

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 13126-9:2023

01-november-2023

Stavbno okovje - Okovje za okna in zastekljena vrata - Zahteve in preskusne metode - 9. del: Okovje za vodoravno in navpično vrtljiva okna

Building hardware - Hardware for windows and door height windows - Requirements and test methods - Part 9: Hardware for horizontal and vertical pivot windows

Baubeschläge - Beschläge für Fenster und Fenstertüren - Anforderungen und Prüfverfahren - Teil 9: Beschläge für Schwing- und Wendefenster

Quincaillerie pour le bâtiment - Ferrures de fenêtres et portes-fenêtres - Exigences et méthodes d'essai - Partie 9 : Ferrures pour fenêtres basculantes et pivotantes

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 13126-9

ICS:

91.190 Stavbna oprema Building accessories

oSIST prEN 13126-9:2023 en,fr,de

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

DRAFT prEN 13126-9

August 2023

ICS 91.190

Will supersede EN 13126-9:2013

English Version

Building hardware - Hardware for windows and door height windows - Requirements and test methods - Part 9: Hardware for horizontal and vertical pivot windows

Quincaillerie pour le bâtiment - Ferrures de fenêtres et portes-fenêtres - Exigences et méthodes d'essai - Partie 9 : Ferrures pour fenêtres basculantes et pivotantes Baubeschläge - Beschläge für Fenster und Fenstertüren - Anforderungen und Prüfverfahren - Teil 9: Beschläge für Schwing- und Wendefenster

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 33.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (prEN 13126-9:2023) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 33 "Doors, windows, shutters, building hardware and curtain walling", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

The performance tests incorporated in this document are considered to be reproducible and as such will provide a consistent and objective assessment of the performance of these products throughout CEN Member States.

This document will supersede EN 13126-9:2013.

In comparison with the previous edition EN 13126-9:2013, the following technical modifications have been made:

- EN 13126-9 now is independent from EN 13126-1; all necessary information is included without the need of any further information from EN 13126-1;
- several editorial changings in the wording for a better understanding;
- under 2 normative references adapted;
- term 3.1 'fastened closed position" changed into "locked closed position"; term 3.6 "rest time" modified
- terms 3.8 'sample', 3.9 'specimen', 3.10 'test rig', 3.11 'test equipment' and 3.12 'supporting subframe' added:
- under 4.1 classification system changed completely; former digits 1 (Category of use), 4 (Fire resistance) and 5 (Safety in use) deleted; former digit 2 changed into box 1 (Durability), former digit 3 changed into box 2 (Mass), former digit 6 changed into box 3 (Corrosion resistance), former digit 8 changed into box 5 (Type of hardware) and former digit 9 changed into box 4 (Test sizes);
- under 4.2 new Grades for the number of cycles defined; H1 (5 000), H2 (10 000) and H3 (20 000), see also 5.2;
- under 4.7 new example added for the new classification (version with a table and alphanumerical version);
- under 5.2 new Grades for the number of cycles defined; H1 (5 000), H2 (10 000) and H3 (20 000) in accordance with 4.2 established;
- under 5.10 headline 'Corrosion test" modified into "Corrosion resistance";
- under Clause 6 headline 'Test equipment' modified with "Test equipment and preparation for the test";
- subclause 6.1 'Test rig', 6.2 'Specimen' and 6.3 'Mounting of the specimen' added;
- subclause 7.3.1.1 'General' amended and modified;
- subclause 7.9 'Corrosion resistance' modified;

- Clause 8 'Marking' added;
- Annex Bibliography adapted.

EN 13126 consists of the following parts:

- EN 13126-1, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Requirements and test methods Part 1: Requirements common to all types of hardware;
- EN 13126-2, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Requirements and test methods Part 2: Window fastener handles;
- EN 13126-3, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door-height windows Requirements and test methods Part 3: Handles, primarily for Tilt and Turn, Tilt-First and Turn-Only hardware;
- EN 13126-4, Building hardware Requirements and test methods for windows and door height windows Part 4: Espagnolettes;
- EN 13126-5, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Requirements and test methods Part 5: Devices that restrict the opening of windows and door height windows;
- EN 13126-6, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Requirements and test methods Part 6: Variable geometry stay hinges (with or without a friction stay);
- EN 13126-7, Building hardware Requirements and test methods for windows and door height windows — Part 7: Finger catches;
- EN 13126-8, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Part 8: Requirements and test methods for tilt and turn, Tilt-First and Turn-Only hardware;
- EN 13126-9, Building hardware Requirements and test methods for windows and door height windows Part 9: Hardware for horizontal and vertical pivot windows;
- EN 13126-10, Building hardware Requirements and test methods for windows and door height windows — Part 10: Arm-balancing systems;
- EN 13126-11, Building hardware Requirements and test methods for windows and door height windows Part 11: Top hung projecting reversible hardware;
- EN 13126-12, Building hardware Requirements and test methods for windows and door height windows Part 12: Side hung projecting reversible hardware;
- EN 13126-13, Building hardware Hardware for windows and balcony door Requirements and test methods Part 13: Sash balances;
- EN 13126-14, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Requirements and test methods Part 14: Sash fasteners;
- EN 13126-15, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Requirements and test methods Part 15: Rollers for sliding and hardware for sliding folding windows;
- EN 13126-16, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Requirements and test methods Part 16: Hardware for Lift and Slide windows;

