

Pre-requisite Practical 1

Definition: Write a program to print the string “This is the practical session of system programming”

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main(){
    char s1[80];
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter string:");
    gets(s1);
    puts(s1);
    getch();
}
/*
```

Output

Enter string:This is first practical session of system programming

This is first practical session of system programming

*/

Pre-requisite Practical 2

Definition: Write a program to print the paragraph

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main(){
    char p1[80];
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the paragraph ending with $:");
    scanf("%[^$]s",&p1);
    printf("\n %s",p1);
    getch();
}
/*
```

Output

Enter the paragraph ending with \$:C language provides facility of file input-output operations\$

```
C language provides facility of file input-output operations
*/
```

Pre-requisite Practical 3

Definition: Write a program to implement following user defined functions

Length of string

Copy one string to another

Concatenate two strings

Compare two strings

Reverse the string

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int len1(char[]);
void copy1(char[],char[]);
void concat1(char[],char[]);
int comp1(char[],char[]);
void rev1(char[]);
void main() {
    char s1[20],s2[20],c1[20],c2[20],r[20];
    int c,d;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the string:");
    gets(s1);
    c = len1(s1);
    printf("\n Length is %d",c);
    printf("\n Enter second string:");
    gets(s2);
    copy1(s2,s1);
    printf("\n Copied string is %s",s2);
    printf("\n Enter string to concate:");
    gets(c1);
    concat1(s1,c1);
    printf("\n Enter two strings to compare:");
    gets(c2);
    gets(r);
    printf("\n Comparison:");
    if(comp1(c2,r) == 0)
        printf("\n Same");
    else
        printf("\n Different");
```

```
        printf("\n Reversed string: ");
        rev1(s1);
        getch();
    }
    int len1(char s1[]){
        int i;
        for(i=0;s1[i] != '\0'; i++);
        return i;
    }
    void copy1(char s2[],char s1[]){
        int i;
        for(i=0;s1[i]!='\0'; i++){
            s2[i] = s1[i];
        }
        s2[i] = '\0';
    }

    void concat1(char s1[],char c1[]){
        int i,j;
        for(i=len1(s1), j=0; c1[j]!='\0';i++,j++){
            s1[i] = c1[j];
        }
        s1[i] = '\0';
        printf("\n Concated string is %s",s1);
    }
    int comp1(char c2[], char r[]){
        int c = 0;
        while(c2[c] == r[c]){
            if(c2[c] == '\0' || r[c] == '\0')
                break;
            c++;
        }
        if(c2[c] == '\0' && r[c] == '\0')
            return 0;
        else
            return -1;
    }
    void rev1(char s1[]){
        int i;
        for(i=len1(s1); i>=0; i--){
```

```
        printf("%c",s1[i]);  
    }  
}  
/*
```

Output

Enter the string:Rahul

Length is 5

Enter second string:soni

Copied string is Rahul

Enter string to concate:soni

Concatated string is Rahulsoni

Enter two strings to compare:hello
rahul

Comparison:

Different

Reversed string: inosluhaR

```
*/
```

Pre-requisite Practical 4

Definition: Write a program to count characters and spaces from given string.

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main(){
    char s1[50];
    int c;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter string till $:");
    scanf("%[^$]s",&s1);
    c=len1(s1);
    printf("Total number of characters and spaces are %d",c);
    getch();
}
int len1(char s1[]){
    int i;
    for(i=0; s1[i]!='\0';i++);
    return i;
}
/*
Output
Enter string:hello world
Total number of characters and spaces are 11
*/
```

Pre-requisite Practical 5

Definition: Write a program to read data from keyboard, write it to a file called **STUDENT.txt**. Again read the data from the file **STUDENT.txt** and display on the screen

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct stud
{
    int rno;
    char nm[100];
};
void main()
{
    struct stud *s;
    int n,i;
    char ch;
    FILE *fp;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter record numbers: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    s=(struct stud *)malloc(n*sizeof(struct stud));
    fp=fopen("STUDENT.txt","w");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("\n\tInformation for student : %d\n",i+1);
        printf("Enter Roll No : ");
        scanf("%d",&s[i].rno);
        printf("Enter Name : ");
        fflush(stdin);
        gets(s[i].nm);
        fprintf(fp,"%5d %-20s\n",s[i].rno,s[i].nm);
    }
    fclose(fp);
    fp=fopen("STUDENT.txt","r");
    printf("\nContent of the STUDENT.txt file is\n");
    printf("Roll No  Name\n");
    printf("-----\n");
```

