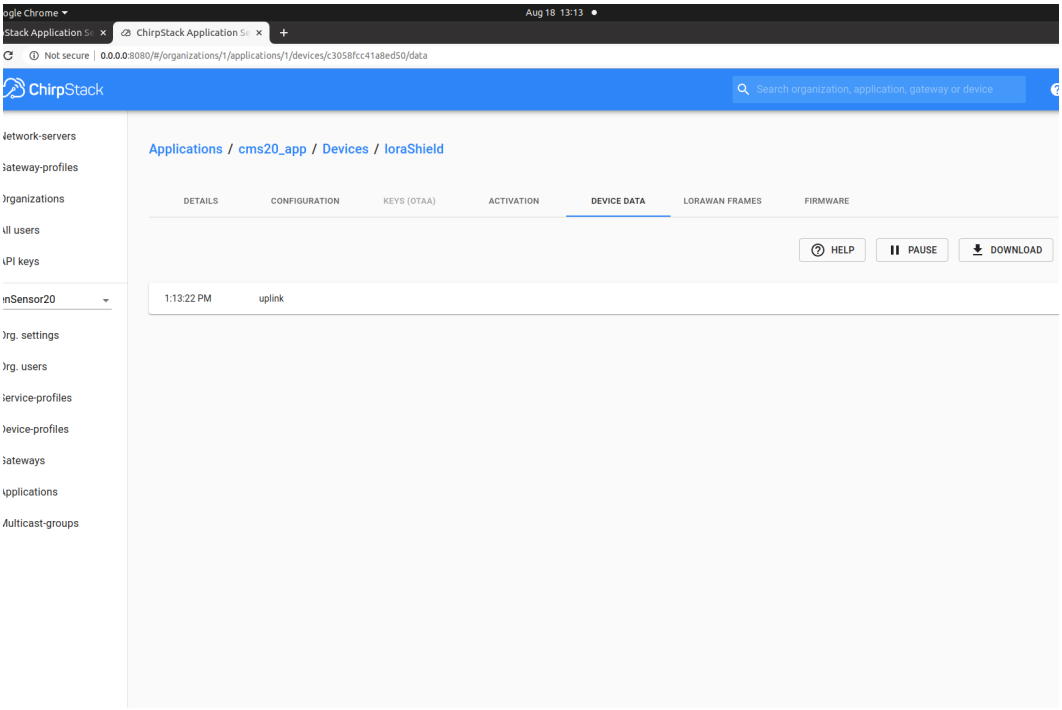
These values can be found when you create an application on the server(Check Server interface setup document).

Make sure you have entered the right values. The template-sketch uses confirmation for each uplink. So make sure that the value is 1 in the last argument like this:
LMIC_setTxData2(1, mydata, sizeof(mydata), 1);