- EN 13126-17, Building hardware Hardware for windows and door height windows Requirements and test methods Part 17: Hardware for Tilt and Slide windows;
- EN 13126-19, Building hardware Requirements and test methods for windows and door height windows Part 19: Sliding Closing Devices

A full contribution to the preparation of this European Standards series has been made by the European Federation of Locks and Building Hardware Manufacturers (ARGE) and national standards bodies.

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1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements and test methods for durability and strength of hardware for vertical and horizontal pivot windows and door height windows (including pivot hinges and central locking systems).

If the hardware manufacturer would like to classify an integrated restrictor function, the pivot hinges may be tested in accordance with EN 13126-5.

This document does not apply to manoeuvring devices which are covered in EN 13126-2, EN 13126-3, and EN 13126-14.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1670, Building hardware — Corrosion resistance — Requirements and test methods

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

locked closed position rds itch ai/catalog/standards/sist/563flabc-66a0-45f2-b530

position in which the active sash rests against the frame or compresses the gaskets on all sides, and the central locking system is fully engaged

3.2

closed position

position in which the active sash rests against the frame or compresses the gaskets on all sides, and the central locking system is not engaged

3.3

opened position

position in which the active sash is at a predefined opening angle (normally 45°) or the maximum opening travel of the operated window

3.4

reversed position

position in which the active sash has been rotated past the opening position until the internal and external faces of the active sash are inverted

3.5

limiting restrictor

device equipped with a maximum opening stop, intended to limit the movement of a sash to a predetermined position

3.6

rest time

time in seconds of a stationary period between the different steps

Note 1 to entry: A stationary period is between the following steps:

- between two changes of direction of movement;
- between the completion of a movement of the active sash and the subsequent operation of the central locking system;
- between the completion of an operation of the central locking system and the subsequent movement of the active sash;
- between two cycles.

3.7

central locking system

hardware used all round or only partially to fasten the active sash

3.8

sample

actual hardware components which are due to be tested

3.9

specimen

window without gaskets to accommodate hardware components (samples) for testing

3.10

test rig

testing device onto which the specimen is mounted

3.11

test equipment

series of various testing rigs, devices and machinery enabling testing to be carried out

3.12

supporting sub frame

supplementary fixing frame surrounding the specimen enabling it to be mounted on the test rig while testing

Note 1 to entry: For example, wood, steel or aluminium could be used.

4 Classification

4.1 General

The hardware classification shall be in accordance with the requirements in EN 13126-1. Hardware for horizontal and vertical pivot windows shall be classified with the five-box classification system (see Table 1).

Table 1 — Classification system

Box	1	2	3	4	5
Characteristic	Durability	Mass	Corrosion resistance	Test sizes	Type of hardware

4.2 Durability (1 - first box)

The first box shall display the Grade applied to the durability test in accordance with 5.2.

- grade H1: 5 000;
- grade H2: 10 000;
- grade H3: 20 000.

4.3 Mass (2 - second box)

The second box shall display the maximum tested sash mass (weight).

The mass range starts from 30 kg and varies in steps of 10 kg. An unlimited number of grades are identified, whereby 030 is the lowest (see Table 2).

Table 2 — Tested sash-mass

Grade	030	040	050	060	070	080	090	100	110	120	130	
Mass (kg)	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	

4.4 Corrosion resistance (3 - third box) "dards/sist/563flabe-66a0-45f2-b530-

The third box shall display the Grade regarding corrosion resistance in accordance with 5.10.

4.5 Test sizes (4 – fourth box)

4.5.1 Window size for horizontal pivot windows

The window size for horizontal pivot windows is

- Sash Rebate Width SRW 1 600 mm × Sash Rebate Height SRH 1 400 mm or
- Sash Rebate Diameter SRD Ø 1 400 mm.

In the case of not being capable of manufacturing the specified test size due to the fact that the hardware field of application is smaller than this specified test size, a smaller test size shall be used. In this case the window shall be tested in accordance with the largest possible SRW (or SRH) as specified by the hardware manufacturer's appropriate documentation and a SRH (or SRW) in a ratio of 8:7.

4.5.2 Window size for vertical pivot windows

The window size for vertical pivot windows is

- Sash Rebate Width SRW 1 400 mm × Sash Rebate Height SRH 1 600 mm or
- Sash Rebate Diameter SRD Ø 1 400 mm.