```
        do{
            ch = fgetc(fp);
            putchar(ch);
        }
        while(ch != EOF);
        fcloseall();
        getch();
    }
/*
```

Output

Enter record numbers: 3

Information for student : 1

Enter Roll No : 1

Enter Name : rahul

Information for student : 2

Enter Roll No : 2

Enter Name : yash

Information for student : 3

Enter Roll No : 3

Enter Name : vikash

Content of the STUD.txt file is

Roll No Name

1 rahul

2 yash

3 vikash

*/

Practical 1

Definition: Write a program to count words from a paragraph. (using simple string array and pointer both)

Code: (Simple string array)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main(){
    char s1[50];
    int i=0,space=0,words=0,l=0,charac=0;
    clrscr();
    printf("\nWrite your Paragraph till $ : ");
    scanf(" %[^$]s",s1);
    printf("\nEntered paragraph is : " );
    puts(s1);
    for(i=0;s1[i]!='\0';i++){
        l++;
        if(s1[i]==' ')
            space++;
    }
    printf("\n length==%d",l);
    charac=l-space;
    printf("\n No of characters are=%d",charac);
    words=space+1;
    printf("\n No of words are=%d",words);
    getch();
}
/*
```

Output

```
Write your Paragraph till $ : hello this is the new world$
Entered paragraph is : hello this is the new world
length==27
No of characters are=22
No of words are=6
*/
```

Practical-1.2**Code: (Pointer)**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main(){
    char *s1, *s2;
    int space=0,words=0,l=0,charac=0;
    clrscr();
    printf("\nWrite your Paragraph : ");
    gets(s2);
    puts(s2);
    s1=s2;
    for(;*s2!=NULL;s2++){
        if(*s2==' ')
            space++;
    }
    l=s2-s1;
    printf("\n len==%d",l);
    charac=l-space;
    printf("\n No of chars are=%d",charac);
    words=space+1;
    printf("\n No of words are=%d",words);
    getch();
}
```

```
/*
```

```
Output
```

```
Write your Paragraph : hello this is the new world
hello this is the new world
```

```
len==27
```

```
No of chars are=22
```

```
No of words are=6
```

```
*/
```

Practical-2

Definition: Implement file handling program

Code: (Write to a file and read from it)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main(){
    char ch;
    FILE *fp;
    clrscr();
    fp=fopen("name.txt","w");
    printf("Enter string till $");
    while(1){
        scanf("%c",&ch);
        if(ch == '$')
            break;
        fputc(ch,fp);
    }
    fclose(fp);
    fp=fopen("name.txt","r");
    printf("\nContent of the name.txt file is\n");
    printf("String\n");
    do{
        ch = fgetc(fp);
        putchar(ch);
    }
    while(ch != EOF);
    fcloseall();
    getch();
}
/*
Output
Enter string till $hello world is too common$
Content of the name.txt file is
String
hello world is too common

*/
```

Practical-2.1

Code: (Take integers as input from user, store it to a file and sort them as odd and even in two separate files, name odd and even respectively and display it to the user.)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main(){
FILE *fp,*o1,*e1;
int numbers,n,i;
clrscr();
printf("Enter n");
scanf("%d",&n);
fp=fopen("Numbers.txt","w");
for(i=1;i<=n;i++){
    printf("\n Enter numbers:");
    scanf("%d",&numbers);
    putw(numbers,fp);
}
fclose(fp);
fp = fopen("Numbers.txt","r");
printf("\nNumbers are:");
while((numbers = getw(fp)) != EOF)
    printf(" %4d",numbers);
fp = fopen("Numbers.txt","r");
o1 = fopen("Odd.txt","w");
e1 = fopen("Even.txt","w");
while((numbers = getw(fp)) != EOF){
    if(numbers %2 == 0)
        putw(numbers, e1);
    else
        putw(numbers, o1);
}
fcloseall();
o1 = fopen("Odd.txt","r");
e1 = fopen("Even.txt","r");
printf("\n Odd numbers are:");
while((numbers = getw(o1)) != EOF)
    printf("%4d",numbers);
```

```
        printf("\n Even numbers are:");
        while((numbers = getw(e1)) != EOF)
            printf("%4d",numbers);
fcloseall();
getch();
}
/*
```

Output

Enter n5

Enter numbers:10

Enter numbers:2

Enter numbers:8

Enter numbers:1

Enter numbers:12

Numbers are: 10 2 8 1 12

Odd numbers are: 1

Even numbers are: 10 2 8 12

*/