

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 18056:2024

01-april-2024

Kulturna dediščina - Arheološki les, prepojen z vodo - Opredelitev arheološkega lesa, prepojenega z vodo, v podporo postopkom odločanja za njegovo ohranitev

Cultural Heritage - Waterlogged archaeological wood - Characterization of waterlogged archaeological wood to support decision-making processes for its preservation

Charakterisierung von archäologischem Nassholz als Steuerungsinstrument

Patrimoine culturel - Bois archéologique gorgé d'eau - Caractérisation du bois archéologique gorgé d'eau dans le but de soutenir les processus de prise de décision concernant sa préservation

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 18056

ICS:

97.195

Kulturne dobrine in kulturna

dediščina

Umetniški in obrtniški izdelki. Items of art and handicrafts.

Cultural property and

heritage

oSIST prEN 18056:2024

en,fr,de

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

DRAFT prEN 18056

January 2024

ICS 97.195

English Version

Cultural Heritage - Waterlogged archaeological wood -Characterization of waterlogged archaeological wood to support decision-making processes for its preservation

Charakterisierung von archäologischem Nassholz als Steuerungsinstrument

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 346.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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prEN 18056:2024 (E)

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prEN 18056:2024 (E)

European foreword

This document (prEN 18056:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 346 "Conservation of Cultural Heritage", the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

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Introduction

Even if waterlogged archaeological wood appears intact or in good condition upon excavation, it can result in an extremely unstable state caused by alteration produced by different agents. Uncontrolled drying, or even limited exposure to an unchecked climate, may cause undesirable permanent deformations of the wooden structure altering the integrity of the wooden object.

In waterlogged environments the microbial activity usually starts at the surface of the object and proceeds inwards. It affects the physico-mechanical properties of the material (e.g. strength, hardness, shrinkage and density) and the structural chemical components of the wood cells.

The application of a preservation strategy will only be successful once full knowledge of the material to be preserved has been recorded. Characterization of the wood is essential in order to manage the finds on the site and to identify the options for further action regarding in-situ preservation, reburial, remedial conservation or preservation by record.

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