

SOAP

→ Project

Start. spring.io → Dependency

- Web Services

- JPA

- H2

in-memory
database.

- Make a new folder example.
 - Create Request.xml

```
*Untitled 2 Request.xml
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <GetCourseDetailsRequest xmlns="http://in28minutes.com/courses">
3   <id>123</id>
4 </GetCourseDetailsRequest>
```

→ Response.xml

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <GetCourseDetailsResponse xmlns="http://in28minutes.com/courses">
3   <CourseDetails>
4     <id>123</id>
5     <name>Spring in28minutes</name>
6     <description>You would learn the basic</description>
7   </CourseDetails>
8 </GetCourseDetailsResponse>
```

→ In example folder, create xsd file, course-details.xsd.

```
*Untitled 2 Request.xml Response.xml course-details.xsd
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
3 targetNamespace="http://in28minutes.com/courses"
4 xmlns:tns="http://in28minutes.com/courses" elementFormDefault="qualified">
5   <element name="GetCourseDetailsRequest">
6     <complexType>
7       <sequence>
8         <element name="id" type="integer"></element>
9       </sequence>
10      </complexType>
11    </element>
12 </schema>
```

- Now, link request.xml & xsd together
- Show the validation, by performing errors.
- Now in xsd, copy GetCourseDetailsRequest & use for Course Details Response .
Also, we need to define return type.

```
12<element name="GetCourseDetailsResponse">
13    <complexType>
14        <sequence>
15            <element name="CourseDetails" type="tns:CourseDetails"></element>
16        </sequence>
17    </complexType>
18</element>
19
20<complexType name="CourseDetails">
21    <sequence>
22        <element name="id" type="integer"/>
23        <element name="name" type="string"/>
24        <element name="description" type="string"/>
25    </sequence>
26</complexType>
27
```

→ Now add schema to response.xml!

```
1<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2<GetCourseDetailsResponse xmlns="http://in28minutes.com/courses"
3 xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4 xsi:schemaLocation="http://in28minutes.com/courses course-details.xsd">
5    <CourseDetails>
6        <id>123</id>
7        <name>Spring in28minutes</name>
8        <description>You would learn the basics of Spring Framework</description>
9    </CourseDetails>
10</GetCourseDetailsResponse>
```

- Give a prefix as xs to all the elements in my xsd.
Change xs:schema & then all the tags will change.
- we defined xsd, now generate JAVA responses using JAXB.

- First, copy course details.xsd info resources for jaxb use.
- In pom.xml, add jaxb-maven plugin; copy from apt.
- After saving, a lot of classes will get generated in main/java.
- Change integer to int in xsd.

-) Now create a class for endpoint, CourseDetail Endpoint takes input - request.
output - response



```
8 @Endpoint
9 public class CourseDetailsEndpoint {
10
11     //method
12     //input - GetCourseDetailsRequest
13     //output - GetCourseDetailsResponse
14
15     //http://in28minutes.com/courses
16     //GetCourseDetailsRequest
17
18     public GetCourseDetailsResponse
19         processCourseDetailsRequest(GetCourseDetailsRequest request){
20
21         GetCourseDetailsResponse response = new GetCourseDetailsResponse();
22
23         return response;
24 }
```

Now, we need to do $\text{xml} \rightarrow \text{java}$
I $\text{java} \rightarrow \text{xml}$ conversion for req/res .
So, add the annotation $@ResponsePayload$
configure the response .

```
// http://in28minutes.com/courses
// GetCourseDetailsRequest
@PayloadRoot(namespace = "http://in28minutes.com/courses", localPart = "Get
@ResponsePayload
public GetCourseDetailsResponse processCourseDetailsRequest(@RequestPayload
    GetCourseDetailsResponse response = new GetCourseDetailsResponse();

    CourseDetails courseDetails = new CourseDetails();
    courseDetails.setId(request.getId());
    courseDetails.setName("Microservices Course");
    courseDetails.setDescription("That would be a wonderful course!");

    response.setCourseDetails(courseDetails);

    return response;
}

}
```

→ Now before creating the endpoint URL, we need to create the WSDL contact.

Now we initialize Spring web services, make a class, web service config.

- Message Dispatcher Servlet will help to configure endpoints for a SOAP service.
- Servlet Registration Bean will help match a servlet to a URL.
- Servlet → is any program that helps configured request-response.