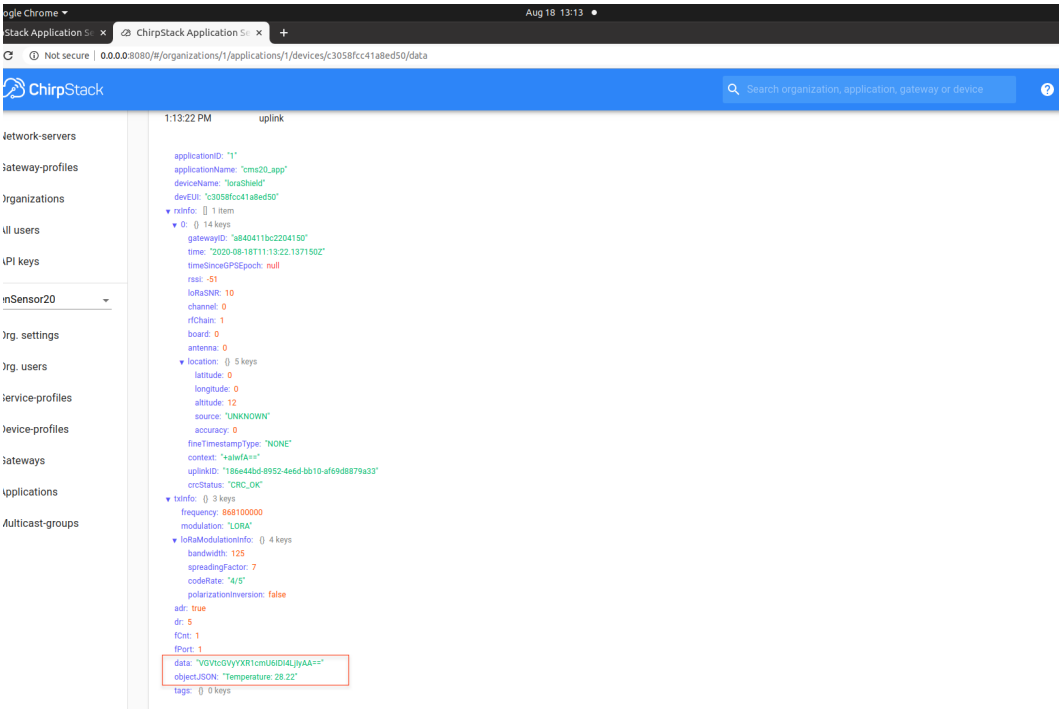
Now, you are ready. Click upload sketch and open serial monitor. You can see data sending and receiving confirmation coming in the Arduino IDE serial monitor. See figure below:



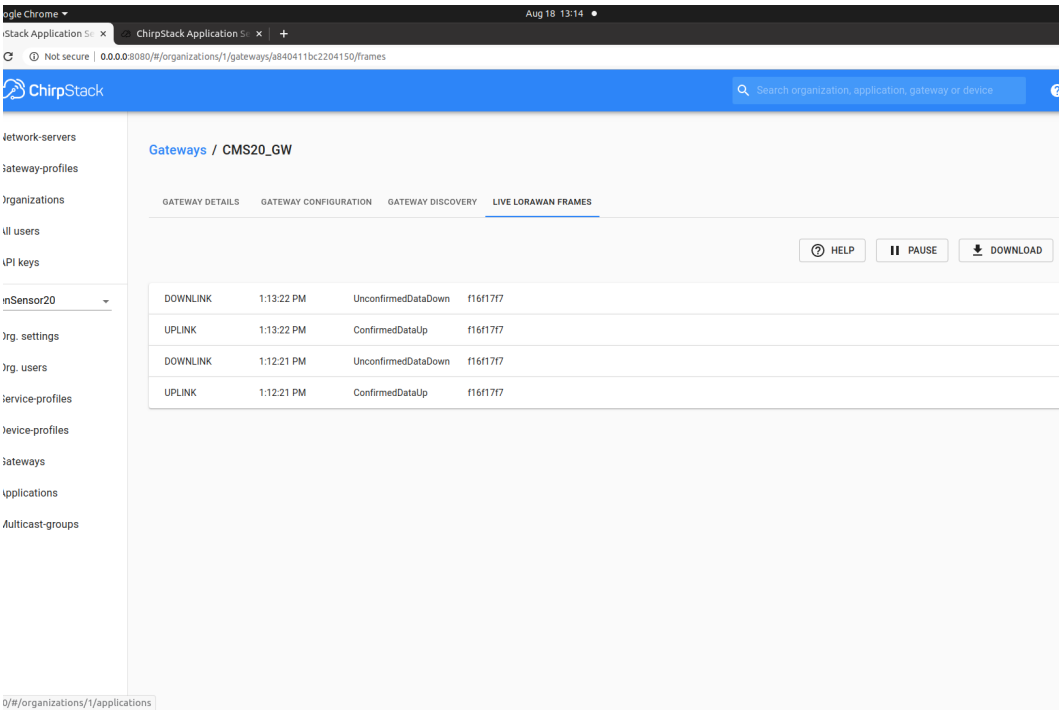
ABP WITH ACK TEST END NODE-RESULTS



DATA ON CHIRPSTACK-WEB INTERFACE



UPLINK DETAILS WITH DECRYPTED DATA



GATEWAY LOGGING