```
10 //Enable Spring Web Services
11 @EnableWs
12 // Spring Configuration
13 @Configuration
14 public class WebServiceConfig {
15     // MessageDispatcherServlet
16     // ApplicationContext
17     // url -> /ws/*
18
19  @Bean
public ServletRegistrationBean messageDispatcherServlet(ApplicationContext context
20     MessageDispatcherServlet messageDispatcherServlet =
21         new MessageDispatcherServlet();
22     messageDispatcherServlet.setApplicationContext(context);
23     messageDispatcherServlet.setTransformWsdlLocations(true);
24     return new ServletRegistrationBean(messageDispatcherServlet, "/ws/*");
25 }
26
27 }
```

we have just defined a servlet
and map a URL. That's it.

→ Let's configure a WSDL!!!

So spring uses xsd to generate
WSDL. Let's get our schema first.
• XSD Schema is a return type in XML

```
public @Bean
XsdSchema coursesSchema(){
    return new SimpleXsdSchema(new ClassPathResource("course-details.xsd"))
}
```

→ Method to generate wsdl.

```
// /ws/courses.wsdl  
// course-details.xsd  
@Bean(name = "courses")  
public DefaultWsdl11Definition defaultWsdl11Definition(XsdSchema coursesSch  
    DefaultWsdl11Definition definition = new DefaultWsdl11Definition();  
    definition.setPortTypeName("CoursePort");  
    definition.setTargetNamespace("http://in28minutes.com/courses");  
    definition.setLocationUri("/ws");  
    definition.setSchema(coursesSchema);  
    return definition;  
}  
  
@Bean
```

→ Add dependency in pom.xml

```
<dependency>  
    <groupId>wsdl4j</groupId>  
    <artifactId>wsdl4j</artifactId>  
</dependency>
```

→ Use wizard to test api.

localhost:8080/ws/courses.wsdl

→ open the api & send a request to get response -

→ The data is hard coded up until now, let's see how to remove that. For that, we will make a Bean, i.e. a new class name Course inside a package bean.

```
1 package com.in28minutes.soap.webservices.soapcoursemanagement.soap.bean;  
2  
3 public class Course {  
4     private int id;  
5     private String name;  
6     private String description;  
7  
8     |  
9 }
```

Generate getters and setters, constructor & factory.

→ Now we need to define a service that uses this Course, but first autowire that in my endpoint.

```
@Endpoint  
public class CourseDetailsEndpoint {  
  
    @Autowired  
    CourseDetailsService service;
```

→ Now create service in a package.

```
@Component  
public class CourseDetailsService {  
  
    private static List<Course> courses = new ArrayList<>();  
  
    //course - 1  
    //Course findById(int id)  
  
    //courses  
    //List<Course> findAll()  
  
    //deletecourse  
    //Course deleteById(int id)  
  
    //updating course & new course  
}
```

Now we will define all these functions, but first let's have some dummy data to play.

```

private static List<Course> courses = new ArrayList<>();

static {
    Course course1 = new Course(1, "Spring", "10 Steps");
    courses.add(course1);
    Course course2 = new Course(2, "Spring MVC", "10 Examples");
    courses.add(course2);

    Course course3 = new Course(3, "Spring Boot", "6K Students");
    courses.add(course3);

    Course course4 = new Course(4, "Maven", "Most popular maven course on i
    courses.add(course4);
}

```

```

public Course findById(int id) {
    for (Course course : courses) {
        if (course.getId() == id)
            return course;
    }
    return null;
}

// courses
public List<Course> findAll() {
    return courses;
}

```

```

public int deleteById(int id) {
    Iterator<Course> iterator = courses.iterator();
    while (iterator.hasNext()) {
        Course course = iterator.next();
        if (course.getId() == id){
            iterator.remove();
            return 1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

```

→ Now, in Endpoint file,
we add the service .

```

public GetCourseDetailsResponse processCourseDetailsRequest(@RequestPayload
    GetCourseDetailsResponse response = new GetCourseDetailsResponse();

    Course course = service.findById(request.getId());

    CourseDetails courseDetails = new CourseDetails();

    courseDetails.setId(course.getId());
    courseDetails.setName(course.getName());
    courseDetails.setDescription(course.getDescription());
    response.setCourseDetails(courseDetails);
}

```

- Use `var`s instead to test passing the ID.
- Refactoring to make a mapper.

```

@RESPONSE_BODY
public GetCourseDetailsResponse processCourseDetailsRequest(@RequestPayload
    Course course = service.findById(request.getId());

    return mapCourse(course);
}

private GetCourseDetailsResponse mapCourse(Course course) {
    GetCourseDetailsResponse response = new GetCourseDetailsResponse();

    CourseDetails courseDetails = new CourseDetails();
    courseDetails.setId(course.getId());
    courseDetails.setName(course.getName());
    courseDetails.setDescription(course.getDescription());
    response.setCourseDetails(courseDetails);
    return response;
}

```

